NEW TESTAMENT

CORNELIUS NARY

Wipf and Stock Publishers

Bible Versions Reproduction Series: Volume #21

THE New Testament OF OUR LORD and Saviour JESUS CHRIST

Newly Translated out of the Latin Vulgate

By: Cornelius Nary

1718 Original Publisher, The Author, London or Dublin

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Wipf and Stock Publishers 1396 E. Washington Blvd. Pasadena, CA, 91104 1-626-7 97-4756

Printer: James Baden

Binder: Golden Rule Bindery

ISBN: 1-57910-370-7

Bible Versions Reproduction Series

The purpose of the **Bible Versions Reproduction Series** is to make rare and out-of-print versions of the Bible readily and inexpensively available to scholars, Bible students, and Bible collectors. These reproductions are being offered especially to members of the International Society of Bible Collectors.

While still searching for hard-to-find original printings of Bible translations, many collectors have indicated what a delight it would be to have on their own shelves accurate reproductions of Bible versions currently available only in museums, libraries and private collections. Now such an opportunity is being offered by a collector who is himself a member of our Society.

It would be rare to imagine a more enthusiastic member of the ISBC than my long-time friend Jim Baden. Since joining the Society, he has amassed an extraordinary collection. Visiting his library could be a temptation to violate the tenth commandment were it not for his great generosity and eagerness to share what he has brought together.

It is essential, of course, that the reproduction process pose no threat to the integrity of the volumes being copied—no matter how fragile the precious originals may be. Such a method is now available, and Jim is demonstrating his confidence in the process by being the first to make some of his own prized volumes available.

Among the first publications in this Series is a reproduction of Isaac Leeser's 1904 *The Twenty-four Books of the Holy Scriptures*. Society members will especially enjoy knowing that the particular volume by Leeser was once the personal copy of Arnold Ehlert, the founder and first president of the ISBC. "A gift to A. D. Ehlert from Dr. H. A. Ironside, summer 1947" is handwritten on the flyleaf.

Jim Baden shares the reverence for Scripture that has moved the leaders of our Society to give so freely of their time and energy for the past thirty-five years. He has profound respect and gratitude for the heroes and heroines of Bible translation—from Wycliffe and Tyndale down to the present time—who worked so hard, even sometimes at the risk of life—to make the Bible so readily available to the world today. Like other members of the ISBC, Jim regards the Bible as more than just a great book to be collected. To use his own words, he speaks of the Scriptures as "God's method of communicating with his intelligent creatures . . . to be most carefully read and contemplated to discover its meaning and value for life in the present and future."

What is more helpful in discovering the meaning of Scripture than to have readily at hand a good collection of different versions? Some have even suggested they would rather have a variety of versions than commentaries! As the translators of the 1611 King James Version quote Saint Augustine in their memorable preface, "'Variety of Translations is profitable for the finding out of the sense of the Scriptures.' "'Therefore blessed be they," the preface continues, "and most honoured be their name, that break the ice, and giveth onset upon that which helpeth forward to the saving of souls. Now what can be more available thereto, than to deliver God's book unto God's people in a tongue which they understand?" And speaking of those who have labored to prepare translations other than the King James, the 1611 scholars urge "that we acknowledge them to have been raised up of God, for the building and furnishing of his Church, and that they deserve to be had of us and of posterity in everlasting remembrance."

It is in this spirit and for this purpose that the Bible Versions Reproduction Series has been inaugurated.

William E. Paul, Editor, *Bible Versions and Editions*; Don Heese, Journal Production Manager; Sid Ohlhausen, Membership Secretary; Mark Mage, Editorial Assistant; Jim Baden and this writer have each supplied several hard-to-find versions for this reproduction.*

It is hoped that purchasers of volumes from this series will loan for copying other versions and editions that will become part of this reproduction Series. Those so doing will be rewarded with a free copy of a version of their choice from the Series.

Those interested are urged to contact the Publisher or Sidney Ohlhausen, Membership Secretary of the International Society of Bible Collectors, at: Box 20695, Houston, TX. 77225.

Graham Maxwell (Charter Member #12)

Bill Chamberlain

^{*}additional versions supplied by:

CORNELIUS NARY

(1658-1738)

Irish divine, controversialist author, and translator of the first Catholic version of the New Testament into English since the Rheims.

Cornelius Nary was born in the parish of Tipper in Co. Kildare. The year of his birth is uncertain. 1660 is usually cited, but Fagan argues convincingly for 1658. The future priest received his elementary education in the town of Naas. Little is known about his preparation for ordination. This took place in Kilkenny in 1682. In the following year he went to the Irish College in Paris to continue his religious education. There he came under the Gallican influence that would keep him at odds with many of his colleagues throughout his career. He went on to obtain from the University of Paris the degree of C.F.P.D. (Consultissima Facultatis Parisiensis Doctor) in 1694. In addition to religion, his studies included civil law, a subject that would be of great use to him in the struggle for Catholic emancipation in the British Isles.

After a stay in London where he served as tutor to the son of the Earl of Antrim, Father Nary returned to Ireland, apparently in 1699. Here he began his lifelong career at St. Michan's in Dublin. DNB states he was imprisoned for his faith in 1702. While possibly true given the legal disabilities of Catholics at the time, this cannot be corroborated. It was while serving at St. Michan's that Nary began his translation of the New Testament. As a parish priest serving on the front lines in an environment hostile to his religion, he saw the need of his flock for an updated edition of the Rheims version. The latter had first been published in 1582 and had never been revised in subsequent printings. Translating from the Latin Vulgate and consulting the Greek, Nary completed the work by 1714. His great achievement had "cost him ten years' hard labor." The manuscript received favorable reception from his superior, the Archbishop of Dublin. That prelate authorized Father Francis Walsh to write, "You have now by your indefatigable labor furnished us with what we so long wished for, and so much wanted."

Nary's New Testament was published in 1718. As can be seen on the title page, his initials (C.N.) appear, followed by his degree (C.F.P.D.). It is interesting to note that there is no mention of a publisher or place of publication, although a second title in some copies includes a London imprint (see note below). Editions of the Rheims New Testament up to that time had all originated from the Continent. The size of Nary's New Testament is small octavo, so that "... it may be easily carried about in the Pocket ..." Despite the favorable review cited above, many of Nary's fellow Catholics disapproved of his translation. His French education had long been the cause of suspicion. One of his strongest critics was Father Robert Witham, President of the prestigious English College

at Douay, who would publish his own New Testament translation in 1730. Witham pointed out that in some places Nary's translation unjustifiably followed the Protestant King James Version, e.g., in Matt 19:11, I Cor 7:9 & Gal 5:17. The translation attracted enough negative attention to cause its condemnation by Rome in 1722, although intervention by the Irish hierarchy of bishops probably prevented it from being placed on the Index of Prohibited Books.

Nary was responsible for a number of other literary works, including A New History of the World published in 1720. The first half of this work is an abridgment of the Old Testament. As Pastor of St. Mican's, he compiled an admirable record of parish administration and was fully engaged in the fight for Catholic emancipation. To some, his pragmatic approach made him appear too lenient with the British Government. For example, his authorship of a proposed Oath of Allegiance to the Crown angered the Catholic Pretender James Stuart who had authority from Rome to nominate bishops. This was a factor in Nary's failure to gain the See of Dublin when it became vacant in 1724.

At the time of his death in 1738, Nary's New Testament had been virtually forgotten. In that very year appeared the first of a series of revisions of the Rheims New Testament for which Bishop Challoner was chiefly responsible. These would become the standard for English language Catholic Bibles for the next two hundred years. However, later scholars came to recognize the value of Nary's work. Father Pope compliments his independence of judgment and "his insistence on the need for study of the common epistolary (koine) Greek of the New Testament times if one would rightly appreciate the Greek of the Evangelists." Pope judges Nary's renderings superior to those of Challoner in numerous instances.

A second edition of the Nary New Testament appeared in 1719. It included a new title page and made corrections to the first edition. These are: a) addition of an "Errata" notation at the base of the page containing the Order of Books (immediately preceding text), b) correction of an omission of part of Apoc 18:22, and c) correction of the title to the Epistle of St. Jude. The exemplar from which this reproduction was made has the first edition (1718) title page, but also includes the corrections attributed to the second edition. This type of anomaly is not unusual in antiquarian books. The exemplar also lacks the second title appearing in some copies. It features ornamental lines, a large vignette, and the imprint: LONDON, Printed for J. Moore in Cornhill, 1718.

COTTON, Rhemes and Doway (Oxford, 1855); Dictionary of National Biography; FAGAN, Dublin's Turbulent Priest, Cornelius Nary (1658-1738) (Royal Irish Academy, Dublin, 1991); POPE, English Versions of the Bible (B.Herder, St. Louis & London, 1952).

THE

NEW TESTAMENT

OF OUR

Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Newly Translated out of the Latin Volgat.

AND

With the Original Greek, and divers Tranflations in vulgar Languages diligently compared and revised.

TOGETHER

With Annotations upon the most remarkable Passages in the Gospels, and Marginal Notes upon other difficult Texts of the same, and upon the rest of the Books of the New Testament, for the bester understanding of the literal Sense.

By C. N. C. F. P. D.

Printed in the Year. 1718.



THE

PREFACE.

Authentick by the Council of Trent, and that the same has been by order of Sixts V. and Clement VIII. corrected and amended of the Faults and Imperfections crept into it in process of time, thro' the Neglect of Transcribers, it is not to be expected I shou'd translate the New Testament, which is design'd for the Use of the People, from the Greek, or from any other Latin Copy than that of the said Vulgat; because, it is sit the People should understand the Scripture, as it is read in the Catholick Church, and as they hear it in the publick Service, and at their private Devotions.

I am not infentible of my Infufficiency for so great an Undertaking, nor of the many Censures and Reprehensions to which my Weakness shall render my Work obnoxious. I have always before my Eyes the Answer which the learned Genebrard made to Henry the III. of France, who being defirous to have a good French Translation of the Bible, asked Genebrard, how much time would the finishing of such a Work take up, and what would be the Expence thereof? This great Man, who had thoroughly understood the Matter, and was very well apprized of the Difficulty of fuchan Underraking, answered, That it would take up Thirty Years, that there should be Thirty Divines well read in the Oriental Languages emplayed in the Work, that no less than two hundered thousand Crewes would defray the Charges, and that after all be would not promise his Majesty that the Wirk should be free from all Manner of Imperfections.

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However,

However, confidering that many other private Divines have gone before me, and fucseeded to well as to get the publick Applause and Approbation of Universities and learned Men; having attained to a competent Knowledge of the Oriental Languages, and making this my chief Study these many Years past, I thought I might venture, at least by way of Essay, upon this Work, especially considering on the one Hand, the great need my Country men have thereof; and on the other, that no Fault or Imperfection in any Vulgar Transletion of the Scripture, ought in Reafon to prejudice the Fairh or Manners of Men of Senle; because the Latin Vulgat, the universal Tradition of the Catholick Church, and the Authority of the same, are the Standard of our Faith, and not any vulgar Tranflation of the Scripture which is but of private Authority.

We have no Catholick Translation of the Scripture in the English Tongue, but the Domey Bible, and the Rhemish Testament, which have been done now more than an Hundred Years fince; the Language whereof is fo old, the Words in many Places so obsolete, the Orthography so bad, and the Translation so very literal, that in a number of Places it is unimelligible, and all over to grating to the Ears of fuch as are accustomed to speak, in a manner, another Language, that most People will not be at the Pains of reading them. Befides, they are so bulky that they cannot be conveniently carried about for publick Devotion, and so scarce and dear, that the Generality of the People neither have, nor can procure them for their private Ulc.

To supply all these Defects, I have endeavouted to make this New Testament speak the English Tengue new used, as near as the

many-Hebrailms wherewith it abounds, and which (in my Opinion) ought never to be altered, where they can be rendered lo as to be intelligible, would allow. I have taken all the Care imaginable to keep as close to the Letter as the English will permit, and where the Latin Phrase would prove unintelligible in the English, and that a Word, or two, or more, must be added to make the Sense clear, I took this Precaution: It the Word or Words to be added are evidently implied, the' not expresfed in the Latin according to the grammatical Confirmation, which every good Translator ought to have always before his Eyes, I pur the fame in the Text in Italick Characters: But where they are not so evidently, and plainly implied, and yet do feem to be wanting to make the Sentence full and plain, I put the Word or Words in the Margin with a Mark of Reference, and the Word supple or supply before them.

There are certain Words in the Scripture, which Use and Custom have in a manner confecrated, as Sabbath, Rabbi, Baptize, Scandalize, Synagogue, &c. These I have every where retained, tho' they are neither Latin nor English, but Hebrew and Greek; because they are as well understood, even by Men of the mean est Capacity, as if they had been English.

I was always of Opinion, that it was morally impossible to succeed in translating the new Testament into any vulgar Language out of the Latin, without being read in the Hebrew and in the Greek, by reason of an infinite (as I may say) Number of Phrases that are ambiguous, and may be construed in a double Sense in the Latin, which yet are inmitted and only determined to one Sense in the Greek, and according to the Hebrew Idiem, can have no other: But I am now convinced

by Experience, that it is not enough to understand the Greek of prophane Authors, but that one must withal be thoroughly acquainted with the Helenist, or the Greek of the Synagogue: For this is the Language into which the Law of Moles and the Prophets were tranflated, (as is commonly believed) by the Septuagint: And these Doctors being Jews, gave the Greek the very Turn and Genius of the Hebrew Phrases and Particles; so as to make them lignify very often quite another thing than what they generally do in prophase Authors. Now the Apostles being Few also, and being acquainted only with the Tutn and Genius of the Hebrew, and this Greek of the Synagogue; wrote in the Stile of the Septinging, and gave the fame Turn to the Greek in the New Testament, as the Septuagint had given to it in the old. Hence proceed a great many Ambiguities and Obscurities in the l'hrases and Particles of the Latin Vulgat, which cannor be understood or determined, but by having recourse to the Greek of the Synagogue; so that it is absolutely necessary for a Translator to be well read therein.

Besides, there are several Particles in the Greek that are expletive, and ferve only for Ornament and Sound, but fignify nothing in any vulgar Language, on the contrary, would be a great Defect in them should they be expressed: Now the Latin Vulgat has retained a great many of these, which if literally tranflated, would rather spoil than mend the Sense. And that the Hebrew being written in a very concile laconick Stile, expressing things by Halfs, and being very barren in Particles and Prepositions, the Septuagint following the same Method, wrote in a like Concile, and confequently obscure Stile; especially as to the tendering of the Hibrer Particles

Particles and Prepositions, where they were forced very often to render one and the fame. Hebrew Particle by several Particles which have different Significations in the Greek, as they conceived the Hebrew Particle ought to fignify in such a Place: So that when there is any Obscurity (as it often happens) or Abfurdity, or Ambiguity, or receding from the Analogy of the Faith, arising from the tranflaring of such Sentences, or of such Particles according to their usual Signification: one must have recourse to the Hebrew, to fee what the meaning of fuch Sentences, and Particles, and Prepositions must be, in that, or in the like place, and render them accordingly in vulgar Language, the' they should, happen to fignify otherwise upon another. Occasion in the Greek or Latin: And yet I maintain, that this is not receding from a literal Translation. For a literal Translationof the Scripture does not confift in giving the Sense or Meaning of the Words in general, but as they are in the Text in Scripture Phrase: Now the Latin being taken from the Greek, and the Greek from the Hebrew, it is certain the Latin Sentences; and Particles, and Prepositions, can have no other literal Sense in the Text, than that which the Hebrew has in the same, or in the like Texts. It will be requifice to give some Examples of all these things.

In the first Chapter of St. Matthew verse the 20th, we read in the Vulgat: Quad enim in ea natum est. The Translators of the Rhimish. Testament, have rendered this Text thus: For that which is bern in her: The Dectors of Loven in their Translation of the New Testament, have rendered it after the same manner in Fiench: Car ce qui est ne en elle: And so have of late Minster Hure and some other

Frenck

the Word natum in that Place does not fignify born: For to be born is for to come from the Mother's Womb; but it is plain by the whole Context, that Christ was not then come from his Mother's Womb, when the Angel spoke those Words to Joseph; and that he only intended to distraid him from putting away his Spouse the Virgin Marz, upon her appearing to be with Child, by declaring unto him, that she conceived not by Man, but by the Holy Ghost.

Now what gave Occasion to these Gentlemen's Mistake is, that they did not resect, that the Participle natum is equivocal or ambiguous. It comes from the Verb Nascor, which when taken actively or neutrally, signifies to spring, to rise, to budd, as well as when taken passively, to be born. And had they but cast their Eyes upon the Participle fornair in the Greek of the same Text, they might easily see, that the meaning of that Word on this Occasion is begotten or conceived; and consequently that the Participle restum in the Latin ought to be rendered by either of these Words.

The like Ambiguity is to be met with, Luke 11. verse 4: where we read in the Valgut: Qued super st date Eleganos sname. Give Alms of what remains: Whence some Divines have concluded, that no Man is obliged by the Precept of Charity to give the Poor, but what is over and alove all his own Wants, which every one will be apt to believe his own Fortune scant enough to supply. But it we look into the Greek with the Sense of the Text to be: Give Alms of what you have. It were endless to being Examples of the expletive Particles and Preparities.

sicions in the Greek and Latin, which had they been rendered literally according to their usual and ordinary Signification, would quite spoil the Sense and Sound in vulgar Languages. The Particle A' in Greek, and Autem in Latin, which in its usual Acceptation signifies But, in English, is read about forty Times in the first Chapter of St. Matthew both in the Greek and in the Latin: Were this Particle rendered in English by the Particle But, so many times, or even but twice or thrice, how grating to the Ear, and how contrary to the Genius of that Tongue would it appear? Hence it is, that the most learned Translators of the French Bibles have rendered the Text of that Chapter, as if no fuch Particle had been in the Greek or Latin. And in my opinion, they did well: For in reality it has no manner of Idea in all those Places of that Chapter. but is put for Grace and Ornament's fake. However, I have in the said Chapter (that I might not feem to omit the least lots without reason) rendered it by the Particle, and, as often as it occurs; and in other Places of the New Tellament sometimes by the Particle but; sometimes by the Particles, now, then, and, whereupon, &c. as I judged these to be most agreeable to the Genius of the English Tongue, and most proper for conneching Sentences and Periods together. I have allo observed this Method in regard of many other Particles, but still so as not to recede from the liceral Sense of the Text.

There is more Difficulty in the right understanding of the Prepositions in the Scripture. And the Keason, (in my Opinion) is, that these Prepositions both in the Greek and Latin being taken from the Hebrew Prepositions, which are but very sew in Number,

and whereof one very often Answers to three or four of the Greek and Latin Prepositions, which yet have different Significations, gave the Interpreters of the Scripture very often Occasion of confounding them together, and putting one for another, as may appear by many Instances which might be brought to prove the same; but to avoid being tedious, I shall only Instance in one Example.

We read in the Vulgat of St. Paul to the Romans Chap. 9. 3. Optabam enim ego ipse Ana-

thema esse à Christo pro fratribus meis.

The Preposition (a) in this Phrase was taken from the Greek Preposition which fignifies in the usual Acceptation, from, as does also the Latin Preposition a; and the Greek was taken from the Hebrew Prepofition Min; and it is no less evident by several other Texts of the same Kind, and by the very Nature of the thing it felf, that the Hebrew Min here fignifies for, and not from. For to what end should St. Paul wish that he himfelf were an Anathema, or accurled from Christ for his Brethren? What would it avail his Brethren, that he should be accursed from Christ? That Moses indeed, should defire God to forgive the I/raelites their great and heinous Sin, or to blot his Name out of the Book which he had written, shews his great Love for his Brethren, and how ready he was to part with the temporal Bleffings he expected from God, on condition that his Prethren might be faved: But that St. Paul should wish himself to be accussed from Christ for his Brethren, without any such Condition, or any Prospect of doing them good, as in such Case it could not be expecked he should, is hard to be digested, and not eafily to be believed of any Man, much less of St. Faul, who knew full well what it

was to be accurfed from Christ. Now in translating the Preposition and a, by the Particle for, St. Paul's Christian Love for his Brethren is sufficiently shown, and his Zeal for their Salvation; But withal a Zeal accompanied with Knowledge: I could with that I my felf were accursed for Christ, for the fake of my Bretbren; that is, I could wish I were an Anathema, an accurled thing, or that I were hang'd on a Tree or Gibber, as it is written; curfed be every one that hangeth on a Tree: For Christ, that is for the Faith of Christ: For the fake of my Bretbren, that is. that my Brethren may see my Zeal for, and Stedfastness in that Faith, and by that means be moved to think well of the same. But it is high Time I speak a Word or two concerning my Annotations and Notes, and so conclude.

My Design is to make this Work of as little Bulk as possibly I can, that it may be eafily carried about in the Pocket for publick and private Devotion. For this end, I have inferted nothing therein but what I judged to be very useful. I have left out the Summaries or Arguments of all the Chapters. except those of the four Gospels. These I judged necessary to be inscreed, because the Gospels being an historical Account of the Birth, Life, Doctrine, Miracles, Death, Refurrection, and Alcention of our Lord Jefus Christ; to give the Sum of each Chapter in the Front is both useful and agreeable, and withal helps very much the Membry; but the rest I omitted partly to be brief, and partly because I did not judge them very useful. As to my Annotations. I have been pretty large upon the Gospel of St. Matthew, but to make amends, I have not made any upon most of the Chapters of St. Mark and

St.

St. Luke, nor upon any Chapter of St. John's Gospel, being content to make only short marginal Notes upon them, and to refer the Reader to the Annotations upon St. Marthew, as often as any difficult Passage occurs in them, that had been before considered in the said Gospel.

My defign in my Annotations and marginal Notes upon the Gospels, and upon the rest of the New Testament, is to reconcile fome apparent Contradictions in the Gofpels, and to illustrate the literal Sense of the Text: And for as much as the Greek in some Places, makes a clearer Sense than the Latin. I have now and then put the rendering from the Greek Text in the Margin with the Letters Gr. before it, to denote that the Greek reads so. As to moral or mystical Restections I have industriously omitted to make any; because the Work would swell to too great a Bulk. In a Word, my chief Aim is to encourage my Country-men to read, and to meditate upon the Will and Testament of their heavenly Lord and Master; by giving it to them in a Stile and Dress less obscure and somewhat more engaging than it has been many Years past. And that it may be the more uleful to them, I have annexed a Table to the end of the Work, by looking into which, they shall find in what Chapter and Verse of the Scripture, the beginning and end of every Gospel and Epistle that is read in the Mass every Sunday and great Holy-day all the Year over are to be found, that they may read the same to themselves, while the Priest reads them at Mass.

Approbatio Dectorum

EGO infrascriptus sacra facultatis Paristensis
Doctor Theologus, & Collegii Hibernorum Parissis Provisor tester me diligenter legisse novam
versionem Anglicam novi Testamenti d Clarissimo Do.
Cornelio Nery Consultissimae facultatis Paristensis
Doctore suctam eamque cum vulgata Editione latina contulisse de in omnibus sidelissimam reperisse,
nosasq; adjectas bonas & utiles esse. Dutum Parisiis 23. Aprilis 17:4.

Joannes Farely:

Nter multa Christiana Pietatis adjumenta ac præsidia, nullum est præsentius quam sacro-Sancta Christi Evangelia frequenter legere, frequenter meditari. Hinc scuturiunt aque vivæ quibus Animam sitientem resocilleris, binc colligitur cæleste illud Manna quo refectus alacriser ad terram Promissionis contendas. Hinc petenda morum vitæq; Quamobrem qui planiores ad bac veri penetralia aditus moliuntur, ii rem Christianam mirifice promovent. Ed mente Reverendus admosum D. D. Cornelius Nary, Presbyter, in Consultissima facultate Parificasi Dictor, novum Testumentum è vulgetà & veteri Editione in Anglicum transfulit: Translitionem hanc Ego infrascriptus lacræ fatultatis Paristensis Doctor, qua potui diligentid, perlegi, sidelimas ac vulgatæ nostræ confentusiam, victolog; udječe is bonas & utiles ripiri tur liberibus vire non pii minus quam eruditi ; qui spiritus sancii Oracula tam accurate, tam nitiae concleavit. Idem Spiritus fantti Auditor din fuer : necesse est. Lege, perlege, letturus Cer munda, & mogis mogify; Cor mund bit iffa Lectio. Lectioni pear at findings vive findlines, & Ledimem vice house I all it. in it of fid in ignite busile for-11.6.16.3

Approbatio Doctorum.

menis, & novas ille in Corde ita accendet flammas, ut exclames cum duobus Discipulis. Nonne Cor nostrum ardens eras in nobis cum loqueretur in viâ, & aperiret scripturas. Faciet ista, Deo dante, Pietas, ut sapientia divina sub sacris bisce literis involuta descendat in Cor. & omnia bona veniant pariter cum illd. Datum Parisiis 22. Julii 1714.

M. Fogarty.

T. GO infra scriptus Vicarius olim Generalis il L lustrissimi & Reverendissimi Patricii Russell Archicpiscopi Dubliniensis & Hibernia Primatis, sacra Theologia Lector & Professor per Annos septem cum in Gallia tum in Italia. Librorum censor in Italia d Magistro sacri Palatii Deputatus, Antiquus Parisiensis Academiæ Rector, Professor Regius & in Regid Navarra Primarius, filem facio me diligenter tegisse novum Testamentum Anglicum e vulgata latina in Anglicum sermonem, quod cum vulgata fatis accurate contuli, à doctiffimo & clarissimo viro Do. Cornelio Nary Presbytero dignissimo juris utriusque Doctore Paristensi summa cum fide translatum dignumque judicasse ut Typis mandetur. Datum in Edibus noftris Navaricis. VI. Kal. Feb. MDCCXV.

Mich. Morus.

To the Reverend Dr. Nary.

Honoured Sir,

T T was with a great Deal of Satisfaction that I read 1 your Manuscript Version of the New Testament from the Latin Vulgat. You have now, by your indefatigable Labour furnished us with what we so long wished for, and so much wanted. Your happy Genius has furnish'd you with the means of reconciling a literal Translation with the Purity of the English Tongue: And your Annotations and short Notes upon the difficult Passages of the Text, shew manifestly the Profoundnels of your Erudition, and the Brightnels of your Wir. In a Word, as I doubt not, but that all Men, who wish well to our Holy Religion, earnestly delire to have, and to read the Will and Testament of their Redeemer in their own Language; fo I do fincerely affure you, no Man can cover more, that it theu'd fee the light than,

Your most Humble

and most affectionate Servant,

Francis Walsh.

S Dublin November }

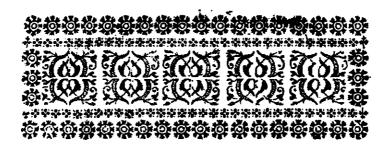
The Order of all the Books of the New Testament, with their proper Names and Number of Chapters.

The Gospel according to Chap. St. Matshew. 28. St. Mark. 16. St. Luke. 24. St. Fobn. The Acts of the Apostles. 28. The Epistle of St. Paul to the Ro-16. mans. The first to the Corintbians. 16. The second to the Corintbians. 13. Galatians. 6. Ephesians. Philippians. 4. Coloffians. The first to the The falonians. 5. The fecond to the The [zlonions. 2. The aft of Tim. 6.

Chap. The fecond to Timot by. Titus. Philemon. Hebrews. The Epistle of St. James. The first Epistle of St. Peter. 5. The fecond of St. Peter. The first Epistle of St. Fobn. 5. The fecond of St. John. The third of St. Fobn. The Epistle of St. Fude. The Apocaliple, or Revelation of St. Jubn. 22.

ERRATA.

Mat. Chap. 24. v. 25. for an bungry, read an bunggred, ibid. v. 37. for an bungry, read an bungred. Mat. Chap. 26. v. 3. for Place, read Palace.



THE Holy GOSPEL

O F

Jelus Christ,

According to St. MATTHEW.

CHAP. I.

The Genealogy of Fesus Christ according to the sless.

An Angel telleth Joseph, that his spouse the Virgin Mary had conceived by the holy Ghost, and shou'd bring forth a Child who shou'd be called Fesus.



HE Book of the generation of Jesus Christ the Son of David, the Son of Abraham.

2. Abraham begat Isaac, and Isaac begat Jacob, and Jacob begat Judas and his Brethren.

^{1.} The book of the generation. Tis familiar with the Jews, to call any History, or Relation, when they would record it, by the Name of Book: So that the meaning of the Phrase: The Book of the Generation of Jesus Christ, is an Account of the Generation or Genealogy of Jesus Christ.

A 2 3. And

Chap. L.

The Gospel according

3. And Judas begat Phares and Zaram of Thamar, and Phares begat Elron, and Elron begat Aram.

4. And Aram begar Aminadab, and Aminadab

begat Nazilon, and Nazilon begat Salmon.

5. And Salmon begat Booz of Raab, and Booz

begat Obed of Ruth, and Obed begat Jeffe.

6. And lesse begat David the King, and David the King begat Salomon of her that was the wife of Urias.

7. And Salomon begat Roboam, and Roboam

begat Abias, and Abias begat Ala.

8. And Ala begat Josaphat, and Josaphat begat Joram, and Joram begat Ozias.

9. And Ozias begat Joatham, and Joatham begat

Achaz, and Achaz begat Ezechias.

10. And Ezechias begat Manasses, and Manasses begat Amon, and Amon begat Josias.

11. And Jofias begat Jechonias and his brethren

in the transmigration of Babylon.

12. And after the transmigration of Babylon, Jechonias begat Salathiel, and Salathiel begat Zorobabel.

13. And Zorobabel begat Abiud, and Abiud begat Eliacim, and Eliacim begat Azor.

14. And Azor begat Sadoc, and Sadoc begat A-

chim, and Achim begat Eliud.

15. And Eliud begat Eleazar, and Eleazar begat

Mathan, and Mathan begat Jacob.

16. And Jacob begat Joseph the husband of Mary, of whom was born Jesus, who is called Christ. 17. So

to. Joseph the husband of Mary of whom was bom Jesus. Here it may be asked, how it should come to pass that the Genealogy of Christ is recorded, in giving only that of Joseph; since it is plain, that Christ did not assume the Flesh of Joseph, but that of the Virgin Mary, Joseph's Wife? And why was not the Genealogy of the Virgin Mary recorded rather than that of Joseph? To which I Answer. 1st, That in giving that of Joseph, the Genealogy of the Virgin Mary was at the same time given; being both sprung from the same Tribe and Race, namely from the Tribe of Juda: The Law of Moses providing that Men should not take Wives out of another Tribe, but match in their own, to avoid consusion of Families, and of Inheritance; which Joseph being a just Man would by no means transgress.

17. So all the generations from Abraham to David are fourteen generations, and from David to the transmigration of Babylon, fourteen generations; and from the transmigration of Babylon to Christ, fourteen generations.

18. Now the generation of Christ, was after this The Gospel on manner: when as his mother Mary was espoused to Christmas Joseph, before they came together, she was found Eve, and upon to be with Child by the holy Ghost.

St. Joseph's

19. Whereupon Joseph her husband being a just man, Day the nine-would not expose her, but would dismiss her secretly. teenth of

20. But as he thought on these things, behold the March.
Angel of the Lord appeared unto him in sleep, saying:
Joseph son of David, fear not to take Mary thy wife,
for that, which is begotten * in her, is of the holy Ghost. * Alias con-

21. And she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt ceived,

call his name Jesus: for he shall save his people from their sins.

zz. Now all this was done, that it might be fulfilled which was spoken of the Lord by the Prophet saying:

23. Behold a virgin shall be with child, and shall bring forth a Son, and they shall call his name Emmanuel, which, being interpreted, is God with us.

24. And Joseph riling from sleep, did as the Angel of the Lord commanded him, and took his wife.

25. And he knew her not till she brought forth her first-born son, and he called his name Jelus.

adly, That it was not usual among the Jews to keep Records of the Genealogy of Women; since they generally speaking passed into other Families, where their Male Children were registred. And the design of the Evange-list being only to shew, in this particular, that Christ was descended from Abraham and David, according to the Pless in the Line of Juda; it was enough to have given the Pedigree of Joseph, since the Virgin Mary was descended from the same Ancestors with him, and in the same Line.

25. Till she brought forth her first born son. This gave some Hereticks occasion to affert, that the Virgin Mary had other Children besides Christ. But it is a great Error: For this manner of speaking is usual among the sews, to denote only what is done, without any regard to the suture. Thus it is said, Gen. 8.7. that Niah sent forth a Crow, which went away, and did not return till the Waters were dried on the Face of the Earth. That is, did not return at all any more.

A 2 CHAP.

CHAP. IL

The wife men come from the East to Jerusalem being guided by a Star. They enquire after Christ. Are directed to Bethlehem. They offer him their gifts. Joseph taketh Jesus and Mary and steeth into Egypt. Herod murdereth the Children, himself dieth. Christ is brought back from Egypt.

The Gospel on t. OW when Jesus was born in Bethlehem the fixth of of Juda, in the days of Herod the King, January, the behold there came wise men from the East to Jesu-Feast of the salem,

Epiphany, or 2. Saying, Where is he that is born King of the Twelfth-day. Jews? For we have feen his ftar in the East, and

are come to adore him.

3. Which when Herod the King had heard, he

was troubled, and all Jerusalem with him.

4. And when he had affembled together all the High-Priests and the Scribes of the People, he enquired of them where Christ should be born.

5. And they faid unto min: In Bethlehem of Juda:

for thus it is written by the prophet.

6. And thou Bethlehem Land of Juda art not the least among the Princes of Juda: for our of thee shall come forth the Captain, who shall rule my people Israel.

7. Then Herod fecretly calling the wife men, learnt diligently of them the time of the star which

appeared unto them.

8. And fending them to Bethlehem, said: Go, and enquire diligently about the Child, and when ye shall find him, tell me, that I also may come and adore him.

9. Who, having heard the King, went their way, and lo the Star, which they had feen in the East, went before them, till it-came and stood over, where the Child was.

10. And seeing the star they rejoyced with exceed-

ing great joy.

ir. And entring into the house they found the Child with Mary his mother, and falling down adored him, and having opened their treasures they offered unto him gifts: Gold, Frankincense, and Myrthe.

12. And having received an answer in sleep, that they should not return to Herod, they went back

into their own Country by another way.

12. And when they had departed, behold an An- The Gofgel on gel of the Lord appeared in sleep to Joseph, saying: Holy Inno-Arise, and take the Child and his Mother, and flee cents, or into Egypt, and be thou there till I tell thee: for Childermas-Herod shall seek the Child to destroy him.

14. Joseph arose, and took the child and his mother by night, and retired into Egypt, and was there

until the death of Herod.

15. That it might be fulfilled which was spoken of the Lord by the Prophet, Saying: Out of Egypt

have I called my ion.

16. Then Herod perceiving that he had been deluded by the wife men, was exceeding angry, and fent, * and flew all the male children, which were * Superior in Bethlehem, and in all the limits thereof, from Officers and . two years old, and under, according to the time Soldiers. which he had diligently fought of the wife men.

17. Then was fulfilled that which was Ipoken by

Jeremy the Prophet, laying:

18. A voice in Rama was heard, loud cries, and much wailing; Rachel bewailing her children and wou'd nor be comforted because they are not.

19. But

15. Out of Egypt have I called my fon. This Paffage is to be understood literally of the Children of Macl. whom God calls a Child, and fays, that he called his Son (meaning them) out of Egypt; as appears by the Words of the Prophet Ofee, Chap. II. v. I. For Ifrael is a Child. and I have loved him, and out of Egypt have I called my Son. But Israel being a Type or Figure of the Meshas in their Sufferings and Bondage in Egypt, and in their Distress when they went thither. The Apostle applies the same Passage in the mystical or figurative Sense to Christ's call out of Egypt, being forced to flee thither for his Life.

18. A voice in Rama was heard, loud cries and much wailing? Rachel bewailing her children, &c. Some Interpreters are of Opinion, that Rama is not a proper Name, but that it figuifies on High, as indeed the Word in the Hebrew Language imports. So that in their Judgment, the Phrase shou'd run thus: A voice was heard on high. That is a loud Voice was beard. However this Action happening in the Land, which fell

Chap. II.

The Gospel according

The Gospel on the Eve of Twelfth-day.

19. But when Herod was dead, behold an Angel of the Lord appeared in sleep to Joseph in Egypt.

20. Saying: Arife, and take the child and his mother, and go into the Land of Israel, for they, who sought the child's life, are dead: Then

21. Joseph arose, took the child and his mother,

and came into the Land of Ifrael.

22. But hearing that Archelaus did reign in Judea in the room of his father Herod, he was afraid to go thither, and being warned in sleep, he went aside into the parts of Galilee.

23. And came and dwelt in a city called Nazareth: that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the Prophets: for he shall be called a Nazarite.

to the Lot of the Tribe of Benjamin Rachel's Son; though the Prophet Jetemy, in the literal Sense, had in View the Captivity of the Tribe of Benjamin, which was carried away by Salmanassar King of Assyria, and which caused great Lamentations and Gries; yet in the figurative or allegorical Sense, it is very truly applied by the Evangelist to the Gries and Weepings of the Mothers of the Innocents, slaughter'd by Herod's Commands.

22. For he shall be called a Nazarite. The Evangelist does not name the Prophets who say so; and in my
Opinion, the Reason is, because a Nazarite signifies one
devoted or consecrated to God's Service, as the Books of
the Old Testament do frequently observe, which indeed
were all penned by Prophets or Men inspired by the Holy Ghost. Now Christ taking the Name of Nazarite,
according to the Letter from Nazareth, the Place of his
Abode, as is usual, was in reality a true Nazarite in
the Spiritual Sense; that is, consecrated and devoted to
the Service of his heavenly Father.

CHAP. IIL

John the Baptist preacheth. The austerity of his life is described. He reprehendeth the Pharisees. And hap-riseth Christ.

I. IN those days came John the Baptist preaching in the defert of Judea,

2, And faying, Do penance: for the kingdom of

heaven is at hand.

3. For this is he who was spoken of by the prophet Elay, saying: A voice of one crying in the deiert, prepare ye the way of the Lord, make his paths straight.

4. And the same John had his raiment of Camel's hair, and a leathern girdle about his loyns, and

his food was locusts and wild honey.

5. Then went our to him Jerusalem and all Judea, and all the Country round about Jordan.

6. And were baptized by him in Jordan, contel-

fing their Sins.

7. But when he faw many of the Pharifees and Sadducees coming to his baptilin, he said unto them: O vipers brood! who hath shewed you to see from the wrath to come?

8. Bring forth therefore worthy fruits of penance.

9. And

an4

^{8.} Bring forth therefore worthy fruits of penance. I do not question but many will find fault with my rendering the Greek Word Marancia, or the Latin Panitentia, by the Word Penance; because they would have it rendred by the Word Repentance, or Softow. But I shall beg them to consider, that the said Words in Scripture do not signify a bare Sorrow or Repentance, but a Repentance accompanied with Fasting and Weeping, and other penal Works, which are properly called Penance. Thus Christ says, Mat. 11. 20. Wo be to thee Corazin. Wo be to thee Bethsaida: For if the miracles, which were wrought in you, had been wrought in Tyre and Sidon, they wou'd have done penance long fince in fackcloth and ashes. And St. Paul 2 Cor. 7. 9. Now I am glad, not that you were made forry, but because you were made forry to penance: Sed quia contriftari estis ad pænitentiam. Where you fee the Apostle distinguishes between bare Sorrow or Repentance,

The Golpel according

9. And say not within your selves; we have Abraham to our father. For I say unto you, that God is able of these storage up children unto Abraham.

10. For now the Ax is laid to the root of the Trees. Therefore every Tree which bringeth not forth good fruit shall be hewen down and cast into the Fire.

11. I indeed baptize you in water unto penance, but he, who shall come after me, is stronger than I, whose shooes I am not worthy to bear, he shall bap-

tize you in the holy Ghost and fire.

12. Whole fan is in his hand, and he will throughly purge his floor, and gather his wheat into the barn, but the chaff he will burn with unquenchable fire.

13. Then cometh Jesus from Galilee to Jordan,

unto John, to be baptized by him.

14. But John forbade him, faying: I ought to be

Baptized by thee, and comest thou to me.

is. And Jesus answering, said unto him: Suffer it now: for so it becometh us to fulfil all right-cousies. Then he suffered him.

16. And Jesus being baptized, came up immediately out of the water: and lo the heavens were

and that Sorrow, which is necessary for repairing Mens Transgressions against God, which is the I hing now in question; namely that it is over and above requisite, that Sorrow shou'd be attended with other penal Works, as Sackcloth, Aspes, Fasting, Weeping and the like, so frequently repeated in the Law, and in the Gospel. And, indeed, is was in this Sense the ancient Fathers always took the Word Mararoia or Panitentia, in the Scripture.

15. For so it becometh us to sulfil all sighteousness. Tho' the Latin has here, owners sufficient, all
Justice; which implies not only an external Righteousness or sulfilling the Letter of the Law, but also an internal conformity of the Mind to the same; yet I chose
vather to render the Word sufficia, Righteousness, than
Justice: Because there was a question, in this Place,
of sulfilling an external Righteousness, such as Baptism,
so frequently used by the sews upon several Occasions,
according to the Law of Moses and the Tradition of their
Fathers.

opened unto him, and he faw the spirit of God descending like a dove, and coming upon him.

17. And behold, a voice from heaven faying: this is my beloved fon in whom I am well pleafed.

有有点的表示。 有一点,可以不是一个,可以不是一个,可以不是一个,可以不是一个。 有一点,可以不是一个,可以不是一个,可以不是一个,可以不是一个。

CHAP. IV.

Jesus is led into the desert. He fasteth forty days. Is tempted by the Devil. Preacheth in Capharnaum. He calleth upon four Disciples, and healeth many diseased.

HEN was Jesus led by the Spirit into the The Gospel on desert to be tempted by the devil.

2. And when he had fasted forty days and forty day in Lent.

nights, he was after an hungred.

3. And when the tempter came to him, he said: If thou be the son of God, command that these stones be made bread.

4. Jesus answer'd and said: It is written, man doth not live by bread alone, but by every word; which proceeds from the mouth of God.

5. Than the devil took him up into the holy city,

and fet him upon the pinnacle of the temple.

6. And faid unto him: If thou be the fou of God, cast thy self down. For it is written: that he hath given his angels charge concerning thee, and in their hands they shall bear thee up, lest perhaps thou dash thy foot against a stone.

7. Jesus said unto him: It is again written. Thou

shalt not tempt the Lord thy God.

8. Again the devil took him up into an exceeding high mountain, and shewed him all the kingdoms of the world and the glory of them,

9. And said unto him: All these will I give thee,

if thou wilt fall down and adore me.

so. Then faith Jesus unto him: Get thee hence Satan: for it is written: thou shalt adore the Lord thy God, and him only shalt thou serve.

11. Then the devil left him, and behold Angels

came and ministred unto him.

12. Now when Jefus had heard that John was de-

livered up, he retired into Galilee.

13. And having left the city Nazareth, he came and dwelt in Capharnaum, a lea-coast town, in the confines of Zabulon and Nephthalim.

14. That

Chap. IV.

The Gospel according

14. That it might be fulfilled, which was spoken

by Itaias the Prophet.

15. The Land of Zabulon, and the Land of Nephthalim, the way of the sea beyond Jordan, Galilee of the Gentiles.

16. The people which fat in darkness have seen great light; and to them who sat in the region of

the shadow of death, light is sprung up.

17. From that time Jesus began to preach, and to say: Do penance, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand.

The Gospel on St. Andrew's Day.

18. And Jesus walking by the sea of Galilee, saw two brethren, Simon, who is called Peter, and Andrew his brother, casting a net into the sea, (for they were fishers.)

29. And he faith unto them, Follow me, and I will

make you fishers of men,

20. And immediately leaving their nets, they fol-

lowed him.

21. And going on from thence, he saw two other brethren, James the son of Zebedee, and John his brother, in a ship with Zebedee their father, mending their nets, and he called them.

22. And they forthwith leaving their nets and

their father followed him.

23. And Jesus went about all Galilee, teaching in their synagogues, and preaching the Gospel of the kingdom: and healing all manner of sickness, and all

manner of diseases among the people.

24. And his fame went over all Syria: and they aid before him all that were troubled with divers diseases, and torments, and such as were possessed with devils, and lunaticks, and the sick of the palfy, and he healed them.

^{17.} The kingdom of heaven is at hand. That is, Christ our Saviour was ready to open the Kingdom of Heaven, by his Passion and Death, for such as were disposed to hear his divine Word, do Penance for their Sins, and he haptized, believe his Dodrine and pradice the same.

^{23.} Preaching the Gospel of the kingdom. That is, preaching the joyful News (forfuch is the meaning of the Word Evangelium or Gospel) of the Kingdom of Heaven, which was to be opened from after by the death of Christ.

all the Saints.

many Mar-

25. And there followed him great multitudes from Galilee, and Decapolis, and From Jerusalem, and from Judea, and from beyond Tordan.

CHAP. V.

Christ goes up the mount, begins his sermon by the eight heatitudes; gives several counsels and precepts of a more perfect life than was before known or practifed; as suffering reproaches, renouncing of goods rather than contend for them, loving our enemy, &cc.

E. DUT Jesus, seeing the multitude, went up into The Gospel on a mountain, and when he had fat, his dif- the Feast of ciples came unto him.

2. And opening his mouth, he saught them, fay- and those of ing:

3. Bleffed are the poor in spirit: for theirs is the tyrk. kingdom of heaven.

4. Bleffed are the meek: for they shall possels the land.

5. Bleffed are they, who mourn; for they shall be comforted.

6. Bleffed are they, who hunger and thirst after justice: for they shall be filled.

7. Blessed are the merciful; for they shall obtain

mercy.

8. Bleffed are the pure in heart: for they shall see God.

9. Blessed are the peacemakers: for they shall be called the Children of God.

10. Blessed are they, who suffer persecution for justice sake: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven.

11. Bleffed are ye when they shall revile you, and perfecute you, and shall speak all manner of evil against you falsly, for my take.

12. Rejoyce, and be exceeding glad, for great is your reward in heaven: for lo did they perfecute the

prophets which were before you.

13. Ye are the falt of the earth, but if the falt The Gospel on lofe its favour, wherewith shall it be salted? It is the Feasts of thenceforth good for nothing, but to be cast out, Dostors. and trodden under foot of men.

14. Ye are the light of the world. A city, seated

upon a mountain, cannot be hid.

Chap. V.

The Gospel according

15. Neither do folks light a candle, and put it under a bushel, but upon a candlestick; that it may give light to all that are in the house,

16. Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works, and glorify your father,

who is in heaven.

17. Think not that I am come to break the law or the prophets. I am not come to break but to fulfil.

18. For in truth I say unto you, till heaven and earth pass, one jot, or one tittle of the law shall not

país, till all be fulfilled.

19. Whosoever therefore shall break one of these least commandments, and shall so teach men, he shall be called the least in the kingdom of heaven: but whosoever shall do and teach them, the same shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven.

The Gospel on the fifth Sunday after Pentecost.

20. For I say unto you, that unless your justice shall surpass that of the Scribes and Pharises, you shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven.

21. Ye have heard, that it was faid to the ancients: thou shalt not kill: and whosoever killeth

shall be guilty of judgment.

22. But I say unto you, that who oever is angry with his brother, shall be guilty of the Judgment. And who sever shall say to his brother, Raca, shall be guilty of the Council. And who sever shall say, thou sool, shall be guilty of Hell sire.

22. Whosoever shall say to his brother, Raca. This is a By-word denoting contempt, not unlike the En-

glish Words Sirvab, Rake, or Rascal.

22. Whosoever shall say; Thou sool: shall be guilty of hell sire. This is the first Place, in which Christ makes Use of the Word Gehenna, to signify Hell. 'Tis a compounded Hebrew Word, made of Ris Gehenna a Valley, and Chanon, that is, the Valley of Ennon. This was a pleasant Valley near serusalem, where the Jetu-

^{22.} Whosoever is angry with his brother, &c. Most of our Greek Copies have here the Word einst without cause. And the St. Jerom did expunge the said Word out of his Copy, as being rather a Comment than a Part of the Text, and St. Augustin in his Retrastations, did the same: Yet they, and most of the Interpreters of the Scripture, do hold, that the said Word is to be understood; so as the sense is: Whosoever is angry with his Brother without cause, shall be &c.

23. If therefore thou offer thy gift at the altar, and there remember, that thy brother hath pught against thee.

24. Leave there thy gift before the altar, and go thy way, first, to be reconciled to thy brother, and

then come and offer thy gift.

25. Agree with thine adversary quickly, whilst thou art in the way with him: Lest perhaps the adversary deliver thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the officer, and thou be cast into prison.

26. Verily I say unto thee, thou shalt not go out

thence, till thou shalt pay the last farthing.

Jebusites, and such of the Jews as had embraced the idolations Customs of the Gentiles, used to make their Children pass thro' Fire in their Sacrifices to their God Moloch, and where the Inhabitants of Jerusalem did usually burn the dead Carcasses, and other silthy Things of the City. And whereas this Fire was very dreadful, both by Reason of its being kindled and slaming Night and Day; and much more, by Reason of the Dread and Horror it ought to strike into Men's Hearts, in seeing innocent Children cast alive into it; Christ looked upon it as a true Emblem of Hell Fire. Hence it is that he made Use of the Word Genena, as the sittest to express those everlassing Flames.

And as in this Verse there is a Gradation of Sin. viz.

1. Anger or Passion without just Cause 2. Contempt of our Brethren, denoted by the Word Raca. 3. Reproachful Language to our Brethren; as thou Fool. So there are Degrees of Censures, or Punishments for the same.

1. Anger or Passion is a Sin, which falls under the Cognizance of the little Sanhedrim, which the Jews called Beth Din, the House of Judgment. Hence Christ saith, whosever is angry with his Brother, shall be guilty of the Judgment, that is, shall be obnoxious to the Sentence of the House of Judgment.

z. Words of Scorn or Contempt, as Raca, is a Sin, which falls under the Cognizance of the great Sanhedrim, called by way of excellency, the Council. Who-soever shall say to his Brother, Raca, shall be Guilty of the Council: that is, obnoxious to the Sentence of the Council.

3. Reproachful Language, fuch as, Thou Fool, is of that high Nature, as to surpass the Sentence of both Councils, and so merit the Punishment of Hell Fire.

The Gospel according

27. Ye have heard that it was faid to the an-

cients: thou shalt not commit adultery.

28. But I say unto you, that who sever shall look upon a woman to suff after her, hath committed adultery with her in his heart.

29. And if thy right eye doth scandalize thee, pluck it out, and cast it from thee: for it is better for thee that one of thy members shou'd perish, than that thy whole body, shou'd be cast into hell.

30. And if thy right hand scandalize thee, cut it off, and cast it from thee: for it is better for thee that one of thy members should perish, than that thy

whole body shou'd go into hell.

31. It was faid also: whosoever shall dismis his

wife, let him give her a bill of divorcement.

32. But I say unto you, that who soever shall difmils his wife, saving for the cause of sornication, causeth her to commit adultery; and who soever shall marry her, who hath been dismissed, commiteth adultery.

33. Again ye have heard, that it was faid to the ancients: thou shalt not forswear thy self, but shalt

perform to the Lord thy oaths.

34. But I say unto you: swear not at all; neither

by heaven, because it is God's throne:

35. Nor by the earth, because it is his footflool: neither by Jerusalem, because it is the city of the great king.

36. Neither shalt thou swear by thy head, because

thou canst not make one hair white or black.

37. But let your discourse be, yea, yea: no, no: for what is more than these, is from evil.

38. Ye have heard that it was faid: an eye for

an eye, and a tooth for a tooth.

- 39. But I say unto you, not to resist evil: but if one shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also.
- 40. And to him, who will fue thee at law, and take away thy coat, give thy cloak also.

41. And whosoever will force thee a mile, go with

him two more.

42. Give to him, who asketh thee, and from him, who would borrow of thee, turn not away.

to St. Matthew.

Chap. VI.

43. Ye have heard, that it was said, thou shalt The Gospel on love thy neighbour, and hate thine enemy. the Friday of.

44. But I say unto you: love your enemies, do ter Ashwedgood to them, who hate you, and pray for them, nesday,

who persecute and despitefully use you.

45. That ye may be the children of your father which is in heaven, who maketh his fun to rife on the good and the bad, and raineth upon the just and the unjust.

46. For if you love them who love you, what reward shall you have? Do not even the Publicans

· the same?

47. And if ye falure your brethren only, what do

you more? Do not even the Heathens fo?

48. Be ye therefore perfect, even as your heavenly Father is perfect.

43. Ye have heard that it was said: Thou shalt love thy neighbour, and hate thine enemy. The latter part was indeed said by the Scribes and Dostors, but not by the Law of Moses. Tis only an inference, which they made from the former Part. Thou shalt love thy neighbour, saith the Law: Therefore, thou shalt hate thine Enemy; say the Scribes and Dostors.

CHAP. VI.

Christ teacheth how we are to give Alms, as also how we are to pray; to forgive injuries, how to fast, that we are to lay up treasures in heaven, that we cannot serve two masters, that we ought not to be solicitous about food or raiment, or the time to come.

1. AKE heed you do not your justice before men, to be feen by them: otherwise ye shall have no reward of your father, who is in Heaven.

2. When therefore thou givest alms, do not found a Trumpet before thee, as the Hypocrites do, in the synagogues and in the streets, that they may be

honoured

z. They have received their reward. viz. The praise which they got from those, who saw them give their Alms, but from God they shall have none.

honoured by men. Verily I say unto you, they have received their reward.

3. But when thou givest alms, let not thy left hand know what thy right hand doeth.

4. That thine alms may be in secret: and thy Fa-

ther, who feeth in fecret, shall reward thee.

- 5. And when ye pray, be not like the Hypocrites, who love to pray standing in the synagogues, and in the corners of the streers, that they may be seen by men. Verily I say unto you they have received their reward.
- 6. But thou, when thou prayeft, enter into thy closet, and having that the door, pray to thy Father in secret: and thy Father, who seeth in secret, will reward thee.
- 7. But as ye pray, do not speak much, like the heathens, for they think, that by much talk they may be heard.

8. Be ye, not therefore like unto them: for your father doth know what you want, before you ask him.

9. Ye shall therefore pray after this manner: Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name.

to. Thy kingdom come, thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven.

11. Give us this day our supersubstantial bread.

6. Enter into thy closet, &c. That is retire from the Care and Concern of worldly Affairs; and fout up all insets to your Heart, in order to avoid Distractions in your Prayers.

7. Do not speak much. This shews that God regards the Assession of the Heart more than the Noise made by the Voice. Besides Christ alludes to the Usage of the Heathens, who used to cry out with a loud Voice to their false Gods. Thus Elias 3 Kings Chap. 18. saith, in Desiston to the Priests of Baal. Cry with a louder voice to Baal that ye may awake him; per-

haps he is a fleep, or in the inn, &c.

bere the Greek Word iminor according to the Letter Supersubstantial, but the meaning of it in this Place, being joyned to the foregoing Word, is, Our bread for the morrow, for the Word the morrow is implied in the faid Greek Word. And since we have need of corporal and spiritual Food every Day. The Sense of the Prayer is: Give us this day our daily bread. And indeed the ancient Interpreter in St. Luke Chap. 16. bash rendred the said Word so, in the same Prayer.

12. And forgive us our Debts, as we forgive our Debters.

12. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil, Amen.

14. For if ye forgive men their fins, your heavenly father will forgive you your trelpasses.

15. But if ye do not forgive men, neither will

your father forgive you your fins.

16. And when ye fast, be not fad, like the hy- The Gospel on pocrites; for they disfigure their faces, that they Ashwednelmay appear unto men to fast. Verily I say unto day. you, they have received their reward.

17. But thou, when thou fastest, anoint thy head

and wash thy face:

18. That thou appear not unto men to fait, but unto thy father, who is in fecret: and thy father, who feeth in fecret, will reward thee.

19. Lay not up for yourselves treasures on earth, where ruft and moth do corrupt, and where thieves dig through and iteal.

20. But lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither suffinor moth do corrupt, and where thieves do not dig through, nor fleal.

21. For where thy treasure is, there is thy heart

allo.

22. The light of thy body is thine eye: if thine eye be fingle, thy whole body will be bright.

23. But if thinc eye be evil, thy whole body shall be dark. If then the light, which is in thee, be darkness; the darkness it felf how great shall it be?

24. No man can ferve two mafters: for either he The Goffel on will hate the one, and love the other: or he will up- the Fourhold the one, and despite the other. Ye cannot lerve teenth Sun-God and Mammon.

day after Pentecoft.

^{17.} And lead us not into temptation. The Jewish Writers do often ascribe to God what he permits either the Devil or ill Men to do. So that the Sense of this Sentence u: And suffer us not to be led into temptation.

^{24.} No man can serve two masters. That is, two, whose commands are opposite, or contrary to one another. Hence Christ saith: Ye cannot serve God and Mammon; that is God and Riches: For Mammon is a Sytiack Word, which fignifies Riches. And fince the boarding up of Riches, and the Cares which attend the fame, are contrary to God's service, no Man can serve God and them at the same time.

25. Therefore I say unto you, be not in pain for your life, what ye shall eat; nor for your body, what ye shall put on: Is not life more than food, and the body than raiment?

26. Behold the fowls of the air: for they fow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns: yet your heavenly father feedeth them: are not ye more

valuable than they?

27. Which of you by taking thought can add one

cubit to his stature?

a8. And why are ye in pain for raiment? consider the lilies of the field how they grow; they labour not, neither do they spin.

29. Yet I say unto you, that even Salomon in all

his glory was not arrayed like one of these.

30. If then God so cloath the grass of the sield, which to day is, and to morrow is cast into the oven, shall he not much more cloath you, O ye of little faith?

31. Be not therefore in pain, faying: what shall we eat, or what shall we drink, or wherewith shall

we be cloathed.

32. For after all these things do the Gentiles seek. For your father knows that ye have need of all these things.

33. Seek ye therefore first the kingdom of God, and his justice, and all these things shall be added

usto you.

34. Be not then in pain for the morrow, for the morrow will take care of itself: sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.



CHAP. VIL

Christ reprovets rash judgment, forbiddeth to east holy things to dogs, exhorteth to prayer; to beware of false prophets, not to be hearers only, but also doers of the word; like houses built upon a rock, and not on fand.

1. TUdge not, that ye be not judged.

2. For with what judgment ye judge, ye shall be judged; and with what measure ye mete, it shall be measured you again.

3. And why dost thou see the mote in thy brother's eye, and seeft not the beam in thine own?

4. Or how fay ift thou to thy brother: let me pull the more out of thine eye, and behold a beam is in thine own eye?

5. Thou hypocrite, first cast the beam out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou see to pull the

mote out of thy brother's eye.

6. Give not that which is holy to the dogs, neither cast ye your pearls before Iwine, lest perhaps they should trample them under their seet, and turn, and tear you also.

7. Ask, and it shall be given you: seek, and ye shall find: knock, and it shall be opened unto you.

8. For every one, who asketh, receiveth: and who seeketh, finderh: and to him who knocketh, it shall be opened.

9. Or what man is there of you, whom if his fon

aik bread, will he reach him a ftone?

to. Or if he alk a fish, will he reach him a serpent?

3. The mote in thy brothers eye. That is, we can fee the least Imperfection in our Breshren; but our Self-love hinders us to discover our own great Imperfections.

^{1.} Judge not. 'Tis not every Judgment that is here forbid, but only rash uncharitable Judgment, which is not grounded upon Evidence, or true Christian Principles.

^{6.} Give not that which is holy to dogs, &c. This was a Proverb in those Days, familiar to the Jews. And the Sense on't is: Commit not facred Things to prophane Hands or Ears, for such are in their Humour and Astions like Dogs and Swine, that is, ravenous and filthy.

Chap. VII. Th

The Gospel according

rr. If ye then being evil, know how to give good gifts to your children; how much more will your tather, who is in heaven, give good things to those who ask him?

12. Therefore all things whatfoever ye would, that men should do to you, do ye even so to them:

for this is the law and the prophets.

13. Enter ye in, by the streight gate; for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, which leads to destruction, and many they are, who go in thereat.

14. How streight is the gate, and narrow is the way, which leads to life, and few they are who

find it!

The Gospel on 15. B the Seventh in sheet Sunday after wolves.

in sheep's cloathing, but inwardly are ravenous wolves.

15. Beware of falle prophets, who come to you

Pentecoft.

16. By their fruits ye shall know them. Do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles?

17. Even so every good tree brings good fruit;

but a bad tree brings bad fruit.

18. A good tree cannot bring bad fruit, neither can a bad tree bring good fruit.

19. Every tree, which bringeth not good fruit,

shall be cut down, and cast into the fire.

20. Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know them.

- 21. It is not every one, who faith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven: but he that does the will of my father, who is in heaven, the same shall enter into the kingdom of heaven.
- 22. Many shall say to me in that day, Lord, Lord: have we not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name have cast out Devils, and in thy name have wrought many miracles.

23. And then will I confess unto them: I never knew you, depart from me ye that work iniquity.

24. Therefore who foever hears these my words, and fulfils them, shall be likened to a wise man, who built his house upon a rock.

25. And the rain fell, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house, and it

fell not; for it was founded upon a rock.

26. And wholoever hears these my words, and fulfils them not, shall be like to a foolish man, who built his house upon sand.

the winds blew, and they hear upon that house, and

it fell, and great was its fall.

28. And

28 And it came to pais, when Jeius had finished these words, the multitude was aftonished at his doctrine.

29. For he taught them, as one having authority.

and not as their Scribes and Pharilees.

CHAP. VIII.

Icfus coming down from the mount, cleanfeth the leterhealeth the Centurion's fervant, Peter's mother in Law. and many more; stilleth the tempest, driveth the devils out of two men, and permitteth them to enter into a berd of swine.

1. A ND when he was come down from the The Gospel on mountain, great multitudes followed him. the Third Sunz. And behold a leper came and adored him, fay- day after the ing: Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean. Epiphany.

3. And Jelus, firetching out his hand, touched him, faying: I will: be thou clean, and imme-

diately his leprolie was cleanled.

4. And Jesus saith unto him, See thou tell no body, but go, thew thy felf to the Prieft, and offer the gift, which Moles commanded for a testimony unto them.

5. And when he had entred into Capharnaum, The Gospel on there came a Centurion unto him, befeeching him, Thurlday af-

6. And faying: Lord my fervant lieth at home ter Ashwedfick of the pallie, and is much tormented.

7. And Jefus faith unto him, I will come and also in the heal him.

8. And the Centurion answering, said: Lord I Sick. am not worthy that thou shouldest come under my roof, but lay the word only and my fervant will be healed.

9. For I my self am a man under authority, having soldiers under me; and I say to this, go, and he goeth: and to another, come, and he cometh: and to my fervant do this, and he doeth ir.

10. When fesus heard this he marvelled, and said to thole, who followed him: Verily I fay unto you,

I have not found so great faith in Israel.

11. And I lay unto you, that many shall come from the East and West, and shall fit down with Abraham, and Isaac, and Isaac in the kingdom of heaven.

nelday; as

Mals for the

12. But the children of the kingdom shall be east into outer darkness: there shall be weeping and

gnashing of teeth.

vay, and as thou hast believed, be it done unto thee. And his fervant was healed in that very hour.

14. And when Jesus was come into Peter's house, he saw his wive's mother laid, and sick of a sever.

15. And he touched her hand, and the fever left

her, and the arole and ministred unto them.

- 16. When the even was come, they brought unto him many possessed with devils; and he cast out the spirits with his word, and healed all that were sick.
- 17. That it might be fulfilled, which was spoken by Isaias the Prophet, saying: Himself took our infirmities, and bare our diseases.

18. Now when Jesus saw great multitudes about him, he commanded them to go beyond the water.

- 19. And a certain Scribe drawing near, faid unto him: Mafter I will follow thee whitherfoever thou goest.
- 20. And Jesus saith unto him: The foxes have kennels, and the birds of the air have nests, but the ion of man hath not where to lay his head.

21. And another of his Disciples said unto him: Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father.

22. But Jesus said unto him; Follow nie, and let

the dead bury their dead.

23. And when he had gone aboard a small vessel, his Disciples followed him.

24. And behold there arose a great tempest in the sea, insomuch that the vessel was covered with the waves, but he was a sleep.

25. And his Disciples came to him, and awaked

him, faying: Lord, lave us, we perish.

26. And he saith unto them: Why are ye fearful, O ye of little faith? Then he arose and commanded the winds and the sea, and there was a great calm.

27. But the men marvelled, saying: What kind of man is this; for the winds and the lea obey him?

28. And when he had come to the other fide of the water, into the Country of the Geralens, there met him two possessed with devils coming out of the tombs, exceeding sierce; so that no man could pass that way.

The Gospel on the Fourth Sunday after the Epiphany. 29. And behold they cried out, saying: What have we to do with thee, Jesus son of God? Art thou come to coment us before the time?

30. And there was not far from them an herd of

many fwine feeding.

31. And the devils belought him, faying: If thou cast us out hence, fend us into the herd of swine.

32. And he faid unto them, Go: so coming out, they went into the swine, and behold the whole herd went violently down a steep place into the sea, and perished in the waters.

33. Whereupon the swineherds fled, and coming into the City told all, even concerning those, who

had been possessed by the devils.

34. And behold the whole City came out to meet Jesus, and when they saw him, they prayed him to depart from their coasts.

碞峑蒤圾搲摖滐蒤蒤滐滐滐潊浵潊敥竤竤胐\dfrac

CHAP. IX.

Christ healeth a man of the passie, calleth Matthew, answereth the murmurings of the Pharisees, cureth a
woman, of a bloody issue, raiseth to life the rulers
daughter, giveth sight to two blind men, healeth a
dumb man, and declares that the harvest is great, but
the workmen sew.

1. A ND going aboard a small vessel, he passed The Gospel on over the water, and came to his own Ciry. the Eighteenth 2. And behold they brought him a man sick of Sunday after the passe, lying in bed. And Jesus seeing their Pentecost. faith, said unto the man sick of the passe: Son have a good heart, thy fins are forgiven thee.

3. And behold some of the Scribes said within

themselves; This man blasphemeth.

4. And Jesus seeing their thoughts, said: Why do

ye think evil in your hearts?

5. Which is easier to say; thy sins are forgiven thee or to say, arise and walk?

^{3.} Soine of the Scribes. Thefe were fo called, because they used to write Comments upon the Law, and were esteemed learned Doctors of the same.

6. But that ye may know, that the fon of man hath power on earth to forgive lins, (then laith he to the man fick of the palfie) Arife take up thy bed, and go to thy houle.

7. And he arole, and went to his house,

8. Which when the multitudes had feen, they were afraid and glorified God, who had given fuch power to men.

The Gospel on ber 21.

- 9. And as Jesus passed; by from thence, he saw S. Matthew's a man by name Matthew, fitting at the custom Day, Septem- bank: and he faith unto him, Follow me: and he arofe, and followed him.
 - 10. And it came to pals as he lat at meat in the houle, behold many Publicans and Sinners came and fat down with Jesus and his Disciples.

11. Which the Pharifees feeing, faid unto his Disciples: Why doth your Master eat with Publicans and Sinners?

12. But Jesus hearing this, said; Not the healthy

but the fick have need of a phylitian:

13. Go ye then and learn what this is: I will have mercy, and not facrifice. For I came not to call the just, but finners.

14. Then the Disciples of John came to him, laying: Why do we, and the Pharifees frequently

fast; but thy Disciples fast not?

15. Jesus said unto them: can the children of the bridegroom mourn, so long as the bridegroom is with them? But the days will come, when the bride-

^{10.} Many publicans and finners. Publicans were for called, because they gathered the publick Taxes, and Seffes, and Customes of the People. Now for as much as this was a very odious Employment, by reason of the Extortion which ufually attends it; fcarce any but men of scandalous Lives wou'd undertake it. Hence therefore it is, that Publicans and Sinners go hand in hand. St. Matthew followed this Imployment when Christ called bim.

^{11.} Pharifees. This comes from the Hebrew Word D73 Phares, which fignifies to divide or separate. So that the Pharifees may be called Separatifls; which Name they very much affested, pretending to have separated from the rest of their Nation, and to have given themselves up entirely to God's Service, and to a more Strick Life, by their long Prayers, and frequent Falls; yet they were great Hypocrites, as Christ often calls them.

groom will be taken away from them; and then inall they faft.

16. No body putteth a piece of new cloth to an old garment: for it taketh away its bigness from

the garment, and the rent is made worfe.

17. Neither do folks put new wine into old casks, elle the casks break, and the wine is spilt, and the casks perish: but they put new wine into new casks, and both are preserved.

18. As he was faying these things unto them, The Gospel on behold a certain ruler came and adored him, saying: the Twenty Lord, my daughter is just now dead, but come and Third Sunday lay thy hand upon her, and she shall live.

after Pente-

19. And Jelus arole, and followed him, and his cost.

Disciples.

20. And behold a woman, which was troubled with an issue of blood twelve years, came behind, and touched the hem of his garment.

21. For she said to her self: If I do but touch

his garment, I shall be cured.

- 22. Whereupon Jesus turning about, and seeing her, said: Daughter be of good comfort, thy faith hath made thee whole: and the woman was cured from that hour.
- 23. And when Jesus came in to the ruler's house, and saw the mindrels, and the people making a noise, he said:

24. Go back, for the girl is not dead but sleepeth;

and they laughed at him.

25. And when the people were put out, he went in, and took her by the hand, and the girl arole.

26. And the fame hereof went over all that land.

- 27. And when Jesus departed thence, two blind men followed him, crying, and saying. O son of David, have mercy upon us.
- 28. And when he was come home, the blind men came to him: and Jesus saith unto them: Do ye believe, that I can do this for you? they say unto him: Yes Lord.

29. Then touched he their Eyes, faying: According unto your faith he is done unto your

ding unto your faith be it done unto you.

3c. And their eyes were opened; and Jesus gave them strict charge, saying: See that no man know it.

31. But as they went away, they published his

fame over all that land.

32. And when they went out: behold they brought him a dumb man possessed with a devil.

33. And when the devil was cast out, the dumb spoke, and the multitudes admired, saying: The like was never seen in Israel.

34. But the Pharifees said: By the prince of devils,

he casteth out devils.

35. And Jelus went about all the cities and towns, teaching in their lynagogues, and preaching the Golpel of the Kingdom, and healing every diffemper, and every difeale.

36. But when he saw the multitudes, he pitied them, because they were vexed, and lay like sheep

which had no shepherd.

37. Then saith he to his disciples. The harvest

is indeed great, but the workmen are few,

38. Pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest to fend workmen into his harvest.

CHAP. X.

Christ giveth to the twelve power to work miracles, and fendeth them to preach to the Jews. He forewarneth them of the persecutions they were to suffer, and promiseth remarks and hiessings to those, who shall harbour them.

A ND having called his twelve disciples together, he gave them power over unclean spirits, to cast them out, and to heal all manner of sickness, and all manner of diseases.

2. Now the names of the twelve apostles are these. The first Simon, who is called Peter, and Andrew

his brother.

3. James the son of Zebedee and John his brother, Philip and Bartholomew, Thomas and Marthew the Publican, sames the son of Alpheus and Thaddeus.

4. Simon the Cananite and Judas Iscariot who al-

so betrayed him.

5. These twelve did lesus send, and commanded them, saying: Go not into the way of the Gentiles, and into the cities of the Samaritans, enter ye not.

6. Bur go rather to the sheep of the house of Israel,

which have been loft.

7. And as ye go, preach, saying: The kingdom of

heaven is at hand.

8. Heal the fick, raise the dead, cleanse the lepers, cast out devils, gratis ye have received, gratis give.

9. Do

9. Do not possels gold, or silver, or money in your

purles:

10. Not a scrip for the way, nor two coats, nor shoes, nor a staff: for the workman is worthy of his food.

11. And into whatloever city or town ye shall enter, enquire who in it is worthy: and there stay tili ye go thence.

12. And when ye come into a house, salute it,

Saying: Peace be unto this house.

12. And if the houle be worthy, your peace shall come upon it. But if it be not worthy, your peace ibali return to you.

14. And wholoever will not receive you, nor hear your words, as you are going out of that house or city, shake off the dust from your feet.

15. Verily I lay unto you, it will be more tolerable for the land of Sodom and Gomorrha in the day

of judgment, than for that city.

16. Behold, I fend you as theep in the midst of The Goffel on wolves: be ye therefore wife as Serpents, and simple the Comments. as Doves.

17. But beware of men, for they will deliver you Paul, June up in councils, and scourge you in their synagogues. 30.

18. And ye shall be brought before Governors and Kings for my take, in testimony to them and to the Gentiles.

19. But when they deliver you up, take no thought how, or what ye are to fay; for in that very hour, shall be given to you what ye are to lay.

20. For it is not ye, who speak; but it is the

Ipirit of your father, who speaketh in you.

- 21. And the brother shall deliver up the brother to death, and the father the fon; and the children shall rife up against their parents, and shall put them to death.
- 22. And ye shall be hated by all men for my name's lake: but he, who perlevereth to the end, shall be faved.
- 23. But when they persecute you in this city, fice into another: verily I say unto you, ye shall not anish the cities of lirael, till the ion of man come.

24. The disciple is not above his master, nor the May 2.

fervant above his lord.

25. It is enough for the disciple to be as his mafter, and the fervant as his lord. If they have called the father of the family Beelzebub, how much more thole of his houthold?

The Gospel on St. Athanafius's Day,

ration of St.

26. There-

Chap. X.

The Gospel according

The Gospel for not Bistops.

The Gospel on

St. Augu-

Itine's Day, our Apostie,

May 26. *And*

for some Mar-

tyrs not Bi-

Joops.

46. Therefore, fear them not; for there is nothing some Martyrs hid, which shall not be discovered; and kept secret. which shall not be known.

> 27. What I tell you in darkness, speak ye in light; and what ye hear in the car, preach upon the houle

tops.

28. And fear not those, who kill the body, but cannot kill the foul: but rather fear him, who can destroy both body and soul unto hell.

29. Are not two sparrows fold for a farthing, and one of them shall not fall on the ground withour

your father?

30. But the very bairs of your head are all num-

31. Fear not therefore: ye are better than many

lparrows.

- 32. Wholoever therefore shall confels me before men, him will I confels also before my father, who is in heaven.
- 33. But whosoever shall deny me before men, him will I also deny before my father who is in heaven,

34. Think not that I am come to fend peace on earth: I came not to fend peace, but the Iword.

25. For I am come to fet a man, at variance, against his father, and the daughter against the mother, and the daughter in law against her mother in

36. And a mans foes shall be those of his own

houshold.

27. He, who loveth father or mother more than me, is not worthy of me. And he, who loveth lon or daughter more than me is not worthy of mc.

38. And he, who taketh not his Crois, and fol-

loweth me, is not worthy of me.

39. He that findeth his life shall lose it: and he that loleth his life for me, shall find it.

40. He, that receiveth you, receiveth me : and he, that receiveth me, receiveth him that lent me.

41. He, that receiveth a Prophet in the name of a Prophet, shall receive a Prophet's reward: And he, that receiveth a just man, in the name of a just man, shall receive a just man's reward.

42. And wholoever shall give drink to one of these little ones, a cup of cold water only in the name of a Disciple: verily I say unto you, he shall not lose his

reward.

the Second

Advent.

CHAP. XI.

John in Chains fendeth meffengers to Christ. Christ fends them back, and commends John's life before the multitudes. He reproaches the obstinacy of those Cities where he wrought many miracles. His confession to las Father, and his call to those who were heavy loaden.

I. A ND it came to pass, when Jesus had made an end of commanding his twelve disciples, he departed thence to teach, and to preach in their Cities.

2. Now when John in chains heard the works of The Gofpel on Christ, he sent two of his disciples,

3. And faid unto him: Art thou he, who art to Sunday in come, or do we wait for another?

4. Jesus answered, and said unto them: Go, and

relate unto John what ye have heard and feen.

5. The blind lee, the lame walk, the lepers are cleanled, the deaf hear, the dead rile again, the Golpel is preached to the poor.

6. And blessed is he, who shall not be scandalized

in me.

- 7. And as they went away, Jelus began to fav unto the multitudes concerning John: What went ye out into the defert to fee? A reed shaken by the wind?
- 8. But what went ye out to fee? A man cloathed in fost raiment? Behold they who are cloathed in loft raiment, are in king's houles.

6. Blessed is he, who shall not be scandalized in me. As if be had faid: Now Men fee me work Miracles and believe me to be the Messias; but when they swall fee me fuffer Death, and submit to the infirmity thereof; many shall stagger in their Faith and be scandalized, or

offended thereat.

^{5.} The blind see, the lame walk, &c. This is the Answer Christ made to the Message sent by St. John the Baptist to him; being the very thing, which the Prophet Isaias, Chap. 35. had long fince foretold should come to pass in the Days of the Mestas. And no doubt it was much more effectual to appeal to what was prophylied by their own Prophet; and fulfilled before their own Eyes, than barely to fay, that he was the Meshas.

9. But what went ye out to see? A prophet? Yes, I say unto you, and more than a prophet.

10. For this is he of whom it is written: Behold I fend my Angel before thy face, who shall prepare

thy way before thee.

11. Verily I say unto you, among those, who are born of women, there hath not risen a greater than John the Baptist. Yet he, who is the lessor, is in the kingdom of heaven, greater than he.

12. And from the days of John the Baptist until now, the kingdom of heaven suffers violence, and

the violent fnatch it away.

13. For all the Prophets, and the Law prophetied

until Joha.

14. And if ye will receive it, he is Elias, who is to come.

15. He, who hath ears to hear, let him hear.

16. But whereunto shall I liken this generation? It is like unto Children sitting in the market place, who, calling aloud to their fellows,

17. Say: We have fung for you, and ye have not danced; we have lamented, and ye have not mourned.

18. For John came neither eating nor drinking,

and they fay, He hath a devil.

ro. The ion of man came eating and drinking, and they say: Behold a greedy man, and a wine drinker, a friend of publicans and sinners. And wisdom is justified by her Children.

20. Then

greater than Christ, who was born, not of a Woman, but

of a Virgin.

The lesser. Some Interpreters are of opinion it should be rendred, the least in the kingdom of heaven. But I am better pleas'd with those, who say, that Christ altudes here to himself, whom he calls the lesser; because he was younger than John on Earth; And that the Verse should be rendred thus: Yet he who is the lesser, is in the kingdom of heaven greater than he. And to this agrees the Hebrew Word MOPT Hacatan, which signifies a younger or lesser in Age, and is rendred by the ancient Interpreter, minor, the lesser, that is, lesser in Years and more abject and despised than St. John, by the ignominious Death of the Cross which he was to suffer.

19. Wisdom is justified by her children. For the better understanding of this Phrase, we must observe,

20. Then began he to reproach the Cities in which most of his miracles were done, because they had

not done penance.

21. Wo be to thee Corozain, wo be to thee Bethfaida: For if the miracles, which were wrought in you, had been wrought in Tyre and Sidon, they would have long fince done penance in fackcloth and affies.

22. But yet I say unto you: It shall be more tolerable for Tyre and Sidon, in the day of Judgment

than for you.

23. And thou Capharnaum, wilt thou be exalted unto heaven? Even unto hell shalt thou descend. For if the miracles, which have been wrought in thee, had been done in Sodom, perhaps it had remained until this day.

24. However I say, unto you: It will be more tolerable for the Land of Sodom in the day of Judg-

ment, than for thee.

25. At that time Jesus answered and said: I con-St. Matthifels to thee, O father, lord of heaven and earth, as's Day Feb. because thou hast hid these things from the wise 24. and on and prudent, and hast revealed them to little ones. St. Francis's

26. Yes father, for so it seemed good in thy fight. Day, Oct. 4.

27. All things are given up to me by my father. and on the And no man knoweth the fon but the father; nei- Day of St. ther doth any know the father, but the fon, and he Paul the fift to whom it shall please the son to several him.

Anchorite,

28. Come unto me all ye, who labour, and are and for many

heavy laden, and I will refresh you.

The Gospel on St. Matthias's Day Feb. 24. and on St. Francis's Day, Oct. 4. and on the Day of St. Paul the fift Anchorite, and for many Martyrs.

that Christ alludes here to the Expressions or Terms of a by the lews, in regard of their Prophets or wise Men. The Scholars or Disciples of these, they call'd filit prophets, or of the Wise. Now Christ seeing the Scribes and sews put an ill construction both upon his eating and St. John's fasting, answers them in their own familiar saying: Wildom is justified by her children: That is, the Children of Wisdom or of the Wise, who have learned the true Wisdom from above, will justify, or wiske appear, that it is neither eating nor fasting alone, but the Practice of the Doctrine I teach, which shall bring Men to the Mappiness they think to find by the Letter of the Law.

29. Take my yoke upon you, and learn of me, for I am meek and humble in heart, and ye shall find rest unto your souls.

30. For my yoke is sweet, and my burden light.

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CHAP. XII.

Christ reprovets the blindness of the pharisees concerning the breach of the fabbath. He healeth the withered hand on the fabbath, as also the man possessed, who was blind and dumb. Blasphemy against the holy Ghost, not to be forgiven, neither in this, nor in the next life. He reprimands the unbelievers, who afk a fign, and shows who are his brother, lifter, and mother.

T that time Jesus went, on the sabbath day, through a corn field, and his disciples being hungry, began to pluck the ears of corn, and to eat-

2. Which when the pharifees had feen, they faid unto him: Behold thy disciples do that, which is

not lawful to be done on the labbath.

2. But he laid unto them: Have ye not read what David did, when he was hungry, and they who were with him:

4. How he entred into the houle of God, and did eat the snew-breads, which was not lawful for him to eat, neither for them, who were with him, but only for the priests?

5. Or have ye not read in the law, that, on the fabbath days, the priests in the Temple, do violate

the fabbath, and are blamelels?

6. But I say unto you, that here is one greater

than the temple.

7. And if ye had known what this meaneth: I will have mercy, and not facrifice, ye would not have condemned the innocent.

8. For the fon of man is lord even of the labbath.

9. And when he was departed thence, he went

into their Synagogue.

ro. And behold there was a man, who had a withered hand, and they asked him, saying: Is it lawful to heal on the labbath days? That they might accuse him.

rr. And he faid unto them: Which of you, who hath one sheep, if it shall fall into a pir on the labhath day, will not lay hold on it, and lift it up.

12. How much then is a man better than a slicep? Wherefore it is lawful to do well on the sabbath days.

rg. Then faith he to the man: Stretch out thy hand, and he firerched it out, and it was restored

whole like the other.

14. And the Pharifees withdrew and held a Council upon him, how they might deftroy him.

15. Which when Jelus knew, he departed thence, and many followed him, and he healed them all.

16. And charged them, that they shou'd not make him known.

17. That it might be fulfilled which was spoken

by Ifaias the prophet, laying.

18. Behold my servant whom I have chosen, " my beloved in whom my soul is well pleased. I will " put my spirit upon him, and he shall shew judg- ment to the Gentiles.

19. " He shall not strive, nor cry, neither shall

" his voice be heard in the fireets.

20. "A bruised reed he shall not break, and "smoaking flax he shall not quench; till he cast "out judgment unto victory.

21. " And in his name shall the Gentiles truft.

22. Then was brought unto him one possessed with a devil, blind and dumb: and he healed him, so as that he spoke and faw.

23. And all the multitude were amazed, and faidt

Is not this the fon of David?

24. But when the Pharifees heard it, they faid: This fellow doth not cast out devils but by Beelze-

bub the prince of the devils.

25. Whereupon Jesus knowing their thoughts, said unto them: Every kingdom divided against it self, shall be brought to desolation, and every city or house divided against it self shall not stand.

26. And if faran cast out faran, he is divided against himself: how then shall his kingdom stand?

27. And if I by Beelzebub cast out devils, your children by whom do they cast out? Therefore they shall be your judges.

28. But it 1, by the spirit of God, cast out devils,

then the kingdom of God is come unro you.

29. Or how can any one enter into a firong man's house and spoil his goods, except he first bind the strong man? And then he will spoil his house.

30. He that is not for me, is against me, and he

that gathereth not with me, feattereth.

31. Wherefore I say unto you: All manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven unto men, but the

blaiphemy of the spirit shall not be torgiven.

22. And wholoever shall speak a word against the fon of man, it shall be forgiven him; but wholoever speaketh against the holy Ghost, it shall not be forgiven to him, neither in this, nor in the world to come.

37. Either make the tree good, and its fruit good, or make the tree bad, and its fruit bad: for the tree

is known by its fruit.

34. Ye vipers broud, how can ye speak good things. being bad your felves? for our of the aoundance of the heart the tongue fpeaketh.

35. A good man out of a good treasure bringeth forth good things; and an evil man our of an evil

treasure bringeth forth evil things.

36. But I lay unto you, that men shall give an account in the day of judgment, of every idle word, which they shall ipeak.

27. For by thy words thou shalt be justified, and

by thy words thou shalt be condemned.

28. Then certain of the Scribes and Pharifees an-The Gospel on Ember Wed- swered him, saying: Master, we would see a sign nelday in the from thee.

Lent.

first Week of 39. He answered and said unto them: A wicked and adulterous generation feeketh for a fign, and no fign shall be given to it, but the lign of the prophet OD25.

4c. For as: Jonas was three days and three nights in the Whale's belly; to thall the lon of man be three days and three nights in the heart of the earth.

41. The men of Ninive shall rise in judgment with this generation, and thall condemn it; because they did penance at the preaching of Jonas: and behold a greater than Jonas is here.

42. The Queen of the South will rife in judgment with this generation, and shall condemn it : because the came from the uttermost parts of the earth to hear the wildom of Salomon: and behold a greater than Salomon is here.

43. When the muclean spirit is gone out of a man, he walketh thro' dry places leeking rest, and findeth none.

44. Then he faith: I will return to my house, from whence I came out; and when he is come, he finds it empty, Iwept and gamifhed.

45. Then

leven Bre-

45. Then goeth he, and taketh with him leven other spirits more wicked than himself, and they enter in, and dwell there: and the last state of that man is worse than his sirst. Even so shall it be also unto this wicked generation.

46. While he yet talked to the multitudes, be- The Gofpel on hold his mother and his brethren stood without, de- the Day of the

firing to speak with him.

47. Then one said unto him: Behold thy mother thren, &co. and thy brethren stand without desiring to speak with thee.

- 48. But he answered and said unto him, that told him: Who is my mother? And who are my brethren?
- 49. And firetching forth his hand towards his disciples, he said: Behold my mother, and my brethren.
- 50. For whosoever shall do the will of my Father, who is in heaven; the same is my brother, and sister, and mother.

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CHAP. XIIL

Christ fitteth in a small ship, and proposeth the parables of the seed, of the tares, of the mustard seed, of the Leaven, of the hidden treasure, of the pearl, of the net cast into the sea. He is contemned by his own Countrymen.

N the same day Jesus went out of the house, and sar by the sea side.

2. And great multitudes were gathered together unto him, so that he went aboard a small vessel, and sat, and the whole multitude stood on the shore.

3. And he spake many things unto them in parables, saying: Behold a sower went forth to sow.

4. And as he was fowing, fome fell by the way's fide, and the birds of the air came and devoured ir.

5. Some fell upon rocky ground, where there was not much earth: and the feed sprung up forthwith, because it had no deepness of earth:

6. And when the lun was up, it was scorched,

and having no root it withered away.

7. And some sellamong thoms, and the thoms firing up and choked it.

Chap. XIII. The Gospel according

S. And some fell into good ground, and brought forth fruit, some, one hundred, some, fixty, some, thirty-fold.

o. He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.

to. And his disciples came, and said unto him,

Why, speakest thou unto them in parables?

is given unto you, to know the mysteries of the kingdom of heaven, but to them it is not given.

12, For to him that hath shall be given, and he shall abound: But from him that hath not, shall be

taken away, even that which he hath.

13. Therefore speak I to them in parables: because they seeing, see not: and hearing they hear

nor, neither do they understand.

14. And in them is fulfilled the prophecy of I-faias: By hearing ye shall hear, and shall not understand: And seeing ye shall see, and shall not perceive.

15. For the heart of this people is become grofs, and their ears are dull of hearing, and they have closed their eyes: left at any time they should see with their eyes; and hear with their ears, and understand with their heart, and be converted, and I should heal them.

16. But bleffed are your eyes, because they see,

and your ears, because they hear,

17. For in truth I say unto you, that many prophets and just men have desired to see the things which ye see, and have not seen them; and to hear the things which ye hear, and have not heard them.

. 18. Heat ye then the parable of the lower.

19. Every one who heareth the word of the kingdom, and doth not understand it; the wicked one cometh, and snatcheth away that which was sowed in his heart: This is he, who received seed by the way side,

2c. But he who receiveth feed into strony ground, this is he who heareth the word, and immediately

receiveth it with joy.

21. And whereas he hath no root in him, but is for a time: when tribulation or perfecution arifeth because of the word, he is forthwith scandalized.

22. And he who received feed among thorns, this is he, who heatern the word; and the care of this world, and the descriptionels of riches, choke the word, and render it fruithers.

z3. But

day after the

23. But he who receiveth feed into good ground, this is he, who heareth the word and understandeth it, and produceth fruit, and bringeth forth some indeed an hundred-fold, and some fixty, and some thirty.

24. Another parable proposed he unto them, say. The Gospel on ing. The kingdom of heaven is likened unto a man, the fifth Sun-

who lowed good feed in his field.

25. But while men slept, his enemy came, and Epiphany. fowed over again tares among the wheat, and went his way.

16. But when the blade was fprung up, and had

brought forth fruit, then appeared the tares also.

27. So the servants of the housholder, came and

27. So the fervants of the housholder, came and faid unto him: Sir, didst not thou sow good feed in thy field? how comes it then to have tares?

28. And he faid unto them: An enemy hath done this: The fervants faid unto him: Wilt thou that we go, and gather them up?

29. But he faid, No: lest as ye gather up the tares,

ye root up allo the wheat with them.

30. Let both grow until the harvest, and in the time of harvest I will say to the reapers; gather ye together first the tares, and bind them in bundles to be burned, but gather the wheat into my barn.

faying: The kingdom of heaven is like a grain of the fixth Sunmustard, which a man took and sowed in his field. day after the

32. Which indeed is the least of all feeds: but Epiphany, when it is grown, it is the greatest of all herbs, and becomes a tree, so that the birds of the air come and pearch on its branches.

33. An other parable spake he unto them: The kingdom of heaven is like unto leaven, which a woman took, and hid in three measures of meal,

till the whole was leavened.

34. All these things spake Jesus unto the multitudes in parables, and without parables spake he not unto them.

35. That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the Prophet, saying: I will open my mouth in parables, I will utter things which have been hidden from the foundation of the world.

36. Then Jelus, having dismissed the multitudes, came into the house, and his Disciples came unto him, saying: Explain unto us the parable of the tares of the field.

The Colonian

37. He answered and said unto them: He, who

fowerh the good feed, is the lon of man.

38. The field is the world, the good feed are the children of the kingdom; but the tares are the children of the wicked one.

29. Now the enemy that lowed them, is the devil; the harvest, the end of the world; and the reapers are the angels.

40. As therefore the tares are gathered and burnt in the fire, to shall it be in the end of the world.

41. The son of man shall lend his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all scandals, and thole who do iniquity.

42. And they shall cast them into a furnace of fire, there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth.

43. Then shall the just thise tike the sun, in the kingdom of their father. He that hath ears to hear let him hear.

The Gospel on St. Lucy's

44. The kingdom of heaven is like a treasure hid in a field, which when a man hath found, he hideth, Day, Dec. 12. and for joy thereof goeth, and fellerh all that he and St. Ann's, hath, and buyeth that field.

july 26. and

45. Again the kingdom of heaven is like a merfor some other chant man lecking good pearls.

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46. Who having found one precious pearl, went, other boly Wo- and fold all that he had, and bought it.

47. Again the kingdon, of heaven is like a net that was call into the lea, and gathered hih of all Kind.

48. Which, when it was full, they drew, and fitting on the shore, chose our the good into their veliels, but the bad they cast away.

49. So shall it be at the end of the world: The angels shall go torth, and sever the wicked from a-

mong the just.

50. And shall cast them into the surnace of sire: there thall be weeping and gnathing of teeth.

51. Have ye understood all their things? They lay

unto him: Yes.

52. He faith unto them: Therefore every Scribe learned in the kingdom of heaven, is like a housholder, who bringeth forth out of his nealuse things new and old.

57. And it came to pals, that when Jesus had sinished these parables, he departed thence,

54. And coming into his own Country, he taught them in their lynagogues, infomuch that they admired, and laid: Whence hath this man this wifdom and mighty works? 55. 15

55. Is not this the Carpenters son? Is not his mother called Mary; and his brethren James and Joseph, and Simon and Judas?

56. And his fifters are they not all with us?

Whence then hath he all these things?

57. And they were furprized at him; but Jesus said unto them: A Prophet is not without honour but in his own country and in his own house.

58. And he did not work many miracles there

because of their unbelief.

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CHAP. XIV.

John the Baptist's head is given to a girl as the reward of a dance. Fefus feedeth 5000 in the defert with five loaves and two fishes. He walketh upon the sea, and comforteth his Disciples, who were to sed in a storm, and saveth Peter from sinking in the sea, cureth many distempers by the touch of his garment.

T that time Herod the Tetrarch heard of the fame of Jefus.

2. And faid unto his fervants: This is John the Baptiff: he is silen from the dead, and therefore

miracles are wrought by him.

3. For Herod laid hold on John, and bound him, and pur him in prison for Herodias sake, his brother's wife.

4. For John said unto him: It is not lawful for

thre to have her.

5. And being willing to put him to death, he feared the people; because they esteemed him as a prophet.

4. It is not lawful for thee to have her? Because her own Husband, his Brother Philip was then alive, as &t. Luke informs us, Chap. 3.

6. But

^{1.} Herod the Tetrarch. 'Tis a Greek Word, which fignifies a President or Governor of a fourth Part of a Kingdom. When the Romans had conquered the holy Land, or the Kingdom of Israel, they divided it into four Provinces, and affigued as many Presidents to govern it. St. Luke Chap. 3. tells us, that upon John the Baptiss's appearance, Pontius Pilate was Governor of Judea; Herod Tetrarch of Galilee. His Brother Philip of Iturea and Traconitis; and Lylanias of Abilina.

6. But on Herods birth day, the daughter of Herodias danced before them, and pleased Herod.

7. Whereupon he promised with an oath to give

her whattoever the would ask him.

- 8. But she, being before instructed by her mother, said: Give me here in a dish the head of John the Baptist.
- 9. And the King was forry: yet because of his oath, and of those who sat at the table with him, he commanded it to be given.

10. And he sent, and beheaded John in prison.

given to the girl; and she brought it to her mother.

12. And his Disciples came, and took up the

body and buried it, and went and told lefus.

13. Which when Jesus had heard, he departed thence by water, into a desert place apart: and when the multitudes had heard thereof, they followed him on foot out of the ciries.

14. And as he went forth he saw a great multitude, and had pity on them, and healed their fick.

to him, faying: This is a defert place, and the hour is now past: send away the multitudes, that they may go into the towns and buy themselves food.

16. But Jelus said unto them: They need not go:

give ye them to eat.

17. They answered him: We have here but five loaves and two fishes.

18. He saith unto them: Bring them hither to me.

19. And when he had commanded the multitude to fit down on the grafs, he took the five loaves, and the two fishes, and looking up to heaven, he blessed, and brake, and gave the loaves to his disciples, and the disciples to the multitude.

20. And they did all eat and were filled. And they took up of the broken meat that remained,

twelve balkets full.

37 5.

21. And the number of those who did eat, was five thousand men, beside women and children.

The Gospel on 22. And Jesus constrained his Disciples to go the Octave of forthwith on board the small vessel, and get before St. Peter and him over the water while he dismissed the multi-St. Paul, Ju-turies.

23. And when he had dismissed them, he went up alone into a inquitain to pray: and when the evening was come, he was there by hinsself.

24. But the ship was tossed by the waves in the midst of the sea; for the wind was contrary.

25. And in the fourth watch of the night, he

came unto them, walking upon the fea.

26. And feeing him walking upon the fea, they were troubled, taying: 'Tis an apparition, and they cryed out for fear.

27. And immediately Jesus spake unto them, say-

ing: Have confidence it is I, be not afraid.

- 28. But Peter answered and said: Lord, if it be thou, bid me come unto thee on the waters.
- 29. Whereupon he faid, Come. And Peter coming down out of the ship, walked upon the water to come to Jesus.

30. But seeing the wind blow high, he was afraid, and when he began to fink, he cried out saying:

Lord, fave me.

- 31. And immediately Jesus stretching out his hand, caught him, and said unto him: O thou of little faith, why didst thou doubt?
- 32. And when they had gone aboard the ship, the wind ceased.
- 33. Then those, who were in the ship, came and adored him, saying, In truth thou are the son of God.
- 34. And having gone over the water, they came into the land of Genefar.
- 35. And when the men of that place had know, ledge of him, they fent over all that country, and brought unto him all that were differented.

36. And prayed him that they might touch even the hem of his garment: and as many as did touch were made whole.

^{25.} The fourth watch of the night. The Jews diwided the Day into four Parts, and the Night into as many. The Parts of the Day they called the third, the fixth, the ninth, and the eleventh Hour: all which they named Hours of the Temple, or Hours of Prayer. The Parts of the Night they called the first, second, third, and fourth Watch: So that this fourth Watch here mentioned was the last Part of the Night. Now there were, generally speaking, three of our Hours in each of these Parts, as well of the Day as of the Night. But of this more in another Place.

CHAP. XV.

The Pharifees prefer their own traditions to Gods commands, for which Christ reproves them. He shows what it is that defiles man. Cures the daughter of the Cananite woman, and feeds jour thousand men besides women and children with seven loaves and two sisses.

The Gospel on 1. Wednesday the third Week in Lent. of

1. HEN came unto him from Jerusalem Scribes and Pharifees, saying:

2. Why do thy Disciples transgress the traditions of the elders? For they do not wash their hands when they eat bread.

3. But he answered, and said unto them: Why do ye also transgress God's command by your traditions? For God said.

4. Honour thy father and mother; and: he, who shall curse father or mother, let him die the death.

5. But ye say: whosoever shall say to his father or mother: whatsoever gift is from me; shall profit thee.

6. And

But

^{5.} Whatfoever gift is from me, shall profit thee. By the Word Gift, is here meant an Oblation, or a thing offered to God's Altar, as is plain by the Words of St. Mark, Chap. 7. 11. where repeating the fame Words of Christ, he makes Use of the Hebrew Word Corban, which fignifies a Gift offered to the Altar; as also by what Christ says Matth. 5. 23. If thou offerest thy gift to the altar. So that the Sense of the said Verse feems to be this: What soever Gift is by me offered to God's Altar (as being thy fon) shall profit thee; that is, God shall reward thee another way, by some Spiritual or Temporal Blessing, for what you offer to his Altar. But in the mean time they would give no other help to their ind gent Parents; and therefore Christ adds: And he will not honour his father, or his mother, which consists chiefly in assisting them in their wants, as the Law of God commands, which, as Christ says, they made void by their Tradition, that is by a Tradition derived not from Moles or the Fathers; for this Christ did never reprove, but by a Tradition which the Avarice of the Scribes and Phorifees had lately introduc'd, having a great Share in the Offerings of the Temple, as being many of them Priests thereof, and most of them Doctors of the Law.

6. And he will not honour his father or his mother: and ye have made void the commandment of God by your tradition.

7. Ye hypocrites, well did Isaias prophetie of you,

faying:

8. This people honoureth me with their lips; but their heart is far from me.

6. But in vain do they honour me, teaching do-

10. And having called the multitudes to him, he

faid unto them: Hear, and understand.

11. Not that which goeth into the mouth defileth a man; but that which cometh out of the mouth, this defileth a man.

12. Then came his Disciples, and said unto him: Knowest thou, that the Pharisees, when they heard

this faying, were scandalized?

13. But he answered, and said: Every plantation, which my heavenly father hath not planted, shall be rooted up.

14. Let them alone: they are blind, and leaders of the blind, and if the blind lead the blind, both shall fall into the dirch.

But were I not oblig'd to translate the Latin vulgat I shou'd rather have followed the Sense, which the Greek may very well bear in this Place, and have rendred it thu: It is a gift by whatfoever thou mayest be profited by me. That is whatever I have that can any way profit thee in relieving thy wants, is by me offer'd to God's Altars, and therefore I can give you no Affiltance, the your wants be never fo great. And this the unnatural Children used to fay to their indigent Pavents at the Per/wasion of the Scribes and Pharisees. who being their Cafuists and Divines, did always tell fuch Children, when confulted by them, that if they had made a Vow to offer their Goods to God's Altar, they were not obliged by the Law of God to give any of the Same Goods to their Parents, even in their greatest Wants. So that all unnatural Children did believe themfelves discharg'd from the Duty of belging their Parents by fuch Vows, upon telling that what soever they had was a Gift to be offered to the Altar. Wherefore Christ bad just Reason to reproach the Scribes and Pharisees for making void God's commands by fuch Doctrine and Tradition.

Chap. XV.

The Gospel according

ne. Then answered Peter, and said unto him: Explain unto us this parable.

16, And he faid: Are ye also as yet without un-

derstanding:

17. Do not ye understand, that what loever entreth in at the mouth, going into the belly, and is cast out into the privy

18; But the things which proceed out of the mouth, come from the heart, and thele defile a man.

10. For from the heart-proceed evil thoughts, murders, adultaties, fornications, thefts, falle wit-

neffes, blaiphemies.

20. Thele are the things which defile a man: But to eat with unwashen hands defileth not a man.

zr. And Jelus going away thence, retired into on Thursday the confines of Tyre and Sydon:

22. And behold a Canaanite woman from those parts came forth, and cried out, faying unto him: Have mercy on me, O Lord, thou for of David: my daughter is forely vexed by a devil.

zz. But' he answered her not a word. And his Disciples came, and prayed him, saying: Send her

away: for the crieth after us.

24. But he answered, and said: I am not sent, but unto the loft sheep of the house of Israel.

25. Then came the and adored him, laying: Lord

help me.

26. He answered and said: It is not fit to take the children's bread, and to cast it to the dogs.

27. And the faid: Right, Lord: however the whelps eat of the crums which fall from their mafter's table.

28. Then Jesus answered, and said unto her: O woman great is thy faith: be it unto thee, as thou wilt. And her daughter was made whole from that very hour.

29. And when Jesus had departed thence, he came nigh unto the lea of Galilee; and going up

into a mountain he lat there.

30. And great multitudes came unto him, having with them dumb, and blind, and lame, and feeble, and many other persons: and they cast them down at his feet, and he healed them.

21. Infomuch that the multitudes wondred, when they faw the dumb, speak; the lame, walk; the blind, fee: and they magnified the God of Israel.

32. Then Jesus, having called together his Disciples, faid: I pity the multitude, because they con-

tinge

The Gofpel the first Week in Lent.

time with me now three days, and have nothing to ear: and I will not dismiss them fashing lest they faint in the way.

33. And his Disciples said unto him: Whence should we get so much bread in the wilderness as to

fill to great a multitude?

34. And Jesus saith unto them: How many loaves have ye? and they said: Seven, and a tew little fishes.

35. And he commanded the multitude to fit down

on the ground.

36. And taking the feven loaves, and the fishes; and having given thanks, he brake, and gave to his Disciples, and the Disciples gave to the people.

37. And they did all eat, and were filled, and they took up, of the broken meat which was left, seven

baikets full.

38. And they that did eat were four thousand

men, beside children and women.

39. And having dismissed the multitude, he took ship, and came into the bounds of Magedan.

C H A P. XVI.

The Pharifees afk a figu. Jefus warneth bu Disciples of the leaven of the Pharifees and Sadducees. He afkesh his Disciples what the people thought him to be. The keys are promised to Peter upon his confession. Christ foretels his passion, exhorts men to carry their cross, and that God will reward them according to their works.

1. A ND the Pharifees and Sadducees came unto him, in order to tempt him: and defired him to shew them a fign from heaven.

2. But he answered and said unto them: When it is evening, ye say: it will be fair weather, for the

fky is red.

3. And in the morning; there will be a flour

this day, for the sky looks red and lowring.

4. Ye know then how to discern the appearances of the heavens; and can ye not know the figns of the times? a wicked and adulterous generation asketh a fign, and no fign shall be given unto it, but the fign of Jonas the Prophet; and he left them and went away.

s. And when his Disciples had come over the water, they forgot to take bread.

6. Jelus said unto them, Take heed and beware of the leaven of the Pharilees and of the Sadducees.

7. But they thought within themselves, saying: Because we have taken no bread. *

* Sup. He speaketh thus.

8. Which when jetus perceived, he faid: O ye of little faith, why do ye think within yourlelves: becaute ye have no bread?

9. Do ye not yet understand, nor remember the five loaves among the five thouland men, and how

many baskets ye took up?

10. Neither the leven loaves among the four

thouland, and how many hampers ye took up?

rr. Why do not ye understand, that I spake not † Sup. when unto you concerning bread. † Beware of the leaven I faid. of the Pharifees and of the Sadducees.

12. Then they understood, that he faid not they should beware of the leaven of bread, but of the doctrine of the Pharilees and of the Sadducees.

The Gospel on 17. And Jesus came into the land of Cesarea Phi-St. Peter and lippi; and asked his Disciples, saying: Whom do Paul's Day, men fay that the fon of man is?

Tune 29. on 14. And they said: Some say, that he is John the that of St. Pe- Baptift, some, Elias, others, Jeremias, or one of ter's Chair at the Prophets.

Rome, Jan.

15. Jelus faith unto them; But whom do ye say 18. at Anti- that I am?

och, Feb. 22. 16. Simon Peter answered, and said: Thou art

St. Perer ad Christ the ion of the living God. Vincula,

17. And Jesus answered and said unto him: Bles-Aug. 1. the fed are thou, Simon Bar-jona: for flesh and blood Day of the hath not fevealed it unto thee, but my father, who Creation and is in heaven.

Coronation of 18. And I say unto thee, that thou are Peter, and the Pope, the บอนา

Anniver fary thereof; and on St. Luke's Day, April II.

6. The Sadducees. These were a Sell of Hereticks among the Jews, who took their Name from one Saddoc their Ring-leader. They denied the Resurrection of the Dead, and the Existence of Angels or Spirits.

17. Simon Bar-jona. Thefe Words taken according to their primitive Institution, signify; Simon the Son of a Dove: But bere they mean: Simon the Son of Jona, this being the proper Name of Simon's Father.

18. Thou are Peter: That is a Rock: For miless Petros in Greek figuries a Rock: So that the Senje of

1.74

upon this Rock I will build my Church: and the

Gates of hell shall not prevail against it.

19. And I will give unto thee the keys of the kingdom of heaven: and whatfoever thou shall be hound in heaven: and whatfoever thou shall be loofed in heaven.

20. Then charged he his Disciples that they should tell no body that he was Jesus the Christ.

21. From that time forth began Jesus to shew unto his Disciples, that he must go to Jerusalem, and suffer many things of the Elders, and Scribes, and Chief Priests, and be killed, and rise again the third day.

22. And Peter took him, and began to rebuke him, faying: Far be it from thee, Lord: this shall

not be unto thee.

23. Who turning faid unto Peter: Get thee behind me, Satan, thou are offensive to me; for thou favour-est not the things which are of God, but the things which are of men.

24. Then said Jesus unto his Disciples: If any man will come after me, let him deny himself, and The Gospel for

take up his crols and follow me.

25. But wholoever will fave his life, shall lose it; and wholoever will lose his life for my sake shall find it.

26. For what doth it avail a man to gain the Ere. world, and to lofe his own foul? or what exchange thall a man give for his foul?

27. For the fon of man shall come in the glory of his father, with his Angels: and then he shall reward

every one according to his works.

28. Verily I say unto you, there are some of those here standing, who shall not taste of death, till they see the son of man coming in his kingdom.

a Martyr that is a Bifhop; and on St.

Laurence's Eve.

the Verfe is this: I say unto thee, that thou art a took, and upon this rock will I build my Church.

^{23.} Satan. This is a Hebrew Word which signifies an Adversary, and is used in the Old Testament to signify any man who opposes or molests another; and for as much us the Devil is the great Adversary, and Opposer of the Children of God, he is usually called Satan: But we must not hence infer, that Christ meant that Peter; whom he had aimost in the same Breath pronounced blessed, was a special: For he only meant, that he was his Adversary in that particular of his Susserings, which Peter would oplate, so the great Love and Affection he had for him.

O C H A P.

CHAP. XVII.

Christ is transfigured before three of his Disciples. He healeth the lunatick, foretelleth his passion, and payeth tribute for himself and Peter.

The Gofpel on the Feast of the Transfiguration, and on the fecond Sunday in Lent, and on Ember Saturday before the same.

The Gospel on 1. A ND after six days, Jesus taketh Peter, and the Feast of James, and John his brother, and leadeth the Transfigu. them up into an high mountain apart.

2. And was transfigured before them. And his face did shine as the sun: and his raiment became

3. And behold there appeared unto them Moles

and Elias talking with him.

white as lnow.

4. And Peter answered and said unto Jesus: Lord it is good for us to be here: if thou wilt, let us make here three tabernacies, one for thee, one for Moses, and one for Elias.

5. While he yet spake, behold a bright cloud overshadowed them: and behold a voice from the cloud, saying: This is my beloved son, in whom I am well pleased; give ear to him.

6. And when the Disciples heard it, they fell on

their faces and were fore afraid.

7. And Jesus came, and touched them, and said: Arise and be not assaid.

8. And when they had lift up their eyes, they

faw no body but Jefus only.

9. And as they came down from the mountain, Jelus charged them, faying: Tell the vision to no body until the son of man be risen again from the dead.

ro. And the Disciples asked him, saying: Why then do the Scribes say, that Elias must first come?

tr. And he answered and said unto them: Elias

shall indeed come and restore all things.

12. But I say unto you, that Elias is come already, and they knew him not, but have done unto him whatsoever they listed: and so shall the son of man suffer by them.

13. Then the Disciples understood, that he spake

unto them of John the Baptist.

14. And when he had come to the multitude, there came to him a man, and kneeled down before him, faying: Lord, have mercy on my fon, for he is lunatick, and fore vexed: for he falleth often into the fire, and frequently into the water.

15. And

15. And I brought him to thy Disciples, and they could not cure him.

- 16. Then Jelus answered and said: O faithless and perverse generation, how long shall I be with you? how long shall I suffer you? bring him hither to me.
- 17. And Jesus rebuked him, and the devil went away from him: and the child was cured from that very hour.

18. Then came the Disciples to Jesus privately,

and laid: Why could not we cast him out.

19. Jesus said unto them: Because of your unbelief. For verily I say unto you: If ye had faith as a grain of mustaid seed, ye may say unto this mountain: Remove hence, to yonder place, and it will remove, and nothing shall be impossible unto you.

20. But this kind * is not cast out, but by prayer

and fafting.

21. And as they aboad in Galilee, Jesus said unto Devils. them: The son of man shall be betrayed into the hands of men.

22. And they shall kill him, and the third day he shall rife again: and they were exceeding forry.

- 23. And when they were come to Capharnaum, thole, who receive the tribute-pence, came unto Peter, and faid: Doth not your master pay the tribute-pence?
- 24. He faith, Yes. And when he was come into the house, Jesus prevented him, saying: What thinkest thou, Simon? of whom do the kings of the earth take tribute or tax? of their own children, or of strangers.

25. And he said: Of strangers: Jesus said unto

him: Then are the children free.

26. However, that we may not scandalize them: go thou to the sea, and cast a hook, and take the sith that first cometh up: and when thou hast opened its mouth, thou shalt find a piece of money: that take, and give unto them for me and thee.

Sup. of

CHAP. XVIII.

Christ offers reasons for humility, by the example of a child: as also how we should beware of giving scandal even to the little ones; how we should reprove a brother when he offends, and esteem as an heathen him, who heareth not the Church. He saith that whatsoever the Apostles shall hind on earth, the same shall be bound in heaven, and teacheth how essences are the prayers of two who agree among themselves on earth; as also how often we ought to forgive a brother, who sinnesh against us, proposing hereupon a parable of a king, who called his servants to an account.

The Gospel on Michaelmass Day Sept. 29. and on the Feast of the Apparition of St. Michael, May 8.

The Gospel on 1. A T the same hour came the Disciples unto Je-Michaelmass Substitution of the Who, think you, is the greatest Day Sept. 29. in the kingdom of heaven?

2. And Jesus called a little child unto him; and

fer him in the midst of them.

3. And faid, Verily I fay unto you, except ye be converted and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven.

4. Wholoever therefore shall humble himself as this little child, the same is the greatest in the

kingdom of heaven.

5. And whosoever shall receive such a little child

in my name, he receiveth me.

6. But whosvever shall scandalize one of these little ones, who believe in me; it were better for him, that a mill stone were hanged about his neck, and that he were drowned in the depth of the sea.

7. We be to the world for scandals: yet it must needs be that scandals come: but we be to that man

by whom the feandal cometh.

8. And if thy hand or thy foot scandalize thee, cut it off, and cast it from thee: it is better for thee to enter into life maimed or lame, rather than having two hands and two feet, to be cast into everlasting fire.

9. And if thine eye scandalize thee, pluck it out, and cast it from thee; it is better for thee to enter into life with one eye, rather than having two eyes

to be caft into hell fire.

to. Take heed that ye despise not one of these little ones: for I say unto you, that in heaven their angels do always behold the face of my father, who is in heaven.

11. For the ion of man is come to lave that which is loft.

12. How think ye? If a man have an hundred sheep, and one of them go aftray: doth he not leave the ninety nine in the mountains, and goeth in quest of that which hath itrayed?

13. And if it happens, that he find it, verily I lay unto you, that he rejoiceth more for it, than he doth for the ninety nine which went not aftray.

14. Even lo, it is not the will of your father, who is in heaven, that one of thele little ones should

perith.

15. But if thy brother shall sin against thee, go The Gospel on and rebuke him between thee and him alone: if he Tuefday in shall hear thee, thou shalt gain thy brother.

16. But if he will not give ear unto thee, take in Lent. one or two more with thee, that in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word may be establithed.

17. And if he will not give ear unto them, tell the Church: and if he will not hear the Church, let him be unto thee as an Heathen and Publican.

18. Verily I say unto you: whatsoever ye shall bind on earth, shall be bound in heaven; and whatfoever ye mail loofe on earth, shall be loofed in heaven.

19. Again I say unto you, that if two of you finali agree on earth, concerning any thing they shall ask, it shall be done unto them by my father, who is in heaven.

20. For where two or three are gathered together in my name, there am I in the midit of them.

21. Then came Peter unto him, and said: Lord how often shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him? till feven times?

22. Jelus faith unto them: I fay not unto thee, until leven times: but until leventy times leven.

23. Therefore is the kingdom of heaven likened The Go/pel on to a king, who would take account of his fervants. the twenty first

24. And as he began to account, there was one Sunday after brought unto him, who ought him ten thousand Pentecost. talents.

25. But having not wherewithal to pay, his Lord commanded him to be fold, and his wife and children, and all that he had, and payment to be made.

25 Whereupon the fervant fell down, and prayed him, faying : Have parsence with me, and I will pay 27. Then D; you all.

the third Week

The Gospel according

27. Then the Lord of that fervant, being moved with compassion, dismissed him, and forgave him

the debt.

28. But as that fervant went out, he found one of his fellow fervants, who ought him an hundred pence, and he laid hands on him, and took him by the throat, faying: Pay that thou owest.

29. And his fellow fervant fell down, and befought him, faying: Have patience with me, and I

will pay you all.

30. And he would not, but went, and cast him

into prison, till he should pay the debt.

31. And when his fellow servants saw what happened, they were very sorry, and came, and told unto their Lord all that was done.

32. Then his Lord called him, and faid unto him: Thou wicked fervant; I forgave thee all the debt,

because thou didst intreat me.

33. Shoulds not thou also have had compassion on thy fellow servant, even as I had pity on thee?

34. And his Lord being angry delivered him to the Tormentors, till he had payed all the debt.

35. So shall my heavenly father do also unto you, if ye, from your hearts, forgive not every one his brother.

CHAP. XIX.

Christ teacheth that matrimony, by the very reason of isinstitution is indissoluble. Among the various sorts of Eunuchs, he commends those, who make themselves such for the kingdom of heaven. The rich youth, heing advised by Christ to sell all he had, goeth away sad: hence Christ saith, that it is hard for the rich to enter into the kingdom of heaven, and sheweth what shall be the reward of those who forsake all things and sollow him.

1. A ND it came to pass, that when Jesus had ended these words, he departed from Galilee, and came into the limits of Judea beyond fordan.

2. And great multitudes followed him, and he

healed them there.

3. And the Pharifees came unto him, tempting him, and faying: Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife for every cause?

4. He answered and said unto them: Have ye not

read

The Gospel for Marriage; and on St. Agatha's Day, Feb. 5read, that he, who made man at the beginning; made them male and female; and he faid;

5. For this cause shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife, and they two

shall be in one flesh.

 Wherefore they are not any more two, but one flesh; what therefore God has joyned together, let not man put afunder.

7. They fay unto him: Why did Moses then command to give a bill of divorcement, and to put her

away ?

8. He faith unto them: Moles, because of the hardness of your hearts, suffered you to put away your wives: but it was not so from the beginning.

9. And I say unto you, that whosever shall put away his wife, except it be for formication, and shall marry another, committeth adultery: and he, who shall marry her that is put away, committeth adultery.

to. His Disciples say unto him: If the case of the man be so with his wife, it is not good to

marry.

11. He faith unto them: Every one cannot receive

this faying, but they to whom it is given.

from their mother's womb: and there are eunuchs, who are made by men: and there are eunuchs, who made themselves such for the kingdom of heaven. Let him understand, who may.

13. Then were there little children brought unto him; that he should impose hands on them, and pray:

and the Disciples rebuked them.

14. But Jelus said unto them: Suffer little children, and forbid them not to come to me: for of such is the kingdom of heaven.

15. And when he had imposed hands on them, he

departed thence.

16. And behold one came, and said unto him; Good master, what good shall I do, that I may have eternal life?

17. He said unto him: Why askest thou me concerning good? one is good, God: But if thou wilt

enter into life, keep the commandments.

18. He faith unto him: Which? and Jefus faid: Thou shalt do no murder: Thou shalt not commit adultery: Thou shalt not steal: Thou shalt not hear saise witness:

19. Honour thy father and thy mother; and thou fall love thy neighbour as thy felf. 20. The

The Gospel according

20. The young man faith unto him: All these have I kept from my youth; what is there yet

wanting to me?

21. Jesus saith unto him: If thou wilt be perfect, go, fell what thou haft, and give to the poor, and thou shalt have treasure in heaven: and come, fol-

22. But when the young man had heard this word, he went away forrowful: for he had great

possessions.

The Gospel on 2n. 25. alfo Votive Mass of St. Paul. and for Holy Ap bais.

27. Whereupon Tesus said unto his Disciples: Vethe Conversion rily I say unto you, that a rich man shall hardly enof St. Paul, ter into the kingdom of heaven.

24. And again I lay unto you: it is easier for a within the O- camel to go thro' the eye of a needle, than for a Have and in a rich man to enter into the kingdom of heaven.

25. Which when his Disciples had heard, they St. Peter and were amazed, faying: Who then can be faved?

26, But Jelus beheld them, and said unto them: Unto men this is impossible, but unto God all things are possible.

27. Then Peter answered, and said unto him: Behold we have forfaken all, and followed thee: what

shall we have then?

28. And Jesus said unto them: Verily I say unto you, that ye, who have followed me, in the regeneration, when the fon of man shall sit in the throne of his majesty, ye also shall fit upon twelve thrones judging the twelve tribes of Ifrael.

29. And every one, who shall fortake houle, or brethren, or fisters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands, for my names lake, shall receive an hundred-fold, and shall inherit everlasting life.

30. But many that are first shall be last, and the

last shall be first.



CHAP. XX.

Jesus sheweth, by the parable of the workmen in the vineyard, that the last shall be equally rewarded with the first. He foretelleth his passion and resurrection, taketh occasion, by the ambition of the sons of Zebedee, to instruct his Disciples in the great virtue of humility, and to let them understand, that their greatness must not consist in power and dominion over others, but in the work of the ministry: and in his way from Jericho he restoreth two blind men to their sight.

1. THE kingdom of heaven is like a man that The Goftel on is an housholder, who went out early in the Septuagesima morning to hire labourers into his vineyard.

Sunday.

- 2. And when he had agreed with the labourers for a penny a day, he fent them into his vineyard.
- 3. And going abroad about the third hour, he faw others standing idle in the market place.
- 4. And he laid unto them: Go ye also into my vineyard, and I will give you, what shall be just.
- s. And they went their way: and he went out again about the fixth, and the ninth hour; and did in like manner.
- 6. And about the eleventh hour he went out, and found others standing, and he saith unto them: Why stand ye here idle all the day?
- 7. They taid unto him: Because no man hath hired us. He faith unto them: Go ye also into my vineyard.
- 8. And when evening was come, the Lord of the vineyard faith unto his steward: Call the labourers, and pay them their hire, beginning from the last unto the first.
- 9. So when they, who came at the eleventh hour. were come, they received pence a piece.
- 10. Bur when the first came, they supposed that they should receive more; and they likewise received, pence a piece.
- 11. And as they received, they murmured against the housholder.
- 12. Saying: These last have wrought for one hour only, and thou haft made them equal unto us, who have born the burden and hear of the day.
- 13. But he answered one of them, and laid: Friend I do thee no wrong: didft not thou agree with me for a penny ?

14. Take

The Gaspel on

the Holy Cross.

St. James's

and on St.

Tohn's ante

The Gospel according

14. Take what is thine, and go thy way: it is my will to give unto this last, even as unto thee.

15. Or is it not lawful for me to do what I will?

Is thine eye evil, because I am good?

16. So the last shall be first, and the first last: for many are called, but few cholen.

17. And Jefus going up to Jerusalem, took the

twelve Disciples apart, and said unto them. Wedneiday 18. Behold we go up to Jerusalem, and the ion in the second Week in Lent; of man shall be betrayed unto the Chief Priests, and and in a Vo- unto the Scribes, and they shall condemn him to tive Mass of death.

19. And shall deliver him to the Gentiles to be mocked, and foourged, and crucified: and the third day he shall rife again.

20. Then came unto him the mother of the fons The Gospel on of Zebedee with her fons, adoring, and defiring Day July 25. 10mething of him.

zr. He said unto her: What wilt thou? the faith unto him: Say that thele my two fons shall fit, the Portam Lati- one on thy right hand, and the other on thy left,

nam, May 6. in thy kingdom.

22. But felus answered and said: Ye know not what ye ask. Can ye drink of the cup, of which I shall drink? they said unto him: We can,

23. He saith unto them: Ye shall drink indeed of my cup: but to fit on my right or left hand, is not mine to give unto you, but to thole for whom it is prepared by my father.

24. Which when the ten had heared, they were moved with indignation against the two brethren.

25. But Jesus called them unto him, and said; Ye know, that the princes of the Gentiles do Lord it over them; and those, who are great, do exercile authority upon them.

26. It shall not be so among you; but who sever would be great among you, let him be your mini-

27. And whofoever wou'd be chief among you,

thall be your fervant.

28. Even as the fon of man came not to be served, but to serve, and to give his life in random for

29. And as they went from Jericho, a great mu!-

titude followed him.

30. And behold two blind men sitting nigh the way, heard thar Jesus was going by, and they cried

cu,

out, faying: O Lord, thou for of David have mercy on us.

31. And the multitude rebuked them, that they should hold their peace: But they cried out the more, faying: O Lord, thou for of David have mercy on us.

32. And Jesus stood, and called them: and said:

What would ye have me do for you?

22. They faid unto him: O Lord, that our eyes

may be opened.

34. So Jelus having compassion on them, touched their eyes. And immediately they saw, and followed him.

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CHAP. XXI.

Christ rideth into Jerusalem upon an As, driveth the buyers and fellers out of the temple, curfeth the fig-tree, filenceth the Priests and Elders, by a question concern. ing John's Baptism, and by the parable of the housbolder, who let his vineyard to husbandmen: And by the usage they gave his fervants and his son, he foretelleth, the translation of the kingdom of God from the Jews to the Gentiles.

1. A ND when they drew nigh Jerusalem, and were come to Bethphage at Mount Oliver: The Goffel on Then fent Jelus two Disciples.

2. Saying unto them: Go into the town over a. before the Begainst you, and ye shall immediately find a she-ass nediction of tied, and a colt with her: loofe, and bring them to the Palms.

2. And if any man shall say ought unto you, say that the Lord hath need of them; and he shall

forthwith let them go.

4. And all this was done, that it might be fulfil-

led which was spoken by the Prophet taying:

5. Tell ye the daughter of Sion: Behold, thy king cometh unto thee meek, fitting upon an als, and a colt, the fole of an als which carryeth the voke.

6. And the Disciples went, and did as Jesus com-

manded them.

7. And they brought the als, and the colt, and laid their cloaths upon them, and they fer him thereou.

8. And a very great multitude spread their garments

Palm-Sunday

ments in the way, others cut down branches from the trees, and frowed them in the road.

o. And the multitudes that went before, and that followed, cried out faying: Hosanna to the son of David: Blessed is he, who cometh in the name of the Lord: Hosanna in the highest.

The Gospel on Tuesday in the first Week in Lent. 10. And when he was come into Jerusalem, the whole city was moved saying: Who is this?

11. And the people faid: This is Jesus the Pro-

phet from Nazareth of Galilee.

12. And Jesus went into the temple of God, and cast out all those, who sold and bought in the temple, and overthrew the tables of the money changers, and the chairs of such as sold doves.

17. And

9. Holanna to the fon of David. This Phrase among the Hebrews answers in my Opinion, our Vivas Rex, or the French, Vive le Roy: Hofanna is derived from the radical Word Y'Min Hosiah, he hath saved. And by abridging the same, and by adding the expletive Particle Na. The Hebrews made it Hofanna. Tis true, they called the Bundles of Palm, myrrhe, cittern and willow Branches, wherewith they made their Booths, in the Time of their Feasts of Tabernacles, Hosanna; but then the Reason was, because these Branches were Emblems of Peace and Security: So that the multizude, which looked upon Christ as a great Prophet, and by consequence, as one, who should bring them a lasting Peace, took some of these Branches, strowed them in the way, and cried Hofanna to the Son of David, that is, Salvation to the Son of David.

12. Jesus went into the temple of God, and cast out all those, who fold and bought in the temple, and overthrew the tables of the money-changers, and the chairs of such as fold doves, Ecc. What gave Occasion to this Abuse of God's Temple was this: By the Law of Moses, the People were commanded to Sacrifice sometimes Heisers, Calves, Rams and Lambs; functimes fine Flower, Oil, Wine and Pigeons, Turtledoves and small Pieces of Silver of decreain Weight, namely half a Shekel; according to the different Sins which were to be exprated, or to the different Scafous of the Year, in which they were to offer their Gifts at the Altar: Now whereas it was difficult for those, who lived at a great Distance from Jerusalem to dince such Cattle to far, or to carry their Wine, Oil, &c. or were not furnijied

13. And faith unto them: It is written: My house shall be called the house of prayer: but ye have made it a den of thieves.

14. And the blind, and the lame came to him in

the temple, and he healed them.

15. And when the Chief Priests and the Scribes saw the wonderful things which he did, and the children in the temple crying out, and saying: Hosanna to the son of David: they were much vexed.

16. And faid unto him: Dost thou hear what these say? and Jesus said unto them: Yes. Have ye never read this: Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings thou hast perfected praise.

17. And having left them, he went out of the

city into Bethany, and lodged there.

18. And in the morning, as he returned into the

city, he was an hungred.

ig. And feeing a fingle fig-tree by the way fide, he came to it, and finding nothing thereon but leaves only, he faith unto it: May no fruit grow on the henceforth for ever. And prefently the fig-tree withered away.

20. And when the Disciples saw it they marvel-

led, faying: How foon it withered away?

21. Jefus answered, and said unto them: Verily I say unto you: If ye have faith, and stagger nor, ye shall not only do this of the sig-tree, but also if ye shall say to this mountain, take up, and cast thy self into the sea, it shall be done.

22. And all things whatever ye shall ask in prayer

believing, ye shall receive.

furnified with such Pieees of Silver; the covetous Chief Priess and Scribes who were Partakers of the Profit did allow a Sort of Market to be kept in the Porch and Temple, where all these things were exposed to Sale for the Use of those who came to offer their Sacrifices; and whereas such a Commerce is usually attended with Extortion and Deceit, especially in Regard of the Haif shekels, so which the Bankers or Money-changers did exast extravagant Use; as also a great Profanation of that boly Place. Hence it is that Christ's Zeal was kindled, that he drove them all out of the Temple, overthnew the Tables of the Money-changers, the Chairs of such as sold Doves, and told them, they had made the House of Prayer 2 Den of Thieves.

37. And as he was come into the temple, the Chief Priests, and the elders of the people came unto him, as he was teaching, and faid: By what authority doest thou these things? And who gave thee this authority?

24. Jelus answered and said unto them: I also will ask you one thing; which if ye will tell me: I will likewife tell you by what authority I do

thele things.

25. The deptilm of John whence was it? From heaven, or of men? But they thought within them-

felves, faying:

26. If we tay, from heaven, he will fay unto us; Why did ye not then believe him? But if we fay of men, we fear the multitude; for all looked upon John as a Prophet.

27. And they answered Jesus, and said: We cannot rell. He also said unto them: Neither tell I

you by what authority I do thele things.

28. But what think ye?' A certain man had two lonse and coming to the first, he said, Go to day, work in my vineyard.

29. And he answered and said: I will not. But

afterward he repented and went.

30. And coming to the other, he said in like manner: and he answered, and said: I go, fir, and went not.

- They which of the two did the father's will? They lay unto him: The first. Jesus saith unto them: Verily I say note you, that the Publicans and the Harlots shall go before you into the kingdom of God.
- 32. For John came unto you in the way of justice, and ye believed him not; but the Publicans and the Harlots believed him: which when ye had teen, ye repented not afterward, that ye might believe him.

33- Hear another parable: There was an housholder, who planted a vineyard, and hedged it round 121 Country.

- The Gospel on about, and digged a wine-press in it, and built a Friday in the tower, and let it to husbandmen, and went into a
 - 34. And when the time of the fruit drew near, he fent his fervants to the husbandmen, that they might receive the truits of it.
 - 35. And the husbandmen took his servants, and beat one, and killed another, and stoned another.

fecond Week in Leng.

26. Again he fent other fervants more than the former: and they did unto them likewife.

27. But last of all he sent unto them his own son.

faying: They will reverence my fon.

- 38. But when the husbandmen saw the son, they faid within themselves: This is the heir, come let us kill him, and we shall have his inheri-
- 19. And when they had laid hands on him, they cast him out of the vineyard, and slew him.

40. Now when the Lord of the vineyard shall

come, what will he do unto these husbandmen.

- 41. They said unto him: He will miserably dethroy those wicked men, and let his vineyard to other husbandmen, who shall render the fruit in their feafons.
- 42. Jesus saith unto them: Have ye never read in the Scriptures: The stone, which the builders rejected, the same is become the head of the corner? This is the Lord's doing, and it is wonderful in our
- 43. Therefore I say unto you, that the kingdom of God shall be taken away from you, and shall be given to a nation, which shall bring forth the fruits thereoi.
- 44. And wholoever shall fall upon this stone, shall be broken: but on whomfoever it shall fall, it will entirely bruite him.

45. And when the Chief Priefts and Pharifees had heard his parables, they perceived that he had spo-

ken of themselves.

46. And when they fought to lay hands on him. they feared the multitudes, because they took him for a Propher.



CHAP. XXII.

The parable of the marriage of the king's fon. The punishment of him, who wanted a wedding garment. Tefus is tempted by the Pharifees concerning Casar's tribute; and by the Sadducees concerning the resurvedion. He is again tempted by a Lawyer, concerning the great commandment, and he asketh the Pharifees whose son is Christ.

The Goffel on the 19th Sunday after Pentecost. r. A ND Jesus answered, and spake unto them again in parables, saying:

2. The kingdom of heaven is like unto a certain

day after Pen- king, who made a marriage for his fon.

3. And fent his fervants to call them who were bidden to come to the wedding, and they would not come.

4. Again he fent other fervants, faying. Tell them that are bidden: Behold I have prepared my dinner: my oxen and my fatlings are flaughtered, and all things are ready, come to the wedding.

s. But they neglected; and went their ways, one

to his farm, another to his merchandize.

6. And the rest laid hands on his servants, and, when they had treated them spitefully, they slew

7. But when the king had heard thereof: being angry, he fent his armies and destroyed those murcerers, and burnt their city.

8. Then faith he to his fervants: The wedding, indeed, is ready, but they, who were bidden, were

not worthy.

9. Go ye therefore into the high-ways, and whom-

foever ye shall find, bid to the marriage.

gathered together all such as they found, bad and good: and the wedding was filled with guests.

11. And as the king came to see the guests, he observed a man, who was not cloathed with a wed-

ding garment.

12. And he faith unto him: Friend, how cameft thou in hither, not having a wedding garment?

and he was speechless.

13. Then faid the king to those who waited, Bind him hand and foot, and cast him into outer darkness: there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth.

the Twenty

14. For many are called, but few are chosen,

15. Then went the Pharifees, and consulted, in The Gospel on

order to entangle him in his talk.

16. And they fend unto him their Disciples with Second Sunthe Herodians, saying: Master, we know that thou day after Penart true, and teacheft the way of God in truth, nei- tecoft. ther careft thou for any man: for thou regardest not the perion of men.

17. Tell us therefore what thou thinkest, is it

lawful to give tribute to Celar or not?

18. But

both.

16. The Herodians. These were a Sest of People a. mong the lews, so called from Herod the King; because they believ'd that be was the Messias: Por the Sceptre or Government being taken away from the Tribe of Juda, by Herod's Accession to the Crown, being an Alien and no Jew, his Abettors, viz. the Herodians would have the Jews believe, that he was the Messias whom they had expected, according to Jacob's Prophecy. Gen. 49. 10. The scepter shall not be taken away from Juda, &c. But the Generality of the Jews gave no Credit to them; because they did not find in the Perfon of Herod the Qualifications, wherewith the Prophets

bad foretold the Mellias was to be imbu'd.

17. Is it lawful to give tribute to Celar, or not? To understand how infnaring this Question was, we must observe, that after the Return of the Jews from the Captivity of Babylon; it was decreed by Eldras and the Elders, as we read, Eld. vo. 32. That every Man should pay the third Part of a Shekel yearly towards the Fabrick of the Temple, by way of offering. Now the Romans under the Command of Pompey, having fubdu'd that Part of Alia in which ferulalem lies, chang'd this yearly Oblation into a Tribute payable yearly into Celar's Coffers. Wherefore the Pharifees and the Herodians doubted not, in the faid Question to bave Christ under this Dilemma: If he fays, that it is not lawful to pay this Tribute to Celar, we will accuse him before Celar's Governours as a Rebel, who would teach the People, that it is not lawful for them to pay the Tribute; and of confequence traduce him as Guilty of Sedition and Rebellion. And if he fays that it is lawful to pay the fame, we will expose him to the People, as a prophane Man, who takes Part with Pagans and Infidels to the Prejudice of God's Temple and Worship. But as no Wisdom, nor Policy, can take against God, so Christ defeated their Designs in

Chap. XXII.

The Gospel according

18. But Jesus perceiving their wickedness, said: Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites?

19. Shew me the tribute-money. Whereupon they

brought him a penny.

20. And Jesus saith unto them: Whose is this

image and superscription?

21. They say unto him: Cesars. Then saith he unto them: Render therefore unto Cesar the things which are Cesars; and unto God the things that are Gods.

22. Which when they heard, they marvelled, and

leaving him, they went their way.

- 23. The same Day came to him the Sadducees, who say that there is no resurrection: and they asked him.
- 24. Saying: Master, Moses said: If a man die having no children, his brother should marry his wife and raise up seed for his brother.

25. Now there were with us seven brethren, the first married a wife, and died, and having no issue,

left his wife to his brother.

26. In like manner the second, and the third, unto the seventh.

27. And last of all the woman died also.

28. Therefore in the resurrection whose wife shall

fhe be of the feven? For they all had her.

29. And Jesus answered and said unto them: Ye do err, not knowing the Scriptures, nor the power of God.

- 30. For in the refurrection, they neither marry, nor are married; but shall be as the angels of God in heaven.
- 3r. But as to the refurrection of the dead, have ye not read that which was spoken by God, saying unto you:

32. I am the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob? He is not the God of the dead, but of the living.

33. Which when the multitudes heard, they were

astonished, at his doctrine.

34. But when the Pharifees heard, that he had filenced the Sadducees, they met together:

The Gofpel on the Seventeenth Sunday after Pentecost.

both, by faying: Render unto Cesar the things, which are Cesar's, and unto God the things that are God's.

35. And one of them, a doctor of the law, in order to tempt him, alked him:

36. Master, which is the great commandment of

the Law?

37. Jesus Liid unto him: Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy foul. and with all thy mind.

38. This is the greatest commandment, and the

firit

39. And the second is like unto this: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy felf.

40. On these two commandments hang all the

Law and the Prophets.

41. And while the Pharifees were affembled together, selus asked them,

42. Saying: What think ye of Christ? Whose fon is he? They say unto him: David's.

43. He faith unto them: How then doth David

in spirit call him Lord, saying:

- 44. The Lord laid unto my Lord, fit thou on my right hand, till I make thine enemies thy footftool.
- 45. If David then called him Lord, how is he his fon?
- 46. And no man was able to answer him a word: neither durft any man from that day forth, alk him any more!

CHAP. XXIII.

Christ admonisteth his Disciples to observe what the Scribes and Pharifees say, but not what they do; as alfo to beware of their ambition. He denounceth many woes to the Scribes and Pharifees, and foreselleth the defolation of Jerusalem.

1. THEN spake Jesus to the multitudes, and The Gospel on to his Disciples.

Tuesday in

2. Saying: The Scribes and Pharifees fat in Mo- the Second les his chair.

3. All therefore whatloever they shall say unto you, observe and do: but do not according to their works: for they lay and do not,

4. For they bind heavy, and intolerable burdens, and lay them on men's shoulders: But with a singer of their own they will not move them.

Tuesday in Week in Lent.

Chap. XXIII. The Gospel according

5. But they do all their works to be feen by men; for they make broad their Phylacteries, and enlarge the hems of their garments.

6. And love the uppermost rooms at feasts, the

chiefest Seats in the synagogues.

7. Greetings in the market place, and to be called Rabbi by men.

8. But be not ye called Rabbi; for one is your

Mafter, and ye are all brethren.

9. And call none on earth your Father: for one is your Father, who is in heaven.

10. Neither be ye called mafters: for one is your

master, Christ.

ther.

11. He that is the greatest of you, shall be your fervant.

- 12. And whosoever exalteth himself, shall be humbled; and whosoever humbleth himself, shall be exalted.
- 13. But we be to you Scribes and Pharifees, hypocrites: because ye shut up the kingdom of heaven against men, for ye do not go in your selves, neither do ye suffer those that wou'd to go in.

7. And to be called Rabbi. This is a Hebrew Word, which fignifies a Doctor, or Teacher, or Master. The Pharisees did very much affect to be called Rabbi, and Father, and Master, being Titles which denoted their extraordinary Gists, and got them much Reputation and Esteem among the People. Wherefore Christ did reproach them for this Piece of Vanity, and charg'd his Disciples not to be call'd Rabbi, or Father, or Master; that is, not to affect or covet to be so call'd; but in Humility to demean and consider themselves as Brethren to one ano-

14. Wo

yord comes from the Circek Word Dundawn, I keep, or preserve; so that these Phyladeries were certain Scrouls of Parchment; in which were written the Ten Commandments, and which the Jews us'd to tie on their Forebeads, and on their Arms, pursuant to God's command recorded, Exod. 13.9. Now the Pharisees, who affested to appear more observant of the Law, than the rest of the Jews, us'd to make these Scrouls or Phyladeries broader than those worn or carry'd by others; that they might be more conspicuous. And this they did out of Hypocrify, in order to create themselves more Respect from the People.

14. We be to you Scribes and Pharifees hypecrites: for ye devour widow's houses, praying long prayers: for which ye shall receive the greater judgment.

15. Wo be to you Scribes and Pharifees hypocrites: For ye compais fea and land to make one profelite, and when he is made, ye make him two-fold

more the child of hell than your felves.

16. Wo be to you ye blind guides, who fay: Wholoever shall swear by the temple, it is nothing: But wholoever shall swear by the gold of the temple, he is a debtor.

17. Ye fools and blind: For whether is greater, the gold, or the temple, which fanctifieth the gold?

18. And who loever shall swear by the altar, 'tis nothing: But who soever shall swear by the gift, which is upon it, he is a debtor.

19. Ye blind: for whether is greater, the gift, or

the altar, which sanctifieth the gift?

20. Wherefore he, who sweareth by the altar, sweareth by it, and all things thereon.

21. And wholoever shall Iwear by the temple, sweareth by it, and by him, who dwelleth therein.

- 22. And he, who iweareth by heaven, iweareth by the throne of God, and by him, who litteth thereon.
- 23. We be to you Scribes and Pharifees hypocrites, who tithe mint, and anile, and cummin, and have omitted the weightier matters of the law, judgment, and mercy, and faith: these ought ye to do, and not to leave those undone.

24. Ye blind guides, who strain a gnat, and

Iwallow a camel.

25. Wo be to you Scribes and Pharifees hypocrites: for you make clean the outlide of the cup and dish: but inwardly ye are full of rapine and uncleannels.

26. Thou blind Pharilee, cleanse first the inside of the cup and dish, that the outside may be made

clean.

^{15.} Proselyte. A Greek Word compounded of mees, ad. and income, venio, so that the Proselyte is one who comes over to another Party. But the Word is now so familiar in our Language that it hardly needs an Explanation.

Chap. XXIII. The Gospel according

27. Wo be to you Scribes and Pharifees hypocrites: for ye are like unto whited sepulchres, which appear beautiful outward, but are within full of dead mens bones, and of all uncleanness.

28. Even to ye do indeed outwardly appear just unto men; but within ye are full of hypocrify and

iniquity.

The Gofpel on St. Stephen'sday, December 26. and on his Invention, Aug. 3.

The Gospel on 29. Wo be to you Scribes and Pharises hypo-St. Stephen's- crites; for ye build the sepulchies of the Prophets, day. Deceme and garnish the tombs of the just.

30. And fay: If we had been in the days of our fathers, we would not have been partakers with

them in the blood of the Prophets.

31. Wherefore ye are witnesses unto your selves, that ye are the children of them, who sew the Prophets.

32. Fill ye up then the measure of your fathers.

33. Ye serpents, ye brood of vipers, how shall ye

escape the judgment of hell?

34. Wherefore behold I fend unto you Prophets and Wisemen, and Scribes, and some of them shall ye kill, and crucify, and others shall ye scourge in your synagogues, and persecute from city to city.

35. That upon you may come all the innocent blood, which was shed upon the earth, from the blood of Abel the just, unto the blood of Zacharias, son of Barachias, whom ye slew between the remple and the altar.

36. Verily I say unto you: all these things shall

come upon this generation.

37. O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, thou that killest the Prophets, and stonest them, who are sent unto thee, how often would I have gathered thy children together, as a hen, gathereth her chickens under her wings, and thou wouldest not.

38. Behold, your house shall be left unto you de-

folate.

39. For I fay unto you, ye shall not see me henceforth, till ye say: blessed is he, who cometh in the name of the Lord.

CHAP. XXIV.

Christ foretelleth the destruction of the temple, the wars and perfecutions impending, the rise of false Christs, and false Prophets, the coming of the son of man, the signs which shall appear in the sun, in the moon, and in the stars. He faith also that the day of judgment is unknown to all men, and upon this occasion, speaking concerning the faithful and wicked servant, he advises all men to watch continually.

1. A ND Jesus having gone out of the temple, The Gospel for went his way: And his Disciples came to a Votive shew him the structure of the temple.

Mass in Time

2. But he answered and said upto them: Do ye see of War, and all these things? Verily I say unto you, there shall for many Marnot be lest here one stone upon another, which shall tyrs.

not be thrown down.

3. And as he fat upon mount Olivet, the Disciples came to him privately saying: Tell us, when thall these things come to pass, and what shall be the sign of thy coming, and of the end of the world?

4. And Jefus answered, and said unto them: Be-

ware ye be not feduced.

5. For many shall come in my name saying: I am

Christ: and they shall seduce many.

6. For ye shall hear of wars and rumours of wars: fee that ye be not troubled; for these things must come to pals, but the end is not yet.

7. For nation shall rife against nation, and kingdom against kingdom: and there shall be pestilences and samine, and earthquakes in divers places.

8. And all these are the beginnings of forrows.

9. Then shall they deliver you up to be afflicted, and shall kill you: and ye shall be hated by all nations for my name's sake.

to. And then shall many be scandalized, and shall betray one another, and shall have one another.

11. And many falle Prophets shall rife, and shall feduce many.

12. And for as much as iniquity hath abounded, the charity of many shall grow cold.

13. But he that shall persevere unto the end, the same shall be saved.

14. And this gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world, for a witness unto all nations, and then shall the end come.

Chap. XXIV.

The Gospel according

The Gospel on day after Pentecoft.

15. When we therefore shall see the abomination the last Sun- of desolation, which is spoken of by Daniel the Prophet, fland in the holy place, he that readeth, let him understand.

16. Then let such as are in Judea, fly to the

mountains:

17. And let him, who is on the house-top, not come down to take any thing out of his houle.

18. And let him not, who is in the field, come

back to take up his coat.

19. And we be to them, that are with child, and give luck in thole days.

20. But pray ye, that your flight be not in the

winter, or on the fabbath day.

- 21. For then shall be great tribulation, such as was not fince the beginning of the world till this time, neither shall be.
- 22. And except those days had been shortened there should no sless be saved: but for the sake of the elect thole days shall be shortened.

22. Then if any man shall say unto you: Lo here

is Christ, or there: believe it not.

24. For there shall rise false Christs, and false Prophets: and shall shew great signs and wonders, to as to impose upon (if it were possible) the very elect.

25. Behold I have foretold you.

26. Wherefore, if they shall say unto you, behold he is in the defert, go not forth; behold he is in the inner rooms, believe it not.

27. For as the lightning cometh out of the East, and shineth even unto the West: so shall also be the

coming of the ion of man.

28. Wherefoever the carcals is, there will the ea-

gles be gathered together.

29. And immediately after the tribulation of thole days, the fun shall be darkened, and the moon

^{20.} That your flight be not in the winter, or on the labbath day. Not in the Winter, as being a Season unfit for a speedy flight, by reason of the Foulness of the Ways and Weather in that Time of the Year. Nor on the Sabbath Day, because it was not lawful for them to go, or flee, or travel any more than a few Miles on that Day; and that only to go to, and come back from Divine Service.

shall not give its light, and the stars shall fall from heaven, and the powers of heaven shall be moved.

30. And then shall appear the sign of the son of man in heaven: and then shall all the tribes of the earth mourn: and they shall see the son of man coming in the clouds of heaven, with great power and majesty.

31. And he shall send his angels with a trumpet and a great voice: and they shall gather together his elect from the four winds, from one end of

heaven to the other.

32. Now learn a parable of the fig tree: When its branch is yer tender, and leaves shot out, ye know that summer is nigh.

33. So likewise ye, when ye shall see all these things, know that it is near; even at the doors.

34. Verily I say unto you, this generation shall not pass, till all these things be fulfilled.

35. Heaven and earth shall pais away, but my

word shall not pass away.

36. But of that day and hour knoweth no man, no not the angels of heaven, but the father only.

37. But as in the days of Noe, so shall also the

coming of the fon of man be.

- 38. For as, in the days before the deluge, they were eating and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, until that day, on which Noe entred into the ark.
- 39. And they knew not until the flood came, and took all away: so shall the coming of the son of man be.
- 40. Then shall two be in a field: the one shall be taken, and the other lest.
- 41. Two women grinding in a mill, the one shall be taken, and the other shall be left.

42. Watch therefore, fince ye know not at what

hour your mafter shall come.

43. But know this, that if the man of the house had known at what hour the thief would come, he would furely watch, and would not suffer his house to be broken up.

44. Therefore be ye also ready: For the son of

man shall come at an hour ye know not.

45. Who, do you think, is a faithful and wife The Gospel on fervant, whom his Lord hath appointed over his St. Clement's family, to give them meat in due feason?

day, Nov. 23.

46. Bleffed is that fervant, whom his Lord, when and for some he cometh shall find so doing.

Confessors Bi-

47. Verily suops.

The Gospel according

47. Verily I say unto you, that he shall appoint him over all his goods.

48. But if that evil fervant shall fay in his heart:

My Lord delayeth his coming:

49. And shall begin to strike his fellow servants.

and eat and drink with drunkards.

- 50. The Lord of that servant shall come, in a day in which he expecteth him not, and in an hour, which he knoweth not.
- st. And shall separate him, and appoint him his portion, with hypocrites, there shall be weeping and gnathing of teeth.

CHAP. XXV.

Christ proposeth the parable of the ten virgins, and of the talents given to the servants. He also sets before our eyes the last judgment, together with the reasons of rewards and punishments in the world to come.

St. Catherine's-day, Novemb. 25. bride. and for some other holy Vir- wife.

The Gofpel on 1. HEN shall the kingdom of heaven be like uato ten virgins, who took their lamps, and went forth to meet the bridegroom, and the

2. And five of them were foolish, and five were

3. The five foolish virgins, having taken lamps, took no oil with them.

4. But the wife took oil in their vessels with their lamps.

5. While the bridegroom tarried, they all flum-

bred, and slept.

6. And at midnight there was a ciy made: Behold the bridegroom cometh, go ye out to meet him.

7. Then all those virgins arose, and trimmed their lamps.

8. And the foolish said unto the wile: Give us of

your oil; for our lamps are going out,

9. The wife answered, saying: Left perhaps there may not be enough for us and you, go ye rather to them that fell, and buy for your felves.

10. And while they went to buy, the bridegroom came: and fuch as were ready went in with him to the marriage, and the door was thut.

Jors Bilhops.

rr. Last of all came also the other virgins, saying: Lord, Lord, open to us.

12. But he answered, and said: Verily I say unto

you. I know you not.

12. Watch therefore, for ye know not the day nor the hour.

14. For as a man travelling into a far country The Gofpel on called his fervants, and delivered unto them his St. Nichogoods. las's-day,

15. And unto one he gave five talents, to another, December 6. two; and to another, one: To every one according and for fome to their leveral abilities, and forthwith took his other Confeftourney.

16. And he, who had received the five talents, went and traded with them, and acquired five more.

17. In like manner he, who had received two, gained two more.

18. But he, who had received one, went and dug in the earth, and hid his Lord's money.

19. After a long time the Lord of those servants came, and reckoned with them.

20. And he, who had received five talents, came, and brought five talents more, faying: Lord, thou haft delivered unto me five talents, behold I have acquired belides them five talents more.

21. His Lord saith unto him: Well done, thou good, and faithful fervant, fince thou haft been faithful over a few things, I will appoint thee over

many, enter into the joy of thy Lord.

22. He also, who had received two talents, came, and faid: Lord, thou hast delivered unto me two talents, behold I have gained two talents more.

23. His Lord faith unto him: Well done, good, and faithful fervant, fince thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will appoint thee over many, enter into the joy of thy Lord.

24. But he, who had received the one talent, came, and faid: Lord, I know, that thon art an hard man, thou reapest where thou hast not sown. and gatherest where thou hast not strowed.

25. And being afraid, I went, and hid thy talent in the earth: behold thou hast what is thine.

26. And his Lord answered and said unto him: Thou evil, and flothful fervant, thou didft know, that I reap, where I low not, and gather where I have not itsowed.

Chap. XXV. The Gospel according

27. Wherefore, thou should'st have given in my money to the Bankers, that at my coming I might have received mine own with ulury.

28. Take away therefore from him the talent, and

give it to him, who hath the ten talents.

- 29. For to every one that hath shall be given, and he shall abound: but from him, that hath not, shall be taken away, even that which he seemeth to have.
- 20. And cast the unprofitable servant into outer darkness, there shall be weeping and gnashing of tecth.

The Gospel on fost Week in Lent.

21. When the fon of man shall come in his majesty, Monday the and all the angels with him, then shall he sit in the leat of his majesty.

> 32. And all nations shall be gathered before him. and he shall separate them one from another, as the shepherd divideth the sheep from the goats.

33. And he thall place the sneep on his right hand,

but the goats on the left.

- 34. Then will the king say unto those, who shall be on his right hand: Come ye bleffed of my father, possels the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world.
- 35. For I was an hungry and ye gave me to eat; I was thirsty, and ye gave me to drink: I was a ftranger, and ye took me in.

36. Naked, and ye cloathed me: fick, and ye vi-

fited me: I was in prison, and ye came to me.

37. Then shall the just answer him, saying: Lord, when faw we thee an hungry, and fed thee: thirity, and gave thee drink.

38. When law we thee a stranger, and took thee

in: or naked, and cloathed thee.

39. Or when law we thee lick, or in prilon and came unto thee?

- 40. And the king in answer, shall say unto them: Verily I lay unto you: To long as you have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.
- 4r. Then shall he say also unto those, who shall be on the left hand. Depart from me, ye curled into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels.

42. For I was an hungred, and ye gave me no meat:

I was thirsly, and ye gave me no drink.

43. I was a stranger, and ye did not entertain me: naked, and ye cloathed me not: fick, and in prifon, and ye vilited me not.

44. Then

44. Then shall they also answer him, saying: Lord, when saw we thee an hungred, or thirsty, or a stranger, or naked, or sick, or in prison, and did not minister unto thee?

ay. Then shall he answer them saying: Verily I say unto you: So long as ye did it not unto one of these little ones, ye did it not to me.

46 And thele shall go into everlasting punish-

ment, but the just into life eternal.

CHAP. XXVI.

The Chief Priests consult how to put Jesus to death: A woman anoints him with precious ointment. He is sold by Judas. He giveth at supper, his body and his blood to his Disciples to eat and drink. He foretelleth, that they shall all be scandalized, that Peter shall thrice deny him. He is taken by the Jews, accused before Caiphas, judged guilty of death, spit upon, smitten on the cheek, and thrice denied by Peter.

1. A ND it came to pass: When Jesus had fini- The Passion ac. shed all these things, he said unto his Discording to St. ciples.

2. Ye know that after two days will be the passo- these two ver, and the son of man shall be betrayed to be cruci Chapters, is sied.

3. Then the Gospel a

his Dif- cording to St.

Matthew in
the passo- these two
be cruci Chapters, is
Then the Gospel at
Masson Palm
Sunday.

2. Will be the paffover. The Hebrew Word which answers this is Phase, a Passage, or Passover: The Greek is Pascha, Passion, or Suffering; and the Latin Vulgat retains the fame, having canonized in some manner, that Word among its facred Terms. What gave Occafion to that faying of Christ was this: The Children of Ilrael were commanded, as we read Exod. 12. to flay a Lamb on the fourteenth Day of the first Month, at evening, and to fprinkle the Posts and the Thresbolds of their Doors with its Blood, that the Angel of God, which was to kill the first born over all Egypt in one Night, might fee the same, and pass over the Houses of the Children of Israel. And when they had gone out of Egypt, they had a special Command from God to celebrate a Feast yearly for ever in Remembrance of this Paffover: That is, to Slay, or Sacrifice a Lamb on the fourteenth Day of the first Month in the Evening, to eat the same with a great ae. I

3. Then assembled together the Chief Priests, and the Elders of the people unto the place of the High Priest, who was called Caiphas.

4. And confulted how they might take Jesus by

craft, and put him to death.

5. But they said: Not on the feast day, lest there be an uproar among the people.

6. Now when Jelus was in Bethany in the houle

of Simon the leper.

- 7. There came unto him a woman having an alabafter box of precious ointment, and poured it on his head, as he sat at table.
- 8. But when the Disciples saw it, they had indignation, saying: To what purpose is this waste?

9. For the ointment might have been fold for

much, and given to the poor.

why trouble ye this woman? For the hath wrought a good work on me.

11. For ye have the poor always with you; But

me ye have not always.

12. For in pouring this ointment on my body, the hath done it for my burial.

deal of Ceremony recorded, Exod. 12. &c. and to eat no other than unleavened Bread for the Space of eight Days. Now the time for celebrating this Feoft being at hind, Christ puts his Disciples in mind thereof: Ye know that after two days is the passover; that is to say, the Day, in which we are to celebrate the Feost of the Passover.

And whereas this Lamb (the sprinkling of whose Blood upon the Posts and Thresbolds was a means of the mighty Delivery of the Children of Israel from the Tyranny of Pharao) was a Type or Figure of Jesus Christ, who is the Lamb of God, and whose Blood was to work the wonderful Delivery of the Children of God from the Slavery of the Devil; he would first celebrate that Feast, and afterwards fulfil the Figure by substituting his own Flesh and Blood, in the Room of that of the Lamb; as we fee he hath done in this Chapter. And as all the Children of Mrzel were commanded to eat of the Field of this Lamb, on pain of being exterminated from among their People; so the Children of God, that is, the Sons of the Church, are commanded to eat of the Flesh of Christ Jesus, who is now our Passover, on no less Penalty than being excluded from the Kingdom of Heaven.

13. Verily I say unto you, wheresoever this Gos. pel shall be preached in the whole world, that also which she hath done, shall be told in remembrance of her.

14. Then one of the twelve, called Judas Iscariot,

went unto the Chief Priests:

15. And said unto them: What will ye give me, and I will deliver him unto you? And they appointed him thirty pieces of filver.

16. And from that time he fought an opportunity

to betray him.

17. Now on the first day of unleavened bread the Disciples came to Jesus, saying: Where wilt thou

that we prepare for thee to eat the passover?

18. And Jesus said: Go into the city to a certain man, and say unto him: The master saith: My time is at hand, at thy house I purpose to keep the passover with my Disciples.

19. And the Disciples did as Jesus had appointed

them, and they made ready the passover.

20. Now when the even was come, he fat down with his twelve Disciples.

21. And as they were eating, he faid: Verily I fay unto you, that one of you shall betray me.

22. And being very fad, they began every one of

them to fay: Lord, Is it I?

23. And he answered, and said: He that dippeth his hand with me in the dish, the same shall berray

24. The fon of man goeth indeed, as is written of him: But we be to that man by whom the fon of man shall be betrayed: It were good for that man, if he had not been born.

25. Then Judas, who betrayed him, answered, and faid: Rabbi, Is it I? He faith unto him: Thou hast

laid it.

26. And as they were at supper, Jesus took bread,

^{17.} The first day of unleavened bread. The Jews, as aforesaid, were commanded to eat no Bread that had leaven in it, for eight Days successively from the Celebration of the Feast of the Passover; and the first of these is here called the first Day of unleavened Bread. It was likewise the Day, in the Evening, whereof the Lamb was to be sacrified and eaten, which is in this Chapter called the Vassover.

and bleffed, and brake, and gave unto his Disciples, and said: Take, and eat: This is my body.

27. And he took the chalice, and gave thanks, and gave unto them, faying: Drink ye all of this.

28. For this is my blood of the new testament, which shall be shed for many in remission of sins.

- 29. But I say unto you: I will not drink henceforth of this fruit of the vine, until that day, when I drink it new with you in the kingdom of my father.
- 30. And when they had said an hymn, they went unto mount Olivet.
- 3t. Then faith Jesus unto them: Ye shall all be scandalized in me this night. For it is written, I will smite the shepherd, and the sheep of the slock shall be dispersed.

32. But after I am eilen again, I will go before

you into Galilee.

- 33. Whereupon Peter answered, and said unto him, Tho' all where scandalized in thee, I will never be scandalized.
- 34. Jesus said unto him: Verily I say unto thee, that this night before the cock crow, thou shall deny me thrice.

35. Peter said unto him: Tho' I should die with thee, I will not deny thee. In like manner also said all the Dissiples

all the Disciples.

36. Then cometh Jesus with them into a village called Gethsemany, and he said unto his Disciples: sit ye here while I go and pray yonder.

37. And having taken with him Peter, and the two sons of Zebedee, he began to be forrowful, and

to grieve.

38. Then faith he unto them: My foul is forrowful even unto death: Tarry ye here, and watch with me.

39. And having gone a little further, he fell on his face and prayed, faying: O my father, if it be possible, let this cup pals from me: Nevertheless not as I will, but as thou wilt.

40. And

^{39.} Let this cup pals from me. This was a faying Familiar to the Jews, and was grounded upon a Custom they had of giving a soporiferous Draught to those, who were to be put to death; to make them less sensible of their Torments: And this they called the Cup

40. And he cometh to his Disciples, and findeth them asseep, and saith unto Peter: So, could ye not watch one hour with me?

4t. Watch and pray that ye enter not into temptation. The spirit indeed is willing, but the fleth

is weak.

42. He went away again the second time, and prayed, saying: O my Father, if this cup may not pass away, except I drink it, thy will be done.

43. And he cometh again, and finderh them a-

fleep: For their eyes were heavy.

44. And he left them, and went away again, and

prayed the third time, faying the fame words.

45. Then cometh he to his Disciples, and saith unto them: Sleep on now, and take your rest: behold the hour is at hand, and the son of man shall be betrayed into the hands of sinners.

46. Rife, let us be going: Behold he, who shall

berray me, draweth near.

47. While he yet spake, behold Judas, one of the twelve, came and with him a great multitude with swords and staves, sent by the Chief Priests, and Elders of the people.

48. Now he that betrayed him, gave them a fign, faying: Whomfoever I shall kils, he is the many

lay hands on him.

49. And immediately he came to Jelus, and faid: Hail Rabbi, and killed him.

of Passion. St. Mark 15. 23. seems to insinuate, that it was made up of Wine and Myrrhe; for he calls the

draught given to Christ vinum Myrrhatum.

And however, this was usually designed in Compassion to fuch as were in the Pangs of Death, as being proper to stupify their Limbs, and take away the Sense of Feeling; yet fuch was the Rage of the Jews against Christ; that the' this Cup was given to Christ, as St. Mark tells w, yet fill they gave him as St. Marthew and St. John inform us, Gall and Vinegar, to quicken bis Senfe of the Torment he was in. Wherefore Christ, using the familiar faying of the Jews, pray'd his heavenly Father, that his Death may pass from him, under the Figure of the Cup, which is a part of his Paffion. And by this focw'd, that he was Mortal, obnoxious to Pain tike other Men, and so less no Grounds for those Hereticks, who would ma ntain that his Paffion was Phantaftical, and in aptearance only. Ì so. And

Chap. XXVI. The Golpel according

50. And Jefus faid unto him: Friend, wherefore are thou come? Then came they, and laid hands on

lefus, and held him.

fus, stretched out his hand, and drew his sword and struck a servant of the High Priest, and cut of his ear.

52. Then faith Jesus unto him: Put up shy sword again into its place: For all those, who take the

tword, thail perith by the (word.

53. Thinkest thou, that I cannot pray to my father, and he shall presently give me more than twelve legions of angels?

54. But how then shall the scriptures be fulfilled,

that thus it must be.

- 55. In that lame hour faid Jesus to the multitudes: Ye came out, as to a robber, with swords and staves to take me, I sat daily with you teaching in the temple, and ye laid no hands on me.
- 56. Now all this came to pals, that the scriptures of the prophers might be fulfilled. Then all his D sciples for look him, and fled.

57. But they held Jesus, and led him to Caiphas, the High Priest, where the Scribes and the Elders

were affembled.

58. And Peter followed him at a great distance unto the High Priort's palace, and went in, and fat with the fervants to fee the end.

59. Now the Chief Prietts and all the council fought falle witness against Jesus, that they might

put him to death.

fes had come. But at last there came two salle witnesses.

61. And faid: This man hath faid: I can destroy the temple of God, and after three days rebuild the fame.

62. And the High Priest stood up, and said unto him: Dost thou answer nothing to these things, of

which these men bear witness against thee.

63. But Jesus held his peace. And the High Priest said unto him: I adjure thee by the living God, that thou tell us, if thou art Christ the son of God.

64. Jesus saith unto him. Thou hast said it. Nevertheless I say unto you: Hereaster shall ye see the

lon

ion of man fitting on the right hand of the power

of God, and coming in the clouds of heaven.

65. Whereupon the High Priest rent his garments saying: He hath blasphemed. What further need have we of witnesses? Behold now ye have heard the blasphemy.

66. What think ye? They answered, and said:

He is guilty of death.

67. Then did they spit in his face, and buffet him, and others smote him in the face with the palms of their hands.

68. Saying: Prophely unto us, Christ, who is he

that Imote thee?

69. Now Peter fat without in the half, and a fervant maid came unto him, faying: Thou also wast with Jesus of Galilee.

70. But he denied before them all, saying: I

know not what thou sayest.

- 71. And as he went out of the gate, another maid servant saw him, and she saith to them that were there: This fellow was also with Jesus of Nazareth.
- 72. And again he denied with an oath, saying: I do not know the man.
- 73. And after a while, they that flood by, came, and faid unto Peter: Surely thou also art of them, for thy very speech bewrayeth thee.

74. Then began he to curse and swear that he knew not the man. And immediately the cock

crew.

75. And Peter remembred the words of Jesus, which he had said: Before the cock crow, thou shalt deny me thrice, and he went out, and wept bitterly.



CHAP. XXVII.

Christ is delivered bound unto Pilate, Judas bangeth himself. Pilate admonified by his wife washeth his hands. Barabbas is preferr'd to Christ by the people. Christ is crowned with thorus, crucified, revised, he dieth, is buried, and his sepulchre is sealed.

T. A ND when the mothing was come, all the Chief Priests and the Elders of the people took counsel against Jesus to put him to death.

2. And led him away bound, and delivered him

to Pontius Pilate the president.

3. Then Judas, who betrayed him, sceing that he was condemned, repented, and brought back the thirty pieces of silver to the Chief Priests and Elders.

4. Saying: I have finned in betraying innocent blood. But they faid: What is that to us? Look

thou to it.

- 5. And he cast down the pieces of silver in the temple, and departed; and went and hanged himself.
- 6. And the Chief Priests took the silver pieces, and said: It is not lawful to put them into the treasury, because it is the price of blood.

7. And they took counsel, and bought for them

the potters field to bury ftrangers in.

8. Wherefore that field was called Haceldama,

that is, the field of blood, unto this day.

o. Then was fulfilled that which was spoken by Jeremy the Prophet, saying: And they took the thirty pieces of silver, the price of him, who was

^{2.} Pontius Pilate the president. Judea being at this time a Province of the Roman Empire, Pontius Pilate was the Man sent by the Roman Emperor to govern that Province. And for as much as the Romans aid divide such Countries as they conquer'd into so many Provinces, those, who had been appointed to Rule over many Provinces, were call'd Proconsuls; such as were over single Provinces, were call'd Presidents, or Procurators; and such as rul'd over Cities only were call'd Governours. Hence it is, that St. Matthew calls Pontius Priate President, and St. Luke calls the same, Procurator of Judea. Luke 3. 4.

valued, whom they valued of the children of If-

10. And gave them for the potter's field, as the

Lord appointed me.

president asked him, saying: Art thou the king of the Jews. Jesus saith unto him: Thou sayest it.

12. And when he was accused by the Chief Priests

and Elders, he answered nothing.

13. Then faith Pilate unto him: Hearest thou not how many witnesses they bring against thee?

14. And he autwered him to never a word, so that

the Prefident aid very much admire.

15. Now the president did use to release unto the people, on that solemn day, one prisoner, whom they would.

16. And he had then a noted prisoner, whole

- name was Barabbas.
- 17. Therefore when they were gathered together, Pilate said: Whom will ye that I release unto you: Barabbas, or Jesus, who is called Christ?

18. For he knew that for envy they had delivered

him.

19. And as he fat on the judgment feat, his wife fent to him, taying: Have thou nothing to do with that just man; for I have this day lustered much in a dream upon his account.

20. But the Chief Priests and the Elders perlivaded the people that they should ask Barabbas, and destroy

Jelus.

21. And the President answered, and said unto them. Whether of the two will ye that I release unto you? They said; Barabbas.

22. Pilate saith unto them: What shall I do then

with Jefus, who is called Christ?

- 23. They all fay: Let him be crucified: The President saith unto them: Why, what evil hath he done? But they cived out the more, saying: Let him be crucified.
- 24. When Pilate saw, that nothing could prevail, but that rather a tumult was raised: He took water, and washed his hands before the people, saying: I am innocent of the blood of this just man; look ye to it.

25. And all the people answered, and said: His

blood be upon us and our children.

26. Then released he Barabbas unto them: And F ? when

Chap. XXVII. The Gospel according

when Jesus was scourged, he delivered him to be crucified.

27. Then the foldiers of the President took Jefus into the court-hall, and gathered unto him the whole band.

28. And they stripped him, and put on him a

icarlet robe.

29. And when they had platted a crown of thorns, they put it upon his head, and a reed in his right hand, and they bent the knee before him, and mocked hum, taying: Hail king of the Jews.

30. And they spit upon him, and took the reed

and stroke him on the head.

31. And after they had mocked him, they stripped him of the robe, and put on him his own raiment, and led him away to crucify him.

32. And as they went out, they found a man of Cyrene, whole name was Simon; Him they compell'd

to carry his crofs.

33. And they came to a place, which is called

Golgotha, that is, a place of a scull.

- 34. And they gave him wine to drink mixt with gall. And when he had tasted thereof, he would not drink.
- 35. And after they had crucified him, they divivided his garments cafting lots; that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the Prophet saying: They divided my garments among them, and upon my vesture did they cast lots.

36. And they lat down and watched him.

37. And fer up over his head his acculation writ-

ton. This is Jelus, the king of the Jews.

38. Then were there two thieves crucified with him. one on the right hand, and another on the left.

35. And they that passed by, blasphemed him,

wagging their heads.

- 40. And faying: Vah, Thou that destroyest the temple of God, and in three days buildest it: Save thy felf, if thou be the son of God, come down from the Cross.
- 41. In like manner the Chief Priests mocking him, with the Scribes and Elders, said:
- 42. He faved others, himself he cannot save: If he be the king of Israel, let him now come down from the cross, and we will believe him.

43. He trufted in God ler him now deliver him,

if

if he will have him: For he said: I am the son of God.

44. The thieves * also, who were crucified with * The plural him, did reproach him with the felf fame thing. Number is bere

45. Now from the fixth hour there was darkness fet for the sinover all the earth until the ninth hour.

guiar: For

46. And about the ninth hour Jesus cried with a there did but loud voice, saying: Eli, Eli, lamma, sabactani? one of the That is, my God, my God, why hast thou for laken Thieves re-

me:

47. Some of them, who stood by and heard, appears by St. faid: He calleth for Elias.

Luke Chap.

48. And immediately one of them ran, and took \$ 23.30. Buint sponge and filled it with vinegar, and put it upon is very usual a reed, and gave him to drink.

49. But the rest, said: Stay, let us see whether ture to put the Elias will come to save him.

plural for the

50. And Jelus crying again with a loud voice, jingulin Numgave up the ghoft, ber.

51. And behold the veil of the temple was rent in two, from the top to the bottom; and the earth did quake, and the rocks were split.

52. And the graves were opened, and many bodies

of Saints, which flept, arole.

53. And came our of the graves, after his refurrection, and went into the body city, and appeared to many.

54. Now when the Conturion, and they that were with him keeping Jehis, faw the earthquake, and those things that were done, they feared greatly, faying: Tody this was the lon of God.

55. And many women were there at a great diflance; which rollowed Jelus from Galilee mini-

firing unto lim.

^{44.} The thieves. Tis usual with the Jewish Writers, to put the fineal very often, instead of the singular Number; as in this case; For St. Luke 22.39 assures us, there did but one of the Thieves reproach Christ; as a so in the Case of the Woman, which pour'd the precious Ointment upon Christ's Head, Mat. 26.7. For the it be said there, that the Disciples had Indignation against ber, for committing that waste: Yet St. John tells us, Chap. 12.4. that none but Judas the Traitor did conceive that Indignation, giving for a Reason thereof, that he was a Thief who took away what was sent to the Peor.

56. Among which was Mary Magdalen, and Mary the mother of Joseph and James, and the mother of the son's of Zebedee.

57. And when even was come, there came a certain rich man of Arimathea, named Joseph, who

also bimself was a Disciple of Jesus.

58. This man went to Pilate, and asked the body of Jesus. Then Pilate commanded the body to be given.

59. And when Joseph had taken the body, he

wrapped it in a clean fine linnen cloth.

60. And laid it in his own new tomb, which he had cut our in a rock. And he rolled a great stone to the door of the tomb, and departed.

61. And there was Mary Magdalen and the other

Mary litting over against the sepulchre.

62. And the next day, which is the day after the preparation, the Chief Priests and the Pharisecs came together unto Pilate, saying:

63. Sir, we remember, that this Impostor said: while he was yet alive, after three days I will rife again.

- 64. Command therefore the lepulchre to be guarded until the third day: lest his Disciples come and steal him, and say to the people: He is risen from the dead. And the last error shall be worse than the first.
- 65. Pilate said unto them: Ye have a guard, go your way, guard it as ye understand.

66. And they went and made fure the fepulchie, fealing the stone, with a guard.

^{62.} And the next day which is the day after the preparation. So call'd, because the sews us'd to prepare themselves for the Feast, by washings, purished tons, continence, &cc. As also, because they us'd to prepare several things for the Feast. This Preparation is call'd in the Greek suggestion, and the Latin retains the same Word Parasceve, as a sacred Term, meaning thereby Good-Friday. Because that Day sell upon the Day before the Sabbath, and was the Preparation Day for the Sabbath, as the Word Parasceve imports; but more especially, because it was the Day on which Jesus Christ suffer'd for the Sins of the World; being the Eve of the great Sabbath.

CHAP. XXVIIL

The guards are frightned by the earthquake. Christ's refurredion is declared by an angel to the women. The Chief Priests give the soldiers money to say that he was stol'n out of the sepulchre. Christ appeareth to his Disciples, and sendeth them to baptize and teach all nations, promising he will be with them to the end of the world.

Down in the evening of the fabbath, which The Goffel at began to dawn in the first day of the week, Mass on Eacame Mary Magdalene, and the other Mary to see ster Eve. the sepulchre.

z. And

1. Now in the evening of the Sabbath, which began to dawn in the first day of the week. This Verse as it is conceiv'd, both in the Greek and in the Latin is very difficult to be understood, even in the literal Senfe, tho' the Latin is render'd from the Greek Word for Word .The Latin runs thus: Velpere autem labbathi, quæ lucelcit in prima labbathi: Which the Translators of the Rhemish Testament zender after this manner: And in the evening of the laboath, which dawneth on the first of the Sabbath. The Protestant Translators thus: In the end of the fabbath, as it began to dawn towards the first day of the week. The Rhemin Translation is too literal, and too obscure; and the Protestant is rather a Paraphrase than a Translation. Now there are two Difficulties in this Verfe: The first is, what is bere meant by, The evening of the labbath. Since it was the Evening or Night before the Refurre-Stion of Christ, which happened the third Day from the Friday on which he fuffer'd; and that the Jews did celchrate the Salbath Day, only from the beginning of the full Evening to the beginning of the second, so as, that the second Evening did not at all belong to the Sabbath; pursuant to God's command. A vespera ad vesperam celebrabitis sabbata vestra: From evening to evening ye shall celebrate your sabbaths. Levit. 23. 32. Let it is here called the Evening of the Sabbath.

The second Difficulty is, what is here meant by, The first of the sabbath; as the Greek, Latin and Rhe-

mish Translation bave it.

Chap. XXVIII. The Golpei according

2. And behold there was a great earthquake. For the angel of the Lord descended from heaven, and came, and rolled the stone back, and sat upon it.

3. His countenance was like lightning, and his

rainient as Inow.

4.And the guards for fear of him were terrified, and became as dead men.

5. And the angel answered, and said unto the women: Fear not ye, for I know that ye seek Jesus, which was crucified.

6. He is nor here: For he is rifen, as he said, come and see the place where the Lord was laid.

7. And go quickly, and tell his Disciples, that he is risen; and behold he goeth before you into Galilee, there ye shall see him. Lo I have foretold you.

8. And they went quickly out of the sepulchre with fear and great joy, and ran to tell his Diferples.

As to the first, we must observe, that the the sews did usually celebrate the Sabbath Days from the leginning of the first Evening unto the beginning of the second Evening only, and no farther, so as that the second Evening did not pertain at all to the Sabbath; yet in the Subbath Days which happened within the Offaces of the Fenfls of the Paffover, of the Fenfls of the first Fruits, of Tabernacles, &c. They did observe the Sabbaths and kept them from the beginning of the first Evening unto the End of the second inclusively: And it was for this Reason, that these Subbaths were call'd great Subbath Days, as St. John 19. 31, calls this Sabbath. Erat enim magnus dies ille Sabbathi: For this was a great Sabbath Day. So that St. Matthew spoke here according to the Custom and Usage of his Countrymen, with which, if we be not acquainted, we shall find Difficulties in things that were very Familiar to them.

Touching the second. We need only to offerve that in Scripture Phrase, the Word Sabbath is very often taken for the whole Week, as you may see in this Passage, which can bear no other Sense. Seguno his in sabbato. I fast twice a Week, or in the Week, Luke 18. 12. Hence it appears, that these Words: In prima sabbati, must necessarily be render'd thus: In the first day of the week. The Word Sabbath being here taken for the whole Week. For it were Nonsense to say; In the first day of the sabbath: Since the Sabbath is but one Day.

c. And

9. And behold Jesus mer them, saying: All haff. And they came, and grasped his feer, and adored nim.

10. Then said Jesus unto them: Fear not: Go, tell my brethren, that they go into Galilee, there hall they lee me.

11. As they went, behold some of the guards came into the city, and told the Chief Priests all

that had happened.

12. And when they had affembled with the Elders, and had taken counted, they gave a great fum of money to the foldiers.

13. Saying: Say ye, his Disciples came by night,

and stole him, while we flept.

14. And if this shall come to the President's ears, we will perfuade him, and bear you harmlefs.

15. So they took the money, and did as they were taught. And this faying is spread abroad among the Jews until this day.

16. And the eleven Disciples went into Galilee, The Gospel co unto a mountain, where Jesus had appointed them. Friday in Ea-

17. And when they faw him, they adored him, ster Week. but fome doubted.

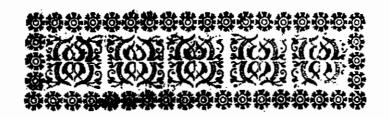
18. And Jelus drew near, and spake to them, say- The Gospel on ing: All power is given unto me, in heaven, and the Feast of in earth.

19. Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the father, and of the fon, and of the holy ghost.

20. Teaching them to observe all things whatfoever I have commanded you. And lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world.

the B. Trinity.





THE

Holy GOSPEL

O F

Jesus Christ,

According to Saint MARK.

CHAP. I.

John haptizeth, and preacheth in the wilderness, Christ cometh to be haptized by him, he fasteth forty days, ealleth Peter, Andrew, James and John, healeth Peter's mother in law, and many that were possessed by devils.

1. HE beginning of the gospel of Jelus Christ the ion of God.

2. As it is written in the Prophet Isaias: Behold I send my angel before thy face, who shall prepare thy way before thee.

3. The voice of one crying in the defert; prepare ye the way of the Lord, make his paths strait.

4. John was in the defert baptizing and preaching the baptilm of penance for the remission of sins.

5. And there went out unto him all the country of Judea, and all the people of Jerusalem, and they were baptized by him in the river Jordan, confessing their fins.

The Gospel according, &c.

6. And John was cloathed with camels hair and a leathern girdle about his loins, and he did eat locusts and wild honey, and he preached, faying:

7. There cometh one more powerful than I after me, the latchet of whole thooes I am not worthy to

floop down and unloofe.

8. I have baptized you in water, but he shall bap-

tize you in the holy ghoff.

 And it came to pals in those days, that Jesus came from Nazareth of Galilee, and was baptized by John in Jordan.

the heavens opened, and the spirit like a dove de-

feending and remaining upon him.

11. And there came a voice from heaven. * Thou art my beloved fon, in thee I am well pleafed.

12. And immediately the spirit drove him into

the defert

- 13. And he was in the defert forty days and forty nights, and was tempted by fatan; and he was with beafts, and the angels ministred unto him.
- 14. Now after that John had been delivered up, Jefus came into Galilee, preaching the golpel of the

kingdom of God.

13. And faying: The time is fulfilled, and the kingdom of God is at hand: Repent and believe the gospel.

16. And as he passed night he less of Galilee, he saw Simon, and Andrew his brother casting ners into

the fea (for they were fishers.)

17. And Jelus faid unto them: Come ye after me, and I will make you to become fishers of men.

18. And immediately they forlook their nets, and followed him.

19. And when he had gone a little further thence, he iaw James the ion of Zebedee, and John his brother, who also were in the ship, mending their nets.

20. And straitway he called them: And they lest their father Zebedee in the ship with the hired servants, and followed him.

21. And they went into Capharnaum; and he went first into the synagogue on the labbath days,

and raught them.

22. And they were aftonished at his doctrine; for he raught them as one, who had authority, and not as the Scribes.

Sup. Saying.

The Golpel according

23. And there was in there lynagogue a man with

an unclean spirit: And he cried out.

Jesus of Nazazeth? Didst thou come to destroy us? I know who thou art, the holy one of God.

25. And Jesus threatned him, saying: Hold thy

peace, and come out of the man.

26. And when the unclean spirit had torn him and cried with a loud voice, he came out of him.

27. And they were all surprized, insomuch that they questioned among themselves, saying: What is this? What new doctrine is this? For with authority commandeth he even the unclean spirits, and they do obey him:

28. And immediately his fame went over all the

land of Galilee.

29. And forthwith going out of the fynagogue, they went into the house of Simon and Andrew, with James and John.

30. Now Simon's wifes mother lay fick of a fe-

ver: And immediately they tell him of her.

- 31. And he came, took her by the hand, and lift her up, and forthwith her fever left her, and she ministred upto them.
- 32. And in the evening, when the sun had set, they brought unto him all the sick, and such as were persented by devils.

33. And all the city was gathered together at the

door.

- 34. And he healed many, who were fick of divers diseases; and he cast out many devils, and did not suffer them to speak, because they knew him.
- 35. And rifing very early in the morning, he went out, and retired into 2 folitary place, and there prayed.

36. And Simon, and those who were with him,

followed him.

37. And when they had found him, they said unto him: All men seek for thec.

38. And he said unto them: Let us go into the next towns, and ciries, that I may preach there also: For to this purpose am I come.

39. And he preached in their lynagogues, and over

all Galilee, and cast out devils.

40. And there came a leper to him, befeeching him, and having benr his knee, he said unto him: If thou wilt, thou canst make me clean,

41. And Jesus moved with pity, stretched out his hand, and touched him, and said: I will! be thou clean.

42. And so soon as he had spoken, immediately the leproly departed from him, and he was cleanled.

43. And having strictly charged him, he fent him

Arait away.

44. And faith unto him: See thou tell no body, but go, shew thy self to the High Priest, and offer for thy cleaning those things, which Moses commanded for a testimony unto them.

45. But as he went abroad, he began to proclaim, and publish the matter, insomuch that he could no more openly enter into the city, but was abroad in solitary places, and they came to him from all parts.

CHAP. II.

The Scribes murmur, because Christ said to the man sick of the palsie, thy sins are forgiven: And because he commanded him to carry away his bed on the Sabbath Day. The Pharisees also murmur, because he eat with Publicans and Sinners, and because his Disciples did not sail; for which Christ giveth reasons, and excuse their plucking the ears of corn on the sabbath.

1. A ND again he entred into Capharnaum after fome days.

2. And it was noised, that he was in a certain house, and there gathered together so many, that there was no room, no not at the door, and he spoke the word unto them.

3. And they came to him bringing a man fick of

the palfie, who was carried by four.

4. And when they could not let him before Jesus for the croud, they uncovered the roof where he was: And when they had laid it open, they let down the couch in which the sick of the palie lay.

5. When Jelus saw their fairh, he saith unto the sick of the palsie: Son thy sins are for-

given thee.

6. Now there were some of the Scribes sitting there, and thinking in their hearts.

7. Why dorn this man thus speak? He blasphemeth. Who can forgive fins but God alone?

8. Which

* i. e. The

Bridegroom.

Friends of the

The Golpel according

8. Which Jefus immediately perceiving in his fpa tit, viz. ther they thus thought within themselves? he faith unto them: Why think ye these things in your .bearts?

9. Whether it exfict, to fay unto the fick of the palsie: Thy not are forgiven thee; of to say: Arise,

take up thy couch and walk?

to. Now, that ye may know, that the ion of man hath power on earth to forgive fins, (he faith unto the man lick of the palifa.

er I lay unto thee: Afife, take up thy couch,

and go into thy house.

12. And immediately he arole, and took up his couch, and went away before them all, infomuch that they were all surprized, and glorified God, saying: We never law the like.

13. And he went forth again to the lea: And all the multitude came unto him, and he taught them.

- 14. And as he passed by, he saw Levi the son of Alpheus fitting at the receipt of custom, and laid unto him: Follow me. And he arole, and followed him.
- rs. And it came to pals, that as he lat at table in his Roule, many Publicans and Sinners far together with Jelus, and his Disciples: For there were many who followed him.
- 16. And when the Scribes and Pharilees law, that he did eat with Publicans and Sinners, they faid unto his Disciples: Why doth your mafter eat and drink with Publicans and Sinners?

17. Which when Jesus heard, he saith unto them. Not the healthy, but the fick have need of a physician: For I am not come to call the just but linners.

18. And the Disciples of John, and the Pharisees uled to fast: And they come and fay unto him: Why do the Disciples of John, and of the Phari-

lees tatt, but thy Disciples fast not?

19. And Jelus laid unto them: Can the children * of the wedding fast, while the bridegroom is with them? So long as they have the bridegroom with them they cannot fast.

20. But the days will come, when the bridegroom shall be taken away from them: And then shall they

faft in those days.

21. No man foweth a piece of new cloth on an old garment: Elfe the new piece taketh away from the old, and the tent is made bigger.

22. And no man putteth new wine into old casks: Else the wine will burst the casks, and the wine will be spilt, and the casks destroyed; but new wine must be put into new casks.

23. And it came to pais again as the Lord walked thro' the corn fields on the labbath, that his Disciples began to go on, and to pluck the ears of corn.

24. And the Pharifees said unto him: Behold, why do they on the sabbath that which is not lawful?

25. And he faid unto them: Have ye never read what David did, when he had need, and was an hungred, he and those, who were with him?

26. How he went into the house of God, in the days of Abiathar the High Priest, and did eat the shew breads, which was not lawful to eat, but for the Priests, and gave unto those, who were with him?

727. And he faid unto them: The fabbath is made

for man, and not man for the fabbath.

28. Therefore the fon of man is Lord also of the fabbath.

Now David being perfecuted by King Saul, as we read in the first Book of Kings Chap. 21. and being streightned for Food, came to the High Priest Achimelech, who was also called Abiathar, and did eat of these Breads, he and his Servants, because he was an hungred, and that the High Priest had no common Bread. By which Christ shows that in Case of Necessity things

vit. Chap. 24. That God commanded Moles to take fine Flower, and to bake twelve Breads or Cakes, and to place them upon a clean Table in the Tabernacle; six on each End of the Table; and to renew them weekly. And when fresh Breads were put on, that Aaron, and his Sons the Priests, should eat in the holy Place those that were taken away. They are called Panes propositionis, that is, shew Breads, because they were exposed to view, on the said Table as a Monument, or Memorial of the perpetual Sacrifice, men ought to offer unto God, &c.

CHAP. III,

After Christ had cured the withered hand, he withdrew to the sea side, and was followed by great multitudes, whose sick he healeth. He also chooseth twelve, whom he sent to preach giving them power of doing miracles, convinceth of blasphemy the Scribes, who said he had cast out devils by the power of Belzebuh, telling them that the blasphemy against the holy ghost is not to be forgiven, and pointeth at these who are his brother, lister and mother.

ND he went again into the synagogue, and there was a man there, who had a withered hand.

2. And they watched him, whether he would cure on the fabliath, that they might accuse him.

3. And he saith unto the man, who had the wi-

thered hand: Stand up amidft them.

4. And he faith unto them: Is it lawful to do good on the fabbath days or to do evil? To fave a foul, or to deftroy it? But they held their peace.

5. And when he had looked round about on them with anger, being grieved at the blindness of their hearts, he saith unto the man: Stretch out thy hand, and he fretched it out, and his hand was re-

* Sup. Whole. Stored unto him.

6. And the Pharifees went out, and forthwith took counsel with the Herodians against him, how they might destroy him.

7. But Jesus with his Disciples drew to the sea: And a great multitude from Galilee, and from Judea

followed him.

- 8. And from Jerusalem, and from Idumea, and from beyond Jordan, and those about Tyre and Sidon, a great multitude, hearing what he did, came unto him.
- 9. And he spake to his Disciples, that a small ship should wait on him, because of the multitude, lest they should throng him.

10. For he cured many, infomuch that they rubed in upon him, for to touch him; as many as had di-

ftempers.

as. And unclean spirits, when they saw him, sell down to him; and cried, saying:

12. Thou are the ion of God, And he ftrictly charged

charged them that they fould not make him known.

- 13. And he goeth up into a mountain, and calleth unto him whom he would: And they came unto him.
- 14. And he appointed, that twelve should be with him, and that he might send them to preach.

15. And he gave them power to heal sicknesses, and to cast out devils.

16. And Simon he surnamed Peter.

17. And James the son of Zebedee, and John the brother of James, and he survamed them Boanerges, which is, the sons of thunder.

18. And Andrew, and Philip, and Bartholomew, and Matthew, and Thomas, and James the fon of Alpheus, and Thaddeus, and Simon the Canaanice.

19. And Judas Ilcariot, who also betrayed him.
20. And they come to an house, and the multitude cometh together again, so that they could not

to much as eat bread.

- 21. And when his friends heard of it, they went out to lay hold on him: For they said, that he was beside himself.
- 22. And the Scribes, who came down from Jerufalem, fajd: He hath Belzebub, and by the prince of the devils, he cafteth out devils.

23. And having called them, he said unto them

in parables: How can fatan cast out devils.

24. And if a kingdom be divided against it self, that kingdom cannot stand.

25. And if a house be divided against it self, that

house cannot stand.

26. And if faran rife up against himself, he is divided, and cannot stand, but hath an end.

27. No man can enter into a strong man's house and spoil his goods, except he doth first bind the strong man, and then he will spoil his house.

28. Verily I say unto you, that all fins shall be forgiven unto the sons of men, and blasphemies

wherewith they shall blaspheme.

29. But he, who shall dislipheme against the holy ghost shall never have forgiveness, but shall be guilty of an everlasting sin.

30. Because they laid: He hath an unclean spi-

rit.

31. And his mother and brethren come, and standing abroad, they sent to him, calling him.

The Gospel according

32. And the multitude fat about him: And they fay unto him: Behold thy mother and thy brethren abroad feek for thee.

33. And he answered them, and said: Who is my

mother, or my brethren?

34. And looking found about on them, who fat about him, he said: Behold my mother, and my brethren.

35. For whofoever shall do the will of God, the same is my brother, and my fister and mother.

CHAP. IV.

The parable of the fower, and the meaning thereof, the parable of the feed cast into the earth, which groweth while men are assect; of the grain of mustard seed.

All which he unfoldesh to his Disciples apart. Being awakened in the soip be stilleth the tempes.

A ND he began again to teach by the sea side:
And there was gathered unto him a great
multirude, so that, going aboard a ship, he sat in
the sea, and the whole multirude was by the sea on
the land.

2. And he taught them many things in parables,

and said unto them in his doctrine.

3. Hearken; behold there went out a lower to low.

4. And as he fowed, some fell by the way side, and the fowls of the air came, and devoured it up.

5. And some fell upon rocky ground, where it had not much earth; and immediately it sprang up, because it had no depth of earth.

6. And when the fun was up, it was [corched]

and because it had no root, it withered away.

7. And some fell among thorns, and the thorns grew up, and choked it, and it bore no fruit.

8. And tome fell into good ground, and bore fault, that sprang up, and encreased; and brought, one, thirty; one, fixty; and one, an hundred.

9. And he said: He that hath ears to hear, let

bim hear.

10. And when he was alone, the twelve, who

were with him, asked of him * the parable.

17. And he said unto them: Unto you it is given to know the mysteries of the kingdom of God: But unto those, who are without, all things are done in parables.

* Sup. t'e meaning of

12. That

12. That feeing they may fee, and not perceive: and hearing they may hear, and not understand: lest at any time they should be converted, and their fins should be forgiven them.

13. And he said unto them: Know ye not this

parable? And how will ye know all parables?

14. The fower, foweth the word.

use And these are they by the way fide, where the word is sown, and when they have heard, satan cometh immediately, and taketh away the word which was sown in their hearts.

16. And there are they likewife, which were fown on rocky ground: Who, when they have heard the

word, immediately receive it with joy.

17. And have no root in themselves, but are for a time: afterward when tribulation or persecution ariseth for the word's sake, immediately they are scandalized.

18. And there are others, who are fown among

thorns: These are they, who hear the word.

19. And the cares of the world, and the doceitfulnels of riches, and the lufts of other things entring in, choke the word, and render it fruitless.

20. And these are they, who are sown in good ground, such as hear the word, and receive it, and bring forth stuit, one, thirty; one, sixty; and one, an hundred.

21. And he said unto them: Doth a candle come to be pur under a bushel, or under a bed? Doth it

not come to be let on a candleftick?

22. For there is nothing hid, which shall not be manifested. Neither was any thing kept secret, but that it should come to light.

23. If any man have cars to hear, let him hear.

24. And he said unto them: Take heed what you hear. With what measure ye mete, it shall be measured unto you again, and more shall be added unto you.

25. For he that hath, to him shall be given: And he that hath not, from him shall be taken, even that

which he hath.

26. And he said: So is the kingdom of God, as

if a man should cast seed into the ground.

27. And should sleep, and rise night and day, and the seed should spring, and increase while he knoweth not.

28. For the earth bringeth forth fruit of it self, first,

Sup. Hors.

Chap. IV.

Sup. So is

be Dostrine

; the Gospel.

The Gospel according

first, the blade; then, the ear; afterward the sull corn in the ear.

29. And when the fruit is brought forth, immediately he putteth in the fickle,, because the harvest is come.

30. And he faid: Whereunto shall we liken the kingdom of God? Or to what parable shall we compare it?

31. As a grain of mustard seed, which, when it is sown in the earth, is less than all the seeds, which are in the earth.

32. And when it is fown, it rifeth up, and becometh greater than all herbs, so that the birds of the air may dwell under the shadow of it. *

33. And with many such parables spake he the word unto them, as they were able to hear.

34. But without a parable spake he not unto them: And apart he expounded all to his Disciples.

35. And the same day when it was late, he saith unto them: Let us pass over unto the other side.

36. And having dismissed the multitude, they take him even as he was in the ship, and there were other ships with him.

37. And there arose a great storm of wind, and the waves beat into the ship, so that it was filled.

38. And he was in the stern asleep on a pillow: and they awake him, and say unto him, Master, art thou not concerned, that we perish?

39. And he arole, and rebuked the wind, and faid unto the lea: Peace, be still: And the wind ceased, and there was a great calm.

40. And he said unto them: Why are ye searful? Have ye not faith as yet? And they seared exceedingly, and said one to another: Who (thinkest thou) is this, for both the wind and the sea obey him?

CHAP. V.

Christ healeth the man that was possessed by a legion of devils, and permitteth them to enter into the swine; but would not suffer the man to follow him, and having healed a woman of an issue of blood, he cometh to the house of Jairus, and raiseth his daughter from the dead.

1. A ND they came over to the other fide of the fea, into the Country of the Geralens.

z. And as he went out of the ship, immediately there met him out of the tombs, a man with an unclean spirit.

3. Who had his dwelling in the tombs, and no

man could bind him, not even with chains.

4. For being often bound with fetters and chains, he had buift the chains, and broke in pieces the fetters, and no man was able to tame him.

5. And always night and day he was in the tombs, and in the mountains, crying, and cutting himself

with stones.

- 6, But seeing Jelus afar of, he ran, and adored him.
- 7. And crying with a loud voice, faid: What have I to do with thee, Jelus the lon of the most high God? I adjure thee by God, that thou torment me not.

8. For he faid unto him: Be gone from the man

thou unclean spirit.

9. And he asked him: What is thy name? And he saith unto him: My name is legion, for we are many.

10. And he prayed him earnestly that he would

not drive him out of the country.

11. Now there was there about the mountain a great herd of swine, seeding.

t2. And the spirits belought him, saying: Send us into the swine, that we may enter into them.

is. And forthwith Jesus gave them leave. And the unclean spirits went out, and entred into the swine: And with great violence the herd went headlong into the sea to the number of two thousand, and were stifled in the sea-

14. And they that fed them, fled, and carried the news into the city, and into the fields, and they

vent out to lee what was done.

Chap, V.

The Gospel according

15. And they come unto Telus; and they fee him that was vexed by the devil, fitting, cloathed, and in his right fenfes, and they were afraid.

16. And they that had feen it told unto them, how it befel to him, who had the devil, as also

concerning the Iwine.

17- And they began to intreat him to depart from their coasts.

18. And as he was going aboard the thip, he, who had been vexed by the devil, began to pray

him, that he might be with him.

19. And he suffered him not, but saith unto him: Sup Friends. Go home to thine own, * and tell them, how great things the Lord hath done for thee, and hath had compallion on thee.

20. And he departed, and began to publish in Decapolis how great things Jelus had done for him,

and they did all marvel.

21. And when felus had passed over again by thip unto the other lide, a great multitude gathered unto him, and he was nigh the fea.

22. And there cometh one of the sulers of the synagogue, Jairus by name, and when he law him, he

fell at his feet.

23. And belought him greatly, faying: My daugher is at the point of death, come, lay thy hand on her, that the may be well, and live.

24. And he went with him, and a great multi-

tude followed him, and they thronged him.

25. And a woman, who had an iffue of blood

for twelve years.

26. And had luffered much by many Physicians, and had spent all her substance, and was nothing better but rather grew worfe.

27. When the had heard of felus, the came in the

crowd behind and touched his garment.

28. For the faid: If I shall touch but his gar-

ment, I shall be well.

29. And immediately the fountain of her blood was dried up: And the felt in her body that the was healed of the diftemper.

20. And Jelus forthwith knowing the virtue which went forth from him, turning to the multi-

tude, faid: Who touched my cloathes?

31. And his Disciples said unto him: Thou seeft the multipude thronging thee, and thou layest who touched the ?

32. And he looked found about to lee her who had done this thing.

33. But the woman fearing and trembling, knowing what was done in her, came and fell down before him, and told him all the truth.

34. And he said unto her: Daughter, thy faith hath made thee whole: Go in peace, and be whole

of thy diftemper?

35. While he yet foake, there come messengers from the ruler of the synagogue, saying: Thy-daughter is dead; why troublest thou the master any further?

36. But when Jesus heard the word, which was spoken, he saith unto the ruler of the synagogue: Be not asraid, only believe.

37. And he suffered no man to follow him, but Perer, and James, and John the brother of James.

38. And they come to the house of the suier of the lynagogue, and he seeth the tumult, and folks weeping and wailing greatly.

39. And having gone in, the faith unto them: Why make ye this ado, and weep? The girl is not

dezu but fleepeth.

40. And they mocked him. But he, having put them all out, taketh the father and the mother of the girl, and those who were with him, and goeth in where the girl day.

41. And taking the girl by the hand, he faith unto her: Talitha Cumi, which is, being interpre-

ted: Girl (I fay unto thee) arife.

^{35.} There cometh Messengers from the ruler of the synagogue, saying: Thy daughter is dead: Thus is this Verse read not only in the Vulgat, but also in the Greek both of St. Mark and Luke. But whereas it seems absurd, that Messengers should come from the Ruler of the Synagogue to himself, who was there then present with Christ, some Latin Interpreters bave rendered it, ad Archisynagogum, or, ad Principem Synagogue, to the Ruler of the Synagogue: And some English Translators have followed the same. But I think, there is no need of altering the Text: For it is easy to understand, that the meaning is: Messengers were sent from the Ruler of the Synagogues House, &cc. 'Tis in a Word, a peculiar way of speaking, natural to the sewish Writers.

The Gospel according

42. And immediately the girl arole, and walked; and she was twelve years old: And they were seized

with great aftonishment.

43. And he gave them strict charge that none should know it: And ordered that something should be given her to ear.

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CHAP. VI.

Christ is contemned by his Country-men, he sendeth his Apostles to preach the Gospel. Herod saith, that John the Baptist, whom he had beheaded, was risen from the dead. Christ feedeth five thousand men with five loaves and two silves, walketh on the sea, layeth a storm, and cureth them that touched his garment.

I. A ND having gone out from thence, he went into his own country: And his Disciples

followed him.

2. And when the sabbath day was come he began to teach: And many hearing him, were aftonished at his doctrine, saying: Whence hath this man all these things? And what is this wisdom, which is given unto him; and these mighty works, which are wrought by his hands?

3. Is not this the Carpenter, the fon of Mary, the brother of James, and Joseph, and Judas, and Simon? Are not his fifters also here with us? And

they were scandalized at him:

4. And Jesus said unto them: A Prophet is not without honour but in his own country, and in his own house, and among his own kindred.

5. And he could there do no miracle, only that he healed a few fick, by laying his hands on them.

6. And he marvelled because of their incredulity,

and went round about the towns teaching.

7. And he called the twelve: And began to fend them two and two, and gave them power over unclean spirits.

8. And he commanded them that they should take nothing for their journey, but a staff only; no scrip,

no bread, nor money in purie.

9. But be shod with sandals; and not put on two

10. And he faid unto them: In what place foever

we enter into an house, there abide till ye depart from that place.

11. And wholoever shall not receive you, nor hear you, as ye go out from thence, shake off the dust from your feet as a witness against them.

12. And they went out, and preached that they

mould do penance.

12. And they cast out many devils, and anointed

with oil many fick, and healed them.

14. And king Herod heard (for his fame was spread abroad) and he said; that sohn the Baptist was rifen from the dead; and therefore miracles are wrought by him."

15. And others faid: That it is Elias: But others he. faid : That it is a Prophet, as one of the Prophets. † + Sup. That

16. Which when Herod heard, he said: John, were of Old. whom I have beheaded, the fame is rifen from the dead.

17. For Herod himself sent, and laid hold on The Gospel on John, and bound him in prison, for Herodias's sake the Decolhis brother Philips wife, for he had married her.

18. For John did say unto Herod: It is not law- John Baptist,

ful for thee to have thy brother's wife.

19. Wherefore Herodias laid an ambulh for him;

and would have killed him, but the could not.

20. For Herod feared John, knowing that he was a just and holy man: and he observed him, and when he heard him, he did many things, and heard him gladly.

21. And when a convenient day was come, Herod on his birth day made a supper for the princes, and

high captains, and chief men of Galilee.

22. And when the daughter of the lame Herodias came in, and danced, and pleased Herod, and those who fat with him; the king faid unto the girl: Afk of me what thou wilt, and I will give it thee.

23. And he swore unto her: Whatsoever thou fhalt ask, I will give thee, tho' it were half my

kingdom.

24. Who when she had gone out, said unto her mother: What shall I ask? And she said: The head

of John the Baptist.

25. And when the had gone in immediately in hafte to the king, she asked, saying: I will that thou give me forthwith, in a dish the head of John the Baptist.

26. And the king was exceeding forsy; Yes for his

* Sup. Says

l ion of St. August 29.

Chap. VI. T

The Gospel according

his oath's fake, and for the fake of those who sat with him, he would not grieve her.

27. But having fent an executioner, commanded his head to be brought in a diff. And he beheaded

him in the prilon.

28. And brought his head in a dish, and gave it to the girl, and the girl gave it to her mother.

29. Which when his Disciples had heard, they

came and took his body and laid it in a tomb.

30. And the Apostles came together unto Jelus, and related unto him all the things which they had

done, and taught.

at. And he said unto them: Come ye apart into a desert place, and rest a while. For there were many who came and returned; and they had not leasure so much as to ear.

32. And going aboard the ship, they went away

into a defert place apart.

33. And the people faw them going away, and many knew him: And ran together thither a foot from all the cities, and came before him.

34. And Jesus went out, and saw a great multitude: And he had compassion on them, because they were as steep not having a shepherd, and he began to teach them many things.

35. And when the day was now far spent: His Disciples came unto him, saying: This is a desert

place, and now the hour is paffed.

36. Dismiss them, that they may go into the next

villages and towns, and buy victuals to cat.

37. And he answered, and said unto them: Give ye them to eat: And they said unto him: Let us go and buy bread for two hundred pence, and we will give them to eat.

38. And he faith unto them: How many loaves have ye? Go, and fee. And when they knew, they

fay: Five, and two fishes.

39. And he commanded them to make all the people fit down by companies upon the green grais.

40. And they fat down in ranks, by hundreds and

by fifties.

41. And when he had taken the five loaves, and the two fishes, he looked up to heaven, and blessed, and brake the loaves, and gave his Disciples, to lay before them: And the two fishes divided he among them all:

42. And they did all eat, and were filled.

43. And they took up the leavings, twelve baskets full of the fragments, and of the fishes.

44. And they that did eat were five thousand men.

45. And he immediately confirmed his Disciples to get into the ship, and to go before him to the other side unto Bethsaida, while he dismissed the people.

46. And when he had dismissed them: He went The Gospel on

unto a mountain to pray.

47. And when it was late, the ship was in the ter Ash-wed-

midft of the fea, and he alone on the land.

48. And he saw them teiling in rowing (for the wind was contrary unto them) and about the sourch watch of the night, he cometh unto them walking on the sea: And wou'd have passed by them.

49. But when they saw him walking upon the sea, they supposed it to have been a spirit, and they

cried out.

50. For they all saw him, and were troubled, and immediately he spoke to them, and said unto them: Have considence, it is I, be not afraid.

51. And he went up to them into the ship, and the wind ceased: And they were the more amazed

within themselves.

52. For they did not teflect upon the loaves: For their heart was blinded.

53. And when they had passed over, they came unto the land of Genesareth, and drew to the shore.

54. And when they were come out of the ship,

immediately the people knew him.

- 55. And ran thro' that whole region, and began to carry about in couches the fick, where they heard he was.
- 56. And whitherfoever he entred, into towns, or into villages, or cities, they laid the fick in the fireets, and befought him, that they might touch, were it but the hem of his garinent: And as many as did touch him, were made whole.

The Gofpel on Saturday ofter Ash-wednesday.

CHAP. VII.

Christ reproveth the Pharisees, who find fault with his Disciples for eating with unwashen hands, and sheweth them what it is that desileth man. He freeth the Syrophenician woman's daughter of an unclean spirit, at the pressing instances of the mother; also healeth a man that was deaf and dumb.

- 1. A ND the Pharifees come together unto him, and some of the Scribes, who came from Jerusalem.
- 2. And when they had seen some of his Disciples ear bread with common, that is, with unwashen hands, they found fault.

3. For the Pharifees, and all the Jews, except they wash their hands often, eat not, holding the tradi-

tion of the Elders.

* Sup. When they come.

- 4. And " from the market, except they are washed, they eat not: And many other things there are, which were delivered unto them, to observe as the washing of cups, and cruets, and of brazen vessels and beds.
- 3. And the Pharifees and Scribes asked him: Why walk not thy Disciples according to the tradition of the Elders, but eat bread with common hands?
- 6. He answered, and said unto them: Well hath Isaias prophesied of you hypocrites, as it is written: This people honour me with their lips, but their heart is tar from me.

7. But in vain do they worship me, teaching do-

ctrines and precepts of men.

8. For laying afide God's commandment, ye hold the tradition of men, the washing of cruets and cups: And many such like things ye do.

9. And he said unto them: Well make ye void God's commandment, that ye may observe your

own tradition.

10. For Moses said: Honour thy father and thy mother: And: He that shall cusse sather or mother let him die the death.

ir. But ye say: If a man shall say to father or mother; Corban (that is, a gift) whatsoever is from me, shall profit thee.

12. And further ye fuffer him not to do any thing

for his father or mother.

See the Annotations on the 15 Chap, of Matth.

13. Making

13. Making void the word of God by your tradition, which ye have delivered: And many things like these do ye.

14. And he called the multitude to him again, and faid unto them: Hearken unto me every one

of you, and understand.

- ty. There is nothing without a man, which entring into him can defile him, but the things which come out of him, those are they that defile a man.
 - 16. If any man have ears to hear, let him hear.
- 17. And when he had gone into the house from the multitude, his Disciples asked him concerning the parable."

18. And he saith unto them: Are ye so unwise also? Do ye not understand, that whatsoever from without entring into a man, cannot defile him.

19. Because it entreth not into his heart, but into the belly, and goeth out into the privy, purging all

meats?

zo. And he said, that the things which come out

of a man, they defile the man:

- 21. For from within, out of the heart of men proceed evil thoughts, adulteries, fornications, murders,
- 22. Thefts, coverousnels, wickednels, deceit, lasciviousnels, an evil eye, blasphemy, pride, foolishnels.
- 23. All these evils come from within, and defile
- 24. And he arose from thence, and went into the bounds of Tyre and Sidon: And having gone into a house, he would that no man should know, and he could not be hid.
- 25. For a woman, whose daughter had an unclean spirit, so soon as she heard of him, came, and fell at his feet.
- 26. For the woman was a Gentil, a Syrophenician by descent. And the befought him, that he would cast the devil out of her daughter.

27. He said unto her: Let the children first be filled. For it is not good to take the children's bread,

and to cast it unto the dogs.

28. But she answered, and said unto him: Yes Loid, yet the whelps under the table eat of the crums of the children.

29. And he said unto her: For this saying, go thy way, the devil is gone out of thy daughter.

Chap. VIII.

The Gospel according

ze. And when the was come home to her house. the found her daughter laid upon the bed, and the devil gone out.

The Gospel on the Eleventh Sunday after Pentecoft.

31. And again departing from the bounds of Tyre. he came by Sidon unto the lea of Galilee, thro' the midst of the coasts of Decapolis.

22. And they bring unto him one that was deaf and dumb, and they prayed him to lay his hand on

him.

33. And he took him aside from the multitude. and put his fingers into his ears, and he spit, and touched his tongue.

24. And looking up to heaven, he fighed, and faid

unto him: Ephpheta, which is, be opened.

25. And immediately his ears were opened, and the string of his tongue was looked, and he looke plain.

36. And he charged them that they should tell no man; But the more he charged them, to much

the more a great deal did they publish it.

27. And so much the more did they wonder, saying: He hath done all things well, he hath made both the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak.

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CHAP. YIII.

Christ feedeth four thousand men with five loaves and a few little fiftes: He commandeth his Disciples to beware of the leaven of the Pharifees, asketh them what men believed bim to be: Peter confesseth that he was Christ; exhorteth men to carry their cross, and that nothing should be esteemed more precious than our fouls.

the Sixth Suntecost.

The Gospel on I. I N those days there being again a great multi-I tude, and having nothing to eat, he called day after Pen- his Disciples together, and saith unto them:

2. I have compassion on the multitude: Because they have been now three days with me, and have

nothing to eat.

3. And if I fend them away fasting to their houses, they will faint by the way: For some of them came from far.

4. And his Disciples answered him: Whence can a man fill them here with bread in the wildernels?

5. And he asked them: How many loaves have ye? They laid: Seven.

6. And he ordered the multitude to fit down on the ground. And he took the feven loaves, and gave thanks; and brake, and gave to his Disciples to fet before them, and they set them before the multitude.

7. And they had a few little fishes: Them he also

blessed, and commanded to be set before them.

8. And they did cat and were filled: And they rook up what remained of the broken meat, leven baskets full.

 And they, who had exten, were about four thouland: And he lent them away.

to. And immediately he went aboard the ship with his Disciples, and came into the parts of Dalmanutha.

gue with him, feeking of him a fign from heaven,

tempting him.

- 12. And he fighed deeply in his spirit, and saith: Why doth this generation seek for a sign? Verily I say unto you, there shall no sign be given to this generation.
- 13. And he left them, and went again aboard the ship, and departed to the other side.

14. And they forgot to take bread: And had but

one lost with them in the thip.

- 15. And he charged them, faying Take heed, and beware of the leaven of the Pharitees, and of the leaven of Herod.
- . 16. And they reasoned among themselves, saying: Because we have no bread.
- Why reason ye, because ye have no bread? Know ye not yet, neither understand? Have ye as yet your heart blinded?

18. Having eyes see ye not? And having cars hear

ye not? Neither do ye remember...

19. When I brake the five loaves among the five thousand: How many baskers full of fragments took ye up? They say unto him: Twelve.

20. When also the seven loaves among the four thousand: How many hampers of fragments took ye

up? And they lay unto him: Seven.

21. And he faid unto them: How is it ye do not yet understand?

22. And they come to Bethlaida, and they bring a blind man unto him, and belought him to touch him.

23. And he took the blind man by the hand, and led him out of the town. And when he had spit on his eyes, and laid on his hands, he asked him it he saw any thing.

Chap. VIII.

The Gospel according

24. And he looked up, and faid: I fee men, as trees, walking.

25. After that he laid his hands again on his eyes: And he began to fee, and was reftored, so as to see

all things clearly.

26. And he fent him away to his house, saying: Go into thy houle: And if thou enter into the town

tell no body.

- 27. And Jesus went out, and his Disciples, into the towns of Celarea Philippi: And by the way he asked his Disciples saying unto them: Whom do men say that I am?
- 28. They answered him, saying: John the Baptist, but some say Elias; and others, one of the Prophets.
- 29. Then faith he unto them: But whom fay ye that I am: Peter answereth, and faith unto him: Thou art the Christ.
- 30. And he charged them, that they should tell no man of him.
- 21. And he began to teach them, that the ion of man must luffer many things, and be rejected by the Elders, and by the High Priests, and Scribes, and be killed, and after three days rife again.

32. And he spake the word openly: And Peter took

him, and began to reprove him.

22. But when he had turned about, and looked upon his Disciples, he threatned Peter, saying: Get thee behind me Satan, * for thou savourest not the notations upon things which are of God, but the things which are

of men. 34. And having called together the multitude with his Disciples, he said unto them: It any man will come after me let him deay hunfelf, and take up his

cross and follow me. 35. For he that will save his life, shall loose it: But he that will lose his life for my take and the gos-

pel's thall fave it.

36. For what will it avail a man, if he gain the whole world, and lote his foul?

37. For what shall a man give in exchange for his foul?

28. For he, who will be assumed of me, and of my words, in this adulterous and finful generation. Of him also shall the son of man be ashamed, when he thall come in the glory of his father with the holy angels.

39. And he said unto them: Verily I say unto you, that there are tome of those here standing, who shall nor taste of death, till they see the kingdom of God

come with power.

* See the Anthe 16 Chap. of St. Matth.

CHAP. IX.

Chiff is transfigured, Moses and Elias appear. Fesus saith, that when Elias comes, he shall restore all things. He saith moreover, that he is already come, but they would not receive him. He casteth out a deaf and dumb spirit. He foretelleth bis passion, sheweth his contesting Disciples, who should be reputed the greatest, and advisible to cut off the hand, or pluck out the eye which give the scandal.

A ND after fix days Jesus taketh Peter, and James, and John: And leadeth them into an high mountain apart by themselves, and he was transfigured before them.

2. And his raiment became shining, exceeding white as snow: So white as no fuller on earth can

make.

3. And there appeared unto them Elias with Mo-

fes: And they were talking with Jefus.

4. And Peter answered, and said unto Jesus: Master, it is good for us to be here: And let us make three tabernacles, one for thee; and one for Moses, and one for Elias.

5. For he knew not what he faid: For they were

leized with fear.

6. And there was a cloud that overshadowed them: And there came a voice from the cloud, saying: This is my most beloved son: Hear him.

7. And immediately they looked round about, and

faw no man any more, but fefus only.

- 8. And as they came down from the mountain, he charged them that they should tell no man what they had seen, till the son of man were risen from the dead.
- 9. And they kept the word to themselves, questioning one with another, what should mean: Till he were risen from the dead.
- ro. And they asked him, saying: Why then do the Pharises and the Scribes say, that Elias must first come?
- ir. He answered and said unto them: Elias, when he cometh first, shall restore all things: And how it is written of the son of man, that he must suffer many things, and be contemned.

and they have done unto him whatfoever they would)

as it is written of him.

13. And when he came to his Disciples, he saw a great

The Gofpel on Wednelday in the Ember-V. eek, in. September.

Chap. IX. The Gospel according

great multitude about them, and the Scribes questioning with them.

14. And immediately all the people seeing Jesus, were amazed, and trembled, and running to him sa-

luted him.

15. And he asked them: What question ye among

your lelves?

16. And one of the multitude answered, and said: Master, I have brought unto thee my son, who hath

2 dumb spirit.

17. Which, whereforeer he feizeth him, dasheth him, and he fometh, and guasheth with his teeth, and pineth away: And I spake to thy Disciples, that they should cast him out, but they could not.

18. He answered them, and said: O faithless generation, how long shall I be with you? How long shall

I fuffer you? Bring him unto me.

19. And they brought him. And when he had been him, immediately the spirit troubled him, and being dashed against the ground, he wallowed forning.

20. And he asked his father: How long is it fines this happened to him? And he said: From his in-

fancy.

And frequently it hath cast him into the fire: And into the waters, to destroy him: But if thou caust do any thing, help, in pity to us.

22. Jelus said unto him: If thou canst believe, all

things are possible to him that believeth.

23. And straitway the father of the boy cried out, and said with tears: I believe Lord: Help my incredulity.

24. And when selus saw the multitude running together, he threatned the unclean Spirit; saying unto it: Thou deaf and dumb spirit, I charge thee, go out of him, and enter no more into him.

25. And it cried and rent him fore, and went out of him, and he was as one dead, infomuch that many faid: He is dead.

26. But Jesus took him by the hand, lifted him up, and he arose.

27. And when he was come into the house, his Disciples asked him privately: Why could not we cast it out?

28. And he faid unto them: This kind can go out

by nothing, but by prayer and fasting.

29. And having departed thence, they passed by Galilee; Neither would he that any man should know it.

30. And he taught his Disciples, and said unto them: The son of man shall be delivered into the hands

hands of men, and they shall kill him, and being killed he shall on the third day rife again.

31. But they understood not the word, and were

afraid to alk him.

72. And they came to Capharnaum, and being in the house, he asked them: What did ye treat of by the way?

33. But they held their peace, for by the way they nad disputed among themselves, which of them should

be the greatest.

34. And he sat down, and called the twelve, and faid unto them: Whosoever would be first, shall be the last of all, and the servant of all.

35. And he took a child, and fet him in the midft of them: Whom when he had embraced, he faid umo

them.

36. Whosoever shall receive one of such children in my name, receiveth me: And whosoever shall receive me, receiveth not me; but him, who sent me.

37. John answered him, saying: Master, we saw a certain man casting out devils in thy name, who doth

not follow us, and we forbad him.

38. But Jesus said: Forbid him not: For there is no man, who doth a miracle in my name, and can soon speak evil of mer

39. For he that is not against you, is for you.

40. For wholdever shall give you a cup of water to drink in my name, because ye belong to Christ: Verily I say unto you, he shall not lose his reward.

41. And wholoever shall scandalize one of these little ones, who believe in me: It were better for him that a militone turned by an als were hanged about

his neck, and he were cast into the sea.

42. And if thy hand shall scandalize thee, cut it off. It is better for thee to enter into life, maimed, rather than having two hands to go into hell, into an unquenchable fire.

43. Where their worm dieth not, and the fire is not quenched.
44. And

^{33.} Which of them should be greatest. The usual with the sewish Writers to put the comparative Degree inflead of the superlative, as here major the greater is put for the greatest; as also to put the positive Degree instead of the comparative, as in verses 42. 44. 46. of this Chapter, the word good is put for the word better.

^{42.} Where their worm dieth nor. By Worm is here meant the anxious Thoughts of the Conference of Sinners referring upon their past Lives. Who, when they consider,

The Gospel according

44. And if thy foot scandalize thee, cut it off: It is good for thee to enter halt into everlasting life, rather than having two seet to be cast into the hell of v quenchable sire.

45. Where their worm dieth not, and their fire is

not quenched.

46. And if thine eye scandalize thee, pluck it out: It is good for thee to enter into the kingdom of God with one eye, rather than having two eyes to be cast into hell fire.

47. Where their worm dieth not, and the fire is not

quenched.

48. For every one shall be falted with fire, and every facilities shall be feafon'd with falt.

49. Salt is good: But if the falt shall become unfavoury, wherewith shall ye sealon at: Have salt in your selves, and have peace among you.

bow easily they might have fulfilled God's Laws; with how little Difficulty they might have purchased an Inheritance in Heaven, and might have avoided the dreadful Torments they suffer; are inwardly bitten by these thoughts, which do (like a worm) graw and corrode their Consciences, and shall continue so to do for all Eternity: For which Reason Christ saith: Their Worm dieth not.

48. For every one shall be salted with fire. That is, every one, who for their Scandals and Offeness are condemned to Hell, shall be salted with Fire. The metaphor of salting is here used, by Reason of Analogy Salt hath with Hell Fire: For as Salt doth burn and preserve the Flesh, on which it is put, from Corruption; so shall the Fire of Hell burn, and yet preserve from Destruction the wicked Sinners, who shall be cost into it. Which (by the way) renders that wost Place the more dreadful.

49. Have falt in your selves. That is, have Wisdom, he which your minds may be preserved from the Contagion of the World, as Salt preserves Meat from Corruption.

CHAP. X.

Chiff teacheth, that it is not lawful for a man, upon any account to put away bit wife, in order to marry another. The rich man followeth not Christ's counsel, advifing him to forsake his riches. He taketh occasion, by the ambition of the sons of Zebedee, to instruct his Disciples, that it is not by making a shiw of dominion, but by the work of the ministry, they were to be deemed great. He resoreth to Bartimas his fight.

1. A ND he arole from thence, and cometh into the bounds of Judea, beyond Jordan: And the multitudes refort unto him again: And as he was wont, he taught them again.

2. And the Pharifees came, and asked him: Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife? tempting him.

3. And he answered, and said unto them: What did Moses command you?

4. They faid: Moses suffered to write a bill of di-

vorce, and to put her away.

5. To whom selus answered, and said: For the hardness of your heart, he wrote you this precept.

6. But from the beginning of the creation, God

made them male and female.

7. For this cause shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife.

8. And they two shall be in one flesh. Wherefore

now they are not two, but one flesh.

9. What therefore God hath joined together, let not man put alunder.

re. And in the house his Disciples asked him again

concerning the fame thing.

vr. And he said unto them: Whosoever shall put away his wife, and marry another, committeth adultery upon her.

12. And if a wife shall put away her husband, and

marry another, the committeeh adultery.

- 13. And they brought young children to him; that he should touch them. But the Disciples threatned those who brought them.
- 14. Whom when Jesus had seen, he was displeased, and said unto them: Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not: For of such is the kingdom of Ged.

15. Verily I say unto you: Wholoever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall

not enter therein.

16. And he embraced them, and put his hands on them, and biessed them.

17. And when he was gone out into the way: A certain man ran towards, and kneeled before him, and asked him: Good master, what shall I do, that I may enjoy eternal life?

18. Jefus said unto him: Why callest thou me

good? None is good, but one, that is, God.

ro. Thou knowest the commandments: Do not commit adultery, do not kill, do not steal, do not bear falle witness, defraud not, honour thy father and mother.

20. And he answered and said unto him: Master,

all these have I observed from my youth.

21. Then Jesus looking upon him, loved him, and said unto him: One thing is wanting unto thee: Go thy way, sell whatsoever thou hast, and give to the poor, and thou shalt have treasure in heaven, and come follow me.

22. And he was fad at that faying; and went away

grieved: For he had great possessions.

23. And Jesus looked round about, and said to his Disciples: How hardly shall such as have money en-

ter into the kingdom of God?

24. And his Disciples were assonished at his words. But Jesus answereth again, and saith unto them: Childen, how hard is it for them, who trust in money to enter into the kingdom of God.

needle, than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom-

of God.

20. And they were more aftonified, faying among

themselves. Who then can be faved?

27. And Jesus looking upon them, said: With men it is impossible, but not with God? For with God all things are possible.

28. Then Peter began to fay unto him: Lo, we

have left all, and have followed thee.

29. Jesus answered, and said: Verily I say unto you: There is no man, that hath lest house, or brethien, or fifters, or father, or mother, or children, or lands, for my take, or for the gospels.

30. But shall receive an hundred times so much, now in this time, houses, and brethren, and fisters, and mothers, and children, and lands, with persecu-

tions, and in the world to come eternal life.

ar. But many that are first shall be last, and the last first.

32. And they were in the way going up to Jerusalem; and Jeius were before them, and they were amazed: And such as followed were assaid. And he took again the twelve, and began to tell them the things that should happen unto him, saying:

33. Behold we go up to serusalem, and the son of man, shall be delivered unto the Chief Priests, and unto the Scribes, and Elders, and they shall condemn him to death, and deliver him to the Gentils.

34. And they finall mock him, and fpit upon him, and they fhall fcourge him, and kill him; and the third day he shall rife again;

35. And there came unto him James and John, the

lons

fons of Zebedee, saying: Master, we will that thou should'ft do for us, whatsoever we desire.

36. And he faid unto them: What would ye have

me do for you?

37. And they said: Grant us, that we may sit, one on thy right hand, and another on thy left, in thy

glory.

- 38. But Jesus said unto them: Ye know not what ye ask: Can ye drink of the cup whereof I drink: Or be baptized with the baptism wherewith I am baptized:
- 39. And they said unto him: We can: And Jesus said unto them: Ye shad indeed drink of the cup whereof s drink; and be baptized with the baptism wherewith I am baptized:

40. But to fit on my right hand, or on my left, it is not mine to give unto you, but unto those for whom

it is prepared.

41. And when the ten heard it, they began to be

displeased with James and John.

42. But Jesus called them, and said unto them: Ye know, that such as seem to rule the Gentils, do Lord it over them: And their princes have them in their power.

43. But it is not so among your But whosoever will

be the greatest shall be your minister.

44. And whofoever will be the chief among you,

shall be the servant of all.

45. For even the fon of man came not to be minifitted unto, but to minister, and to give his life for the redemption of many.

46. And they came to Jericho, and when he had departed from Jericho, and his Disciples, and a very great multitude, blind Bartimeus the son of Timeus, fat by the way side begging.

47. Who when he heard, that it was Jesus of Nazareth, began to cry out, and say: Jesus son of David

have mercy on me.

48. And many charged him that he should hold his peace.

49. But he cried out the more a great deal: Son of

David have mercy on me.

50. And Jelus stood still, and commanded him to be called: And they called the blind man faying unto him: Be of good comfort: Arise, he calleth thee.

51. And he cast away his garment, and leaped up, and came to him.

52. And Jefus answered and said unto him: What wilt thou have me do for thee? The blind man said unto him: My Lord, that I may receive my fight.

53. And

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52. And Jesus said unto him; Go thy way, thy faith hath made thee whole. And immediately he received his fight, and followed him in the way.

CHAP. XI.

Christ rideth upon an ass into Jerusalem, curseth the fruitles haviree, and casteth the buyers and seliers out of the temple. He sheweth that we should put our trust in God, and forgive our brethren the wrongs they do us. He telleth not the Seribes by what authority he did his works, because they would not answer his question concerning the baptism of John.

Palin Sunday.

1. A ND when they drew nigh to Jerusalem and Rethany, at the mount of Olives, he sendeth two of his Disciples.

z. And faith unto them; Go into the town which is over against you, and so soon as ye go in thither, ye shall lind a colt tied, whereon no man yet far; loofe him, and lead him,

3. And if any man foall fay unto you: What do ye? Say, that the Lord hath need of him: And he will

forthwith fend him hither.

4. And they went their way, and found the colt tied by a gate abroad where two ways met; and they loofe him.

s. And some of them, who stood there, laid unto

them: What, do ye looking the colt?

6. They faid unto them, as felus had commanded, and they let him go with them.

7. And they led the colt to Jelus; and they lay their

garments on him, and he lat upon him.

8. And many spread their garments in the way: And others cut off branches from the trees, and itroved them in the road.

9. And they that went before, and they that follewed, cried, laying: Holanna: Bleffed is he, who cometh in the name of the Lord.

rc. Blessed be the kingdom of our father David,

which cometh: Holanna in the highest.

11. And Jefus entered into Jerulalem, and into the temple, and having viewed all things round about, when it was now the hour of the evening, he went out to Bethany with the twelve.

12. And the next day when they were come from

Rethany, he was hungry.

13. And seeing a fig-tree a far off covered with leaves, he came, if haply he might find any thing thereon: And when he came to it, he found nothing but leaves: For it was not the season for figs.

14. And he answered, and said unto it: May no man hereafter eat fruit of thee for ever. And his

Disciples heard it.

- 15. And they come to Jerusalem, and when he had entered into the temple; he began to cast out such as bought and fold in the temple: And overthrew the tables of the money changers, and the chairs of those who fold doves.
- 16. And did not suffer that any man should carry a vessel thro' the temple.
- 17. And he taught, faying unto them: Is it not written: That my house shall be called by all fistions, the house of prayer? But ye have made it a den of thieves.
- 18. Which when the Chief Priests and Scribes had heard, they fought how they might destroy him: For they feared him, because the whole multitude admired his doctrine.
- 19. And when even was come, he went out of the city.

20. And as they passed by in the morning, they The Gospel for saw the fig-tree dried up from the roots.

21. And Peter calling to mind, faid unto him: Mafter, behold the fig-tree, which thou didft curse, is withered away.

22. And Jefus answered, and faith unto them: Have

the faith of God.

23. Verily I say unto you, that who sever shall say unto this mountain: Be thou taken up, and be thou cast into the sea; and shall not doubt in his heart, but shall believe, that what sever he shall say may be done, it shall be done unto him.

24. Therefore I say unto you: Believe that ye shall receive all things whatsoever ye ask, when ye pray,

and they shall come to pals unto you.

25. And when ye shall stand up to pray, forgive if ye have ought against any man: that your father, who is in heaven, may forgive you your fins.

26. But if ye will not forgive: Neither will your feeter, who is in heaven, forgive you your fins.

27. And they come again to Jerusalem. And as he was walking in the temple, there come to him, the High Priests, and the Scribes, and the Elders.

28. And they fay unto him: By what authority but thou thele things? And who gave thee this authority to do thele things?

The Gospel for St. Gregory Thaumoturgus, November 17. and in a Votive Mass for any Necessity.

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29. And Jesus answered, and said unto them: I will also ask of you one word, answer me: And I will tell you by what authority I do these things.

30. The baptism of John, was it from heaven, or

of men? Answer me.

31. And they reasoned with themselves, saying: If we shall say: From heaven, he will say: Why then do you not believe him?

32. If we shall say: Of men, we fear the people: For all men counted that John was a Prophet indeed.

33. And they answered, and said unto Jesus: We cannot tell. And Jesus answered, and saith unto them: Neither tell I unto you by what authority I do these things.

CHAP. XII.

Christ proposeth the parable of the vineyard let out to his handmen, and maketh the application. He avoideth the straight of the Pharisees, and Sadducees. He is questioxed by a Scribe concerning the chiefest commandment. He praiseth the widow, who put the two mites into the treasury.

A ND he began to speak unto them in parables: A certain man planted a vineyard, and hedged it round, and dug a wine trough, and built a tower, and let it out to husbandmen, and went into a far country.

2. And at the season he sent to the husbandmen a servant, that he might receive from them of the four

of the vineyard.

3. And they caught him, beat him, and fent him

away empty.

4. And again he fent unto them another fervant: And him they wounded in the head, and despitefully used.

5. And again he lent another, and him they flew: And many others: Beating some, and killing some.

6. Having yet therefore one dearly beloved ton, he fent him alto last unto them, saying: They will reverence my son.

7. But the husbandmen said one to another: This is the heir: Come, let us kill him: And the inheri-

tance shall be ours.

8. And they took him, and killed him, and cast him out of the vineyard.

o. What shall therefore the Lord of the vineyard do? He will come and destroy the husbandmen, and will give the vineyard unto others.

which the builders rejected, the same is become the

head of the corner.

11. This is the Lord's doing, and it is wonderful

in our eyes.

- 12. And they fought to lay hold on him: But they feared the multitude: For they knew, that he had applied this parable to them: And they left him, and went their way.
- 13. And they fend unto him some of the Pharisees, and of the Herodians, that they might entangle him in his talk.
- Mafter, we know that thou art true, and careft not for any man: For thou regardest not the person of men, but teachest the way of God in truth: Is it lawful to give tribute to Celar, or shall we not give it?

15. But he knowing their craft, said unto them: Why tempt ye me? Bring me a penny that I may see it.

to. And they brought him one. And he faid unto them: Whole is this image and infeription? They fay unto him: Cefar's.

17. And Jesus answered, and said unto them: Render then to Cesar the things that are Cesar's; and to God, the things that are God's. And they marvelled at him.

18. And there came to him the Sadducees, who say, there is no refurrection: And they asked him, saying.

- 19. Master, Moses wrote unto us, that if any man's brother die, and leave his wife, and leave no children, his brother should take his wife, and raise up seed unto his brother.
- 20. Now there were seven brothers: And the first took a wife, and died wirhout issue.
- 21. And the second took her, and died: and neither did he leave iffue: And the third in like manner.
- 22. And the feven took her after the same manner, and left no issue. Last of all the woman died also.
- 23. In the refurrection therefore, when they shall rife again, whole wife shall she be of these? For the seven had her to wife.
- 24. And Jesus answered, and said unto them: Do ye not therefore err, not knowing the scriptures, nor the power of God?
- 25. For when they shall tile again from the dead, they shall neither marry, nor be married, but are as angels in heaven.

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26. But as to the dead, that they rife again, have ye not read, in the book of Moles, how in the bufn, God spake unto him, saying: I am the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaco, and the God of Isaco.

27. He is not the God of the dead, but of the living,

ye therefore do greatly err.

28. And there came one of the Scribes, who heard them reasoning together, and perceiving that he had answered them well; asked him, Which is the first commandment of all?

29. And Jesus answered him: The first commandment of all is: Heat O Israel, the Lord thy God is

one God.

- 30. And thou shalt love the Lord thy God, with all thy heart, and with all thy foul, and with all thy mind, and with all thy power. This is the first commandment.
- 31. And the second is like to it: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy self. Greater than these there is no other commandment.

32. And the Scribe said unto him: Well Master, thou hast said in truth, that there is one God, and there is no other besides him.

33. And to love him with all the heart, and with all the understanding, and with all the soul, and with all the foul, and with all the frength: And to love ones neighbour as himself is greater than all holocausts * and sacrifices.

felf is greater than all holocausts * and sacrifices.

34. And when Jesus saw, that he had answered wisely, he said unto him: Thou art not far from the kingdom of God. And no man since durst ask him

any questions.

35. And Jesus answered, and said, as he was teaching in the temple: How say the Scribes, that Christ is the son of David?

36. For David himself saith in the holy Ghost: The Lord said to my Lord, fit thou on my right hand,

till I make thine enemies thy footstool.

37. David therefore himself calleth him Lord, how then is he his son? And a great multitude heard him gladly.

38. And he said unto them in his doctrine: Beware of the Scribes, who love to walk in long robes, and

to be faluted in the market place.

39. And to fit in the chief feats in the synagogues,

and affect the uppermost places at suppers.

40. Who devour widow's houles, under pretence of long prayer: These shall receive the more severe judgment.

41. And as Jelus fat over against the treasury, he beheld

* Burnt-Offerings.

beheld how the multitude cast money into it, and many rich folks caft in much.

42. And when a certain poor widow came, the caft

in two mites, which is a farthing.

43. And he calleth his Disciples together, and saith unto them: Verily I say unto you, that this poor widow hath caft more in than all, who have calt into the treatury,

44. For all these did cast in out of their abundance, but the of her want cast in all the had even her whole

living.

CHAP. XIII.

Christ foretelleth the destruction of the temple, as also the wars, afflictions, and perfecutions which were to enfue. He telleth that there hall rife falfe Christs, and falfe Prophets, that after the fign which shall appear in the planets, the son of man shall come with glory. And for as much as no man knoweth when, he exhorteth all to watch, and to be upon their guard.

1. A ND as he went out of the temple, one of his 🖊 Disciples saith unto him: Master, behold what fort of stones, and what kind of buildings. * * Sup. Are

2. And Jelus answered, and faid unto him: Seeft bere. thou all these great buildings? There shall not be one itone left upon another, which shall not be destroyed.

3. And as he lat upon the mount of Olives, over against the temple, Peter, and James, and John, and Andrew aiked him apart.

4. Tell us when shall these things be? And what finall be the fign, when all thefe things shall begin to be fulfilled?

And Jefus aniwered, and began to tell them: Take heed left any man feduce you.

6. For many shall come in my name, saying: I am

he, and they shall seduce many.

7. And when ye shall hear of wars, and rumours of wais, fear not: For thele things must needs be: but the end is not yet.

- 8. For nation shall rife against nation, and kingdom against kingdom, and there shall be earthquakes in places, and famines. Thele are the beginning of forrows.
- 9. But look to your felves. For they shall deliver you up in councils, and in lynagogues shall ye be bea-

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ten, and ye shall be brought before presidents and kings, for my sake, for a testimony unto them.

10. And the golpel must first be preached among all

nations.

you up, consider not before hand what ye shall speak: But speak that which shall be given you in that hour; for it is not ye that speak, but the holy ghost.

12. Now the brother shall deliver up his brother to death, and the father his son: And children shall rise up against their parents, and shall put them to death.

13. And ye shall be hated by all men for my names fake: But he, who shall endure unto the end, the same

shall be saved.

14. And when ye shall see the abomination of desolation standing where it ought not: he that readeth let him understand: Then let those, who are in Judea sty unto the mountains.

15. And let not him, who is on the house top go down into the house, or enter in, to take away any

thing out of the house.

to. And let not him, who shall be in the field, turn back again to take up his garment.

17. But wo be to them that are with child, and to

them that give fuck in those days.

18. Pray ye, then, that thele things may not come

to pals in the winter.

19. For in those days shall be such tribulations, as were not from the beginning of the creation, which God created until now, nor shall be.

20. And unless the Lord had shortened the days, no flesh should be saved: But for the elect's sake, whom he hath chosen, he hath shortened the days.

21. And then if any man shall fay unto you: Lo here

is Christ, lo he is there, believe it not.

22. For there shall rise up falle Christs, and falle Prophets, and shall shew signs and wonders to seduce, if possible, even the elect.

23. Do ye therefore take heed: Behold I have fore-

told you all things.

24. But in those days, after that tribulation, the fun shall be darkened, and the moon shall not give her light.

25. And the stars of heaven shall fall down, and the

powers, which are in heaven, shall be shaken.

26. And then shall they see the son of man coming

in the clouds with great power and glory.

27. And then shall he lend his angels, and shall gather together his elect from the four winds, from the

utter

uttermost part of the earth to the uttermost part of heaven.

28. Now learn a parable from the fig-tree: When its branch is yet tender, and shooteth out leaves, ye know that summer is nigh.

29. Even fo, when ye shall see these things come

to pals, know that it is very near, at the doors.

30. Verily I say unto you, that this generation shall not pass away, till all these things be done,

31. Heaven and earth shall pals away, but my words

shall not pass.

32. But of that day or hour knoweth no man, no The Gospel for not the angels in heaven, nor the lon, but the father. some Confes-

33. Take heed, watch, and pray: For ye know not fors Bishops, when the time is.

and on the

34. As a man, who being gone into a strange coun-Anniversary try, left his house, and gave his servants the charge of the Creator each work, and commanded the porter to watch. tion of a Bi-

35. Watch ye therefore * (For ye know not when flop. the Lord of the house may come, at even, or at midnight, or at the cock-crowing, or in the morning.) * Watch ye in

36. And what I lay unto you, I say unto all, watch. like manner.

CHAP. XIV.

The High Priests and the Scribes conspire the death of Jefus. A certain woman poureth a precious ointment upon his head: He is sold by Judas. He giveth his body and blood to his Apostles under the figure of bread and wine. He forceelleth that Peter shall deny him thrice. He is taken by the Jews, led to Caiphas, and denied thrice by Peter.

1. OW the feast of the passover, and of unleavened bread was two days after; and the High Priests, and the Scribes sought how they might take him by crast, and put him to death.

2. But they laid: Not on the feast day, lest there be

an uproar of the people.

3. And as he was in Bethany in the house of Simon the Leper, and sat at meat: There came a woman having an alabaster box of ointment of precious spikenard, and breaking the box, she poured it upon his head.

4. And there were some that had indignation within themselves, and said: To what purpose is this waste

of the cinment ma.e.

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5. For it might have been fold for more than three hundred pence, and been given to the poor. And they murmured against her.

6. But Jelus said: Let her alone, why molest Je

her? She hath wrought a good work on me.

7. For ye have the poor with you always, and ye may do them good, when ye will: But me ye have not always.

8. She hath done what the had in her power: She hath prevented the anointing of my body for the bu-

rial.

9. Verily I say unto you: Wheresoever this gospel shall be preached over all the world, this also, which she hath done, shall be told in remembrance of her-

17. And Judas Iscariot one of the twelve went to

the High Priests for to betray him unto them.

promised that they would give him money. And he fought how he might conveniently betray him.

12. And the first day of unleavened bread when they facrificed the passover, his Disciples say unto him: Whither wist thou that we go, and prepare for thee to eat the passover:

13. And he fendeth two of his Disciples, and faith unto them: Go into the city, and there shall meet you a man carrying a pitcher of water, follow him.

14. And wherefoever he shall go in, say ye to the master of the house, the master faith: Where is my rejectory, where I may eat the passover with my Disciples?

15. And he will shew you a large room, furnished;

there prepare for us.

16. And the Disciples went their way, and came into the city: And found as he had said unto them, and they prepared the passover.

17. In the evening he cometh with the twelve.

18. And as they fat at table and did eat, Jesus said: Verily I lay unto you, that one of you, who eateth with me, shall betray me.

19. Whereupon, they began to be fad, and to fay

unto him one by one: Is it I?

20. He said unto them: One of the twelve, he that

dippeth his hand with me in the dish.

- of him: But we be to that man, by whom the fon of man shall be betrayed. It were good for that man if he had not been born.
- 22. And as they were eating, Jesus took bread, and having blessed it, he brake it, and gave to them, and said: Take, this is my body.

23. And

23. And taking the Chalice, when he had given . That is the thanks, he gave it to them, and they all drank of it.

inelve Apo-24. And he laid unto them: This is my blood of the files, whom he

new testament, which shall be shed for many.

25. Verily I fay unto you: I will drink no more of had made this fruit of the vine, until that day, when I shall drink it new in the kingdom of God.

26. And having fung an hymn, they went out to

the mount of Olives.

27. And Jelus laith unto them: Ye shall all be scandalized in me this night: For it is written: I will firike the thepherd, and the sheep shall be scattered.

28. But after that I am rifen again, I will go before

you into Galilee.

29. And Peter said unto him: Tho' all others should

be leandalized, yet not I.

30. And Jelus faith unto him: Verily I lay unto thee, that this day, in this night, before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice.

31. But he spake the more vehemently: Tho' I were to die with thee, yet I will not deny thee. In like

manner allo faid they all.

32. And they come into an inclosure, which was called Gethsemani, and he saith to his Disciples, sit ye here while I pray.

33. And he taketh with him Peter, and James, and john: And he began to fear, and to be very heavy.

34. And he faith unto them: . My foul is forrowful

even unto death: Stay ye here, and watch.

35. And when he had gone a little forward, he fell on the ground, and prayed, that if it were possible, the hour might pals from him.

36. And he laid: Abba, father, all things are pollible to thee, remove this chalice from me, yet not

mine, but thy will be done.

37. And he cometh, and findeth them fleeping. And faith unto Peter: Simon sleepest thou? Couldit thou not watch one hour.

38. Watch ye, and pray that ye enter not into temptation: The spirit indeed is prompt, but the field is WCak.

39. And again he went away, and prayed, laying the lame words.

40. And as he came back, he found them fleeping again, (for their eyes were heavy) and they knew not

what they should answer him.

41. And he cometh the third time, and faith unto them: Sleep on now, and take your reft. It is enough: The hour is come: Behold the lon of man thall be betrayed into the hands of finners.

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42. Rife up, let us go. Lo he, who shall betray me is at hand.

43. And while he was yet speaking, cometh Judas Iscariot one of the twelve, and with him a great multitude, with Iwords and staves, from the High Priests, and the Scribes, and the Elders.

44. Now the traitor had given a fign, laying: Whomsoever I shall kiss, he is the man, take him,

and lead him away warily.

45. So foon then as he was come, he drew near to him, and faith: Hail Rabbi, and kissed him.

46. Whereupon they laid hands on him, and held him.

47. Then a certain man, one of those, who stood by, drew out his Iword, imote a lervant of the High Priests, and cut off his ear.

48. And Jesus answered, and said unto them: Are ye come out as against a thief, with swords and stayes

to apprehend me?

49. I was daily with you in the temple, teaching, and ye did not lay hands on me. But this was done that the scriptures might be fulfilled.

50. Then his Disciples for look him, and fled away

all.

51. And there followed him a certain young man. covered with a linnen cloth upon his bare body, and they took him.

52. But he left the linnen cloth, and fled from them

azked.

51. And they led Jesus away to the High Priest: And all the Priests, and the Scribes, and the Elders assembled together.

54. And Peter followed him alat off, even into the court of the High Priest, and he lat with the servants

ar the fire, and warmed himfelf.

55. And the High Priefts and all the council lought for witness against Jesus, that they might put him to death, but found none.

56. For many bare falle witnels against him, but

their witnels agreed not together.

57. And some role up, and bare falle witness against

him, faying:

er so did

Liee.

18. We have heard him lay: I will destroy this temple, which is made with hands, and in three days I will build another not made with hands. * G. Rut nei. •

59. * And their witness did not agree.

co. And the High Priest stood up in the midst, and herr witness asked Jesus, laying: Answerest thou nothing to what zhele men object againft thee.

> or. But he held his peace and answered nothing. $A_{i}^{\prime}a.a$

Again the High Priest examined him, and said unto him: Art thou Christ the son of the blessed God?

62. Jesus said unto him: I am: And ye shall see the son of man sitting on the right hand of the power. of God, and coming in the clouds of heaven.

63. Whereupon the High Priest rent his garment,

and faith: What need we any further witnesses.

64. Ye have heard the blasphemy: What think ye?

They all condemned him to be guilty of death.

65. And some began to spit on him, and to cover his face, and to buffer him, and to say unto him: Prophesie: And the servants boxed him on the ears.

66. And as Peter was below in the court, there cometh one of the maid fervants of the High Priefts.

67. And when she had seen Peter warming himself, she looked upon him, and said: Thou also wast with Jesus of Nazareth.

68. But he denied, faying: I neither know, nor understand what thou sayest. And he went abroad before

the court, and the cock crew.

69. And again a maid servant seeing him, began to say unto those, who stood by. This is one of them.

70. But he denied it again: And a little after, they that flood by, faid again to Peter: Truly thou art one of them: For thou art a Galilean.

7r. But he began to curfe, and to swear: I know

not this man ye mention.

72. And immediately the cock crew again. And Peter called to mind the word, which Jefus had faid unto him: Before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice, and he began to weep.

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CHAP. XV.

Jefus is accused before Pilate. Barabbas is preferred to bim. He is condemned, and led away to be crucified. His clothes are divided. He is placed between two thieves. Darkness is spread over the face of the earth. He crieth out to God. He getteth vinegar to drink, giveth up the ghost, and his body is interred by Joseph.

E. A ND straitway in the morning the High Priests, with the Elders, and the Scribes, having consulted together, bound Jesus, led him away, and delivered him to Pilate.

2. And Pilate asked him: Art thou the king of the fews? And he answered, and said unto him: Thou

layeft it.

The Gospel according

- And the High Priest accused him of many things.
- 4. And Pilate asked him again, saying: Answerest thou nothing? See of what great matters they accuse
- 5. But Jesus answered nothing more, so that Pilate wondred.

6. Now on the feast day he used to release unto them one priloner, whomloever they aiked.

7. And there was one called Barabbas put in prilon with other feditious perforts, who in a fedition had committed murder.

8. And when the multitude was come up; they began to pray him to do, as he always did unto them.

9. And Pilate answered them, and said: Will ye that I release unto you the king of the lews?

To. For he knew that the High Priests had delivered him for envy,

11. But the High Priests moved the people, that he should rather release Barabbas unto them.

12. Pilate answered again and said unto them: What will ye then, that I do to the king of the Jews?

13. And they cried out again: Crucity him.

14. Pilate faid unto them: Why, what evil hath he done? But they cried out the more, Crucify him.

15. Then Pilate being willing to content the people, released Barabbas unto them, and delivered Jelus, when he had been foourged, to be crucified.

16. And the foldiers led him away into the court of the judgment hall, and they call together the whole band.

17. And they cloth him in purple, and having platted a crown of thorns, they put it upon him.

18. And they began to salute him: Hail king of the lews.

19. And they smote him on the head with a reed, and fpit on him, and bending their knees, they adored him.

20. And after they had mocked him, they stripped him of the purple, and put his own cloathes on him, and led him out to crucify him.

21. And they compelled a certain man, Simon a Cyrenian, who was passing by, coming from the country, the father of Alexander and Rufus, to take up this crois.

22. And they bring him to the place Golgotha, * Mount Cal. which is, being interpreted, the place of a scull. *

23. And they gave him wine to drink mingled with myrth: But he took it not.

24. And having crucified him, they divided his? garments

vary.

garments, casting lots upon them, who should take which.

25. And it was the third hour, when they crucified him.

26. And the title of his cause was written over: The king of the sews.

27. And with him they crucify two thieves, the one on the right hand, and the other on the left.

28. And the scripture was fulfilled, which saith:

And he was numbred among the wicked.

29. And they that passed by blasphemed him, wagging their heads, and saying: Vah, thou that destroyest the temple of God, and in three days rebuildest it.

30. Save thy felf, and come down from the crois.

31. In like manner also the High Priests mocking, with the Scribes, said one to another: He saved others, himself he cannot save.

32. Let Christ the king of Israel come down now from the cross, that we may see and believe: And they that were crucified with him, railed at him.

33. And when the fixth hour was come, there was darkness over the whole earth until the ninth hour.

- 34. And at the ninth hour, Jelus cried with a loud voice, laying: Eloi, eloi, Lamma Sabachani? Which is, being interpreted: My God, my God, why haft thou for laken me?
- 35. And some of those, who stood by, when they heard him, said: Behold he calleth Elias.
- 36. And one of them ran, and filled a sponge with vinegar, and put it about a reed, and gave him to drink, saying: Hold, let us see it Elias come to take him down.

37. Then Jesus cried out with a loud voice, and gave up the ghost.

38. And the veil of the temple was tent in two,

from the top to the bottom.

39. And when the Centurion, who flood over against him, saw that he so eried out, as he gave up the ghost, he said: This man was indeed the son of God.

40. There were also women looking on afar off; among whom was Many Magdalen, and Many the mother of James, the less, * and of Joseph, and Salome.

41. Who, when he was in Galilee, followed him * i. e. The and ministred unto him, and many other women, who younger. came up with him to Jerusalem.

42. And now when evening was come (because it was the preparation, that is, the sabbath eve.)

43. Joleph of Arimathea a noble senator, who also

The Golpel according

expected the kingdom of God, came, and went in buildly to Pilate, and asked the body of selus.

44. And Pilate wondred if he were already dead. And having called the centurion, he asked him if he

had been now dead.

45. And when he had been informed by the centu-

rion, he gave the body to Joseph.

46. And Joseph brought fine linnen, and took him down, and wrapped him in the linnen, and laid him in a tomb which was hewen out of a rock, and rolled a stone unto the door of the tomb.

47. And Mary Magdalen and Mary the mother of

Joseph saw where he was laid.

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CHAP. XVI.

An angel declaring Christ's resurrection to the women at the tomb. He appeareth first to Mary Magdalen, afterwards to two of his Disciples in an other shape; lastly to the eleven as they sat at table. And having reproached their want of faith, he sendeth them over all the world to preach, and to haptize, adding the signs which shall sollow the believers; and so he ascended into heaven.

The Gospel on 1. Easter Day.

I. A ND when the fabbath was past, Mary Magdalen, and Mary the mother of James, and Salome brought spices, that they might come and anoing Jesus.

2. And very early in the morning, the first day of the week they come to the tomb, the sun being now

up.

4. And as they looked, they saw the stone rolled

back, for it was very great.

5. And entring into the tomb, they saw a young man fitting on the right hand clad in a white robe, and they were amazed.

6. He faith unto them: Be not afraid: Ye feek Jefus of Nazareth, who was crucified; he is rifen, he is not here, behold the place where they laid him.

7. But go, tell his Disciples, and Peter, that he goeth before you into Galilee: There ye shall see him,

as he hath told you.

8. Whereupon they went out, and fled from the tomb; being feized with trembling and terror, and faid no-

thing to any body: For they were afraid.

9. Now when he was rifen in the morning, the first day of the week, he appeared first to Mary Magdalen, out of whom he had cast seven devils.

rc. She

10. She went and told thole, who had been with him, as they mourned and wept.

11. And they hearing that he was alive, and had

been seen by her, believed not.

12. After this he appeared in another shape unto two of them walking, as they were going into the country.

13. And they went and told the rest, neither did they

believe them.

14. Laftly he appeared unto the eleven, 2s they fat The Gospet on at table, and reproached their incredulity, and the AfcenfionDay, hardness of their hearts; because they did not believe and for some thole, who had feen him after he had risen.

is. And he faid unto them: Go over all the world.

and preach the gospel to every creature. *

16. He that believeth, and is baptized, shall be i. e. To all faved: But he that believeth not, shall be condemned. men-

17. And these signs shall follow them that believe: in my name shall they cast out devils; with new tongues shall they speak.

18, Serpents shall they take up; and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them: They shall

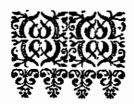
lay hands on the fick, and they shall be well.

19. And so after the Lord Jesus had spoken unto them, he was taken up into heaven, and fitteth on the right hand of God.

20. And they went forth, and preached every where. the Lord cooperating with them, and confirming the

word with figns following.

Martyrs.





THE Holy GOSPEL of

Jesus Christ.

According to Saint LUKE

CHAP. I.

Zacharias believeth not the angel Gabriel, who telleth him, that his wife Elizabeth shall be with child, for which reason he is struck dumb. The same angel telleth the Virgin Mary, that she shall conceive by the Holy Ghost. She wistersh, and saluteth Elizabeth, and John in the womb leapeth for joy; whereupon she singeth a thanksgiving canticle unto God. Zacharias having recovered his speech, when his son John was circumcised, singing also a thanksgiving canticle.

r. Whereas many have endeavoured to publish a relation of the things which have been accomplished among us.

2. Even as they delivered them unto us, who from the beginning were eye witnesses, and ministers of the

3. It seemed good to me also, having attained to a perfect knowledge of all things from the first, to write unto thee in order, most excellent Theophilus.

4. That thou mayest know the truth of those things,

in which thou haft been instructed.

y. There was in the days of Herod the king of fudea, a certain Priest named Zacharias, of the rank of The Gofpel on Abia: And his wife of the daughters of Aaron, whole the Eve of St. name was Elizabeth.

John Baptift.

6. And they were both just before God, walking in all the commandments, and justifications of the Lord without blame.

7. And they had no loss, by feason Elizabeth was barren, and they both were advanced in years.

8. And it came to pais, as he performed the office

of a Priest before God, in the order of his rank.

9. According to the custom of the Priests office, it fell to his lot to go out to offer incense, having entred into the temple of the Lord.

10. And all the multitude of the people was praying

without at the time of incense.

11. And there appeared unto him an angel of the Lord standing on the right side of the alter of incense.

12. And when Zacharias law him, he was troubled,

and feized with fear.

13. But the angel faid unto him: Faar not Zacharias; for thy prayer is heard: And thy wife Elizabeth shall bear thee a lon, and thou shalt call his name John.

14. And thou shalt have joy and gladness, and many

shall rejoice at his nativity.

15. For he shall be great before the Lord; and shall drink neither wine nor strong drink, and shall be replenished with the holy ghost, even from his mother's womb.

16. And many of the children of Israel shall he convert to the Lord their God.

5. Of the rank of Abia. To underftand what is here meant by the rank of Abia, we must observe that King David, as we read I Chron. Chap. 24. did divide the Families of the Priests the Sons of Aaron into twenty four Ranks or Classes, that every one might serve in the Temple in his turn: And every Rank or Class of the Priests was called by the name of the Prince or Chief Priests of the faid Rank.

The Prince or Chief Priest of the first was called Joiarib: And all the Priests of that Rank, and all those descended from them were faid to be of the Rank of Julatio: The fecond was ledel; the third Harim; the fourth Secrim; the fifth Melchia; the fixth Maiman; the seventh Accos; the eighth Abia. Now Zacharias John the Baptiff's Pather was descended from Abia, and is therefore faid by St. Luke to be of the Rank of Abia.

Chap. I.

The Gospel according

17. And he shall go before him in the spirit and power of Elias, that he may turn the hearts of the sathers to the children, and the incredulous to the wifdom of the just, to prepare for the Lord a perfect people.

18. And Zacharias said unto the angel: Whereby shall I know this? For I am old, and my wife is ad-

vanc'd in years.

19. And the angel answered, and said unto him: I am Gabriel, who stand before God, and am sent to speak unto thee, and to tell thee these good news.

20. And behold thou shalt be dumb, and not able to speak, until the day in which these things shall be performed: Because thou didst not believe my words, which shall be suffilled in their season.

21. And the people waited for Zacharias, and won-

dred that he stay'd so long in the temple.

- 22. And when he came out, he could not speak unto them, and they perceived that he had seen a vision in the temple, by his making signs to them, and he remained dumb.
- 23. And it came to pals, that, as foon as the days of his office were expired, he departed to his own house.

24. And after those days his wife Elizabeth conceived, and hid herself five months, saying:

25. For thus hath the Lord done to me, in the days in which he looked on me, to take away my reproach among men.

26. And in the fixth month the angel Gabriel was fent from God unto a city of Galilee, called Naza-

27. To a virgin espouled to a man whole name was

dy, March 25. Joseph, and the virgins name was Mary.

28. And when the angel came in, he said unto her: Hail, full of grace: The Lord is with thee: Blessed art thou among women.

29. Which when she heard, she was troubled at his saying; and thought with herself what manner of sa-

lutation this should be.

30. And the angel said unto her: Fear not Mary: For thou hast found grace with God.

31. Behold thou shalt conceive in thy womb, and

bring forth a fon, and shall call his name Jesus.

- 32. He shall be great, and shall be called the son of the most high, and the Lord God shall give him the throne of his father David:
- 33. And he shall reign in the house of Jacob for ever, and of his kingdom there shall be no end.

The Gofpel on the Annunciation of our Lady, March 25.
And on Ember-Wednesday, and for a Votive Mass of our Lady in Advent.

34. Then faid Mary unto the angel: How shall this

be, feeing I know not a man?

35. And the angel answered, and said unto her: The holy ghost shall come upon thee, and the power of the most high shall overshadow thee, therefore that holy thing which shall be born of thee, shall be called the fon of God.

36. And behold thy coufin Elizabeth, even the hath conceived a fon in her old age: And this is the fixth

month with her, who is called barren.

37. For

34. How shall this be, seeing I know not a man? That is, seeing I have vow'd Chastity as St. Augustine sith: For it cannot be supposed without Impiety, that so holy a Virgin, who was full of Grace, as the Angel declared, should put an impertment Question, to which the Angel might answer: You shall conceive by your Husband, and bring forth a Child: For the you know not a man as yet, you will bereaster; and so punish her for her want of Faith as he did Zacharias upon the like Occasion.

By which it appears. First. That the Bleffed Virgin Mary's Question did not argue any want of Faith in her; but she only put it, that she might know how to behave her-feif in Relation to that great Mystery which the Angel had

ceclared unto ber.

ediy. That her being espoused to Joseph was an effect of God's Providence and Care of her, that the same might be, as it were a guard to her Virginity, a Comfort and an Assistant to her in her Travels, and might preserve her from the Rigour of the Law, which would have punished her, had she brought forth a Child out of the State of Wedlock.

36. Thy cousin Elizabeth. St. Luke tells we, Verse the fifth of this Chapter, that Elizabeth was of the Daughters of Aason, who was of the Tribe of Levi, and even his great Grand-son. Now it is certain, that the Virgin Mary was of the Tribe of Juda: How then could Elizabeth he her Cousin, since the Law of Moses expressy commands every one of the twelve Tribes to marry each in his own Tribe?

To which I answer, that the Law of Moles did indeed command that every one should marry within his own Tribe, lest there should be a Confusion of Families, or that the Interitance of a Family of one Tribe should pass into another.

But then there were fome Exceptions of this general I'm, when there was no Danyer of the Confusion of Familia, or of the Inheritance of a Family of one Tribe to pass and an other. As when the eldest, or second Son of a Fa-

Advent.

Juda.

* A City of

the Tribe of

The Gospel according

27. For nothing shall be impossible with God.

38. And Mary faid: Behold the handmaid of the Lord: Be it unto me according to thy word. And

the angel departed from her.

39. And Mary arole in thole days and went unto The Gospel on the hill country, with hafte, into a city of Judez. * the Vilitation 40. And entred into the houle of Zacharias, and of our Lady, faluted Elizabeth. Tuly 2.

41. And it came to pals, that when Elizabeth heard and upon Em- the falutation of Mary, the infant in her womb leapt ber-Friday in for joy: And Elizabeth was filled with the holyghoft.

42. And the cried out with a loud voice, and faid: Bleffed art thou among women, and bleffed is the fruit of thy wemb.

43. And whence is this to me, that the mother of

my Lord fliould come to me?

44. For lo, to foon, as the voice of thy falutation founded in my ears, the infine in my womb leaped TOF YOY.

45. And bleffed art thou, who didft believe: For the things shall be performed, which the Lord hath

told unto thee.

46. And Mary faid :

47. My foul doth magnify the Lord: and my fpirit hath rejoiced in God my saviour.

48. For he hath regarded the humility of his hand-

mily bad married and begat Children, any of the rest of his younger brother's might take a wife of another Inte, provided the faid Wife were not the Heireft of her Father's Inheritance, but had Brothers or elder Sifters to whom the Inheritance ought to fall. Thus we find, that David the feventh Son of Ital of the Tribe of Juda, married Michol, Saul's Daughter of the Tribe of Benjamin; because Saul had leveral Sons to whom his Inheritance might come: And the Priests of the Tribe of Levi, took Wive: secretly, as we read in the Books of Kings, out of the Tribe of Judz; because they having no Inheritance assigned to them, other than the Tithes and their Part of the Sacrifices, there was no danger, that the Inheritance of any Family bould fall to them, into what ever Tribe they had married. Now Elizabeth's Father who was of the Tribe of Levi Azron's great Grandfather, did upon this score take to Wife a Woman of the Tribe of Juda the Sifter of Anna, the Mother of the Bleffed Virgin Mary: So that she and Elizabeth were Sifter's Children; wherefore the Angel faid to the Virgin Maty: Behold thy coulin Elizabeth. mail:

maid: Behold, from henceforth all generations shall call me bleffed.

49. Because he that is mighty, hath done me great things, and holy is his name.

so. And his mercy is from generation to generation

upon those who fear him.

51. He hath shewed ftrength in his arm: He hath dispersed the proud, in the conceit of their heart.

52. He hath pulled down the powerful from the

throne, and hath exalted the humble.

52. He liath filled the hungry with good things, and the rich he hath fent away empty.

54. He hath taken into his protection Israel, his

fervant, being mindful of his mercy.

55. As he spake to our fathers, to Abraham and to his feed for ever.

56. And Mary stay'd with her about three months. and returned to her own house.

57. Now Elizabeth's time of being delivered was The Gofpel on come, and the bare a lon.

58. And her neighbours and kinsfolk heard that the of St. John Lord did magnify his mercy unto her, and they did Baptiff, June congratulate with her.

59. And it came to pals that on the eighth day, fummer Daythey came to circumcife the child, and they called him

by his father's name Zacharias.

60. And his mother answered, and said: Not so. but he shall be called John.

6i. And they faid unto her: There is none of thy kindred, who is called by this name.

62. And they made figus to the father, * what he know. wou'd have him called.

62. And he asked for a writing table and wrote faying: His name is John. And they all marvelled.

64. And his mouth was forthwith opened, and his

tongue looled, and he tpake blefling God.

of. And fear came upon all their neighbours, and all thele things were notited abroad over all the hillcountry of Judea.

66. And all that had heard, laid them up in their heart, laying: Who, think you, shall this child be?

For the hand of the Lord was with him.

67. And Zacharias his father was filled with the

holy gheft, and prophetied, faying:

68. Bleffed be the Lord God of Ifrael; for he hath vifited and redeemed his people.

the Nativity 24.call'd Mid-

Chap. I.

The Gospel according

og. And hath railed up an horn of salvation for us, in the house of his servant David.

70. As he spake by the mouth of his holy Prophets,

who are from the beginning.

71. That he would fave us from our enemies, and from the hand of all those who hate us.

72. To perform his mercy with our fathers, and to

remember his holy alliance.

73. The oath which he sware to our father Abraham, that he would grant us.

74. That being freed from the hand of our enemies,

we might serve him without fear;

75. In holiness and justice before him, all our days.

76. And thou child shalt be called the Prophet of the most high: For thou shalt go before the face of the Lord to prepare his ways.

77. To give knowledge of falvation to his people,

for the remission of their sins.

78. Thro' the bowels of the mercy of our God, by which the rifing fun from on high hath vifited us.

79. To give light unto thole, who sit in darkness, and in the shadow of death: To guide our feet in the

way of peace.

80. And the child grew, and was strengthened in spirit, and was in the deserts, until the day of his manifestation to Israel.

CHAP. II.

Christ is born in Bethlehem, his birth is declared by angels to the shepherds, who come to visit him. He is circumcifed, and presented to God in the temple of Ferusalem. Simeon taketh him into his arms. Being twelve years old he sitteth in the midst of the doctors, and putteth questions to them. He goeth down to Nazareth, and is obedient to his parents.

^{69.} He hath raised up an horn of salvation for us By an Horn in Scripture Phrase, is meant power or might, such as Kings or great Princes have. Thus, Dan. 7. 24. The ten horns will be ten kings. So that the Sense of these Words: He hath raised up an horn of salvation for us, is. He hath raised up a powerful Saviour, or King for us.

s. A ND it came to pals in those days, that there The Gospel at went out an edict from Celar Augustus, that the first Mals the whole world should be enrolled.

On Christ.

2. This enrolling was the first made by Cirinus pre- mas Day.

fident of Syria.

3. And all went to be enrolled every one in his own

city.

4. And Joseph also went up from Galilee out of the city of Nazareth into Judea unto the city of David, which is called Bethlehem; because he was of the house and family of David.

5. To be registered with his espouled wife Mary,

who was big with child.

- 6. And it came to pais, that while they were there, the days were accomplished that she should be delivered.
- 7. And the brought forth her first born fon, and wrapped him in swaddling cloaths, and laid him in a manger, because there was no soon for them in the inn.

8. Now there were in the same country shepherds watching, and keeping watch over their slock by night.

9. And lo the angel of the Lord stood near them, and a divine light those about them, and they were

feized with great fear.

to. And the angel laid unto them; Fear not: For behold I bring you good news which shall be great joy unto all people.

11. For unto you is born this day, in the city of

David, a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord.

r. The whole world should be enroll'd. That is, the whole Roman Empire, the whole (as it is usual with all Writers,) being put for the chief or principal Part.

^{2.} This enrolling was the first made by Cirinus. This is not to be understood so as to mean, that this was the first time the Jews were enrolled, in order to pay Tribute: For as Josep. lib. 14. Antiquit. Aug. lib. 18. de Civit. Dei. and many prophane Authors tell us, the Jews had been enroil'd and paid the Romans Tribute for several Years before the Birth of Christ. But the Evangelyst only tells us, this was the first enrolling which was made by Cirinus; or, as some prophane Authors call him Quirinius, in order to distinguish the same from another enrolling made by the said Civinus in five Years after; it being usual with the Romans to enroll all their Tributaries once every sive Years, or every Lustum, as Baronius observes, Apparat. 2d Annal. Num. 18.

12. And this shall be a sign unto you: Ye shall find the babe wrapped in swaddling cloaths, and laid in a manger.

12. And fuddenly there was with the angel a multitude of the heavenly hoft, praifing God, and faying.

14. Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace

to men of good will.

The Gospel at the Second Mals upon Christmasday, and within the for a Votive of our Lady from Chridiemas.

The Gospel

cumcilion of

our Lord.

The Gospel

rification of

our Lady, or

Candlemas-

15. And it came to pais, as the angels were gone away from them into heaven, the shepherds said to one another: Let us go over to Bethlehem, and fee this thing which is come to pals, which the Lord hath flewn unto us.

16. And they came with hafte, and found Mary.

Office, and and Joseph, and the babe laid in a manger.

17. And when they had feen it, they understood the thing which was faid unto them concerning this child.

18. And all that heard admired at it, and at thole

Amas to Can- things which were told them by the shepherds.

19. But Mary kept all thele things, pondering them in her heart.

20. And the shepherds returned glorifying and praifing God for all the things, which they had heard

and feen, as it was told unto them. 21. And when eight days were accomplished for the circumcifing of the child, his name was called upon the Cir-Tefus, which name was given him by the angel before

he was conceived in the womb.

22. And when the days of her purification, accordupon the Pu- ing to the Law of Moles, were fulfilled, they brought him to Jerulalem to present him to the Lord.

> 23. As it is written in the Law of the Lord. Every male that openeth the womb shall be called holy to

day, Feb. 2. the Lord.

24. And to offer a facrifice, as it is said in the Law of the Lord, a pair of turtle doves or two young pi-

geons.

The Gospel on

25. And behold there was a man in jerulalem, Sunday with whole name was Simeon, and the same man was just inthe Octave and fearing God, waiting for the confolation of Ifof Christmas, rael, and the holy ghost was in him.

25. Waiting for the confolation of Israel. That is waiting for the Messias or Saviour, who was to bring them

true Comfort or Confolation.

^{27.} Every male that openeth the womb. This is a way of speaking peculiar to the Jews, to denote the full born Male, for as much as it is the first born that (in their way of [peaking] openeth the womb.

26. And it was revealed unto him by the holy ghoft, that he should not see death before he had seen the Christ of the Lord.

27. And he came by the spirit into the temple, and when his parents brought in the child Jesus 10 do for him according to the custom of the Law.

28. He also took him up in his arms, and bleffed

God, and faid:

29. Now Lord; thou dost dismiss thy Servant in peace according to thy word:

30. For my eyes have feen thy falvation:

31. Which thou hast prepared before the face of all people:

32. A light to lighten the Gentiles, and the glory

of thy people Itrael.

33. And his father and mother marvelled at those

things which were ipoken of him.

34. And Simeon bleffed them, and faid unto Mary his mother: Behold this child is fet for the ruin, and refurrection of many in Israel, and for a mark which shall be contradicted.

35. And a fword shall pierce thy own foul, that the

thoughts of many hearts may be revealed.

36. And there was one Anne a Prophetels, the daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Aler; she was of a great age, and had lived with her husband seven years from her virginity.

37. And was a widow to the age of fourfcore and four years, who departed not from the temple ferving

God with fastings and prayers night and day.

38. She at the same hour suddenly coming in praised the Lord, and spake of him to all those who looked for the redemption of Israel.

39. And when they had performed all things according to the law of the Lord, they returned into

Galilee, to their own city Nazareth.

40. And the child grew and waxed strong, being filled with wisdom, and the grace of God was in him.

4r. And his parents went to Jerusalem every year

on the folemn day of the passover.

42. And when he was twelve years old, they went The Gospel on up to Jerusalem according to the custom of the festi-

43. And when they had fulfilled the days, as they day after the returned, the child Jesus stayed in Jesusalum, and his Epiphany. parents knew it not.

^{41.} The passover. See the Annotation on the 28th of St. Matthew Verse. 2.

The Gospel according

44. But thinking him to be in the company they came a days journey, and fought him among their kinsfolks and acquaintance.

45. And when they found him not, they turned back

again to Jerusalem, seeking him.

46. And it came to pals, that after three days, they found him in the temple fitting in the midst of the Doctors, hearing them and asking them questions.

47. And all that heard him were aftonished at his

wildom and answers.

48. And when they saw him, they wondered, and his mother said unto him; Son why hast thou thus dealt with us? Behold thy father and I sought thee grieving.

49. And he said unto them: Why sought ye med Knew ye not, that I must be about those things which

are my fathers?

50. And they understood not the word which he

fpake unto them.

51. And he went down with them and came to Nazareth: And was subject unto them: And his mother laid up all these things in her heart.

52. And Jesus increased in wildom, and age, and in

grace with God and men.

CHAP. III.

John is sent from the desert by God to preach the hapt sure of penance, he teacheth the people, the publicans and the foldiers, what they ought to do in order to be saved. He preacheth the power and excellency of Christ, and how far his haptism surpasseth his own. Christ cometh to him to be haptized. The heavens open, and the holy ghost in the form of a dove desendeth, and indicate upon Christ. His heavenly sather declareth by a voice from heaven that he is his beloved son. His genealogy is recorded from Joseph to Adam.

The Gafpel on Eniber Saturday in Advent; and on the fourth Sunday in Advent.

Tiberius Celar, Pontius Pilzte being governour of Judea, and Herod being tetrach of Galilee, and his brother Philip tetrach of Ituea, and of the region of Trachonitis, and Lylanias tetrach of Abilene.

^{1.} Tetrach. See the Annotations upon St. Matthew Chap. 14.1.

2. Annas and Caiphas being the High Priests, the word of the Lord came unto John, the son of Zacharias in the desert.

3. And he came into all the country about Jordan preaching the baptilin of penance for the remission of

nns.

4. As it is written in the book of the words of Ifairs the Prophet: A voice of one crying in the defert: Prepare ye the way of the Lord: Make his paths firait.

5. Every valley shall be filled, and every mountain, and hill shall be brought low: the crooked shall be made strait, and the rough ways made smooth.

6. And all flesh shall see the salvation of God.

7. Then said he to the multitudes which came forth to be baptized by him: Ye vipers brood, who hath warned you to see from the wrath to come.

8. Bring forth therefore worthy fruits of penance, and begin not to say: We have Abraham to our father, for I say unto you, that God is able of these

stones to raise up children to Abraham.

9. For now the ax is laid unto the root of the trees, every tree therefore which bringeth not forth good fruit, shall be hewen down, and cast into the fire.

to. And the multitude asked-him, saying: What

shall we do then.

It. He answered and said unto them: He that hath

But for as much as Annas was Father in Law to Caiphas, and that he was held in great Esteem with the People; he had the Title and Character of High Priest bestowed upon him during the Pontiscate of Caiphi. Hence St. Luke faith: Annas and Caiphas being the High

^{2.} Annas and Caiphas being the High Priests. Not that they were both High Priests at the same time; for according to the Law, there could be but one High Priest at a time, and the same was to continue his Office during his Life. But in some Years after the Jews had returned from their Captivity, there was so much Bribery and Fation among them, that the Kings and the Roman Governours did often (as Josephus informs us, lib. 18. Antiquit) depose the High Priests, and substitute others in their Room. Now Annas being High Priest for some Years, was removed from his Office by Val. Gratus the Roman Governour, and three more succeeded him, each one Year, before Caiphas was promoted to the Pontificate by the said Val. Gratus

Chap. III.

The Gospel according

two coats, let blm give to him that hath none: And he that hath meat let him do likewife.

T2. There came also publicans to be baptized, and they said unto him: Master, what shall we do.

13. He said unto them: Do no more then that which

is appointed you,

And what shall we do? And he said unto them: Do violence to no body, neither calumniate any man, and be content with your pay.

were musing in their hearts concerning John, that

perhaps he might be the Christ.

16. John answered, saying unto them all: I indeed baptize you in water: But there shall come one mightier then I, the latchet of whose shoes I am not worthy to unloose: He shall baptize you in the holy ghost, and in fire.

his floor, and will gather the wheat into his barn, but the chaff he will burn with unquenchable fire.

18. Many other things also did he, in his exhor-

tations preach to the people.

on account of Herodias his brother's wife, and of all the evils which Herod had done.

20. Added, yet this above all, that he fout up John

in prifon.

zr. Now when all the people were baptized, it came to pass, that felus also being baptized, and pray-

ing, the heaven was opened.

22. And the holy ghost descended in a bodily shape like a dove upon him: And a voice came from heaven: Thou are my beloved son, in thee I am well pleased.

" Fup. to ap-

23. And Jelus himself began * about the age of thirry years, being as it was thought, the son of Joseph, who was the son of Heli, who was the son of Mathat.

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^{23.} Joseph, who was the son of Heli. St. Matthew Chap. t. v. 16. tells us, that Jacob begat Joseph. How then eou'd Joseph be the Son of Heli? To resolve this apparent Contradiction, we must observe, that the Law of Muses provided, that when an elder Brother of a Family died without Iffue, his second Brother shou'd take his Relief to Wise and raise seed (to use the Scripture Phrase) to his elder Brother. Now there were two Brothers, Heli and Jacob: Brothers by the same l'inter, or by the same Mother; but not

24. Who was the fon of Levi, who was the fon of Melchi, who was the fon of Jame, who was the fon of Joseph.

25. Who was the fon of Mattathias, who was the fon of Amos, who was the fon of Naham, who was

the fon of Heili, who was the fon of Nagge.

26. Who was the son of Mahath, who was the son of Mathathias, who was the son of Semei, who was the son of Juda.

27. Who was the fon of Joanna, who was the fon of Rela, who was the fon of Zorobabel, who was the

fon of Salathiel, who was the fon of Neri.

28. Who was the son of Melchi, who was the son of Addi, who was the son of Colam, who was the son of Elmadan, who was the son of Her.

29. Who was the ion of Jeiu, who was the fon of Eliezer, who was the ion of Jorim, who was the ion

of Mathath, who was the fon of Levi.

of Juda, who was the fon of Joseph, who was the son of Juda, who was the son of Joseph, who was the son

of Jona, who was the fon of Eliakim.

of Menna, who was the son of Melcha, who was the son of Menna, who was the son of Matthatha, who was the son of David.

by the same Father: Tho' both their Fathers were descended from David, but in different Lines; Heli's Father being descended from him in the Line of Nathan, and sacob's Father in the Line of Salomon.

It happened then, that Heli the elder Brother took a Wife but died without Issue, whereupon the second Brother Jacob took the fame Wife, as the Law of Moles had commanded, and begat Joseph of ber Body: So that Joseph was the Son of Heli; according to the Law, and the Son of Jacob according to the Flesh. And it is observable that St. Matthew does not say, that Joseph was the Son of Jacob, but only that Jacob begat Joseph, because be begat him for his elder Brother Heli, whose Name and Inheritance be was to possess; whereas St. Luke says expressy. that [ofeph was the Son of Heli, tho', he was begat by lacob. In a Word, St. Matthew brings down the Genealogy of Christ from David to Joseph in the Line of Salomon, one of David's Sons, and St. Luke mounts, or brings up the same Genealogy from soleph to David in the Line of Nathan, another of David's Sons: And tho' we meet with Salathiel and Zorobabel both in St. Luke and St. Matthew, yet, as Janlenius Gaud. observes, they were not the fame Persons in both, the' the same Names.

Chap. IV.

The Gospel according

32. Who was the son of Jesse, who was the son of Obed, who was the son of Booz, who was the son of Salmon, who was the son of Naason, who was the son of Aminadab.

33. Who was the fon of Aram, who was the fon of Elson, who was the fon of Phares, who was the fon

of Juda.

34. Who was the fon of Jacob, who was the fon of Isac, who was the fon of Abraham, who was the fon of Nachor.

35. Who was the fon of Sarug, who was the fon of Ragu, who was the fon of Phaleg, who was the fon

of Heber, who was the lon of Sale.

36. Who was the Ion of Calnan, who was the Ion of Arphaxad, who was the Ion of Sem, who was the Ion of Lamech.

27. Who was the fon of Mathusalem, who was the fon of Henoch, who was the son of Jared, who was the son of Cainan.

38. Who was the son of Henos, who was the son of Sup. Adop. Seth, who was the son of Adam, who was the *fon tite.

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CHAP. IV.

Jesus is led, by the spirit into the desert. He fasteth forty days, is tempted by the devil. He readesh in the synagogue of Nazareth, a passage of Isaias, saith that a Prophet is not without honour, but in his own country: He goeth to Capharnaum, cureth one possessed of a devil, as also Peter's mother in law, and divers other sick persons. The devils acknowledge him, he reprove them, and preacheth in many cities.

A ND Jesus being sull of the holy ghost returned from Jordan, and was led by the spirit into the desert.

2. For forty days, and was tempted by the devil, in these days he did eat nothing, and when they were ended he hungred.

3. Then faid the devil unto him: If thou be the fon of God, say unto this stone, that it be made bread.

4. And selus answered him: It is written, that man doth not live by bread alone, but by every word of God.

5. And the devil led him into an high mountain, and shewed him all the kingdoms of the world in a moment of time.

6. Ard

6. And faid unto him: I will give thee all this power, and the glory of them, for unto me are they delivered, and I give them to whom I will.

7. If therefore thou wilt adore me, all shall be thine.

8. And Jelus answered and said unto him: It is written: Thou shalt adore the Lord thy God, and him only shalt thou serve.

9. And he brought him into Jerulalem, and fet him upon the pinnacle of the temple, and faid unto him: If thou be the fon of God, cast thy felf down from

hence.

to. For it is written, that he hath given his angels charge of thee, that they may preferve thee.

11. And that they shall bear thee up in their hands,

left perhaps thou dash thy foot against a stone.

12. And Jesus answered and said unto him: It is said: Thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God.

13. And when the devil had ended all the tempta-

tion, he departed from him for a time.

14. And Jesus returned in the power of the spirit into Galilee, and his same was spread over all that country.

15. And he taught in their lynagogues, and was

magnified by all.

16. And he came to Nazareth, where he had been brought up, and, as he was accustomed, he went into the fynagogue on the sabbath day, and stood up to read.

17. And there was delivered unto him the book of the Prophet Isaias, and as he opened the book, he found the place where it was written:

18. The spirit of the Lord is upon me, wherefore he hath anointed me: He hath sent me to preach the gospel to the poor, to heal the contrite in heart.

19. To preach deliverance to the captives, and fight to the blind, to fer at liberty them that are bruiled, to preach the acceptable year of the Lord, and the day of retribution.

20. And when he had closed the book, he gave it again to the minister, and sat down. And the eyes of all the people in the synagogue were upon him.

21. And he began to fay unto them: This day is

the scripture fulfilled in your ears.

22. And all bear him witness, and wondred at the gracious words which proceeded from his mouth, and

they faid: Is not this Joseph's fon.

23. And he faid unto them: Ye will doubtless apply unto me, this proverb: Physician heal thy self: Such great things as we have heard done in Capharnaum, do also here in thy own country.

24. But

Chap. IV.

The Gospel according

The Gospel on Monday in the Third Week in Lent.

24. But I affare you, said he, that no Prophet is accepted in his own country.

25. I tell you in truth, there were many widows in Brael, in the days of Elias, when the heaven was that up three years and fix months, when there was a great famine in all the land.

26. And yet Elias was lent to none of them, but to

a widow woman in Sarepta of Sidon.

27. There were also many lepers in Israel in the time of Elices the Prophet, and none of them was cleanfed but Naaman the Syrian.

28. And they were all in the synagogue filled with

wrath, when they heard thele things.

29. And they role up, and cast him out of the city, and brought him to the edge of the hill upon which their city was built, that they might cast him down headleng.

30. But he passing thro' the midst of them, went his

31. And came sown to Caphamaum a city of Galilee, and there taught them on the labbath days.

31. And they were astonished at his doctrine: For

his word was wath power.

33. And there was in the synagogue a man, who had an unclean devil, and he cried with a loud voice.

34. Saying: Let us alone: What have we to do with thee, Jelus of Nazareth: Art thou come to deftroy us? I know thee, who thou art, the holy one of God.

39. And Jelus rebuked him, laying: Hold thy peace, and go our of him. And when the devil had thrown him down in the midft, he came our of him, and hun

him not.

36. And they were all seized with sear, and spake one to another saying: What is all this? For with authority and power he commandeth the unclean spirits, and they come out.

37. And his fame was spread abroad in every place

of the country.

The Gospel on 38. If Thurlday in ter'd in the Third taken Weekin Lent, for her. and on Ember 39. If Saturday in fever, Whitsun and mit Week, and in 40. If

Time of Mor-

tality.

28. And Jesus rising up out of the synagogue, enter'd into Simon's house, whose wifes mother was taken with a great sever: And they belought him for her.

39. And he frood over her, and commanded the fever, and it left her. And immediately the arole, and ministred unto them.

40. And when the fun was fer, all such as had fick folks troubled with divers diseases, brought them unto him: And having said his hands on every one of them, he healed them.

41. And

41. And devils came out of many, crying out, and saying: Thou art the son of God: But he rebuked them; and suffered them not to say, that they knew he was Christ.

42. And when it was day, having gone out, he went into 2 defert place, and the multitudes fought him, and came up unto him, and held him, that he thould not depart from them.

43. And he said unto them, I must preach the kingdom of God to other cities allo: For therefore

am I fent.

44. And he preached in the synagogues of Galilee.

CHAP. V.

Jesus sitteth in Peter's ship, and teacheth the people, be commandeth Peter to cast his net, who thereupon catcheth a vast number of fishes. He bealeth a leper, and fendeth him to the Priests, forgiveth his fins to a man troubled with the palsie, and commandeth him to carry away his bed. He calleth Levi, and eateth at his boufe. He giveth reasons why he eateth with Sinners, and why his Difeiples do not faft...

A ND it came to pals, that as the multitudes The Gofgel on pressed upon him to hear the word of God, he the Fourth stood by the Lake of Genelareth.

2. And faw two ships standing by the Lake; but Pentecost. the fishermen were gone down, and were washing their

3. And having gone aboard one of them, which was Simon's, he prayed him to put back a little from the land, and he fat down, and taught the people from aboard the ship.

4. And when he had done speaking, he said unto Simon: Launch out into the deep, and let look your

nets for a draught.

5. And Simon answered, and said unto him: Mafter we have toiled all night, and have taken nothing: But at thy word I will let loofe the net.

6. And when they had done so, they enclosed to

great a multitude of fish, that their net broke.

7. And they beckened to their companions, who were in the other ship, that they should come and help them. And they came, and filled both the ships, to that they almost funk.

3. Which when Simon Peter perceived, he fell down

Sunday after

Chap. V.

The Gospel according

at Jesus's knees, saying: Depart from me O Lord, for I am a finful man.

9. For he was aftonished, and all that were with him, at the draught of fish, which they had taken.

to. And so were James and John, the sons of Zebedee, who were Simon's companions. And Jesus said unto Simon: Fear not: From henceforth thou shalt catch men.

tr. And having brought their ships to land, they forfook all, and followed him.

12. And it came to pais, when he was in a certain city, behold a man, who was full of leprofie, feeing Jeius, fell on his face, and belought him, laying: Lord, if thou wilt, thou canft make me clean.

13. And he firstched out his hand, and touched him, faying: I will: Be thou clean: And immediately the leproly departed from him.

14. And he charged him to tell it to no body: But go, lays he, shew thy felf to the Priests, and offer for thy cleaning, as Moles commanded for a testimony unto them.

15. But his fame was the more spread abroad: And there came great multitudes to hear, and to be healed of their infirmities.

16. And he withdrew into the defert, and prayed.

17. And it came to pals on a certain day, as he fat teaching, that there were Pharifees also sitting, and doctors of the law, who came from all the towns of Galilee, and Judea, and Jerusalem: And the virtue of the Lord was for healing them.

18. And behold men carrying in a bed, a man fick of the palfie, fought to bring him, and to lay him before him.

19. And when they could not find by what way they might bring him in, by reason of the croud, they went upon the house top, and let him down with his bed into the midst before Jesus.

20. Who seeing their faith, said: Man thy sins are forgiven thee.

21. And the Scribes and Pharifees began to think, faying: Who is this, which speaketh blasphemies? Who can forgive sins but God alone?

22. But when Jesus perceived their thoughts, he answered, and said unto them: What do ye think of, in your hearts?

23. Whether is easier to say: Thy fins are forgiven thee, or to say: Rise up, and walk.

24. But that ye may know, that the lon of man hath power on earth to forgive fins: (He said to the sick

The Gofpel on Ember Friday, in Whitfun Week.

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of the palie) I say unto thee, Arise, take up thy bed,

and go into thine house.

25. And immediately he role up before them, took up the bed on which he lay, and went to his house glorifying God.

26. And they were all amazed, and glorified God: And they were seized with fear, saying: We have

teen wonderful things this day.

27. And after these things he went out, and saw a The Gospel on Publican called Levi, sitting at the receipt of custom; St. Matthew's and he said unto him: Follow me.

Eve, Sept. 20.

28. And he left all, role up, and followed him.

29. And Levi made him a great feast in his own houle: And there was a great number of Publicans and others, who sat with him at table.

30. And their Scribes and Pharifees murmured, faying unto his Disciples: Why do ye eat and drink with Publicans and Sinners?

- 31. And Jesus answered, and said unto them: It is not those, who are well, but those, who are ill, that have need of a physician.
 - 32. I came not to call the just, but sinners to do

penance.

- 33. Then faid they unto him: Why do the Disciples of John, as also of the Pharisees fast and pray often, but thine eat and drink.
- 34. He said unto them: Can ye make the children of the bridegroom fast, while the bridegroom is with them?
- 35. But the days will come, when the bridegroom shall be taken away from them: Then shall they fast in those days.
- 36. He also proposed them this comparison. No man putteth a piece of a new garment upon an old: Else the new teareth the old, and the piece of the new agreeth not with the old.
- 37. And no man putteth new wine into old casks; else the new wine will butft the casks, and be spilled, and the casks will perish.
- 38. But new wine must be put into new casks, and both are preserved.
- 39. And no man drinking old wine, would immediately have new: For he faith: The old is better.

CHAP. VI.

Jefu excufeth his Disciples, whom the Pharisees accused, for plucking the ears of corn on the sabbath day. He healeth a withered hand on the sabbath day. He chooseth twelve, whom he called Apostles. He preacheth to a great multitude in the fields, sheweth who are those, who are blessed, giveth the marks of the good and had trees, and likens the hearess and fulfillers of his word to those, who huild houses upon rocks: And on the contrary, those, who hear, and do not fulfil his word, he likens to men, who build their houses upon earth without a foundation.

* Great or chiefSabbaths.

A ND it came to pais on the second first * sabbath, that as he went thro' the corn fields, his Disciples plucked the ears of corn, and did ear rubbing them in their hands.

2. Where-

The fecond Opinion, which is that of Scaliger, and of many Protestants, is, that by the Word second is here meant, the fecond Day after the Passover, and that by the first Sabbath is meant the next Sabbath immediately following the Feast of the Passover. For as Scaliger lib. 6. de Emendat. Temp. observes, the Jews reckoned all the Sabbath

T. The second first sabbath. There are two Opinions concerning the Sense of these Words: The first Opinion is, that by the Word first, is bere meant great or chief: So that the Latin of the said Words may very well be rendered thus: The second great sabbath, or the second chief 12bbath: And thus have some of the Fathers, and most of the best Expositors of the Scripture understood them, upon those Grounds. The Jews did use to call the Sabbath Day which fell upon the Feasts of the Passover, of Pentecost, of Tabernacles, and of some other principal Feasts, great labbath days: And for as much as the Feast of the Passover was their first, or greatest Feast, they called the Sabbath, which fell upon it, meanwopenor ou Chalor, the first Sabbath, or the first great Sabbath, or chief Sabbath; for the Word wore, or primus, signifies fometimes great or chief, ar well ar first. The Sabbath falling upon the Feast of Pentecost they called Auragorgains, the second sust, or second great Sabbath. The Sabbath falling upon the Feast of Tabernacles, neuropowns, the third first, or third great Sabbath: And thus they distinguished their great or chief Sabbath Days one from another. By which it appears, that the Evangelist here meant the Sabbath, which fell upon the Feast of Pentecost, it being the second fust, or second great Sabbath.

2. Whereupon some of the Pharifees said unto them: Why do ye that which is not lawful on the sabbath days?

3. Jesus answering them said: Have ye not then read that which David did, when he was an hungred,

and they that were with him.

4. How he went into the bouse of God, took the shew bread, ear thereof, and gave to them that were with him, which is not lawful to eat, but for the Priests alone?

5. And he laid unto them, that the fon of man is Lord even of the Sabbath.

6. And it came to pass on another sabbath also, that he entred into the synagogue, and taught: And there was a man whose right hand was withered.

Days, be ween the Passover and Pentecost from the second Day after the Feast of the Passover, and called the first Sabbath after the Feast of the Passover, the second first sabbath, that is, the first sabbath after the second Day from the Feast of the Passover: And the second Sabbath Day after the Passover; they called the second second sabbath; and so on to Pentecost; as we now say, the first Sunday ofter Eatter, the second Sunday after Eatter, Ec.

But in my Judgment, the first Opinion is more agreeathe to Reafon, and to the fequel of what is related by the Evangelift in the fame Verfe, viz. That the Disciples did pluck the Ears of Corn, and did eat thereof on that Sabhath Day: For it is certain, that the Feast of the Passover did always happen about the latter End of Match, or but a few Days advanced in April; and that the first Sabbath after the faid Feast, was by much ton early to have Ears of Wheat ripe or fit to be eaten: So that what the Evangelist here calls the second first sabbath, cannot be the full Sabbath after the Feast of the Passover. Now the Seafin for ripe Ears of Corn, as a so what St. John 19. 21. fays, where he calls the Sabbath within the Octave of the Frast of the Passover a great Sabbath Day, agrees very well with the first Opinion, viz. that by the second first Sabbath is meant the second great Sabbath, which always happen'd either upon the Feast of Pentecost, or within the Offave thereof; at which time the Univert of the lews was near Ripe, and they thenselves were commanded by the Law of Moles to offer a Sheaf of Wheat as an Offer ring, before they had threshed, or made any other Use of their Coin: Confequently St. Luke meant by the second first labbath, the great Sabbath which happened on the Feast, or in the Ochave of Peniceost.

The Gospel according

- 7. And the Scribes and Pharifees observed, whether he would cure on the labbath day, that they might find whereof to accule him.
- 8. But he knew their thoughts, and said to the man, who had the withered hand: Rife up and stand in the midst, and he arose and stood up.

9. Then said Jesus unto them: I ask you, is it law. ful on the labbath days to do good, or to do evil, to

lave a foul, or to deftroy it?

10. And looking round about upon them all, he laid unto the man; firetch out thy hand. And he stretched it out, and his hand was restored.

* Sup. Whole.

11. And they were filled with madnels, and difcourfed among themselves what they should do to Je-

The Gospel on St. Bartholomew's Day, Aug. 24.

- 12. And it came to pals in those days, that he went out into a mountain to pray, and spent the night in divine prayer.
- 13. And when it was day he called his Disciples, and choic twelve among them (whom allo he named Apoities.)
- 14. Simon, whom he fignamed Peter, and Andrew his brother, James and John, Philip, and Bartholo-

15. Matthew, and Thomas, James the son of Alpheus, and Simon, who is called the zealet.

16. And Judas the brother of James, and Judas IIcariot who was the traitor.

17. And he came down with them and stood in

and a great multitude of the common people, from all

The Gospel on St. Fabion and the plain together with a company of his Disciples, Sebastian's Day, Jan. 20. Judea, and Jerusalem, and from the sea coast both of on St. Denis's Tyre and Sidon.

many Martyrs.

Day, Oct. 9.

18. Who came to hear him, and to be healed of on All-Saints their dileases. And such as were vexed with unclean Eve, and for Ipirits were healed.

to. And the whole multitude fought to touch him: For there went virtue out of him, and healed them

20. And he lifted up his eyes towards his Dilciples, and laid: Bleffed be ye poor, for yours is the kingdom of heaven.

21. Blessed are ye, who hunger now, for ye shall be filled: Blessed are ye, who weep now: For ye shall laugh.

22. Blessed shall ye be when men shall hate you, and when they shall separate you, and shall reproach you, and cast out your name, as evil, for the ion of man's lake.

22. Rejoice ye in that day, and be ye glad: For behold, your reward is great in heaven: For in like manner did their fathers unto the Prophets.

24. But we be to you that are rich, for ye have

your confolation.

25. Wo be to you that are full, for ye shall hunger: We be to you that laugh now: for ye shall mourn and weep.

26. We be to you, when men shall speak well of after.

you: For so did their fathers to the false Prophets.

27. But unto you, who hear me, I say: Love your enemies, do good to them, that hate you.

28. Bleis them that cuffe you, and pray for them

that calumniate you.

29. And unto him who striketh thee on one check. offer also the other, and him who taketh away thy cloak, forbid not to take thy coat allo.

zo. Give to every one that asketh of thee; and require not thy goods of him that taketh them away.

31. And as ye would that men should deal with

you, do ye in like manner deal also with them.

32. But if ye love only them that love you, what thanks delerve ye? For finners do love thole that love

33. And if we do good † to them, who do good to † Sup. Only. you, what thanks delerve ye? For finners also do the

34. And if ye lend T to them, of whom ye hope to A Sup. Only receive; what thanks deferve ye? For finners also

lend to finners, for to receive the like,

35. Wherefore love ye your enemies, do good, and lend, hoping for no return. And your reward shall be great. And ye shall be the children of the most high. For he is kind to the ungrateful, and to the wicked.

36. Be ye therefore merciful, as your father is merci- The Gofpel on

ful.

37. Judge not, and ye shall not be judged: Condemn day after 'not, and ye shall not be condemned: Forgive, and ye Pentecost.

shall be torgiven.

38. Give, and it shall be given unto you: Good measure, and pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, thall men give into your bolom: For with the same measure that ye mete, it shall be meafured to you again.

39. And he spake a parable unto them: Can the blind lead the blind? shall they not both fall in the

ditch?

40. The Disciple is not above his master: But every Disciple will be perfect, if he be as his mafter.

* Sup. Here.

the first Sun-

The Gospel according

41. Why dost thou see the mote in thy brother's eye; but perceivest not the beam that is in thine own

eye ?

42. Or how canst thou say to thy brother: Brother, let me take the mote out of thine eye, thou, who seest not the beam that is in thine own eye? Thou hypocrite, cast out first the beam, out of thine own eye. And then thou shalt see clearly to pull the mote out of thy brother's eye.

43. For the tree is not good, which produceth bad fruit; neither is the tree bad which produceth good

fruit.

44. For every tree is known by its fruit: For of thorns men do not gather figs; nor of a bush, grapes.

45. A good man, out of the good treasure of his hearr, bringeth forth good things: And an evil man, out of his evil treasure, bringeth forth evil: For out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh.

46. But why call ye me, Lord, Lord, and do not

the things which I fay?

47. Wholoever cometh to me, and heareth my words, and doeth them: I will shew you to whom he is like.

48. He is like a man, who built a house, and digged deep, and laid the foundation upon a rock. And when the flood arose, the stream beat forcibly upon that house, but could not shake it, because it was founded upon a rock.

49. But he, who heareth, and doeth not, is like a man, who built his house upon the earth, without a soundation, against which the stream beat forcibly, and immediately it sell, and the ruin of that house

was great.

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CHAP. VII.

Chift admireth the Centurion's faith, and healeth his fervant. He raifeth from death the widow's fon at Nam, answereth John's messengers, and extolleth his merit; inveigheth against the Jewi, and likeneth them to chidien sitting in the market place, answereth Simon's mumusing concerning the sinful woman, and proposeth a serable to that effect.

t. NOW when he had ended all his discourse in the audience of the common people, he entred into Capharnaum.

z. And

2. And a certain Centurion's fervant, who was dear to him, was fick and like to die.

3. And when he heard of Jesus, he sent unto him the Elders of the Jews, praying him to come and heal his servant.

4. And when they came to Jesus they prayed him earnestly, saying unto him: He deserves thou should'st do him this favour.

5. For he leveth our nation, and hath built us a fyc

nagogue.

6. Then Jesus went with them. And when he was not far from the house, the Centurion sent friends to him, saying: Lord trouble not thy self: For I am not worthy that thou should'st enter under my roof.

7. For which reason I did not think even my self worthy to come to thee: But say the word, and my

fervant shall be healed.

8. For I my self am a man under authority, having soldiers under me: And I say to one; go, and he goeth; and to another, come, and he cometh: And to my servant, do this, and he doeth it.

9. Which when Jesus had heard, he was in admiration; and turning to the multitudes which followed him, he said: Verily I say unto you, I have not found

to great taith, no not in Ifrael.

to. And they that were fent, returning to the house,

found the fervant whole, that had been fick.

into a city called Nam: And his Disciples, and a great multitude went with him.

there was a dead man carried out, the only ion of his mother, and she was a widow, and a great multitude fourth Week of the city with her.

13. When the Lord had feen her; being moved for St. Mo-

with compassion, he said unto her: Weep not.

14. And he drew near, and touched the biere, (and guiltin's Mothey that carried him stood still.) And he said: ther, May 4. Young man, I say unto thee, arise.

15. And he that was dead fat up, and began to

speak: And he gave him to his mother.

16. And they were all feized with fear, and glorified God, faying: A great Prophet is rifen up among us, and God hath vifited his people.

17. And this faying was spread abroad of him, over all judea, and over all the country round about.

18. And the Disciples of John gave him an account of all these things.

19. Whereupon John called two of them, and fent

The Gospel on the fifteenth Sunday after Pentecost, and on Thursday in the fourth Week in Lent, and for St. Monica St. Augustin's Mother, May 4.

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them to Jefus, faying: Art thou he, who is to come, or must we wait for another?

John the Baptist sent us unto thee, saying: Art thou he, who is to come, or must we wait for another?

21. And in that same hour he cured many of their differences, and wounds, and of evil spirits, and gave

fight to many that were blind.

22. Then he answered, and said unto them: Go, and tell John what ye have heard, and teen: That the blind fee, the same walk, the lepers are cleansed, the deaf hear, the dead are raised, the gospel is preached to the pour.

23. And bleffed is he wholoever shall not be scan-

dalized in me.

rar. When the messengers of John were departed, he began to speak unto the multitudes concerning John: What went ye out into the desert to see? A reed shaken by the wind?

25. But what went ye out to see? A man cloathed in lost raiment? Alas, such as wear rich cloathing † Net in the and live deliciously dwell in king's palaces. †

† Net in the Defert where John dwells.

26. What then went ye out to lee? A Prophet? Yes,

I affure you, and more than a Propher.

27. This is he, of whom it is written: Behold, I fend my angel before thy face, who shall prepare thy way before thee.

28. For I say unto you: Among those who are born of women, none is a greater Propher than John the Baptist: Yet be that is the least in the kingdom of God, is greater than he.

29. And all the people, who heard him, and the Publicans justified ¶ God, being baptized with the

baptism of John.
30. But the Pharisees and the Lawyers despised God's design upon themselves, being not baptized by John.

31. And the Lord said: To whom then shall I compare the men of this generation? And to whom are they like?

32. They are like unto children fitting in the market place, difcouring together, and faying: We have piped for you, and ye have not danced: We have mounted, and ye have not wept.

33. For John the Baptist came, neither cating bread, nor drinking wine, and ye say: He hath a devil.

34. The fon of man came eating, and drinking, and ye fay: Behold a gitatonous man, and a drinker of wine; a triend of Poblicans and Sinner.

¶ Sup. The Conduct of.

35. And wildom is justified by all her children. *

35. And one of the Pharilees defired him to eat notationsuson with him. And he went into the laufe of the Pha- the 11 of St. rifee, and fat down at the table.

37. And behold a woman, which was in the city, a verse 19. Sinner, when the understood that he far down at ta- The Goffel on ble in the Pharifee's house, brought an alabaster box of St. Mary ointment.

38. And standing behind at his feet, she began to Day, Julyezz. water his feet with her tears, and wipe them with the and on Thurfhair of her head, and killed, and anointed them with day in Paffion the ointment.

39. When the Pharifee, who had bidden him, saw Ember Friday it, he said within himself: If this man were a Pro- in September. phet, he would certainly know, who, and what fort of woman this is that toucheth him, for the is a Sinner.

40. And Jesus answered, and said unto him: Simon I have fomething to lay unto thee. And he laid, Alafter, fay on.

41. There was a certain creditor, who had two debtors: The one ought five hundred pence, and the

other fifty.

42. And for as much as they had not wherewithal to pay, he forgave them both. Which of them therefore loveth him most?

43. Simon answered, and said: I suppose, he to whom he lorgave most. And he laid unto him: Thou

hast rightly judged.

44. And turning to the woman, he faid unto Simon: Seeft thou this woman? I entred into thine house, thou gavest me no water for my seet: But she hath watered my feet with her tears, and wiped them with the hair of her head.

45. Thou gavest me no kils: But this woman hath

not ceased, since she came in, to kiss my feet.

46. Thou didft not anoint my head with oil: But

the hath anointed my feet with ointment.

47. Wherefore I fay unto thee, many fins are forgiven her, because she loved much: But he, to whom tals is forgiven, loveth lefs.

48. Then faid he unto her: Thy fins are forgiven

ther.

- 49. And they, who sat at table with him, began to (ay within themselves: Who is this that forgiveth sina alto?
- 50. And he said unto the woman; Thy saith hath layed thee; go in peace.

* See the An-Matthew Magdalen's

Week, and on

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CHAP. VIII.

Mary Magdalens and other women minister unto Christ of their substance. He proposeth the parable of the sower. He sweeth who are his mother and his brethren, stilleth the wind, delivereth a man from a Legion of devils, healeth a woman of an issue of blood, and raiseth to life the daughter of Jairus.

I. A ND it came to pals afterwards, that he went from city to city, and from town to town, preaching and publishing the gospel of the kingdom of God: And the twelve were with him.

2. And some women, who were cured of evil spirits and diseases: Mary, who is called Magdalene,

out of whom went feven devils.

3. And Joanna the wife of Chula Herod's steward, and Sulanna, and many others, who ministred unto him of their substance.

The Gofpel on Sexagelima Sunday. 4. And when a great multitude met together, and haftened to come to him from the cities, he spake by a parable.

5. A fower went out to fow his feed: And as he fowed, fome fell by the way fide, and it was trodden under foot, and the birds of the air devoured ir.

6. And some tell upon a rock: And being sprung up, it withered away, because it had no moisture.

7. And some fell among thorns, and the thorns

ipringing up with the feed, choked it.

8. And some fell on good ground, and being sprung up, it produced an hunored fold. When he had said thele things, he cried out: He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.

9. Whereupon his Disciples asked him, what this

parable meant.

to. He said unto them: Unto you it is given to know the mystery of the kingdom of God: But to others in parables. That seeing, they might not see, and hearing, they might not understand.

11. Now the parable is this: The feed is the word

12. Those by the way side are they, who hear; then cometh the devil, and taketh away the word out of their hearts, lest they should believe and be saved.

and receive it with joy: But having no root, they believe for a while, and in time of temptation fall away.

* i. e. The others is
Kingdom of and hea
Heaven is propufed in Parables to others.

11. N
12. T

v4. That which fell among thorns denoted those who have heard, and, as they go on, are choked with the cares, and riches, and pleasures of this life, and bring no fruit.

those, who, having heard the word with a good and excellent heart, do keep it, and bring forth fruit with

patience.

16. No man, when he lighteth a candle, covereth it with a vessel, or puttern it under a bed; but he letteth it on a candlestick, that such as go in may see the light.

17. For there is nothing kept fecret, which shall not be discovered; not hid, which shall not be known,

and appear openly.

18. Beware then how ye hear: For to him that hath shall be given, and from him that hath not shall be taken away, even that which he seemeth to have.

19. Then came to him his mother, and his brethren,

but could not come at him for the croud.

20. And it was told to him: Thy mother and thy brethren stand without, and would see thee.

zr. He answered, and said unto them: My mother and my brethren are they, who hear the word of God, and practice it.

22. And it came to pals on a certain day, that he went aboard a little ship, with his Disciples, and said unto them: Let us pals over to the other side of the Lake, and they saunched out.

23. And as they failed, he fell afleep, and there came down a great from of wind upon the Lake, and

they were filled with water, and were in danger.

24. And they came to him, and awaked him, saying: Master, we perish: Whereupon he arose, and rebuked the wind, and the raging of the water, and it ceased, and there was a calm.

And they being in a fright, wondered, faying one to another: Who, think you, is this; for he command-

eth both the wind and the sea, and they obey.

26. And they failed to the country of the Geralenes, which is over against Galilee.

27. And when he was come ashore, there met him a certain man, who was possessed by the devil a long time, and wore no clearly, nor dwelt in a house, but in tombs.

28. This man, so soon as he saw Jesus, fell down before him: and crying out with a loud voice, said: What have I to do with thee Jesus son of God most high? I beseek that correct me had

high? I beleech thee torment me not.

The Gospel according

29. For he had commanded the unclean spirit to go out of the man. For he had seized him many times, and he was bound with chains, and was driven by the devil into the desert.

30. And Jesus asked him, saying: What is thy name? And he said: Legion, because many devils en-

tred into him.

ar. And they prayed him, that he would not com-

* Into Hell. mand them to go into the abyls.

32. Now there was in that place, a herd of many fwine feeding on the mountain: And they befought him, that he would permit them to enter into them, and he suffered them.

33. The devils therefore went out of the man, and entred into the Iwine, and the herd ran violently down

a fleep place into the Lake, and was flifled.

34. When they that fed them faw what was done, they fled, and told it in the city, and in the towns.

35. And they went out to see what was done, and came to Jesus: And they found the man, out of whom the devils were gone, sitting at the feet of Jesus, cloathed, and period in his tenses, and they were afraid.

36. They allo, who had seen it, told them, how

he had been cured of the legion.

37. Then all the people of the country of the Gerafenes, prayed him to depart from them: For they were seized with great fear; whereupon he went aboard the ship and returned.

38. Now the man, out of whom the devils were gone, prayed him, that he might be with him: But

Jefus fear him away, faying:

39. Return to thine own house, and declare how great things God hath done unto thee: And he went over all the city, publishing how great things Jelus had done unto him.

40. And it came to pals, that when Jesus was returned the multitude received him with joy: And they

all waited for him.

41. And behold there came a man, whose name was Jairus, and he was the ruler of the lynagogue, and he tell down at Jesus his feet, praying him to go into his house.

42. For he had an only daughter almost twelve years of age, and she was dying; and it happened that as

he went, he was thronged by the people.

43. And a certain woman having an issue of blood twelve years, which had spent all her substance upon physicians, not could be cuted by any.

45. And Jelus said: Who is it that touched me? And when all denied, Peter, and they that were with him, said: Master, the multitude throng, and press thee, and thou layest: Who touched me?

46. And Jefus laid: Some body hath touched me.

For I know that withe is gone out of me.

47. And the woman feeing that the was not hid, came trembling, and fell down at his feet, and declared before all the people, for what canfe the had touched him, and how the was immediately healed.

48. And he said unto her: Daughter thy faith bath

made thee whole, go in peace.

49. As he was yet speaking, there came one to the ruler of the lynagogue, laying unto him? Thy daughter is dead, trouble him not.

50. But when Jesus heard this word; he answered the father of the girl: Fear not, believe only, and the

thall be well.

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51. And when he came to the house, he suffered none to go in with him, but Peter, and James, and John, and the father, and the mother of the girl.

52. And all wept, and bewailed her: But he faid:

Weep not, the girl is not dead, but a fleep.

53. And they laughed at him, knowing that the was dead.

54. But he took her by the hand, and eried out, faying: Young woman arile.

55. And her toul came again, and the forthwith a-

role: And he commanded to give her mear.

56. And her parents were aftonished: But he charged them to tell no man, what was done.

CHAP. IX.

Chift fendeth his Apostles to preach and to work miracles. Herod defueth to fee Christ. Jefus feedeth five thousand men with five loaves and two fiftes. Peter confesseth that Christ is the son of God. Moses and Elias appear unto Christ upon his transfiguration. The fons of Zahbedee would have the Samaritans confumed by fire from beaven. Christ refuseth to take one that would follow him. He calleth another, whom he would not fuffer to go and bury his father.

A ND having called the twelve Apostles toge- Thursday in A ther; he gave them power and authority over Whitfun all devils, and power to cure difeates. 2. And Week.

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z. And he fent them to preach the kingdom of God, and to heal the fick.

3. And he said unto them: Ye shall carry nothing for your journey, neither staff, nor scrip, nor bread, nor money, neither have two coats a piece.

4. And into what soever house ye shall enter, there

abide, and thence depart not.

5. And wholoever shall not receive you, as ye go out of the city, shake off the very dust of your feet for a testimony against them.

6. Having then let out, they went from town to town, preaching the golpel, and healing every where.

7. Now Herod the terrarch heard of all these things which were done by him, and was in a doubt, because it was said by some:

8. That John was rilen from the dead: By others: That Elias appeared; and by others, that one of the

old Prophets was rifen again.

9. And Herod said: I have beheaded John: But who is this, of whom I hear such things? And he defired to see him.

To. When the Apostles came back, they related unto him, all they had done. And he took them, and retired into a defert place, which belongeth to Bethsaids.

ir. Which when the multitudes understood, they followed him; and he received them, and spoke to them of the kingdom of God, and healed those, who stood in need thereof.

12. And the day began to decline, and the twelve came and faid unto him: Difmils the multitude, that they may go into the towns and villages round about, and lodge, and get victuals, for we are here in a defert place.

13. But Jesus said unto them: Give ye them to eat: And they said: We have no more than five loaves, and two fishes, unless we should go, and buy food for

all this multitude.

14. Now there were about five thouland men: And he faid unto his Disciples: Make them fit down, by fifty in each company.

15. And they did lo, and made them all fit down.

16. And having taken the five loaves, and the two fishes, he looked up to heaven, and blessed them, and brake, and distributed them to his Disciples, to let before the multitude.

17. And they did all eat, and were filled. And there were taken up of the fragments which remained to

them, twelve baikets.

18. And it came to pals as he was alone praying, his Disciples were with him: And he asked them. faying: Whom do the people fay that I am?

19. They answered and said: Some say, John the Baptist; others, Elias; and others, that one of the

old Prophets is rifen.

20. He said unto them: But whom do ye say, I am? Simon Peter answered, and said: The Christ of *The anointed

of God.

21. Then he strictly charged, and commanded them.

that they should not tell this to any body.

22. Saying: The lon of man must suffer many things, and be rejected by the Elders, by the Chief Priests. and by the Scribes, be put to death, and rife again the third day.

23. And he said unto them all: If any man will come after me, let him deny himlelt, and take up his

crofs daily, and tollow me.

24. For he that would save his life, shall lose it; and he that will lose his life for my lake, shall save it.

25. For what doth it avail a man, if he gain the whole world, at the expence and loss of himself?

26. For he that will be assumed of me, and of my words: Of him shall the son of man be ashamed, when he shall come in his glory, and in the glory of his father, and of the holy angels.

27. But I tell you truly: There are some standing here, who shall not taste of death, till they see the

kingdom of God.

28. And it came to pals about eight days after thele fayings, he took Peter, and James, and John, and went up into a mountain to pray.

29. And as he prayed, the shape of his countenance was altered, and his raiment became white and glittering.

30. And behold there talked with him two men,

Mofes, and Elias.

31. Who appeared in glory, and spoke of his decease, which he was to accomplish in Jesusalem.

- 22. Now Peter, and they, who were with him, were heavy with sleep. And when they awaked, they faw his glory, and the two men, who stood with him.
- 33. And it came to pais, as they departed from him. Peter faid unto Jelus: Master, it is good for us to be here: Let us make three tabernacles, one for thee; one for Moles, and one for Elias: Not knowing what he faid.
 - 34. While he spake these words, there came a claud.

cloud, and covered them: And they were afraid, as they entred into the cloud.

35. And there came a voice from the cloud, fav-

ing: This is my beloved fon, give ear to him:

- 36. And while the voice was uttered, Jelus was found alone. And they held their peace, and told no body-in those days any of those things which they had ieen.
- 27. And it came to pais, that on the day following, as they came down from the mountain, a great multitude met him.

28. And behold a man among the croud cried out, faying: Mafter, I befeech thee, look upon my fon,

for he is my only child.

30. And lo a spirit seizeth him, and he suddenly crieth out, and it dathorh him against the ground, and thaketh him, to as to fome at the mouth, and when he hath torn him, he hardly departs from him.

40. And I prayed thy Disciples to cast him out,

but they could not.

41. And Jesus answered, and said: O faithless, and perverse generation, how long shall I be with you, and fuffer you? Bring bither thy fon.

42. And as he was coming, the devil dashed him

against the ground, and shook him.

43. And Jesus rebuked the unclean spirit, healed

the boy, and delivered him again to his father.

- 44. And they were all aftonished at the mighty power of God, and while every one wondered at all the things, which he did: He faid unto his Dilci. ples: Lay up these words in your hearts. For the ion of man shall be delivered into the hands of men.
- 45. But they understood not this faying, and it was fo far hidden from them, that they did not perceive ir, and were even afraid to alk him concerning it.

46. Then came a thought into their minds, which

of them should be the greatest.

47. But Jeius perceiving, the thoughts of their

hearts, took a child, and let him by him.

48. And faid unto them: Whologver shall receive this child in my name, receiveth me: And wholoever shall receive me, receiveth him, who sent me. For i. e. He that he that is the least + among you all, the same is the

greatest.

49. And John answered, and said: Master, we saw Simplicity and one casting out devils in thy name, and we forbad Innocenceshall him, because he doth not follow you with us.

50. And Jelus faid unto him: Forbid him not, for

he that is not against us, is for us.

is likelt to a little Child in be the greatsjt.

st. And it came to pals, when the days, in which he was to be taken out of the world, drew near, he stedfastly let his face to go to ferulalem.

52. And fent messengers before his face, and they went, and entred into a city of the Samaritans to make

ready for him.

53. And they did not receive him: Because he seem-

ed to go to jeruialem.

54. And when his Dilciples, James and John, law this, they said: Lord, wilt thou, that we command fire to come down from heaven, and confume them?

55. But he turned, and reproved them, faying: Ye

know not of what lpirit ye are.

so. The ion of man is not come to destroy, but to

fave fouls. And they went into another town.

57. And it came to pals, that as they walked on in the way, a certain man faid unto him: I will follow thee whitherloever thou goeft.

58. Jefus faid unto him: Foxes have kentiels, and birds of the air have nefts; but the fon of man hath

not where to lay his head.

- 59. And he said unto another: Follow me, But, faid he; Lord, fuffer me first to go, and bury my fa-
- 60. Jeius said unto him: Let the dead bury their dead; but go thou, and preach the kingdom of God.

or. And another laid: Lord, I will follow thee, but luffer me list to dispose of the things which are in my house.

62. Jelus laid unto him: No man, who putteth his hand to the plough, and looketh back, is fit for the kingdom of God,

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CHAP. X.

Jesus chooseth seventy two Disciples, whom he sendeth to preach the Goffel, and giveth them rules by which they were to walk. He threateneth the cities, in which he had wrought many miracles, for their obstinacy in insidelity, answereth the Lawyer by a parable, concerning his neighbour, pronounceth in favour of Mary, and declareth that fue had chosen the better part.

1. A Fter these things, the Lord appointed other The Gospel on leventy two allo, and fent them two and two St. Mark's before his face, into every city, and place whither Day, April he himlelf was to come.

25. and on St. Luke's Otto2. And he said unto them: The harvest is indeed great, but the workmen are few, pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest to send workmen into his harvest.

3. Go your way. Behold, I fend you as lambs among

wolves.

4. Do not carry a purle, nor a scrip, nor shooes, and salute no body by the way.

5. Into what loever house ye enter, first say: Peace

be to this houle.

6. And if the son of peace be there, your peace shall

rest upon him: If not, it shall return to you.

7. Stry ye then in the same house, eating and drinking such things as they have: For the labourer is worthy of his hire, remove not from house to house.

8. And into whatfoever city ye enter, and they receive you, eat fuch things as are fet before you.

9. Heal the fick that are therein, and lay unto them: The kingdom of God is come nigh unto you.

so. But into whatfoever city ye enter, and they receive you not, as ye go out into the ftreets thereof, fay.

11. Even the very dust of your city, which stuck to us, we do wipe off against you: However know this,

that the kingdom of God is nigh.

12. I say unto you, that it shall be more tolerable

* The Day of for Sodom in that day, * than for that city.

13. We be unto thee Corozain, We be unto thee Berhsaida: For if the miracles, which have been done in thee, had been done in Tyre † and Sidon, they would have long fince sat down, and have done penance in fackcloath and ashes.

14. Wilcreto:e it shall be more tolerable for Tyre

and Sidon in the day of judgment than for you.

15. And thou Capharnaum which art exalted up to

heaven, shall be cast down to hell.

16. He, who heareth you, heareth me, and he, who despifeth you, despifeth me. But he, who despifeth me, despifeth him who fent me.

17. And the feventy two returned with joy, faying: Loid, even the devils are subject unto us in thy

name.

18. And he said unto them; I beheld Satan like

lightning fall from heaven.

19. Behold I have given unto you power to tread on terpents, and fcorpions, and over all the power of the enemy, and nothing shall hurt you.

20. Notwithstanding, in this reioice not, that spirits are subject us to you, but rather rejoice, that your names are written in heaven.

21.In

* The Day of Judgment.

† Tyse and Sidon were two Pagan Cities. 2t. In that hour he rejoiced in the holy ghost, and said: I confess unto thee, O father, Lord of heaven i.e. I give and earth, that thou hast hid these things from the thee the glory, wise, and prudent, and hast revealed them to little O Father. ones. Yes father, for so it has pleased thee.

22. All things are delivered to me by my father; and no man knoweth who the son is, but the father; nor, who the father is, but the son, and he to whom

the fon will reveal him.

23. And turning to his Disciples, he said: Blessed The Gospel on

are the eyes, that fee the things which ye fee.

24. For I tell you, that many Prophers, and Kings the twelfth have defired to fee the things which you fee, and have Sunday after not feen them; and to hear the things which ye Pentecoft. hear, and have not heard them.

25. Then stood up a certain Lawyer tempting him, and saying: Master, what must I do to possess exemal

Life?

26. He said unto him: What is written in the law?

How readeft thou?

27. He answered and said: Thou shalt love the Lord thy God, with all thy heart, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind, and thy neighbour as thy self.

28. Jesus faid unto him: Thou hast answered right:

Do this and thou shalt live:

29. But the man being willing to justify himself,

faid unto Jelus: And who is my neighbour.

30. Jefus replied, and faid: A certain man went down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among thieves, who stripped him, and having wounded him, went away leaving him half dead.

31. And it happened that a certain Priest went down the same way: And when he saw him he pas-

fed by.

32. In like manner also a Levite, when he was

nigh the place, and faw him, passed by.

33. But a certain Samaritan, as he travelled, came nigh unto him, and when he saw him, he was moved with compassion.

34. And came to him, and bound up his wounds: pouring in oil, and wine, and ferting him upon his beaft, brought him to an inn, and took care of him.

35. And the next day, he took out two pence, gave them to the hoft, and said: Take care of him, and whatsoever thou shalt lay out over and above, I shall pay thee, when I return.

36. Which of these three, in thy opinion, was neighbour unto him, who fell among the threves.

Chap. X.

The Gospel according

37. The man faid, he who had mercy upon him And Jesus said unto him; Go, and do thou likewise.

38. And it came to pais, as they went along, that he entred into a certain town, and a woman named Martha received him into her house.

29. And this woman had a fifter called Mary, who

fat at the Lord's feet and heard his word.

40. But Martha was buly about much ferving: She therefore stood still: And said: Lord dost thou not consider that my fifter hath left me to serve alone? Speak to her then that the may help me.

are And the Lord answered, and said unto her-Martha, Martha, thou art careful, and troubled about

many things.

42. Yet there is but one necessary. Mary hath chofen the best part, " which shall not be taken away * i. e. Contemplation and from her.

Meditation of Gad.

upon the Word 心态物等的身份体态的态势中的态势的态势是是这些

CHAP. XI.

Christ teacheth his Disciples to pray, and sheweth them the efficacy of perseverance in prayer. He resuteth the catummies of those, who said that he east out devils by the power of Belzebub, declareth who are to be counted bleffed; preacheth to the people, and reproveth the outward appearance of boliness in the Pharisees, Scribes, and Lawyers.

1. A ND it came to pals, that as he was a praying in a certain place, when he had done, one of his Disciples said unto him: Lord, teach us to pray, as John also taught his Disciples.

The Gostel on St. Mark'e Day, and the come. Rogation

2. And he faid unto them: When ye pray, fay: Our father, fanctified be thy name. Thy kingdom

Days.

2. Give us this day our daily bread.

4. And forgive us our fins. For we also forgive every one that is indebted to us. And lead us not into temptation.

5. Again, he said unto them: Which of you shall have a triend, and shall go unto him ar midnight, and fay unto him: Friend, lend me three loaves.

6. For a friend of mine is come out of his way to me, and I have not wherewithal to let before him.

7. And he from within, should answer, and fay: Trouble me not, the door is now that, and my children are with me in bed, I cannot rife and give thee.

8. And if ye shall persevere knocking: I say unto you, the' he would not tife and give him, because he is his friend, yet because of his importunity he will rife, and give him as many as he wanteth.

9. So I say unto you: Ask, and it shall be given The Gostel in you: Seek, and ye shall find: Knock, and it shall be a Votive

opened unto you.

to. For every one who asketh, receiveth; and he mission of Sini: who leeketh, hadeth; and to him who knocketh, it shall be opened.

II. But which of you, that is a father, will give his long a stone, when he asketh bread? Or a serpent,

when he afketh a fish.

12. Or if he shall ask an egg, will he offer him a

fcorpion?

13. If ye then being evil, know how to give good gifts to your children: How much more will your father from heaven give the good spirit to them that The Gospel on aik him?

14. And he was casting out a devil, which was day in Lent: dumb: * And when he had cast out the devil, the *i.e. The Dedumb spoke, and the multitude wondred.

15. But some of them said. He casteth out devils Man dumb:

by Beelzebub the prince of the devils.

16. And others tempting him, fought of him a

fign from heaven.

17. But he knowing their thoughts, faid unto them: Every kingdom divided against it self, shall be destroyed, and one house shall fall upon another.

18. Now it Saran also be divided against himself; how thall his kingdom stand? For ye say, that by

Beelzebub I cast out devils.

19. And if I by Beelzebub cast out devils, by whom do your children cast them out? Therefore shall they be your judges.

20. But if I with the finger of † God cast out devils: Surely the kingdom of God is come unto you.

21. When a strong man armed guardeth his houle,

his goods are fare.

21. But if one stronger than he shall come upon him, and overcome him, he will take away all his arms, in which he trusted, and divide his spoils.

23. He that is not with me, is against me: And he

that gathereth not with me, scattereth.

24. When the unclean spirit is gone out of a man; he walketh thro' dry places, feeking rest: And finding none, he faith: I will return to my houle, from whence I went out.

25. And when he cometh, he findeth it Iwept, and

furnished.

Mals for Re-

the third Sunvil made the

+ Power of

Chap. XI.

The Golpel according

26. Then goeth he, and taketh to him leven other spirits more wicked than himself, and they enter in, and dwell there; and the last state of that man is worle than the first.

The Gospel on the Feast of St. Mary ad nives, Aug. 5. and on the Eve of the Affumption, in a Votive Mass of our Lady between Candlemas and Easter. and between

Advent.

27. And it came to pals, that as he laid thele words, a certain woman lifting up her voice amidit the croud, said unto him: Blessed is the womb that bare thee, and the breafts that gave thee tuck.

28. But he faid: Yea, rather bleffed are they, who

hear the word of God, and keep it.

29. And when the people came thick together, he Aug. 14. and began to fay: This is a wicked generation, it feeketh a fign, and there shall no fign be given to it, but the ligh of Jonas the Prophet.

30. For as jours was a fign to the Ninivites, lo

thall also the lon of man be to this generation.

gr. The queen of the South shall rise in judgment against the men of this generation, and shall condemn Pentecoft and them: Because she came from the bounds of the earth to hear the wildom of Salumon: And behold a greater than Salomon is here.

> 22. The men of Nineve shall rise in judgment 2. gainst this generation, and shall condemn it: Becaule they did penance at the preaching of Jonas, and behold a greater than Jonas is here.

> 33. No man lighteth a candle, and putteth it ina hidden place, or under a bushel, but upon a candle-

flick, that they who go in, may lee the light.

34. Thine eye is the light of thy body. If thise eye be tumple, thy whole body will be lightlome, but if it be evil, thy body also will be dark.

35. Take heed therefore that the light which is in

thee, be not darknels.

36. If then thy body be all light, having no part dark, it shall be enlightened all over, and as a bright lamp shall give thee light.

37. And as he was speaking, a certain Pharisee prayed him to dine with him, and he went in, and lat down to eat.

38. And the Pharifee began to think, and to fay within himself: Why did he not wash before dinner?

- 39. Whereupon the Lord laid unto him. Now ye Pharilees make clean the outfide of the cup, and of the diff, but your infide is full of rapine and wickednels.
- 40. Ye fools, did not he who made the outlide, make the infide too?
- 41. However give alms of what ye have, and beheld all things thall be clean unto you.

The Gospel on St. Marrin's Day, Nov. 1. and for some ather (.onfcffors Bifeops.

42. But wo be to you Pharifees: For ye tithe mint and rue, and all manner of herbs, and ye pals over judgment, and the love of God: These ought ye to have done, and not to leave the other undone.

43. Wo be to you Pharisees: For ye love the first feats in the lyuagogues, and greetings in the market

place,

44. Wo be to you: For ye are all as sepulchres which appear not, and which the men who walk thereon, know not.

45. Then answered one of the Lawyers, and said The Gospel for unto him: Master, in saying these things, thou re-many Martyrs.

proachest us also.

46. And he faid: Wo be to you also ye Lawyers. for ye load men with burdens, which they cannot bear, and ye your lelves touch them not with one of your fingers.

47. We be to you, who build the tembs of the

Prophets, and your fathers killed them.

48. Truly ye bear wirnels, that ye consent to the deeds of your fathers. For they indeed killed them, and ye build their tombs. *

49. Therefore also the wisdom of God said: I will fend them Prophets and Apostles, and they shall slay Fathers, in and perfecute fome of them.

50. That the blood of all the Prophets, which was shed since the foundation of the world, may be re-

quired of this generation.

st. From the blood of Abel, to the blood of Zacharias, who perished between the altar and the temple. Yes, I say unto you, it shall be required of this generation.

52. We be to you Lawyers: For ye took away the key of knowledge, ye entred not in your felves, and

fuch as were entring, ye hindred.

52. When he had laid thele things to them, the Pharifees, and the Lawyers began to infift vehement. ly, † and to stop his mouth with many questions.

54. Laying wait for him, and feeking to catch their Justificafomething out of his mouth, that they might accuse tion. him.

condemn your erecting Monuments in remembrance of the Prophets whom your Fathers flew, and yet ye perfesute like your Fathers the Preachers of the Truth.

* Ye seem to

† Sup. Upon

CHAP. XII.

Christ exhorteth his Disciples to beware of hypocrify, shew. ath who is to be feated indeed, declareth the beinoufnels of the fin against the boly ghost, fortifieth bie Apostice against persecutions, and resuseth to meddle in the diviflows of the inheritance of the contending brethren. He cautioneth his Disciples against coverousness by the parable of the rich man, and forbiddeth them to be solicitous about food arraindent, sheweth who us the faithful steward, declareth that he came to kindle a fire on earth, and adviseth every one to free himself from his adversary.

The Gospel on St. John and Paul's Day, June 26. and for many other Martyrs.

A ND when great multitudes flood about him, 11 fo that they trade one upon another, he began to fay to his Disciples: Beware of the leaven of the Pharifees, which is hypocrify.

z. For there is nothing covered, which shall not be

discovered; not hid, which shall not be known.

2. For what ye have spoken in the dark, shall be published in the light; and that which ye have whilpered in chambers, shall be proclaimed on the house

4. But I lay unto you, my friends; be not terrified. by those, who kill the body, and after this have no

more that they can do.

5. But I will shew you whom ye should fear: Fear him, who after killing hath power to cast into hell: Yes, I say unto you, fear him.

6. Are not five sparrows sold for two farthings, and

not one of them is forgotten before God.

7. Nay the very hairs of your head are all numbered. Fear not therefore, ye are of more value than many iparrows.

8. And I say unto you, that who seever confesseth me before men, the fon of man will confels him be-

fore the angels of God.

9. But he who denieth me before men, shall be de-

nied before the angels of God.

to. And wholoever speaketh a word against the fon of man, it shall be forgiven him: But unto him who blasphemeth against the holy ghost, it shall not be forgiven.

11. And when they shall bring you into the synai. c. Before gognes, and before magistrates and powers, . be not men of Power concerned how, or what ye answer, or what ye shall

12. For the holy ghost shall teach you in the same hour whar ye ought to fay.

ng. Then

and Authority, 12y.

13. Then a certain man of the multitude faid unto him: Mafter, speak to my brother that he divide with me the inheritance, which fell to us.

14. And he faid unto him : Man, who hath appoint-

ed me a judge, or a divider over you?

15. Again he faid unto them: Take heed, and beware of all covetoulness: For the life of man doth not confift in the abundance of the things which he possesses.

16. Then he spake a parable to them, saying: The land of a certain rich man produced a plentiful crop.

17. And he thought within himlelf, faying: What shall I do? For I have not soom enough in which I may lay up my fruits.

18. This I will do, faid he, I will pull down my barns, and build larger: And there will I lay up all

increase, and all my goods.

19. And I will say to my soul: Soul, thou hast much goods laid up for many years: Take thy rest, eat, drink, make good cheer.

20. But God faid unto him: Thou fool, this very night thy foul shall be required of thee: * Whole * i. e. Thou then shall those things be, which thou hast provided? fait die this

21. Thus it happens to him, who layerh up treasure Night,

for himself, and is not rich-towards God.

- 22. And he said unto his Disciples: Therefore I say unto you: Be not concerned for your life, as so what ye shall eat, nor for your body, as to what ye shall put on.
- 23. Life is more valuable than food, and the body than raiment.
- 24. Consider the ravens, for they neither sow nor reap, neither have they storehouse, nor barn, yet God feedeth them. How much are ye more valuable than they?

25. But which of you with all his care can add to

his ftature one cubit?

26. If then ye be not able to do even the least thing,

why are ye careful about the rest?

- 27. Confider the lilies, how they grow? they toil not, neither do they spin: And yet, i say unto you, that Salomon in all his glory was not clad like one of thele.
- 28. Now if God so cloath the grass, which is to day in the field, and to morrow is cast into the oven: How much more will he cloath you, O men of little faith?
- 29. Do not ye then seek, what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink, neither be ye high minded.

The Gospel according

30. For the nations of the world do feek after all these things, and your father knoweth that you have need of them.

31. But feek ye first the kingdom of God, and his justice: And all these things shall be added unto you.

a 32. Fear not, little flock, for it hath pleafed your father to give you the kingdom.

* The Kingdom of Hea-ひとか.

33. Sell what ye possels, and give alms: Make unto your felves bags, which wax not old, lay up an inaTheGospelfor exhaustible treasure in the heavens, where no thief or. Francis de approacheth, nor moth corrupteth.

Paula, April, 34. For where your treasure is, there will your

2. St. Pauli- heart be alfo.

nus. June 22. St. Nicholas your hands.

Tolentinus.

Bilboys. ft:t's Day,

Dec. 31. St. 17. St. Anto- vanise

ny of Padua's, une 13. St. Aug. 4. and to be broke open. for fome other

Bifoots

b 35. Let your loins be girded, and lamps burning in

36. And ye your felves like unto men, who wait Sept. 10. and for their Lord, when he returneth from the wedding, for some other that when he cometh and knocketh, they may imme-Confessors not diately open unto him.

37. Bleffed are thole fervants, whom the Lord, h The Goffel when he cometh, shall find watching: Verily I say on St. Silve- unto you, that he shall gird himself, and make them fit down to meat, and shall go about, and lerve them.

28. And if he shall come in the second, or in the Antony's fan. third watch, and find them fo, bleffed are those fer-

39. And this know, that if the good man of the house had known what hour the thief would come, Dominick's, he would furely watch, and would not fuffer his house

40. Be ye also ready: For the lon of man cometh at

Confessors not an hour when ye think not.

41. Then Perer faid unto him: Lord, dost thou address this parable to us, or speakest thou it to all the people?

42. And the Lord said: Who thinkest thou, is a faithful and wife steward, whom the Lord may appoint over his family, that he may give them in leaion their mealure of wheat?

43. Bleffed is that fervant whom his Lord, when

he cometh, shall find to doing.

44. Of a truth I say unto you; that he will appoint

him over all he pollefleth.

45. But if that fervant fay in his heart: My Lord delayeth his coming, and shall begin to beat the men fervants, and the maid fervants, to eat, and drink, and to be drunk.

45. The Lord of that fervant shall come in a day, which he doth not extect, and at an hour, which he

knowern

knoweth not, and shall separate * him, and appoint * i. e. Exhim his portion, with the faithless. †

47. And that servant who knew the will of his bis Family. Lord, and did not prepare himself, nor do according † i.e. His Lot to his will, shall be beaten with many stripes.

48. But he, who knew not, his Lord's will, and be the same as did things worthy of stripes, shall be beaten with that of the few.

49. I am come to cast fire on the earth, and what vani. will I, but that it should be kindled?

50. I am to be haprized with a baptism, | and how | Of Blood and am I itreightned till it is finished?

51. Do ye think I came to give peace on earth, no,

I tell you, but leparation.

52. For henceforth there shall be five in one house divided, three * against two, and two against three.

53. The father shall be divided against the son, and the ion against his father; the mother against the daughter, and the daughter against the mother, the mother in law against her daughter in law, and the hall be dividaughter in law against her mother in law.

54. And he said also to the people: When ye see a cloud rife from the west, ye say immediately a showr

cometh: And to it happens,

55. And when ye lee the fouth wind blow, ye fay:

There will be heat, and it cometh to pais.

56. Te hypocrites, ye can differn the appearances of the heavens and of the earth; and how comes it, that ye do not discern this time. †

57. Yea and why do ye not judge, even by your time of the

felves, what is just?

58. When thou goest with thine adverlary to the Messias so magistrate, ule thy endeavours in the way to be deli- Plainly pointed vered from him, lest he hale thre to the judge, and at by your own the judge deliver thee to the bailiff, and the bailiff Prophets. cast thee into prison.

59. I tell thee, thou shalt not depart thence till

thou pay even the least mite.



clude him from or Portion ball faitble[s Ser-

Sufferings.

i. e. Three Jball receive the Christian Faith, and two ded from them by their increduliiy.

t i. e. The coming of the

| This allufion to Judges and Bailiffs was Froug 1 by Christ to them us how God will deal with us, if we be not speedily reconciled to bim.

CHAP. XIII.

Christ taketh occasion by the disaster of the Galileans and others to preach the necessity of doing penance. He reproacheth the ruler of the synagogue, who was angry because Christ did heal a woman on the sabbath day; He compareth the kingdom of heaven to a grain of mustard feed, and to leaven; declareth how streight the gate is that leadeth to life, calleth Herod a fox, and foreselleth that Ferusalem shall be forsaken by reason of its cruelty.

The Gofrel on the Ember Saturday in September. * i. e. Slew them as they offered their Sacrifices.

Here were present at that very time some, who told him of the Galileans, whole blood Pilate had mingled with their facrifices.

2. And he answered, and said unto them; Think ye that these Galileans were Sinners above all the Galileans, because they suffered such things?

3. I tell you, no: But except ye do penance, ye shall

all likewise perist.

4. In like manner, those eighteen upon whom the tower of Siloe fell, and flew them, think ye that they † Sup. To the were debtors, † above all the inhabitants of Jerusadir me Juffice. lem ?

5. I tell you, no: But except ye do penance, ye shall

all likewite perish.

6. And he spake this parable: A certain man had a fig-tree planted in his vineyard, and he came to look for fruit thereon, and found none.

7. Then said he to the tiller of his vineyard: Behold, these three years, I came to look for fruit on this fig-tree, and find none: Cut it down therefore, to what purpole doth it take up ground?

8. And he answered, and said unto him: Lord, let it alone this year allo, till I dig about it, and dung

9. And if it bear fruit, good and well, if not, thou shalt afterward cut it down.

to. And he was teaching in their lynagogue on the

Sabbath days.

tr. And behold there was a woman, who had a 1 i. e. A Spi- spirit | of instrmity eighteen years, and was so bent rit which kept down, that she could by no means look up. ber infirm for

12. When Jesus saw her, he called her to him, and eighten Years, faid unto her: Woman, thou art looked from thine infirmity.

12. And he laid his hands upon her, and imme-

diately the became strait, and glorified God.

14. Whereupon the ruler of the lynagogue aniwered, (being angry that Jeius had healed on the labbath)

and

and said to the multitude: There are six days, in which men ought to work: Come then on these days, and be healed, and not on the labbath day,

15. Then the Lord answered him, and said: Thou hypocrite, doth not every one of you on the labbath day, loose his ox or his als from the stall, and lead

them to water?

16. And must not this daughter of Abraham whom. Satan hath bound, lo thele eighteen years, be loofed from this bond on the labbath day?

17. And when he had faid thele words, all his ad verlaries blushed for shame, and all the people rejoiced at all the glorious things which were done by him,

18. Then laid he: Unto what is the kingdom of i.e. The Do-God like, and whereunto shall I resemble it?

Etrine of the

- 19. It is like a grain of mustard seed, which a man Gospel, took, and cast into his garden, and it grew, and became a great tree: And the fowls of the air perched on its branches.
- 20. And he said again: Whereunto shall I liken the kingdom of God.
- 21. It is like leaven, which a woman took and hid in three measures of meal, till the whole was lea. vened.
- 22. And he went thro' the cities and towns teaching, and going on towards jerulalem.
- 23. And a certain man taid unto him, Lord, are there few that are faved? And he said unto them:
- 24. Strive to enter in at the streight gate: For I say unto you, that many will leek to enter in, and shall not be able.
- 25. And when the good man of the houle shall enter in, and shut the door, ye shall begin to stand withour, and to knock at the door, laying: Lord, open unto us, and he shall answer, and say unto you: I know not whence you are.

24. Then shall ye begin to say: We have eaten and drunk in thy prefence, and thou hast taught in our it icets.

27. And he shall say unto you: I know not whence you are: Depart from me all ye workers of iniquity.

23. There shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth: When ye shall see Abraham, and Isaac, and sacob, and all the Prophets in the kingdom of God, and your feives thrust out.

29. And they shall come from the east, and from † i. e. The the west, and from the north, and from the south, Gentiles who and that I fit down in the kingdom of God. came in last,

30. And behold they are last, † who shall be first, shall takePiace md they are hift, who shall be last. of the Jews.

31. The who were first

Ghap. XIV.

* i. e. My

aesth.

The Gospel according

31. The same day there came some of the Pharises saying unto him: Be gone, and get thee hence: For Herod is resolved to kill thee.

32. And he faid unto them: Go, and tell that fox: Behold I cast out devils, and perform cures to day, and tomorrow, and the third day my end cometh. *

33. Nevertheless, I must walk to day, and tomorrow, and the day following: For it cannot be that a

Prophet should suffer out of Jerusalem.

34. O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, which killest the Prophers, and stonest them that are sent unto thee, how often would I have gathered thy children together, as a bird doth her brood under her wings, and thou wouldest not?

35. Behold your houses shall be test unto you desolate. And I say unto you, that ye shall see me no more, until the time come when ye shall say: Blessed is he, who cometh in the name of the Lord.

CHAP. XIV.

Jesus healeth a man of the dropsie on the sabbath day, and howeth the inwfulness thereof to the Lawyers and Pharisees, whose ambition he checketh. Under the parable of the great supper, he sheweth how worldly minded men shall be sout out of heaven; how men must hate father, and mother, and even their own lives, carry their cross and follow him, in order to be his Disciples; and bringeth hereupon a simile of the man, who undertook to build a tower, but could not simile it, and of the king, who would sight with ten thousand men another king who had twenty thousand. He sheweth the unprositableness of salt that hath lost its savour.

The Goffel on the fixteenth Sunday after Pentecost. † In order to find Fault with his Words or Actions.

r. A ND it came to pais, as Jesus went into the house of a certain prince of the Pharisees to eat bread on the sabbath day, that they watched thim.

2. And behold there was a certain man before him,

which had the dropfie.

2. And Jesus answered and spake to the Lawyers and Pharifees, saying: Is it lawful to heal on the tabbath day?

4. And they held their peace. And he took him,

and healed him, and fent him away.

5. And antwered them, faying: Which of you shall have an afs or an ox fall into a pit, and will not immediately draw him out on the fabbath day?

6. And

6. And they could not answer him to these things.

7. Then remarking how those who were bidden, choice the Chiefest places at table, he proposed a parable, and faid unto them.

8. When thou art invited to a wedding, fir not down at the first place, lest a more honourable person

than thou be invited.

9. And he that bid thee and him, come, and lay unto thee: Give this man place: And then thou be-

gin with shame to take the last place.

to. But when thou are bidden, go, and fit down in the last place, that when he who invited thee, cometh, he may say unto thee; Friend, sit up higher. Then thalt thou have honour in the presence of them, who fit at table with thee.

II. For every one who exalteth himself, shall be humbled, and he who humbleth himself, shall be ex-

12. And he said also to him who had invited him. When thou makest a dinner, or a supper, call not thy friends, nor thy brethren, nor thy kinimen, nor thy rich neighbours: Left they invite thee again, and a return be made unto thee.

13. But when thou makeft a feast, call the poor, the

maimed, the lame, and the blind.

14. And thou shalt be blessed, because they have not wherewithal to make thee a return. For it shall be returned unto thee in the returnection of the just.

15. When one of those, who fat with him at table, had heard thele words, he laid unto him: Bieffed is he, who thall eat bread in the kingdom of God.

16. Whereupon Jelus laid unto him: A certain man The Gospel on the second

made a great lupper, and invited many.

17. And fent his servant at the hour of supper, to Sunday after defire them that were invited to come, for that all Pentecost. things were ready.

18. But they all unanimously began to make excule: The first faid unto him: " I bought a farm, and I must needs go see it: I pray thee have me ex. fon of his Ser-

19. And another faid: I bought five yoke of oxen, and I am going to try them: I pray thee have me exculed.

20. And another faid: I have married a wife, and therefore I cannot come.

21. So the servant came back, and told his Lord their things: Then the mafter of the houle being angry, laid to his fervant: Go out quickly into the streets and lanes of the city, and bring in hither the poor, and the maimed, and the blind, and the lame.

Chap. XV.

The Gospel according

zz. And the servant said, Lord, it is done as thou

haft commanded, and yet there is room.

23. And the Lord faid unto the fervant: Go into the high ways, and hedges, and compel them to come in, that my houle may be filled.

24. For I lay unto you, that none of those men who

were bidden thall take of my lupper.

25. And there went great multitudes with him:

The Gospel for And he turned and said unto them.

26. It any man come to me, and hate not his father fome Martyrs Bishops, and and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, for St. Bafil, and fifters, yea and his own life also, he cannot be my Disciple. jan. 14.

27. And he that doth not carry his cross, and come

after me, cannot be my Disciple.

- 28. For, which of you intending to build a tower doth not fit down first, and count the charges that are necessary, to see if he hath wherewithal to finish it?
- 29. For fear that, after he had laid the foundation, and could not finish, all that see it should begin to mock him.
- 30. Saying: This man began to build, and could not finish.
- 31. Or what king going to make was with another king, doth not fit down first, and consider whether he be able with ten thouland to meet him, who cometh against him with twenty thousand?

32. Else, while the other is yet far off, he sendeth

an embally, and defireth conditions of peace.

33. In like manner, * wholoever of you renounceth not all that he hath, he cannot be my Disciple.

34. Salt is good, but if the falt shall lose its savour.

was, to advise wherewith shall it be lealoned?

35. It is neither fit for the land, nor yet for the tended to con-dunghil, but shall be thrown away: He that hath ears fecrate them- to hear, let him hear.

CHAP. XV.

The Scribes and Pharifees murmur, because Christ receiveth Singers, whereupon be proposesh the parables of the firdyed sheep, of the piece of silver, and of the prodigal

the third Sunday after Penteroit

* Christ's de-

fign in thefe

two Parables

thole who in-

feives to God's

fider well the matter before

they ingag'd then: | eives

iberein.

The Gospel on 1. THEN drew near unto him the publicans and L Sinners, that they might hear him.

z. And

CHAP. XX.

Christ refuseth to tell the Scribes and Pharisees by what authority he did his works; because they would not answer his quasion concerning the haptism of John. He related the parable of the vineyard. He is tempted about the windute to be given to Cesar, the Sadduces attempt, but in vain, to peoplex him, concerning the resurression. He asketh how Christ can be called the son of David, and advisable men to beware of the ambitious Scribes.

A ND it came to pals, that one of those days, as he raught the people in the temple, and preached the golpel, the Chief Priests, and the Scribes, with the Elders met rogether.

2. And spake unto him, saying: By what authority doest thou these things? Or who is he, who

gave thee this authority?

3. And Jelus answered, and faid unto them: I will also ask you one thing. Answer me.

4. The Baptilm of John, was it from heaven, of of

men?

- 5. But they reasoned with themselves, saying: If we say, from beaven; he will say: Why then did ye not believe sim?
- 6. And if we say, of men; all the people will some us: For they are perswaded, that John was a Prophet.

7. They answered then, that they could not tell

from whence it was.

8. And Jesus said unto them: Neither tell I you

by what authority I do thele things.

- o. Then began he to speak to the people this parable? A certain man planted a vineyard, and let it out to husbandmen, and went to travel for a long time.
- to. And at the leason he fent a servant to the hulbandmen, requiring them to give him of the fruit of the vineyard. But the husbandmen beat him, and sent him away empty.

tr. Again he fent another fervant. But him also they beat, and having despitefully treated him, they

feat him away empty.

12. And again he fent a third: And him also they

wounded and caft out.

13. Then faid the Lord of the vineyard; What shall I do? I will send my beloved fon: Perhaps they wall reverence him when they see him.

Chap. XV.

The Gospel according

19. I am no more worthy to be called thy ion: Make me as one of thy hired fervants.

zo. And he arole, and came to his father. But being as yet a great way off, his father faw him, and had compassion, and ran, and fell upon his neck, and kissed him.

21. And the son said: Father, I have sinned against heaven and before thee, I am no more worthy to be called the say.

called thy fon.

* i. e. Such a
Robe or Coat
as he wore at
first, before he
lest his Father's House.

* i. e. Such a 22. Then said the father to his servants: Bring his Robe or Coat ther quickly his first * robe, and cloath him, and put as he wore at a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet.

23. And bring the fatted calf, and kill it, and let

us eat and be merry.

24. For this my fon was dead, and is come to life again; he was loft, and is found. And they began to be merry.

25. Now his elder son was in the field: And as he came, and drew near the house, he heard mutick and

dancing.

26. And he called one of the servants, and asked

what these things meant.

- 27. And he laid unto him: Thy brother is come, and thy father hath killed the fatted call, because he hath received him safe.
- 28. And he was angry, and would not go in: Whereupon his father came out, and began to intreat him.
- 29. And he answered, and said unto his father: Lo, I am serving thee so many years, and have never transgressed thy commandment, and yet thou didst never give me a kid to make merry with my friends.
- 30. But so soon as this thy son, who hath devoured his substance with harlots, is come, thou hast killed the fatted calf.

31. And he faid unto him: Son, thou art always

with me, and all that I have is thine.

32. But it was fit to make merry, and be glad, for this thy brother was dead, and is come to life again; he was loft, and is found.

CHAP. XVI.

Christ proposeth the parable of the unjust steward, reproveth the hypocrific of the covetous Pharifees, and relateth the history of the rith man, and of the beggar Lazarus.

1. A ND he faid also unto his Disciples: There The Gospel on was a certain rich man, who had a fleward, the eighth and the same was accused before him of having wasted Sunday after his goods.

2. And he called him and faid unto him: What is this I hear of thee? Give an account of thy steward-

ship: For thou shalt be no longer steward.

2. Then the fleward said within himself: What shall I do? For my Lord taketh away the stewardship from me. I am not able to dig, to beg I am alhamed.

4. I know what I will do, that when I am turned . The Debtors out of the stewardship, they " may receive me into of my Lord. their houses.

5. Having therefore called together every one of his Lord's debtors, he said to the first: How much owest thou unto my Lord?

6. He answered: An hundred pipes of oil. And he faid unto him: Take thy bill, fit down quickly, and

write fifty.

- 7. Again, faid he to another: And how much owest thou? He said: An hundred measures of wheat. He said unto him: Take thy bill, and write down fouricore.
- 8. And the Lord commended the dishonest steward for his prudent management: For the children of this world are wifer in their generation, than the children of light.

Pentecoft.

^{8.} For the children of this world are wifer in their generation, than the children of light. By the Childien of this World, are meant fuch men as follow the Maxims of the World, and by the Children of light, fuch as have received the Light of the Word of God: Christ feeme:b then to fay, that the Man of this World do use more prudence and address in the Management of their worldly Concerns, than the Christians do in the great Affair of their Sauls.

The Gospel according

o. In like manner, I say unto you: Make unto your selves friends of the mammon of iniquity, that when ye fail they may receive you into everlasting tabernacles.

to. He that is faithful in the least thing, is faith. ful also in that which is greater: And he that is unjust in a little thing, is likewile unjust in that which is greater.

ar. If ye have not been faithful in the unjust ri-

ches, who will commit to your truft the true?

12. And if ye have not been faithful in that which is another man's; who shall give you that which is AOM OMU ;

13. No servant can serve two master; For either he will love the one, and hate the other; or will hold to the one, and despise the other. Ye cannot ferve God and Mammon.

14. And the Pharifees who were covetous, heard

all thefe things, and they derided him.

Es. And he faid unto them: Ye are they, who juflify your felves before men: But God knoweth your hearts: For that which is highly valued by men, is an abomination in the light of God.

16. The Law and the Prophets were until John: Since that time the kingdom of God is preached, and

every one doth force in upon it.

† L. c. More

17. Now it is easier † that heaven and earth should pass, than that one tittle of the law should fail:

18. Wholoever dismisseth his wife, and marrieth another, committeth adultery: And he that marrieth her that is dismissed by her husband, committeeth adultery.

19. There was a certain tich man, who was cloath-

The Gospel on Thursday in the second. Week in Lent.

zolerable.

9. Make unto your felves friends of the mammon of iniquity. Mammon is a Syriack Word which fignifies Riches. Mammon of iniquity, that is, Riches of Iniquity, or unjust Riches, so called by Christ, because men appropriate them to themselves, whereas they are only Stewards of them. 2. In regard that they promise to make men happy, but do not: 3. For as much as they appear to be folid and substantial; but in reality are only vaid and deceitful. Make unto your felves friends of the mammon of iniquity; That is, give large Aims of your deceitful Riches to the Poor and Needy, whose Prayers and Supplications will be a means of procuring you a Reception into everlasting Takernacles in Heaven, when you fail in this World, that is, when you dit;

ed in purple and fine linnen, and fed fumptuoufly every day.

20. And there was a certain beggar, named Laza-

rus, who lay at his gate full of fores.

21. Desiring to be fed with the crumbs which fell from the rich man's table, and no body gave him. *
But the dogs came and licked his fores.

* Sup. The Crumbs.

- 22. And it came to pass that the beggar died, and was carried by the angels into the bosom of Abraham. The rich man died also, and was buried in hell.
- 23. And being in torments he lift up his eyes, and saw Abraham afar off, and Lazarus in his bosom.
- 24. And faid with a loud voice: Father Abraham, have mercy on me, and fend Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water, and cool my tongue, for I am tormented in this flame.
- 25. But Abraham faid unto him: Son rememberthat thou didst receive good things in thy life time, and Lazarus evil things: But now he is comforted, and thou art tormented.
- 26. And besides all this, there is a great gulf fixed between us and you: So that those, who would pass from hence to you, cannot, neither can they from thence come hither.
- 27. Father, faid he, I beg of thee then, that thou would it fend him to my father's house.
- 28. For I have five brethren, that he may give them notice, left they also come into this place of torments.
- 29. Abraham faith unto him: They have Mofes and the Prophets, let them hear them.

30. No, farher Abraham, but if one from the dead

went to them, they would do penance.

3r. And he faid unto him: If they do not hear Moles, and the Prophets, neither will they believe, tho' one from the dead should rife again.

CHAP. XVII.

Christ pronunceth him accursed, who giveth scandal, shewing what conduct we are to observe towards a sinning brother, declareth the power of faith, and advise the men to account themselves unprostable servants. He bealeth ten lepers, and speaketh of his coming at the end of the world.

Not abforlutely but morally impossible considering the perverse Temper of most Men.

r. A ND he said unto his Disciples: It is impossible * that scandals should not come: But we be to him, by whom they come.

2. It were better for him, that a milstone were hanged to his neck, and be cast into the sea, than to

scandalize one of these little ones.

3. Take heed to your selves: If thy brother fin against thee, reprove him: And if he repent, forgive him.

4. And if he fin against thee seven times in a day, and seven times in a day turn to thee, saying: I am some for it, forgive him.

5. And the Apostles said unto the Lord: Increase

our faith.

6. And the Lord said: If ye had faith like a grain of mustard seed, ye might say to this mulberry-tree, be thou rooted up, and be thou transplanted into the sea; it would obey you.

7. Which of you, having a fervant plowing, or feeding cattle, will fay to him when he comet from

the field, go quickly, fit down to mear.

8. And will not he rather say unto him, make ready that I may sup, and gird thy self and serve me till I eat and drink, and afterward thou shalt eat and drink.

9. Doth he thank that servant, because he did what

he had commanded him?

to. I think not. So likewise ye, when ye have done all the things which are commanded you, say: We are unprofitable servants: We have done what we ought to do.

The Gospel on the chirteenth Sunday after Ventecost.

- it. And it came to pass, as he went to Jerusalem, that he passed thro' the midst of Samaria, and Galilee.
- 12. And as he entred into a certain town, there met him ten lepers, who stood afar off.

13. And lifted up their voice, saying: Jesus master,

have mercy on us.

14. When he had seen them, he said: Go, shew your

your selves to the Priests. And it came to pass, that as they went, they were cleanled.

15. And one of them, when he law that he was cleanled, came back, and with a loud voice glorified

God. 16. And fell on his face at his feet, giving thanks: And the same was a Samaritan.

17. And Jesus answered and said: Were there not

ten cleanled? And where are the nine?

18. There is none found that would return, and give glory to God, but this stranger,

19. And he faid unto him: Arile, go thy way:

Thy faith hath made thee whole.

20. And being asked by the Pharisees: When cometh the kingdom of God? He answered them, and laid: The kingdom of God conjeth not with oblervation.

21. Neither shall men say: Lo here, or lo there. remarkable For behold the kingdom of God is within you.

22. And he said unto his Disciples: The days will come, when we shall defire to see one of the days of the fon of man, and ye shall not see it.

23. And they shall say unto you: See here, and see

there. TGo not after, nor follow them.

24. For as a flash of lightning shineth from one part of heaven to the other, to fluid the fon of man be

in his day. 25. But he must first suffer many things, and be re Judgment.

jected by this generation,

26. And as it was in the days of Noe, so shall it be

allo in the days of the fon of mau.

27. They did car, and drink, they married wives, and were given in marriage, until the day that Noc entred into the ark, and the deluge came and deffroyed them all.

28. In like manner also as it was in the days of Lot: They did eat, and drink; and bought, and fold; they planted, and builded,

29. But on the very day that Lot went out of Sodom, it rained fire and brimiftone from heaven, and destroyed them all.

30. Even to shall it be in the day that the son of

man shall appear.

31. In that hour, he that shall be upon the house top, and hath his goods in the house, let him not come down to take them away: And he that shall * She was be in the field, in like manner let him not return turned into a back.

32. Remember Lot's wife. *

Pillar of Sait. for looking back upon 50-

† Sup. Bus

The Day of

Chap. XVIII.

Contra.

The Gospel according

* To the pre- 33. Whosoever shall seek to save * his life, shall judice of God's lose it: And whosoever shall lose his life, shall save Law. Et è it.

34. I say unto you: In that night, there shall be two in one bed; the one shall be taken, and the other shall be left.

35. Two women shall be grinding together; the one shall be taken, and the other lest: Two shall be in the field; the one shall be taken, the other lest.

36. They answer, and say unto him: Where Lord? 37. He faith unto them: Wheresoever the body is,

thither will the eagles be gathered together.

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CHAP. XVIII.

Christ sheweth the good of persevering in prayer by the parable of the wicked judge, and the importunate widow; and the virtue of prayer, by the parable of the Pharisce, and the Publican. He commandeth that children should not be hindered to come to him. The rich man goeth away forrowful from him. He declareth what shall be the reward of those who shall leave all their goods for his sake, foretelleth his passion, and nigh Jericho restoreth his sight to a blind man.

r. A ND he spake also a parable unto them, to the intent, that they should always pray, and not faint.

2. Saying: There was a judge in a certain city,

who neither feared God, nor regarded man.

3. And there was a certain widow in that city, and the came unto him, faying: Avenge † me of mine

adverlary.

4. And he would not for a long time: But afterward he faid within himself: Tho' I neither seat God, nor regard man:

5. Yet because this widow is troublesome to me, I will avenge her, lest she come at last, and defame me.

6. And the Lord said: Hear what the wicked judge saith.

7. And shall not God avenge his own elect, who cry night and day unto him, and shall he have patience || with them?

8. I tell you, he will speedily avenge them. Nevertheless, when the son of man cometh, shall he find (think you) faith upon earth?

†Or do me Juflice of mine adverfary,

li. e. Shall he be deaf to their Sufferings, and not do them Juffice.

9. And

o. And he spake this parable also to certain persons, The Gospel on who confided in their own justice, and delpited o- the tenth Sun-

day after Pen-

10. Two men went up into the temple to pray: tecoft.

The one a Pharilee, and the other a Publican.

II. The Pharifee stood, and prayed thus with himself: God, I give thee thanks that I am not like the rest of men, who are extortioners, unjust, adulterers; nor even like this Publican.

12. I fait twice in the week: I give tithes of all

that I possels.

17. And the Publican flood afar off, and wou'd not even lift up his eyes unto heaven. But knocked his breait, laying: O God be merciful to me a finner.

14. I say unto you: This man went down to his houle justified rather than the other: For every one that exalteth himself shall be humbled; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.

15. And they brought unto him also infants, that he might touch them: When the Disciples saw it,

they rebuked them.

16. But Jelus called them unto him, and laid, let the children come unto me, and forbid them not. For of such is the kingdom of God.

17. Verily I say unto you: Wholoever receiveth not the kingdom of God as a child, * shall not enter * i. e. Men into it.

18. And a certain prince afked him, faying: Good believe the mafter, what must I do to inherit eternal life?

19. Jefus faid unto him: Why callest thou me good? the Simplicity

None is good but God alone.

20. Thou knowest the commandments. Thou shalt of a Child. not kill: Thou shalt not commit adultery: Thou shalt not fteal: Thou shalt not bear falle withels: Honour thy father and mother.

21. I have kept, said he, all these from my youth.

22. Which when Jesus had heard, he said unto him: Thou wantest as yet one thing: Sell all things whatfoever thou halt, and diffribute them among the poor, and thou shalt have a treature in heaven: And come, follow me.

23. When he heard thefe things, he was forrowful;

becaule he was very rich,

24. Then Jesus seeing him forrowful, said: How hardly shall those who have riches, enter into the kingdom of God?

25. For it is easier for a camel to go thro' the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God.

 N_3

must hear and Gespel with and Humility

The Gospel according

26. And they that heard him, said: Who then can be saved?

27. He said unto them: That, which is impossible with men, is possible with God.

28. Then Peter laid: Lo we have left all, and have followed thee.

29. He said unto them: Verily I say unto you, there is no man, that left house, parents, or brethren, or wife, or children, for the kingdom of God's sake.

30. Who shall not receive abundantly more in this present time, and in the world to come life everla-

Sting.

3f. Then Jelus took apart the twelve, and faid unto them: Behold we go up to Jerusalem, and all things that are written by the Prophets concerning the son of man, shall be accomplished.

32. For he shall be delivered up to the Gentils, and shall be mocked, and scourged, and spit upon.

33. And after they have scourged him, they will put him to death, and the third day he shall rise again.

34. But they understood none of these things, and this faying was hid from them, neither did they per-

ceive the things which were spoken.

a 35. And it came to pais, that as he drew near Jericho, * a certain blind man fat by the way fide begging.

36. And when he heard the multitude pals by, he

aiked what it meant.

37. They told him, that Jelus of Nazareth was

38. Whereupon he cried out, faying: Jesus son of

David have mercy on me:

39: And they that went before rebuked him, to make him hold his tongue: But he cried out so much the more: Son of David have mercy on me.

40. Then Jesus stopped, and commanded him to be brought unto him; and when he came near, he asked

nim.

4r. Saying: What wouldest thou have me do for thee? And he said: Lord, that I may receive my fight.

42. Jesus sald unto him: Receive thy fight, thy

faith hath made thee whole.

43. And immediately he received his fight, and followed him glorifying God. Which when all the people had feen, they gave praise unto God.

* A City famous for its
Distruction by
Joshua.
a The Gaspel
Quinquagefina Sunday.

CHAP. XIX.

Christ is entertained by Zachem in his house. He propofeth the parable of the noble man, who gave ten pounds to ten servants to be improved. He entreth into Jesufalem, upon an afs, weepeth over the city, foretelleth it's subversion, and casteth the buyers and sellers out of the temple.

A ND he entred, and walked thro' Jericho. 2. And behold there was a man named Za-

2. And he fought to fee who Jefus was, but could gathered the not for the croud, because he was little of stature.

4. And he ran before, and got up into 2 lycomore- whence they tree to see him: For he was to pass that way.

5. And when Jesus came to the place, he looked Publicans. up, and faw him, and faid unto him: Zacheus come a-The Golpel down quickly, for I must abide to day at thy house, on the Dedi-

6. And he made hafte, came down, and received cation of a

him joyfully.

7. And when all of them faw it, they murmured, on the Annifaying, that he went to lodge with a man that was a verfary there-Sinner.

8. Then Zacheus stood up, and said unto the Lord: Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor, and if I have wronged any man of any thing, I reftore him four fold.

g. Whereupon Jesus said unto him: This day is falvation come to this house: Because † he also is the † Zacheus. fon of Abraham.

to. For the fon of man is come to feek, and to fave that which was loft.

11. As they hearkened to these things, he added, and spake a parable, because he was near Jerusalem, and because they thought that the kingdom of God St. Lewis thould immediately appear.

12. He faid therefore: A certain noble man went France, Aug. into a far country to take to himself a kingdom, and 25- and for

to return.

- 13. And he called his ten servants, and gave them Confessors not ten pounds, and faid unto them: Improve this money Bishops. till I come.
- 14. But his citizens hated him, and fent an embally after him, laying: We will not have this man to reign over us.

15. And it came to pais, that when he was returned, liaving received the kingdom, he commanded the lervants, to whom he had given the money, to be

cheus, the chief of the Publicans, * and he was rich. * Men who publick Taxes. Church, and

The Golfel for King of some other

The Gospel according

called, that he might know how much every man had gained by trading.

16. The first came, and said: Lord, thy pound

hath acquired ten pounds:

17. And he said unto him: Well done thou good servant, because thou hast been faithful in a little, thou shalt have authority over ten cities.

18. The second came, saying: Lord, thy pound

hath produced five pounds.

19. And he said unto him: Be thou also over five

20. And another came, faying: Lord, here is thy

pound, which I have kept laid up in a napkin.

nan: Thou takest up what thou didst not lay down, and reapest what thou didst not lay down,

and respect what thou didn't not low,

22. He faith unto him: Out of thine own mouth I judge thee, thou wicked fervant. Thou didft know that I am a fevere man, who take up what I have not laid down, and reap what I have not fowed.

23. Why didst thou not then give my money into the bank, that at my coming, I might have called it

in with interest?

24. And he said to them that flood by: Take from him the pound, and give it to him that hath the ten pounds.

25. And they said unto him: Lord, he hath ten

pounds.

- 26. For I say unto you, that unto every one that hath shall be given, and he shall abound: And from him who hath not, shall be taken away even that which he hath.
- 27. But as to those mine enemies, who would not that I should reign over them, bring them hither, and slay them before me.

28. And when he had thus spoken, he went up be-

fore them towards ferufalem.

29. And it came to pais, that when he came near Bethphage and Bethany at the mount called Oliver, ne fent two of his Disciples.

30. Saying: Go into the town which is over against you, where, as ye go in, ye shall find the colt of an ass ried, whereon no man ever fat; loose him, and bring him hither.

31. And if any one ask you: Why do ye loose him? Thus shall ye lay unto him: Because the Lord hath

need of his fervice.

zz. And they that were fent went their way: And found the coli standing, as he had told them.

33. And as they were looking the colt, the owners thereof said unto them: Why look ye the colt?

34. And they said: Because the Lord hath need of

him.

35. And they brought him to Jesus, and having laid their garments upon the colt, they set Jesus thereon.

36. And as he went, they spread their cloaths under

him in the way.

37. And when he came near the descent of mount Olivet, the whole multitude of the Disciples began to praise God with a loud voice, rejoicing for all the miracles they had seen.

38. Saying: Bleffed be the king that cometh in the name of the Lord. Peace be in heaven, and glory

on high.

39. Then some of the Pharises who were in the eroud, said unto him: Master, rebuke thy Disciples.

40. He said unto them: I tell you, that if these

hold their peace, the stones will cry out.

41. And when he came near, he beheld the city,

and wept over it, faying:

42. If thou hadft but known, at least in this thy day, the things which pertain to thy peace! But they are now hidden from thine eyes.

43. For the days shall come upon thee, in which thine enemies shall surround thee with a trench, and shall inclose thee, and straighten thee on every side.

44. And shall lay thee even with the ground, and thy children which are in thee, and they shall not leave in thee one stone upon another: Because thou dids not know the time of thy visitation.

45. And he went into the temple, and began to cast out them that fold in it, and them that bought.

46. Saying unto them: It is written: My house is the house of prayer. But ye have made it a den of thieves.

47. And he taught daily in the temple. But the Chief Priests, and the Scribes, and the chief of the people, fought to destroy him.

48. And could not find what they might do unto him: For all the people were in suspence when they

peard him.

The Gospel on the ninth Sunday afterPentecost.

CHAP. XX.

Christ refuseth to tell the Scribes and Pharisees by what authority he did his works; because they would not answer his quasion concerning the haptism of John. He related the parable of the vineyard. He is tempted about the windute to be given to Cesar, the Sadduces attempt, but in vain, to perplex him, concerning the resurression. He asketh how Christ can be called the son of David, and advisable men to beware of the ambitious Scribes.

A ND it came to pals, that one of those days, as he raught the people in the temple, and preached the golpel, the Chief Priests, and the Scribes, with the Elders met rogether.

2. And spake unto him, saying: By what authority doest thou these things? Or who is he, who

gave thee this authority?

3. And Jelus answered, and faid unto them: I will also ask you one thing. Answer me.

4. The Baptism of John, was it from heaven, or of

men?

- 5. But they reasoned with themselves, saying: If we say, from beaven; he will say: Why then did ye not believe sim?
- 6. And if we say, of men; all the people will some us: For they are perswaded, that John was a Prophet.

7. They answered then, that they could not tell

from whence it was.

8. And Jesus said unto them: Neither tell I you

by what authority I do thele things.

- o. Then began he to speak to the people this parable? A certain man planted a vineyard, and let it out to husbandmen, and went to travel for a long time.
- to. And at the leason he fent a servant to the hulbandmen, requiring them to give him of the fruit of the vineyard. But the husbandmen beat him, and sent him away empty.

tr. Again he fent another fervant. But him allo they beat, and having despitefully treated him, they

fest him away empty.

12. And again he fent a third: And him also they

wounded and caft out.

13. Then said the Lord of the vineyard; What shall I do? I will send my beloved son: Perhaps they wall reverence him when they see him.

14. But when the husbandmen saw him, they reafoned among themselves, saying: This is the heir, let us kill him, that the inheritance may be ours.

15. And they cast him out of the vineyard, and slew him. What therefore shall the Lord of the vine-

yard do unto them?

16. He shall come and deftroy these husbandmen, and shall give the vineyard to others. When they heard this, they said unto him: God forbid.

17. But he beheld them, and said: What is this then that is written: The frome which the builders rejected, the same is become the head of the corner.

18. Wholoever that fall upon that flowe, that he broken, and it will grind to powder him, upon whom

ir thall fall.

to. And the Chief Prieffs, and the Scribes, fought the fame hour to lay hands on him; for they knew he had spoken that parable against them, but they

feared the people.

zo. Being then upon the watch, they fent spies, who should seign themselves just men, in order to take hold of his words, that so they might deliver him up to the magistrate, and to the authority of the president.

21. And they asked him, saying: Master, we know that thou dost speak and teach rightly, and dost not regard persons, but dost teach the way of God in

truth.

22. Is it lawful for us to give tribute unto Celar, or no?

23. But he perceiving their craft, faid unto them:

Why tempt ye me?

- 24. Shew me a penny. Whole image, and inscription hath it? They answered and said unto him: Celar's.
- 25. And he said unto them: Render therefore unto Cesar the things that are Cesar's; and unto God the things that are God's.

26. And they could not take hold of his words before the people: And being surprized at his answer

they held their peace.

27. Then came to him some of the Sadducees, who

deny the refurrection, and asked him,

28. Saying: Master, Moles left us upon record, that if any man's brother, having a wife, be without children, his brother should take his wife, and raise up seed unto his brother.

24. There were therefore feven brethren: the first

took a wife, and died without issue,

The Gospel according

30. The second took her, and he died childless.
31. The third took her: And in like manner all the

Leven alfo, and they died, and left πο feed.
32. Laft of all the woman died alfo.

33. Of which of them then shall she be wife in the refurrection? Since the seven had her to wife.

34. Jelus said unto them: The children of this

world marry, and are given in marriage.

35. But those, who shall be counted worthy of the other world, and of the returnection, neither many, nor take wives.

36. Neither can they die any more: For they are equal unto the angels, and are the children of God,

fince they are the children of the refurrection.

37. But that the dead shall rile again, even Moles "See the third hath declared nigh the bush, " when he calleth the Chap, of Ex- Lord, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and odus.

137. But that the dead shall rile again, even Moles again, ev

38. Now God is not the God of the dead, but of

the living: For all live unto him.

39 Flich some of the Scribes answered, and said unto him: Master, thou hast said well.

40. And from that time forth, they durft not alk

him any more questions.

41. But he faid unto them: How say they, that Christ is the son of David?

- 42. Since David himself saith in the book of Psalms: The Lord said unto my Lord, sit on my right hand.
 - 43. Till I make thine enemies thy footstool.
- 44. David therefore calleth him Lord: How is he then his fon?

45: Then in the audience of all the people, he said

unto his Disciples.

- 46. Beware of the Scribes, who affect to walk in long robes, and love greetings in the market-place, and the first chairs in the synagogues, and the chief rooms at feasts.
- 47. Who, under pretence of long prayer, devour widow's houses. These shall receive greater damnation.

CHAP. XXI.

Christ preserveth the widow's two mites to the great oblations of the rich, foretelleth the subversion of the temple, as also many afflictions and perfecutions, against which he armeth his Disciples. He also foretelleth the subversion of Jesusalem, the captivity and dispersion of the Jews, the signs and pressures which shall precede the day of judgment, and exhorteth man to beware of drunkenness and excess, and also to watch and pray.

1. A ND he beheld and faw the rich casting their gifts into the treatury.

2. And he saw also a certain poor widow casting

in two brass mites.

3. And he said: Truly I say unto you, that this

poor widow hath cast in more than all.

4. For all these have of their abundance made offerings to God; but she of her want hath cast in all the living that she had.

5. And as some said of the temple, that it was adorned with goodly stones and gifts, he answered:

6. The days shall come in which these things that ye see shall be so destroyed, that one stone shall not be left upon another.

7. And they asked him, saying: Master, when shall these things be, and what will be the sign, when

they shall begin to come to pals?

8. He faid: Take heed ye be not feduced. For many shall come in my name, laying: I am Christ: And the time is at hand: Go ye not therefore after them.

9. And when ye shall hear of wars and seditions, be not terrified: For these things must first come to pass, but the end is not yet so soon.

10. Then faid he unto them: Nation thall rile a-

grinst sation, and kingdom against kingdom.

11. And great earthquakes shall be in divers places, and pestilences, and famines: And there shall appear frightful sights, and wonderful signs in the heavens.

12. But before all these things happen, they shall lay hands upon you, and persecute you, and deliver you up to the synagogues, and into prisons, and bring you before kings and presidents for my names sake.

13. Now this shall happen to you for a testimony. * i. e. That ye

14. Lay up therefore in your hearts, not to preme- may bear wit-

15. For I will give you a mouth and wifdom, which if foretoid you

The Goffel of the Day of St. Vincentius and Anasta-sius, Jan. 22. and for many other Martyse.

ie. i. e. That ye may bear with nefs to me that al I foretoed you al thefe things.

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all your adversaries shall not be able to relist not contradict.

16. And ye shall be betrayed by your parents, and brethren, and kinsfolks, and friends, and they shall put some of you to death.

17. And ye shall be hated of all men for my name's

fake.

18. But there shall not an hair of your head perish.

19. In your patience ye shall possess your souls.

- 20. And when ye shall see Jerusalem encompassed by an army, then know that the desolation thereof is at hand.
- 21. Then let those, who are in Judea, siee to the mountains: And let those, who are in the midst thereof depart: And let not those, who are in the country,
 enter thereinto.

22. For these are the days of vengeance, that all

things which are written may be fulfilled.

23. But we be to them that are with child, and to them that give suck in those days. For there shall be great distress in the land, and wrath upon this people.

24. And they shall fall by the edge of the sword: And shall be led away captives into all nations, and Jerusalem shall be trodden under foot by the Gentils,

until the times of the nations * be fulfilled.

the Gentils

25. And there shall be signs in the sun, and in the or Pagans, moon, and in the stars, and upon the earth distress which consisted of nations by reason of the consusion of the roaring of many Na- of the sea, and of the waves.

verted. Which come upon the whole world. For the powers of hea-

ven thall be shaken.

27. And then shall they see the son of man coming

in a cloud, with great power and majesty.

28. Now when these things, begin to come to pass, look about you, and lift up your hands: For your redemption is at hand.

29. And he spake to them a parable. Take notice

of the fig-tree, and of all the trees.

The Gospel on 3c. When they begin to shoot out their fruit, ye the first Sun-know that summer is nigh.

31. So when ye fee those things come to pals,

know that the kingdom of God is night.

32. Verily I say unto you, this generation shall not

pals away, till all be fulfilled.

33. Heaven and earth shall pals away: But my words shall not pals away.

* i. e. Until
the Gentils
or Pagans,
which confifted
of many Nations be converted. Which
Conversion
bippened about three
hundred Years
after, under
the Reign of
Constantine
the Great.
The Gospel on
the first Sunday in Ad.
vent.

24. Look to your felves then, left your hearts chance to be over-charged with furfeiting, and drumbennels. and with the cares of this life; and that day come fuddenly upon you.

25. For as a fnare shall it come upon all those who

dwell upon the face of the whole earth.

- 26. Watch ye therefore, praying at all times; that ye may be deemed worthy to cleape all these ewils which are to come, and to stand before; the for of man.
- 17. Thus in the day time he was teaching in the temple, and at night he went out, and abode on the mount called Olivet.

38. And all the people came early in the moming to him in the temple to hear him.

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CHAP. XXII.

The Chief Priests conspire against Christ, and Judas sellets him. He commandeth his Disciples to propore the puffover. He inflituteth the Euchsrift, foretelleth that Peter would deny him, prayeth on the mount, and smeateth blood. He is taken by the Hour shafed by them, denied by Peter, and being afked, he confesses that he is the fou of God...

1. TOW the feast of unleavened bread, which & See St. Mat. is called the passover, * drew near.

Chap, 26.

2. And the Chief Priests, and the Scribes, fought how they might put jeius to death: But they feared the people.

3. And Satan entred into Judas furnamed Meariot,

one of the twelve.

4. And he went his way, and conferr'd with the Chief Priests, and Magistrates, how he might betray him unto them.

s. And they were glad, and covenanted to give him

6. And he promised. † And he sought an oppor- † To betray tunity to deliver him up without noife.

7. Then came the day of unleavened bread, in which

i. e. The the passover | must be killed. 8. And he fent Peter and John, faying: Go, and Pafchal Lamb. prepare us the passover, that we may eat.

9. And they faid: Where wilt thou, that we pre-

pare?

10. And he said unto them: Behold, as ye go into the city, there shall a man meet you carrying a pitcher

Chap, XXII.

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cher of water. Follow him into the house into which he goeth.

11. And ye shall say to the good man of the house: The mafter faith unto thee: Where is the room in which Linky eat the passover with my Disciples.

12. And he shall shew you a large upper room fur-

nished, and there prepare.

17. And they went, and found, as he had faid unto them: And they prepared the pallover.

14. And when the hour was come, he fat down,

and the twelve Apodiles with him.

15. And he said unto them: With defire I have defired to eat this passover with you before I suffer.

to. For I lay unto you, that I will not from this time eat thereof, until it be fulfilled in the kingdom of God.

17. And having taken the chalice he gave thanks, and faid: Take this, and divide it among you.

18. For I say unto you, that I will not drink of the fruit of the vine, until the kingdom of God is

19. And he took bread, gave thanks, and brake it, and gave unto them, faying: This is my body, which is given for you: Do this in remembrance of me.

20. In like manner the 'chalice allo, after he had the Greek, that supped, saying: This chalice is the new testament in thewordwhich my blood, which shall be shed for many.

21. But yet behold the hand of him that betrayeth

ward-Chalice. me is with me on the table.

22. And indeed the lon of man goeth as it was decreed; but we be to that man by whom he shall be Detrayed.

23. And they began to enquire among themselves, which of them it was that should do this thing.

24. And there was also a strife between them, which

of them should be accounted the greatest.

25. And he faid unto them: The kings of the Genris's Day, Ju- tils exercise loroship over them: And they that have authority over them, are called benefactors,

26. But ye shall not be so: But he that is greatest among you; let him be as the younger: And he that

ruleth, as he that ferveth.

27. For whether is greater, he that fitteth at table. or he that serveth? Is not he that sitteth at table? Yet I am among you, as he that lerveth.

28. Ye are they, who have continued with me in my

temptations.

29. And I prepare for you, as my father hath pre pared for me the kingdom.

* 'Tis plain in . refers to the

The Gospel on

St. Apolina-

iy 23.

20. That ye may eat and dilnk at my table in my kingdom: And fit on thrones judging the twelve tribes of itrael.

3r. And the Lord faid: Simon, Bimon, behold Satan hath defired to have you, that he may lift you as

32. But I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not: And when thou art once converted confirm thy brethren.

33. He said unto him: Lord I am ready to go with

thee both into prilon, and to death.

34. And he faid: I tell thee Peter, the cock shall nor crew this day, till thou deny thrice that thou knowest me.

35. And he faid unto them: When I feht you without purle, and scrip, and shoes, did ye want any

thing?

36. They faid unto him: Nothing. Then faid he unto them: But now he that hath a purse let him take ir, and likewise a scrip: And he that hath not, . A Sword.

let him fell his coat, and buy a lword.

37. For I say unto you, that this also that is written must be sulfilled in me: And he was reckoned among the wicked. For the things concerning me have an end.

28. And they laid: Lord, here are two Iwords.

And he laid unto them: A is enough.

39. And he came out, and went, as he was accustomed, to the mount of Olives. And his Disciples allo followed him.

4c. And when he had come to the place, he faid unto them: Pray that ye enter not into temptation,

41. And he was withdrawn from them the length of a stones cast, and having bent his knees he prayed.

42. Saying: Father if thou wilt, remove this chalice from me: Yet nor my will but thine be done.

43. And there appeared an angel unto him from heaven strengthening him. And being in agony, he prolonged his prayer.

44. And his sweat was as drops of blood trickling

down to the ground.

45. And when he role up from prayer, and was come to his Disciples, he found them sleeping for forlow.

46. And he faid unto them: Why sleep ye? Rise,

and pray, lest we enter into temptation.

47. While he yet spake, behold a multitude, and he that was called Judas one of the twelve, before them: And drew near to Jesus to kils him,

0

48. And Jelus faid unto him: Judas, dost thou be-

49. And they, that were about him; seeing what would happen, said unto him: Lord, shall we strike with the sword?

50. And one of them struck the servant of the

High Priest, and cut off his right ear.

51. And Jelus answered, and said: Suffer ye thus far: And when he had touched his ear, he healed him.

52. Then Jesus said unto the Chief Priests, and Magistrates of the temple, and the Elders, which were come to him: Are ye came out as against a thief, with swords and staves?

53. When I was daily wirh you in the temple, ye did not lay hands on me: But this is your hour, and

the power of darkness.

- 54. Then they apprehended him, and led him to the High Priest's house. And Peter followed after off.
- of the hall, and had fat about it, Peter was in the midst of them.
- 56. Whom when a certain fervant maid had feen fitting at the light, and had earnestly beheld him, she said: This man was also with him.
 - 57. But he denied him, faying: Woman, I know

him not.

- 58. And after a little while another feeing him, faid: Thou art also of them. But Peter said: O man I am not.
- 59. And about the space of an hour aster, another man affirmed, saying: Truly this man also was with him: For he is a Galilean.
- 6c. And Peter said: Man, I know not what thou sayest. And immediately while he yet spake, the cock crew.
- or. And the Lord turned, and looked upon Peter. And Peter remembred the word of the Lord, how he had faid: Before the cock crow, thou shalt deny me thrice.
 - 62. And Peter went out, and wept bitterly.
- 63. And the men that held felus, mocked him, and fluck him.
- 64. And they blind-folded him, and ftruck him on the face; and they asked him, faying: Prophesie, who is it that ftruck thee?
- 65. And they spoke many other things blasphemouthy against him.

66. And so soon as it was day, the Elders of the people, and the Chief Priests, and the Scribes met together, and led him into their council, saying? If thou are Christ, tell us.

67. And he said unto them: If I tell you, ye will

not believe me.

68. And if I ask you, ye will not answer me, nor dismiss me.

69. But hereafter shall the son of man fit on the right hand of the power of God.

70. Then said they all: Art thou then the son of

God. He answered: Ye say, that I am.

71. And they faid: What need we any further witness, fince we our selves have heard it from his own mouth?

CHAP. XXIII.

Jesus is accused before Pilate, and sent to Herod. Herod remitteth him to Pilate. Rarabbas is desired by the people, and Jesus is given up to be erucissed. He telleth the women that lament him, the destruction of Jerusa lem. He prayeth for his enemies, is crucified with two malesactors, whereof one blasphenicth him, he dieth, and is buried.

r. A ND the whole multitude of them arole, and led him unto Pilate.

2. And they began to accuse him, saying: We sound this man subverting our nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Cefar, and saying that he is Christ a king.

3. And Pilate asked him, saying: Art thou the king of the sews? And he answered, and said: Thou

sayest it.

4 Then faid Pilate to the Chief Priests, and to the

multitude: I find no crime in this man.

5. But they were the more earnest, saying: He stirreth up the people, teaching over all Judea, beginning from Galilee to this place.

6. Pilate hearing of Galilee, asked if the man were

a Galilean.

7. And when he understood that he was of Herod's jurisdiction, he sent him b. ck to Herod, who himself was also at Jerusalem in those days.

8. And when Herod saw Jesus, he was exceeding glad: For he was desirous to see him of a long time, O 2 because

Chap. XXIII.

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becaule he had heard many things of him, and hoped to lee tome miracle done by him.

9. He therefore put him many questions, but Jesus

made him no answer.

to. And the Chief Priests, and the Scribes, stood

obstinately acculing him.

* A White Robe was a alty among the Jews.

11. But Herod with his guards despised him, * and in derition arrayed him in a white robe, and lent him Badge of Roy. back to Pilate.

> 12. And the same day Herod and Pilate were made friends together: For before they were enemies to one another.

12. Then Pilate, having called together the Chief

Prints, and the Magistrates, and the People.

- 14. Said unto them: Ye have brought me this man, as one that turneth the people from their duty, and behold I having examined him before you, do find no crime in him, touching thole things whereof ye accule him.
- 15. No nor yet Herod: For I sent you to him, and behold nothing worthy of death is done unto him.
 - 16. I will therefore chastise him, and release him.
- 17. For of necessity he must release one unto them on the feast day.
- 18. But the whole multitude cried out at once, faying: Away with this man, and release unto us Barabbas.
- 19. Who for a certain fedition railed in the city, and for murder, was cast into prison.

20. Pilate being willing to release sesus, spoke again to them.

21. But they cried out, faying: Crucify, Crucify

22. And he faid unto them the third time: Why, what evil hath he done? I find no cause of death in him: I will therefore chaftife him, and let him go.

23. But they inlifted with loud voices, deliring that he might be crucified: And their voices pre-

24. Then Pilate adjudged, that their petition should

be granted. 25. And he released unto them him, whom they had defined, who for murder and ledition was call into prison: But delivered Jesus to their will.

26. And as they led him away, they laid hold of one Simon a Cyrenian, coming from the country, and on him they laid the cross to carry after Jelus.

27. And there followed him a great multitude of people, and of women, who wept and lamented for him.

18. But

28. But Jesus turning unto them, said: Daughters of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for your

selves, and for your children.

29. For behold the days shall come, in which they shall say: Blessed are the barren, and the wombs that bare not, and the breasts, which never gave suck.

30. Then shall they begin to say unto the mountains: Fall upon us; and to the hills cover us.

31. For if they do these things to the green wood, what shall be done to the dry?

32. And there were also two malefactors led with

him, to be put to death.

- 33. And when they were come to the place, which is called Calvary, there they crucified him, and the thieves, the one on the right hand, and the other on the left.
- 34. And Jesus said: Father sorgive them: For they know not what they do: Then they divided his garments, and cast lots.
- 35. And the people stood looking on; and the rulers with them derided him, saying: He saved others, let him save himself, if this be Christ the elect of God.
- 36. And the foldiers also mocked him, coming to him, and offering vinegar.

37. And faying: If thou art the king of the Jews,

fave thy lelf.

- 38. And there was also a superscription written in Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew letters: This is the king of the sews.
- 39. And one of the thieves which were hanged blasphemed him, saying: If thou art Christ, save thy telf and us.
- 40. But the other answered, and reproved him, faying. Neither dost thou fear God, whereas thou art under the same condemnation.
- 41. And we indeed juilly, for we receive the due reward of our deeds: But this man hath done no evil.
- 42. And he said unto Jesus: Lord, remember me when thou comest into thy kingdom.

43. And Jesus said unto him: Verily I say unto thee: This day thou shalt be with me in paradise.

- 44. And it was about the fixth hour, and there was darkness over all the earth until the ninth hour.
- 45. And the fun was darkened, and the veil of the temple was rent in the midft.

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46. And Jesus crying our with a loud voice, said: Father into thy hands I commend my spirit: And when he had uttered these words, he gave up the ghoft. 47. Then the Centurion, * feeing what was done,

i. c. The Officertbatwar glorified God, faying: Truly this was a just man. to see the Execution percalled Centurion, becaufe

command_

them at that fight, and law the things that were form'd.He was done, returned knocking their breafts. 49. And all his acquaintance, and the women that

he had an hundred Sol-

followed him from Galilee, stood afar off beholding thele things. 50. And behold a man named Joseph, which was

48. And all the multitude that were pretent with

diers under his 2 Senator, a good and just man.

51. The same had not consented to the counsel and doings of the rest, he was of Arimathea, a city of Judea, and did also wait for the kingdom of God.

52. This man, I say, went unto Pilate, and begged

the body of felus.

53. And having taken it down, he wrapped it in fine linnen, and laid it in a sepulchre hewen in stone, wherein never man before was laid.

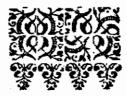
+ i. e. The Eve of the Sabbath. See St. Maik Chap. I 5,

54. And that day was the preparation, † and the Sabbath drew near.

55. And the women also, which came with him from Galilee, followed Joseph, and beheld the sepulchre, and how his body was laid.

56. And they returned, and prepared spices, and ointments: And on the fabbath day they refted ac-

cording to the commandments.



CHAP. XXIV.

The women came to the fepulchre, and are furpifed, be cause they do not find the body of Jesus. The angels declare unto them, that he is risen from the dead. They go, and repeat the same to the Apostles, who look upon it as a dream. Peter runneth to the sepulche, but findeth not the body. Jesus appeareth to the two Disciples going to Emaus, and expoundeth unto them the scriptures. He is made known to them in the breaking of bread. He appeareth to the eleven met together, and officieth his body to be solt by them. He eateth with them, openeth their understanding that they might understand the scriptures; promising to send them the body ghost, and ascendeth into heaven.

r. A ND upon the first day of the week, very early in the morning they came to the sepulchre carrying the spices, which they had prepared.

2. And they found the stone solled back from the

sepulciue.

3. And they entred in, and found not the body of

the Lord Jeius.

4. And it came to pals, that as they were amazed thereat, behold two men stood by them in glittering apparel.

5. And as they were afraid, and bowed down their faces to the earth, they faid unto them: Why feek ye

the living among the dead?

6. He is not here, but is rifen: Remember how he

Ipoke to you, when he was yet in Galilee.

7. Saying: The fon of man must be delivered into the hands of finful men, and be crucified, and the third day rife again.

8. And they remembred his words.

9. And returned from the sepulchre, and told all their things to the eleven, and to all the rest.

to. And it was Mary Magdalene, and Joanna, and Mary the mother of James, and the seit that were with them, who told the Apostles these things.

11. And they looked upon these words as dotage,

and telieved them not.

12. However Peter arofe, and ran to the sepulchre: And stooping down, he saw the linner cloths laid by themselves, and departed wondering with himself at that which was done.

The Gospel according

The Gofpel on to a town called Emans, fixty furlongs from Jerula-Monday in lem.

Laiter Week.

14. And they talked together of all these things which had happened.

and reasoned with themselves, Jesus himself drew near, and went with them.

16. But their eyes were held that they might not

know him.

- 17. And he faid unto them: What discourses are these ye hold one with another, as ye walk, and are sad?
- 18. And one of them, whose name was Cleophas answered, and said unto him: Art thou only a stranger in Jerusalem, and hast not known the things, which are come to pass in it in these days?

19. He said unto him: What things? They answered: Concerning Jesus of Nazareth, who was a Prophet mighty in deed, and word, before God, and

all the people.

20. And how the High Priests, and our rulers delivered him to be condemned to death, and crucified him.

21. And we hoped that it was he, who shou'd have redeemed Israel: And now after all, this is the third day, since these things were done.

22. And even some of our women, who had been

before day light at the sepulchre terrified us.

23. For when they found not the body, they came, faying, that they had feen a vision of angels, who fay that he is alive.

24. Whereupon some of our own went to the sepulchre, and found it even so as the women had said:

But him they found not.

25. Then he said unto them: O fools, and flow of heart to believe all that the Prophets have spoken!

26. Ought not Christ to have suffered these things,

and so to enter into his glory?

27. And beginning at Moles and all the Prophets, he expounded unto them in all the scriptures the things concerning himself.

28. And they drew near the town whither they went; and he made ado, as if he would go further.

29. But they compelled him, saying: Stay with us: For it is towards night, and the day is now far spent. And he went in with them.

Easter Week.

30. And it came to pais, that, as he fat at table with them, he took bread, and bleffed it, and brake it, and gave it to them.

31. And their eyes were opened, and they knew

him: And he vanished cut of their fight.

32. And they faid one to another: Was not our heart burning in us, while he talked to us by the way, and opened to us the scriptures?

33. And they role up the lame hour, and returned to erusalem: And they found the eleven gathered

together, and them that were with them.

34. Saying: The Lord is rifen indeed, and hath

appeared to Simon.

- 35. And they related the things which were done in the way, and how they knew him in the breaking of bread.
- 36. Whilst they were thus speaking, Jesus stood in The Gospel on the midst of them, and said unto them: Peace be unto Tuesday in you; it is I, feat not.

37. But they were troubled, and affrighted, and

thought that they had feen a spirit.

38. And he said unto them: Why are ye troubled,

and why do thoughts atile in your hearts?

39. Behold my hands and my feet, that it is I myfelf: Feel, and fee: For a spirit hath not slesh and bones, as ye fee me have.

40. And when he had thus spoken, he shewed them

his hands, and feet.

- 41. But seeing they did not as yet believe, being transported with joy, he laid: Have ye here any thing to eat?
- 42. And they let before him, a piece of a broiled fish, and an honey-comb.

43. And when he had eaten before them, he took

the remains, and gave to them.

44. And he said unto them: These are the words which I spoke unto you, while I was yet with you, that all things must be fulfilled, which are written in the law of Moles, and in the Prophets, and in the Plalms concerning me.

45. Then opened he their understanding, that they

might understand the scriptures.

46. And he said unto them: Thus it is written, and thus it behaved Christ to luster, and to rife again from the dead the third day.

47. And that penance, and remission of fins, should be preached in his name unto all nations, beginning at jerufalem.

48. And ye are witnesses of these things.

Chap. XXIV.

The Gospel according

* i. e. The
Holy Ghost
promised by
my Father in
the Prophets.

49. And I fend the promise * of my father upon you: But tarry ye in the city, until ye be vested with power from on high.

50. And he led them out into Bethany, and having

the Prophets. lifted up his hands he blessed them.

51. And it came to pais, that as he bleffed them, he departed from them; and was carried into heaven.

52. And they adored him, and went back to Jesu-

falem with great joy.

53. And they were always in the temple, praising and bleifing God. Amen.





THE

Holy GOSPEL

o f

Jesus Christ.

According to Saint JOHN.

CHAP. L

The word was in the beginning, and was God. All things were made by him. The word was made field. St. John beareth witness of him, and declareth that he is the lamb of God. He calleth Andrew, and Peter, and Philip; and Philip calleth Nathaniel.

1. 1 N the beginning was the word, and the word was with God, and the word was God.

2. This " was in the beginning with God. The Gospel at 3. All things were made by him: And without him the third Mass

was nothing made, that was made.

4. In him was life, and the life was the light of Day; and eve-

men.

5. And the light fhineth in darknels, and the dark- End of Mals.
nels comprehended it not.

* Word.

6. There was a man fent from God, whose name was John.

7. This man came for a witness, to hear witness of the light, that all thro' him might believe.

8. He was not the light, but came to bear witness of him that was the light.

Chap. I.

The Gospel according

o. He was the true light, which lighteth everyman that cometh into the world.

10. He was in the world, and the world was made, by him, and the world knew him not.

11. He came unto his own, and his own received him not.

12. But as many as recrived him, he gave them power to become the lons of God, to those that believe in his name.

13. Who are not born of blood, not of the will of

the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God.

14. And the word was made flesh, and dwelt among us: And we law his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the father, full of grace and truth.

15. John beareth witness of him, and cryeth out, laying: This was he of whom I fpake: He, who shall come after me, is preferred to me: Becaule he was before " me.

* i. c. More excellent.

16. And we have all received of his fulnels, and grace for grace.

17. For the law was given by Moses, but grace and

truth came by Jesus Christ.

18. No man ever law God: The only begotten ion, who is in the bolom of the father, is he that declared him.

t i e. Tohn the Baptift's testimony.

19. And this is John's † testimony, when the lews tent Priests and Levites from Jerusalem to ask him: Wo art thou?

The Gospel on day in Ad-

20. And he confessed, and denied not: And consesthe third Sun- fed : I am not Christ.

vent. Sup. Promised by Moies.

21. And they asked him: What then? Art thou Elias? And he faid: I am not. Art thou the Piophet? And he answered: No.

22. They faid unto him then: Who art thou, that we may give an answer to thole, who lent us? What

layest thou of thy felf?

23. He said: I am the voice of one crying in the defert: Make strait the way of the Lord, as the Prophet Ilaias laid.

24. Now they that were sent, were of the Phari-

fees.

25. And they asked him, and said unto him: Why baptizest thou then, if thou be not Christ, nor Elias. nor the Prophet?

26. John answered them, saying: I baptize in wa ter: But there stood one amidst you, whom ye know

not.

27. He it is, that shall come after me, that is preferred to me: Whole shoe latcher I am not worthy to miloofe.

28. Theli

28. These things were done in Bethany * beyond * IntheGreek ordan, where folin was baptizing.

29. The next day, John law Jesus coming unto nin, and he laid Behold the lamb + of God, be- + Alluding to hald him, who taketh away the fin of the world.

30. This is he of whom I faid: After me cometh whichwas flain i man, which is preferred to me, because he was be- inthe Passover, O'C HIE.

31. And I knew him not. But I came to baptize of the Meffas. n water, that he might be made manifest in lirael.

32. And John base witness, saying: I saw the spi- The Gospel on it descending like a dove, and he remained upon the Offave of anic.

33. And I knew him not: But he that fent me to paprize in water, the lame laid unto me: Upon whom thou first lee the spirit descending and remainng upon him, he it is that baptizeth in the holy thoft.

34. And I law, and bear witnels, that this is the

fen of God.

35. The next day after, John stood, | and two of | Sup. There. his Disciples.

36. And feeing Jelus walk, he faith: Behold the St. Andrew's and of God.

37. And the two Disciples heard him speak, and

they followed jelus.

38. And Jesus turned, and saw them following him: And faith unto them: What feek ye? They faid unto him: Rabbi (which is to fay being interpreted ma-(ter) where dwellest thou.

30. He saith unto them: Come, and see. They came, and saw where he dwelt, and abode with him that

day. And it was about the tenth hour.

40. Now Andrew Simon Peter's brother was one of the two, who heard this from John, and followed him.

41. He fish finderh his brother Simon, and saith unto hun: We have found the Messias (which is, be-

ing interpreted, Christ.)

42. And he brought him to Jefus. And [efus looking upon him, faid: Thou are Simon the Ion of Jona: † Thou shalt be called Cephas, which is inter- † i.e. A Dove. pieted, Peter. il

43. The day following he would go forth into Galilee, and he findeth Philip. And Jelus laith unto

him: Follow me.

44. Now Philip was of Bethfaida, the city of Andrew and Peter.

45. Philip findeth Nathaniel, and faith unto him: We have found him, whereof Moses wrote in the law.

Bethabata.

the Lamb, and was a Type

the Epiphany.

The Gospel on

* i. e. Jefus.

1 i. e. A Rock.

Chap. II.

The Gospel according

law, and the Prophets forerold, Jesus of Nazareth the fon of Joleph.

46. And Nathaniel faid unto him: Can there any good come from Nazareth? Philip faith unto him:

Come, and fee.

The Gospel in # Votive Mals of the boly Angels.

47. Jelus law Nathaniel coming to him, and he taith of him: Behold an Ilraelite indeed, in whom is no guile.

48. Nathaniel saith unto him: Whence knowest thou me? Jetus answered, and said unto him: Before Philip had called thee, when thou wast under the figtree, I law thee.

49. Nathaniel answered him, and said: Rabbi, thou

art the lon of God, thou art the king of lirael.

50. Jelus answered, and said unto him: Thou believest because I said unto thee: I saw thee under the fig tree: Thou shalt lee greater things than thele.

5t. And he laith unto him: Verily, verily, I say unto you: Ye shall see heaven open, and the angels of God alcending, and descending upon the ion of man.

తా ప్రావేటులు రాజుకుండుందింది. దార్జులు కార్యాలు కా

CHAP. II.

Jesus being bidden to a medding in Cana, changeth water into wine. He goeth to Jerufalem and driveth the dealers out of the temple. The Jews would have him to shew them a sign. Many believe in him but he would not trust them.

The Gospel on 1. the second Sunday after was there. the Epiphany. * The Jews u- the marriage. sed to wast and

purily their

bands, and

not feldom

dies, before

they fat at

Meat; for

which Purifi-

cation thele

water- pots

A ND the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee: And the mother of Jesus

2. And Jesus also was called, and his Disciples, to

3. And when the wine failed, the mother of Jelus (aith unto him: They have no wine.

4. Jelus faith unto her: Woman, what is that to

their feet, and me, and to thee? Mine hour is not yet come. 5. His mother faith to the servants: Do whatsoever

their whole bo he shall lay unto you.

6. And there were let there lix water pots of stone, according to the purification of the Jews, containing two or three firkins a piece.

7. Jelus faith unto them: Fill the water pots with

water. And they filled them up to the brim.

8. And Jelus laith unto them: Draw now, and were in a rea- carry unto the steward of the house. And they cardiness in their ticd.

eating Rooms.

9. When

9. When the fleward had tafted the water that was made wine, and knew not whence it was, but the fervants, who drew the water knew, he calleth the bridegroom.

to. And faith unto him: Every man at first serveth good wine, and when men have well drunk, then that which is worfe: But thou haft referred the

good wine until now.

11. This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee: And manifested his glory, and his Disci-

ples believed in him.

12. After this he went down to Capharnaum, he. and his mother, and his brethren, and his Disciples. and they continued there not many days.

12. And the few's passover was at hand, and Jesus The Gospel on

went up to jerulalem.

Monday in 14. And he found in the temple thole that fold the fourth oxen, and sheep, and doves, and the changers of mo- Week in Lent.

ney, fitting.

- 15. And when he had made a whip of finall cords. he drove them all out of the temple, both the sheep. and the exen, and poured out the changer's money. and overthrew their counters.
- 16. And faid to fuch as fold doves: Take thefe 2. way, and make not my father's house, an house of merchandile.

17. And his Disciples remembred that it is written: The zeal of thine house hath eaten me up.

18. Then answered the sews, and taid unto him: What fign shewest thou unto us, since thou doest these things :

19. Jesus answered, and said unto them: Destroy

this temple, and in three days I will raise it up.

20. The Jews replied: Forty fix Years was this temple a building, and wilt thou raile it up in three days?

21. But he spoke of the temple of his body.

- 22. Therefore when he was riten from the dead, his Disciples remembred, that he had taid this, and they believed the scripture, and the word which jesus had laid.
- 23. And when he was in Jerusalem on the seast day of the passover, many believed in his name, seeing the miracles which he wrought,

24. But Jefus did not commit himself unto them.

becaule he knew all men.

25. And because he needed not that any should teflify of man: For he knew what was in man,

Chap. IIL

The Gospel according

The Go∫pel on the Day of the Invention of May 3. + 1. c. A Do-

Bor or Teacher. t i. e. *The* Holy Ghost infufeth bis

Grace into the Hearts of Men, when they do not

and they hear

sying unto

Which were ki. l. Cap. 36. veile 24.

Whereof a Do. Bor of the Law born again, sbould not be ignorant.

When the Children of If. the spirit. Jack were in the Desert, they were bit-

ten by fiery Serpents; 10 manded Mo-

les to erect a brazen Serpent on bigh,

and that as many as would is in heaven.

took upon the faid Serpent would be

cured of the bite of the fiery Serpents.

CHAP. III.

the Holy Crofs, Christ teacheth Nicodemus, that men mußt be regenerated in order to enter into the kingdom of God, sheweth God's great love for the world, and declareth the face of unbelievers, John discourseth concerning Christ's power. Mission, &c.

> 1. Here was a man of the Pharifees, named Nicodemus, a ruler of the Jews.

2. This man came to Jefus by night, and faid unto him: Rabbi, we know that thou art come as a mafter * from God. For no man can do the miracles, think of him, which thou doeft, except God be with him.

3. Jesus answered, and said unto him: Verily, vewithin them rily, I fay unto thee, except a man be born again, he

felves a voice cannot see the kingdom of God.

4. Nicodemus faith unto him: How can a man be them, turn to boin, when he is old? Can he enter the second time into his mother's womb, and be born again?

5. Jefus answered: Verily, verily I lay unto thee; foretold by the except a man be born of water, and the holy ghost, Prophet Eze- he cannot enter into the kingdom of God.

6. That which is born of the flesh, is flesh: And

that which is born of the spirit, is spirit.

7. Marvel net that I faid unto thee: Ye must be

8. The spirit breatheth † where he will, and thou hearest his voice, but knowest not whence he cometh, or whither he goeth: So is every one, that is born of

9. Nicodemus answered, and said unto him: How

can their things be?

10. Jefus antwered, and faid unto him: Art thou a mafter in Ifrael, and knowest not these things?

11. Verily, verily, I say unto thee, that we speak prevent which that which we know, and testify that which we have evil, God com. leen, and ye receive not our testimony.

12. If I speak to you of earthly things, and ye believe not, how shall ye believe, if I speak to you of

heavenly things?

12. And no man hath ascended into heaven, but he that came down from heaven, the ion of man which

14. And as Moles lifted up the serpent in the de-

fert, so must the son of man be listed up.

15. That every one, who believeth in him, may not perish, but have eternal life.

16. For God so loved the world, as to give his only begotten fon: That every one, who believeth in him; may not perish, but have eternal life;

17. For God fent not his fon into the world to judge the world, but that the world might be faved by him.

18: He that believeth in him. is not judged: * But * i. e. Conhe that believeth not, is already judged: Because he demned. believeth not in the name of the only begotten fon of God.

19. And the cause of this judgment + is, that light † L & Côncame into the world, and men loved darkness rather ammations than light: For their works were evil.

20. For every one that doeth evil, hateth the lighte and cometh not to the light, left his works thould be

reproved.

21. But he that affeth according to truth, cometh to the light, that his works may be made manifest. because they are wrought in God. I

22. After these things came Jesus, and his Disciples ding to God's into the land of Judea; and there he abode with ordinance. them, and paptized.

23. And John also was baptizing in Enon, near Salim: Becaule there was much water there: And they came, and were baptized.

24. For John was not yet cast into prison:

25. There arose therefore a dispute between the Disciples of John and the Jews * concerning purifica- * Sup. W tion. T

26. And they came unto John, and said unto him: the, Baptiful; Rabbi, he that was with thee beyond Jordan; to whom thou gavest testimony, behold the same baptizeth. and all come to him.

27. John answered, and said: A man can receive nothing, except it be given him from heaven.

28. Ye your lelves bare me witnels, that I faid: I am not Christ: But that I am sent before him:

29. He that hath the bride, is the bridegroom: But the friend of the bridegroom, who standeth, and heareth him, rejoiceth exceedingly, because of the bridegroom's voice: This my joy therefore is fulfilled.

30. He must increase, but I must diminish:

21. He that cometh from above, is above all: He that is of the earth is earthly, and speaketh of the earth: He that cometh from heaven is above all.

22. And what he hath feen and heard, that he teflifieth: And no man receiveth his testimony:

33. He that receiveth his testimony hath set to his leal, that God is true.

34. For he whom God hath sent; speaketh the WOICE

The Cospel ou Monday in W hitiun

i. c. Accor:

followedChrift:

Chap. IV.

The Gospel according

* Sup. Unto fure. him.

words of God: For God giveth not the spirit by mea-

35. The father loveth the son: And hath given all things into his hands.

36. He that believeth in the son, hath eternal life: And he that is incredulous to the fon, shall not see life, † but the wrath of God dwelleth on him.

† i. e. Shall: not partake of eternal Life.

CHAP. IV.

Fefus discourseth with the Samaritan woman concerning the living water, and her bushands. He telleth his disciples that be bath food which they know not, &c. Many of the Samaritans believe in Christ. He goeth into Galilee, and bealeth the ruler's fon.

Friday in the Lent.

The Gofpel on t. XXI HEN Jeius therefore understood, that the Pharifees had heard that he made, and bapthird Week in tized more Disciples than John.

2. (Tho' Jesus baptized nor, but his Disciples.)

3. He left Judea, and went back again into Gali-

4. And being necessitated to pass thro' Samaria.

5. He came therefore to a city of Samaria which is called Sichar near the Manor, which Jacob gave to his fon Joseph.

6. Now Jacob's well * was there. Jesus therefore being tired of his journey, lat thus on the well. It was about the fixth hour.

7. There cometh a woman of Samaria to draw water. Jelus laith unto her: Give me to drink.

8. (For his Disciples were gone into the city to buy

meat.)

9. Then faith the Samaritan woman unto him: How is it that thou who art a Jew, askeft to drink of me, who am a Samaritan woman? For the Jews have no commerce with the Samaritans.

to. Jesus answered and said unto her: Hadft thou known the gift of God, and who it is that faith unto thee: Give me to drink: Perhaps thou wouldft have asked of him, and he would have given thee living water.

11. The woman faith unto him: Sir, Thou haft nor wherewithal to draw, and the well is deep: Whence then shouldest thou have living water?

12. Art thou greater than our father [scob, who gave us the well, and drank thereof himfelf, and his children, and his cattel?

i. e. Thro' the Territories of Samaria.

So called,

because sacob

bought a par-

cel of Ground

near Sichem,

and probably

duz a Well

therein; the Place here mentioned being the same that is in Genelis called Sichem. † Sup. Brink oj.

13. Jalus

13. Jelus answered, and said unco her: Whosoever drinketh of this water shall thirst again: But he that drinketh of the water which I shall give him, shall never thirst.

14. But the water which I shall give him, shall become in him a fountain of water springing up unto

life everiafting.

15. The woman saith unto him: Lord, give me this water, that I may not thirst, neither come hither to draw.

16. Jesus faith unto her: Go, call thy husband;

and come hither.

17. The woman answered and said: I have no huse band. Jesus saith unto her: Thou hast well said: I have no husband.

18. For thou halt had five husbands, and he whom thou now halt, is not thy husband: This thou hast truly laid.

19. The woman faith unto him: Lord, I perceive

that thou art a Prophet.

and ye say, that in ferusalem is the place in which men ought to adore.

zt. Jesus saith unto her: Woman believe me, the

tain, nor in Jerusalem adore the father.

22. Ye adore what ye know not: We adore what

we know, for falvation is of the Jews.

23. But the hour cometh, and now is, when the true adorers shall adore the father in spirit and truth. For the father seeketh such to adore him.

24. God is a spirit, and they that adore him, must

adore in spirit and truth.

zs. The woman saith unto him: I know that the Messias (which is called Christ) is to come. When he is come, he will tell us all things.

26. Jesus saith unto her. I, who speak unto thec;

am he.

- 27. Mean while came his Disciples: And they admired he would talk with the woman. Yet no man faid: What leekest thou, or why talkest thou with her?
- 28. The woman then left her water-pot, and went her way into the city, and faith unto those then.

29. Con e, and fee a man, who told me all things whatforver I have done. Is not be Christ?

30. They went therefore out of the city, and came unto him.

31: In the mean time his Disciples prayed him, say-

The Gospel according

22. But he said unto them: I have meat to eat which ye know not.

33. Whereupon the Disciples said one to another,

Hath any man brought him to eat.

34. Jesus saith unto them: My meat is to do the will of him who lent me, and to finish his work.

- 35. Do not ye say, that four months hence cometh the harvest? Behold I say unto you: Lift up your eyes, and look on the fields for they are white already to harveft.
- 36. And he that reapeth, receiveth wages, and gathereth fruit unto life eternal: That both he, who toweth, and he, who reapeth, may rejoice together.

37. For herein is the laying true: One man low-

eth, and another man respeth.

* i. e. To gaof the Seed of their labours. the Word of God, which

phets had

Jews.

38. I fent you to reap ' that which ye did not la. ther the Finit bour: Other men laboured, and ye have entred into 39. And many of the Samaritans of the city be-

- lieved in him, upon the word of the woman giving the Patriarchs this testimony: He told me all things whatsoever I and the Pro- have done.
- 40. When the Samaritans then were come unto planted in the him, they prayed him to flay with them; and he Hearts of the abode there two days.

41. And many more believed in him upon his own

word.

42. And they laid unto the woman: Now we believe not upon thy word: For our felves have heard, and we know, that this is indeed the Savious of the

43. And after two days he departed thence, and

went into Galilee.

44. For Jesus himself testified, that a Prophet hath

no honour in his own country.

45. Being then come into Galilee, the Galileans received him, having feen all the things which he had done in Jerusalem on the feast day: For they also went unto the feaft.

The Gostel on

Pentecoft.

46. So he came again into Cana of Galilee, where the twentieth he made the water wine. And there was a certain Sunday after tuler, whose son was tick at Capharnaum.

> 47. This man, when he had heard, that Jefus was come from Judea into Galilee, came to him, and played him to come cown, and heal his ion: For he was at the point of death.

48. Then faid Jesus unto him: Except ye see signs

and wonders ye do not believe

49. The ruler faith unto him: Lord come down before iny fon die.

so. Jelus

50. Jesus saith unto him: Go thy way, thy son liveth. The man believed the word which Jesus spoke unto him, and he went his way.

51. And as he was now going down, his fervants met him, and told him, faying, that his fon lived.

52. Then asked he them the hour in which he began to amend: And they said unto him: Yesterday at the seventh hour the sever left him.

53. So the father knew, that that was the hour in which Jesus said unto him: Thy son liveth: And himself believed, and his whole house.

54. This is the second miracle which Jesus wrought, when he came from Judea into Galilee.

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CHAP. V.

Jesus cureth a man, who had been thirty eight years in a languishing distemper, and ordereth him to carry away his couch on the sabbath day. The Jews cavil thereat, he answereth them, and faith that he doeth all his works in conjunction with his heavenly father, who had constituted him judge of all things; and that John, and his own works, and the sather, and even Moses gave testimony of him.

1. A Fter these things there was a festival day of The Gospel on the Jews, and Jesus went up to Jerusalem. Ember Fri-

2. Now there is in Jerulalem a sheep pond, day in the first which is called in Hebrew, Bethlaida, † having five Week in Lent. porches.

Where they

3. In these lay a great multitude of fick folks, of used to mash blind, halt, withered, waiting for the moving of the the Sheep dewater.

figured for Sa-

4. For the angel of the Lord went down at a cer- stifices. tain feason into the pond, and the water was moved; † 1. e. A House and he that had gone down first into the pond, aftig of Mercy. the moving of the water, was cured of whatsoever disease he lay under.

5. Now there was a certain man there, who had an infinnity for eight and thirty years.

6. When Jesus saw him lie, and knew that he had been ill, now of a long time, he saith unto him: Wilt thou be made whole?

7. The fick man answered him. Lord, I have no man, when the water is troubled, to put me into the pond: For while I am coming another goeth down before me.

The Gospel according

8. Jesus faith unto him: Rise, take up thy bed, and walk.

 And immediately the man was made whole; and he took up his bed, and walked. And on that day was the labbath.

10. The Jews laid therefore unto him that was cured: It is the sabbath, it is not lawful for thee to

carry thy bed.

11. He answered them: He that made me whole, faid unto me: Take up thy bed and walk.

12. They asked him: Who is that man, that said

unto thee: Take up thy bed, and walk?

13. But he that was made whole knew not who it was; for felus withdrew from the multitude that was in the place.

14. Afterwards lefus findeth him in the temple, and faid unto him: Behold thou art made whole; Sin no more, left something worle should happen thee.

15. The man went away, and told the lews, that

it was felus, who had made him whole.

16. Wherefore the Jews perlecuted Jelus, because

he did thele things on the fabbath.

17. Jelus hereupon aniwered them: My father

worketh hitherto, and I work.

18. Therefore the lews lought the more to kill him! Because he not only broke the sabbath, but faid also, that God was his father, making himself equal with God.

10. Then answered Jesus, and said umo them: Verily, verily I say unto you: The ion can do nothing of himself, but what he seeth the tather do: For what things loever he doeth, thele also doeth the lon likewife.

2c. For the father loveth the fon, and sheweth him all things that himlest doeth: And he will show him greater works than thele, the ye may marver.

21. For as the father railerh up, and quickneth the

dead: Even to the fon quickneth whom he will.

22. The father doth not judge any man; but hath

given all judgment to the ion.

23. That all men may honour the lon, as they honour the father. He that honoureth not the lon, hohoureth not the father, which fent him.

24. Vetily, verily I say unto you, that he, who heareth my word, and believeth him who fent me, i. e. Under hath everlafting life, and cometh not under judg-

andempation, ment, * but haen paffed from death to life.

45. Verily, verily I say unto you, that the hour Il Souls Day, cometh, and now is, when the dead shall hear the Broyermber 2, voice of the fon of God: And fuch as hear shall live. 26. For

740 Coffel on

26 For as the father hath life in himself: So hath he given also to the son to have life in himself.

27. And gave him power to execute judgment, be-

cause he is the son of man.

28, Marvel not at this; For the hour cometh, in which all that are in the graves shall hear the voice of the son of man.

29. And such as have done good shall come forth unto the resurrection of life: But they that have done evil, unto the resurrection of judgment, *

'i.e. Dam-

30.I can do nothing of my felt: As I hear, I judge: nation. And my judgment is just: Because I seek not mine own will, but the will of him that sent me,

31. If I bear witness of my self, my witness is not

true.

- 32. There is another, who beareth witness of me: And I know, that the witness, which he beareth of me, is true.
- 33. Ye fent unto John, and he bare witness of the truth.
- 34. As for me, I receive not testimony from man; but these things I say, that ye might be saved.

25. He was a burning, and a shining light, and ye

were willing for a time, to rejoice at his light.

- 36. But I have a greater witness than John's. For the works which the father gave me to perform; the same works, which I do, bear witness of me, that the father sent me.
- 37. And the father himself, who sent me, bare witness of me. Ye have neither heard his voice at any time, nor seen his shape.

38. And his word dwelleth not in you, because ye

believe not him, whom he hath fent.

- 39. Search the scriptures; for in them ye think, ye have life everlasting: And they are they which bear witness of me.
- 40. But ye will not come to me, that ye may have life.

41. I receive not glory from men.

42. But I know you. For ye have not the love of

God in you.

- 43. I am come in my father's name, and ye receive me not: If an other come in his own name, him ye will receive.
- 44. How can ye believe, who receive glory of another; and feek not the glory, which is from God only?
- 45. Think not that I will accuse you to the father: There is one that accuseth you, Moles, in whom ye trust.

Chap. VI.

The Golpel according

* So is the Word Forfitzi to be underflood in this Place.

46. For had ye believed Moses, ye would doubtless * have believed me: For he wrote of me.

47. But if ye believe not his writings, how shall ye believe my words?

CHAP. VI.

Jesus seedeth five thousand men with five loaves and two fiftees. The people would make him king. He withdraweth from them, and walketh on the sea, towards bie Disciples, who were to sed in a storm. He teacheth them what they are to believe concerning the bread of life, which be affirms to be bimself, and declareth unto them, that unless they eat his flest, and drink his blood, they shall not have life in them. Some of his Disciples for sake bim, being offended at fuch discourses; the Apostles adhere to him, one whereof, he faith, is a devil.

Mid-lent Sunday.

Days, because,

the City Tiberius: Which at hand. Herod built

ſаг.

i. e. To try elej.

The Gospel on I. A Feer these things Jesus went over the sea of A Galilee, which is the Lake of Tiberias, †

2. And a great multitude followed him, because † So called in they law the miracles which he had wrought on those our Saviour's that were difeafed.

3. Jesus therefore went up into a mountain; and it bounded on 14t there with his Disciples.

4. And the passover, a festival day of the lews was

5. When Jelus then had lifted up his eyes, and had in Honour of Ieen that a very great multitude was coming unto him; Tiberias Ce- he faid unto Philip: Whence shall we buy bread, that thele may eat?

6. But this he faid; to tempt | him: For he knew

what he would do.

7. Philip answered him: Two hundred penny-worth of bread is not sufficient for them, that every man may take a little.

8. One of his Disciples, Andrew, Simon Peter's

brother, faith unto him.

9. There is a boy here, which hath five barley loaves, and two fishes: But what are these among so many?

10. Then said Jesus: Make the men sit down: Now there was much grain in the place. So the men fat down to the number of above five thousand.

Ir. selus then took the loaves, and when he had given thanks, he distributed to them that sat down, and gave them likewife of the fishes as much as they would.

12. And

12. And when they were filled, he faid unto his Disciples: Gather the fragments, which remain, that they be not loft.

17. They gathered then, and filled twelve baskets with the fragments, of the five bathey loaves, which

were left after them that had eaten.

14. When those men therefore had feen the miracle which Jesus wrought, they said: This is truly the Prophet, which was to come into the world.

15. Whereupon Jelus perceiving, that they would come, and take him away by force to make him a king, fled away again into a mountain himfelf alone.

16. And when even was come, his Disciples went

down unto the fea.

17. And when they had gone aboard a ship, they passed the sea towards Capharnaum: And it was now dark, and Jelus was not come unto them.

18. And the lea began to Iwell, by reason of a

great wind that blew.

19. So when they had rowed about five and twenty or thirty turiongs, they fee Jefus walking on the fea, and drawing near the ship, and they were afraid.

20. But he faith unto them: It is I, fear not.

21. They would then have taken him into the thip; and forthwith the thip was at the land to which

they went.

22. The next day, the multitude which stood on the other fide of the lea, faw that there was no other boat there but one, and that Jesus did not go a shipboard with his Disciples, but that his Disciples only were gone.

23. But there came afterwards other ships from Tiberias near the place where they had the bread, after

that the Lord had given thanks.

24. When the multitude therefore law that Jelus was not there, nor his Disciples, they took shipping, and came to Capharnaum feeking for Jelus.

25. And when they had found him on the other fide of the sea, they said unto him: Rabbi, when ca-

mest thou hither?

- 26. [efus answered them, and said: Verily, verily I say unto you: Ye seek me, not because ye saw the miracles, but because ye did eat of the loaves, and were filled.
- 27. Work not for food which perisheth, but for that which lafteth unto eternal life, which the fon of man shall give you: For him hath God the father Sealed.
- 28. Then said they unto him: What shall we do, that we may work the works of God,

29. Jelus

Chap. VI.

The Gospel according

20. Jesus answered, and said unto them: This is the work of God, that ye believe in him whom he hath lent.

30. They faid unto him: What miracle dost thou work then, that we may see, and believe thee: What workest thou?

21. Our fathers did eat manna in the defert, as it is written: He gave them bread from heaven to eat.

22. sefus said unto them: Verily, verily I say unto you: Moles gave you not the bread from heaven, but my father giveth you the true bread from heaven.

22. For the bread of God is that, which cometh down from heaven, and giveth life to the world.

34. Then faid they unto him: Lord, give us always this bread.

35. Jesus said unto them: I am the bread of life: He that cometh to me shall not hunger, and he that believeth in me shall not thirst.

36. But I laid unto you, that ye also have seen me,

and believe not.

37. All that the father giveth me, shall come to The Gospel on me: And him, who cometh to me, I will not cast out. 38. For I came down from heaven, not to do mine own will, but the will of him who lent me.

> 20. Now this is the will of the father who sent me, that I should loose none of all those which he gave me, but that I thould raile them up again at the

40. This is moreover the will of my father, who sent me: That every one, who leeth the ion, and believeth in him, may have everlatting life, and I will raife him up again at the last day.

41. The Jews then murmured at him, because he had faid: I am the living bread, which came down

from heaven.

42. And they faid: Is not this Jefus the fon of Jo-Seph, whose father, and mother we know? How then doth he lay: I came down from heaven?

43. Jesus therefore answered, and said unto them:

Murmur not among your lelves.

44. No man can come to me, except the father who i. e. In the fent me, draw him: And I will raife him up again at the laft day.

45. It is written in the Prophets: * And they shall be all taught by God. Every one who hath heard from the father, and hath learned, cometh to me.

46. Not that any man hath feen the father; but he, who is of God, the same hath seen the father.

47. Verily, verily I say unto you: He that believerh in me, hath everlasting life,

the Anniverfary of the Dead.

Books of the Prophets.ilai-25. C. 54. The Goffel on Ember Wed. nelday in

Whition Week.

48. I

48. I am the bread of life.

49. Your father's did eat manna in the defert, and re dead.

so. This is the bread which cometh down from maven, that if any man eat thereof he die not.

51. I'am the living bread, which came down from The Gospel in

52. If any man eat of this bread, he shall live for for the Dead. ver: And the bread that I will give is my flein, which * The Words will give * for the life of the world.

53. The Jews therefore strove among themselves, Charafters are aying: How can this man give us his fieth to eat?

54. Then leaus laid unto them: Verily, verily I say Greek, and in into you: Except ye eat the flish of the son of man, my Opinion and drink his broad, ye than not have life in you.

55. He that extern my flish, and drinketh my blood, bere inferted 12th life everlasting: And I will raise him up again for the clearit the last day.

56. For my fiesh is meat indeed: And my blood is Senfe. frink indeed.

57. He that eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, Corpus Chri-Iwelleth in me, and I in him.

58. As the living father hath fent me, and as I live by the father: So he that eateth me, the same also hall live by me.

59. This is the bread, which came down from heaven: Not as your fatners did eat manna, and are dead. He that extern of this bread, shall live for ever.

6. These things said he, as he taught in the lyna-

zogue, in Caphainaum.

61. Many therefore of his Disciples who heard him, lais: This is an hard faying, and who can hear it?

62. But Jelus knowing in himself, that his Disciples would hereupon murmur, faid unto them: Doth this (candalize you?

63. If then ye shall see the son of man ascend up lized.

where he was before. †

64. It is the spirit | that quickeneth: The flesh . i. e. The Spiprofitted nothing. The words, which I speak unto

you, are spirit and life.

os. But there are some of you, who believe not. For Jelus knew from the beginning, who they were that believed not, and who he was that should betray him.

66. And he said: Therefore I told you, that no man can come to me, except it be given unto him by * i. e. Carna! my father.

67. From this time many of his Disciples went back, and walked no more with him.

a daily Mass in the Italick read in the

necessary to be ing of the

The Gospel on

f Sup. *How* much more will ye be scanda-

That is the Hol, Gboft quicknethour Faith to believe things which we do not comprehend. Thoughts profit notbing in

divine Myste-

68. Where-

Chap. VII.

The Golpel according

68. Whereupon Jesus said unto the twelve: Will

ye allo go away?

69. Then Simon Peter answered him: Lord, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the words of eternal

70. We believe, and we know, that thou art Christ the ion of God.

71. Jelus anlwered them: Have not I cholen you

twelve, and one of you is a devil.

72. He meant Judas Iscariot the son of Simon: For the fame was to betray him, being one of the twelve.



CHAP. VII.

Jesu goeth privately to the feast of tahernacles. The Jews wonder at his doctrine. He justifieth his curing a man on the fabbath day. On the last day of the feast he promifeth the holy ghost to all those who shall come to bim. The officers being so much taken with his discourfe, would not lay bands upon him. The Pharifees fay, that none but the ignorant people follow him. Nicodemus taketh his part, Esc.

The Gospel on I. Tuelday in

* The [ews, as we read in Levit. 23. were commanded to e-

Tabernacies covered with green Boughs. and to dwell

fifteenth Day of the fourth ven Days, in

therein on the

of their fathers dwelling in Booths or Ta- fecret.

remembrance

bernacles in the Wilderness. and lail: Where is he? † Sup. As yet.

A Fter these things Jesus walked into Galilee, for he would not walk into Judea, because the Paffion Week. Jews fought to kill him.

2. Now the Jews feast of tabernacles " was at hand. 3. And his brethren said unto him: Depart hence, and go into Judea: That thy Disciples also may see

the works, which thou doest.

4. For no man doeth any thing in secret, and seekred Rooths or eth himself to be in publick: If thou do these things, manifest thy felf to the world.

5. For neither did his brethren believe in him.

6. Then Jesus said unto them: My time is not yet come: But your time is always teady.

7. The world cannot hate you: But me it hateth: Because I bear witness of it, that its works are evil.

8. Go ye up to this feaft: I go not up to † the feaft: Month for fe Because my time is not yet fusfilled.

9. When he had faid these things, he stay'd in Galilee.

10. But when his brethren were gone up, then went he also up to the feast, not openly, but as it were in

11. Then the Jews fought him on the festival day,

12. And there was much murmuring among the mul- * Which lafted ude concerning him: For some said: He is a good feven Days. in, others said: No, but he seduceth the people. and the eighth 13. Yet no man spoke openly of him, for fear of Day was the ie lews.

14. Now about the midst of the solemnity, * Jesus hity. ent up into the temple, and taught.

15. And the Jews marvelled, laying: How know- Tuelday in h this man letters, fince he did not learn?

16. Jelus answered them, and said: My doctrine † Weekin Lent. not mine, but his who lent me.

17. If any man will do the will of him, he shall drine which I now of the doctrine, whether it be of God, or I teach is not eak of my felf.

18. He that speaketh of himself, seeketh his own | For ye cirory: But he that feeketh the glory of him who feat cumcife on the m, is true, and no injustice is in him.

19. Did not Moles give you the law, and yet none whereas the you observeth the law.

20. Why feek ye to kill me? The multitude an- Initiboufbals vered, and said: Thou hast a devil: Who seeketh do no manner ikill thee?

21. Jesus answered, and said unto them: I have Exod. 20. one one work, * and ye all marvel.

12. Therefore Mules gave you circumcilion (not Sabbath Day. 12t it is of Moles, but of the fathers) and ye on the + The Law ibbath circumcile a man.

23. If a man on the sabbath receive circumcition, Man must be 12t the law of Moles should not be broken: † Are ye circumcifed fiended with me, because I have healed a man wholly the eight Day n the labbath?

24. Judge not according to the appearance, but So that fueb idge just judgment.

25. Then said certain men of Jerusalem: Is not this on the Sabbath

e, whom they leek to kill? 26. And lo he speaketh openly, and they say nothing cessarily be cirhim. Have the rulers known indeed, that this is cumcifed the hrift ?

27. But we know this man, and whence he is: Day following, Thereas when Christ cometh, no man knoweth else the Law thence he is.

28. Then Jesus cried out in the temple teaching, ken. Christ innd faying: Ye both know me, and ye know whence fers then, that am: And I am not come of my telf, but he that if the Work of at me is true, whom ye know not.

29. I know him; recause I am of him, and he sent be confisent

30. They fought therefore to take him: And yet on the Sab e man laid hands on him, becaute his hour was not bath, they had et come,

great Solem-

The Gospel on the fourth † i, c. The Do-

mine. Sabbath;

Law saith: of Works.

* Sup. On the fays, that a

after be isborn.

as were born Day mult ne-

next Sabbash would be bro-

Circumcilion with the Law

no Resson to

31. But.

Chap. VII.

The Gospel according

be offended with him for on the Sab-Bath: This ing to the Law. fion is a Spirithe Soul. Pafion Week, teach the Gentils. * The Tews look's upon the Gentils am, ye cannot come? as Vagabonds the Earth. ter addresses his first Epiftie to the Strangers dif. fied. perfed in Pon-&ત. The Jews used to celebrate their Festivals for eight Days. and the first and last I)dys his account. were great Soleunnies. Whence proof soiemnizing our great Feasts with an

Octave.

l i. e. Bailiffs or Soldiers.

21. But many of the people believed in him, and faid: When Christ cometh, will he work more mi. bealing a Man racles than these which this man worketh?

a 22. The Pharilees heard the people murmuting thele things concerning him: And the Chief Priests, being accord. and the Pharifees, sent ministers to take him.

33. Then faid Jesus unto them: Yer a little while finee Circumci- I am with you: And I go to him who fent me.

24. Ye shall seek me, but shall not find me: Anc

tual healing of where I am, ye cannot come.

35. The Jews therefore faid among themselves a The Gofpel Whither will this man go, that we shall not fine on Monday in him? Will he go among the dispersed . Gentils, and

> 36. What is this faying, which he hath faid: Yo shall seek me, but ye shall not find me: And where !

27: And in the last day, being the great day of the dispersed over solemnity, + Jesus stood, and cried out saying: It any all the Pace of thirft, let him come to the, and drink.

38. He that believeth in me, as the scripture saith Hence St. Pe. rivers of living waters shall flow out of his belly.

39. But this he said of the spirit, which those wh believe in him, should receive: For the spirit wa not as yet given, because Jesus was not as yet glori

40. Some of the multitude therefore, when the tus, Galatia, heard thele his words, said: This is the Prophet in deed.

41. Others said: This is Christ: But some said

Dorh Christ come from Galilee?

42. Doth not the scripture say; that Christ comet of the feed of David, and from the town of Bethleher where David was?

43. So there role a diffention among the people upo

44. And some of them would have taken him; bu

no man laid hands on him.

45. Then came the ministers | to the Chief Priest seeds the Cu- and Pharifees. And they faid unto them: Why hav from among we ye not brought him?

46. The ministers answered: No man ever spok

like this man.

47. Then answered them the Pharifees: Are ye all feduced ?

48. Have any of the Rulers, or of the Pharilees b lieved in hum?

49. But this multitude, which knoweth for th law, are accurled.

to. Nicodemus, (he that came by night to Jelus, and was one of them) faid unto them.

st. Doth our law judge a man, except it first hear

from himfelf, and know what he doeth?

52. They answered, and said unto him: Art thou also a Galilean? Search the scriptures, and see that from Galilee, a Prophet rifeth not.

52. And every man returned to his own houle.

CHAP. VIII.

Jesus delivereth the woman taken in adultery. He saiths that be is the light of the world, and justifieth his do-Urins. Answereth the Jews that book of their pedigres from Abrabam, sheweth them to be rather the children of the devil, and conveyeth himfelf from their cruelty.

A ND Jesus went unto mount Olivet.

2. And early in the morning he came again into the temple, and all the people came unto him, the third Week and he fat down, and taught them.

3. And the Scribes and Pharifees bring a woman taken in adultery, and having fer her in the midft of

the people.

4. They said unto him: Master, this woman was

just now caught in adultery.

5. Now Moles in the law commanded us to ftone

fuch finners. But what fayest thou?

6. This they faid tempting him, that they might accule him. But felus stooped down, and with his hinger wrote on the ground.

7. So when they had continued asking him, he lift up himlelf, and faid unto them: He that is without tin among you, let him first cast a stone at her.

8. And he stooped down again, and wrote on the

ground.

9. When they heard thele words, they went out one by one, * beginning at the eldest: And jefus alone remained, and the woman standing in the midst of the * The Greek Diace.

co. Then Jesus lifting up himself, said unto her: convided by Woman, who are those, who accused thee? Hath no their own Con-

man condemned thee?

11. She said: No man, Lord. Jesus said unto her: Neither will I condemn thee: Go, and fin no The Gofpel on

12. Then spake Jesus again unto them, saying: I am the light of the world: He that followeth me, Wook of Lent.

The Gospel on . of Lent

adds: Being frience.

Saturday in waiketh

The Golpel according Chap. VIII.

> walketh not in darkness, but shall have the light of life.

> 13. The Pharifees therefore said unto him: Thou bearest witnels of thy self: Thy witness is not true.

14. Jesus answered, and said unto them: Tho' I bear witness of my felf, my witness is true: Because I know whence I came, and whither I go: But ye know not whence I came, or whither I go.

15. Ye judge according to the fielh: I judge no

man.

16. And if I judge, my judgment is true, because " * Sup. Judge 1 am not alone: But I and the father, who lent me. togesher.

17. It is also written in our law, that the evidence

of two men is true.

18. I am one that bear witness of my self, and the

father who lent me, beareth witnels of me.

19. Then laid they unto him: Where is thy father? felus answered: Ye neither know me, nor my father: If ye had known me, ye would have known my father alfo.

20. These words spake Jesus in the treasury, as he taught in the temple: And no man laid hands on him:

For his hour was not yet come.

21. Jefus faid unto them again: I go away, and ye The Gofpel on shall seek me, and shall die in your uns : Whither I Monday in go ye cannot come. the second

22. Then said the Jews: Will he kill himself, be-

Week of Lent. cause he said : Where I go ye cannot come?

23. And he said unto them: Ye are from beneath, I am from above. Ye are of this world, I am not of this world.

24. Therefore [2id I unto you: Ye shall die in your fins: For if ye believe not that I am he, † ye thall die

f i. e. The in your lins. Son of God.

who speak to

you.

Cross.

25. They faid unto him: Who art thou? Jesus said unto them: The beginning, who allo speak to you.

26. I have many things to lay, and to judge of you. 1 i. e. I am But he that fent me is true, and I speak to the world the beginning of all things, I those things, which I heard from him.

27. And they understood not that he said; that his

father was God.

28. Jesus therefore said unto them: When ye shall lift up * the ion of man, then shall ye know that I am *Sup. On the he, and that I do nothing of my felf, but as the father taught me, I lpeak thele things.

> 29. And he that feat me is with me, and he hath not left me alone: For I always do the things which

are pleating to him.

30. As he froke these words, many believed in him-

31. Then

31. Then faid Jesus to those Jews, who believed in him: If ye perfift in my word, ye shall be my Dif: * i. e. In the ciples indeed.

Observance of 22. And ye shall know the truth, and the touth shall my Word.

make you free.

22. They answered him: We are of the seed of Abraham, and were never in bondage to any man; flow fayest thou then: Ye shall be free?

34. Jefus answered thear: Verily, verily, I say unto you, that every one, who committeeth fin, is the fer-

vant of lin.

25. Now the fervant abideth not in the house for

ever: But the ion abideth for ever,

26. If the son therefore shall fer you at liberty, ye thall be free indeed.

27. I know that ye are the children of Abraham: But ye feek to kill me, because ye do not relish my Words

38. I speak that which I have seen with my father : And ye do that which ye have feen with your father.

39. They answered, and said unto him Abraham is our father. Telus faith unto them : If ye are the children of Abraham, do ye the works of Abraham.

40. But now ye feek to kill me, the man who rold you the gruth, which I have heard from God: This

did not Abraham.

4r. Ye do the works of your father: Then faid they unto him: We are not bom of fornication. We have

one father, which is God.

42. Jesus said unto them: If God were your father, ye would love me; for I proceeded from the father. and came to the world. Neither came I of my felf. but he fent me.

43. Why do ye not know my speech? † Because ye + The Children

cannot hear my word.

44. Ye are of your father the devil: And the defires of your fathers ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and stood not in the truth. When the lew were he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own : For he is God's Children a liar, and the father of it.

45. Bur if I speak the truth, ye believe me not,

46. Which of you shall convince me of fine If I tell you the truth, why do ye not believe me?

47. He that is of God, heareth the words of God. Speech, he no Te therefore hear not, because ye are not of God.

48. Then untwered the Jews, and laid unto him. God. Is it not well said of us, that thou art a Samaritan, The Geffel on and haft a devil.

49. festis answered : I have no devil : But I honour day.

my father, and ye dishonour me.

know the Speech of their Father If then as they pictended, they would have known Lbriff's the Speech of

Paffion Stan-

40. I

Chap. IX.

The Golpel according

50. I do not feek my own glory: There is one who

feeketh, + and judgeth.

Sup. My Giory. iafting Death.

51. Verily, verily I fay unto you. Whofoever keep-. i. e. Everla. eth my word; firall never fee death. *

52. Then said the Jews: Now we know, that thou Hast a devil: Abraham is dead, and the Prophets: And thou layed: Wholoever keeperh my word stall never tatte death.

53. Are thou greater than our father Abraham, who is dead? And the Prophets are dead. Whom

doft thou make thy lelf?

54. Jesus answered: If I glorify my felf, my glory is nothing: It is my father that glorifieth me, who,

ye by, is your Godi

ss. And yet ye know him not: But I know him. And if I should say, that I know him not, I shall be like you, a liar. But I know him, and keep his word.

li.e. The Day 16. Your father Abraham rejoiced to fee my day: of my Nativity Helfaw it, and was glad.

according to the Flesh.

sy. Then faid the fews onto him. I not are not yet fifty years old, and haft thou feen Abraham?

198. Jelus faid unto thema Verily, verily, I say unto you: Before Abiaham was, I am-

59. Whereupon they took up fromes to caft at him:

* Tis an esfential Pro-But Jesus hid himself, and went out of the temple.

perty of God to be always.

And therefore common communication in the communication of the common communication of the communica Christ expresfer bis eternal

CHAP. IX.

Being by the ØR.

Word tum, I Jefus restoreth his fight to a man that was born blind. The Pharifees would not believe that fuch a mitacle was wionght. They turn the man out of the hingogue. Jefus instructeth bim. He believeth in Jefus, and adoreth him. God's judgment of the people, who think that they are enlightened.

The Gofpel on 1. A ND as Jesus passed by, he saw a man which A was blind from his birth. Wednelday

2. And his Disciples asked him: Rabbi, who did in the fourth fin, this man, or his parents, that he should be buin Weekin Lent. blind?

3. Jelus answered: Neither did this man fin, nor + Su. That he his parents: + But that I the works of God might be should be born manifested in him.

blind. 4. I must work the works of him who sent me, while it is day: The night cometh when no man can & Sup. This Work. bappened.

5. While I am in the world, I am the light of the world.

6. When he had faid thefe words, he spat on the ground, and tempered clay with the spettle, and daubed his eyes with the clay.

7. And faid unto him: Go, wash in the Poul of Siloe (which is interpreted, fent.) He went therefore,

and washed, and came seeing.

8. Whereupon the neighbours, and those, who had feen him before, and knew that he was a beggar, " * In the faid: Is not this he that far, and begged? Some faid: Greek; That This is he.

he with bilind:

9. Others faid! No, but he is like him. But he

faid: I am he.

10. They said therefore unto him: How were think

éyes opened ?

11. He answered: That man, which is called Jefus, tempered clay, and daubed mine eyes, and faid unto me: Go to the Pool of Siloe, and wash. And I went, I washed, and I see.

12. And they faid unto him: Where is he? He

faith: I know not.

13. They bring unto the Pharifees him, who had been blind.

14. Now it was the labbath day, when Jelus tem-

pered the clay, and opened his eyes.

15. Then again the Pharilees affeed him how he had received his fight. He faid unto them: He put clay

upon mine eyes, and I walked, and do ice.

16. Whereupon some of the Pharifees said: This man who keepeth not the labbath, is not of God. But others faid: How can a man that is a finner, work these misseles? And there was a schilm among them.

17. They say unto the blind man again: What sayeft thou of him, who hath opened thine eyes? He

faid: He is a Propher.

18. The Jews therefore did not believe that he had been blind, and had received his fight, until they called his parents.

19. And they asked them, saying: Is this your son, who, ye fay, was born blind? How then doth he now

fee?

20. His parents answered them, and said; We know that this is our ion, and that he was born blind.

21. But by what means he now feeth, we know not: Or who hath opened his eyes, we know not: Ask himself: He is of age, let him speak for himself.

12. This faid his parents becaule they feared the Jews: For they had already agreed among thenfeldes? ひょ

Chap. IX. The Gospel according

i. e. Should be excommu nicated.

felver, that if any should confels he was Christ, he i. e. Should should be put out of the synagogue.

23. For which reason his parems laid: He is of

age, alk himfelf.

24. Then again called they the man that had been blind, and faid unto him: Give glory to God. We know that this man is a finner.

25. He said unto them: If he be a sinner, I know not: One thing I know, that whereas I was blind, I

now fee.

26. Then said they unto him: What hath he done

to thee? How hath he opened thine eyes?

27. He answered them: I have told you already, and ye heard: Why would ye hear it again? Will ye also be his Disciples.

28. Then they curfed him, and faid: Be thou his

Disciple: But we are Moses his Disciples.

29. We know that God spoke to Moles: But as to this man, we know not whence he is.

30. The man answered, and said unto them: Herein is a wonderful thing, that ye know not whence he is, and yet he hath opened mine eyes.

31. Now we know that God heareth not finners: But if any man be a worthipper of God, and doeth his

will, him he heateth.

32. From the beginning of the world, it hath not been heard, that any man did open the eyes of one that was born blind:

33. If this man were not of God, he could do no-

thing.

- 34. They answered, and said unto him: Thou wash wholly born in sine, and dost thou teach us? And they cast him out.
- 35. Jelus heard that they had cast him out: And when he had found him, he taid unto him: Dost thou believe in the son of God?

36. He answered, and said: Who is he, Lord, that I

might believe in him?

37. Jeius said unto him: Thou hast both seen him, and it is he, who talketh with thee.

38. And he faid: I believe, Lord. And falling down, he adored him.

39. And Jesus said: For judgment came I into this world; that those, who see not, might see, and those, who see, night be made blind.

40. And lome of the Phatilees who were with him,

heard, and faid unto him: Are we blind also?

4t. Jesus said unto them: If ye were blind, ye should have no sin: But now ye say: We see. Your sin remarketh.

CHAP. X.

Christ giveth the character of the true pastor, and of the mercenary one. He faith that he is the door of the sheep, and the good postor, that will lay down bis life for his flock. The Jews design to slone him, because he should say that he was the son of God.

1. T TErily, verily, I say unto you: He that entreth The Gospel on V not by the door into the theepfold, but climbeth up another way, is a thief, and a sobber.

2. But he that entreth by the door, is the pastor of

the theep.

3. Is him the porter openeth, and the theep understand his voice, and he calleth his own sheep by their name, and leadeth them out.

4. And when he hath let out his own sheep, he goeth before them: And the threp follow him, Decaute

they know his voice.

5. And a stranger they follow not, but see from him: Becaule they know not the voice of strangers.

6. This proverb spake Jesus unto them: But they

understood not what he spoke unto them.

7. Jelus therefore laid unto them again: Verily, verily, I fay unto you, that I am the door tof the Becanfe

8. All, as many as came, + are thieves and rob-

bers, and the theep heard them not.

9. I am the door, by me if any man enter, he shall be laved: And he that go in, and go out, and find paiture.

10. The thief cometh not, but to steal, and to kill, and to deftroy: I am come that they may have life, and that they may have it more abundantly.

11. I am the good pattor. The good pattor giveth

his life for his theep.

12. But the hireling, and he that is not the paftor, whose own the sheep are not, seeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the sheep, and sleeth: And the wolf Inatcheth and leattereth the theep.

13. Now the hireling fleeth, because he is an hire-

ling, and careth not for the theep.

14. I am the good pattor; And I know mine, and mine know me.

15. As the father knoweth me, and I know the father. And I lay down my life for my theep.

16. And I have other theep which are not of this fold: Them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice, and there shall be one fold, and one pastor. 17. There-Q3

Tuciday in Whitlun

God's E:eA must pass thro' the Merits of his Death and Paffion, as thro' a Door. into eternal Life, † The Greek adás: Before The Gostel on the second Sunday after Es-Ster, and for St. Thomas of Canterbu-19, December 29. and on his Translation.

Chap. X.

: i. e. The

Fealt of the

the Temple

every Year.

which was ce-

lebrited once

The Gospel cn

Wednelday

in Passiun

Weck.

The Gospel according

17. Therefore the father loveth me: Because I lay

down my life, that I may take it again.

18. No man taketh it from me; But I lay it down of my lelf: And I have power to lay it down, and power to take it again. This commandment have I received of my father.

19. There arole again a division among the Jews

for thele words.

20. And many of them faid: He hath a devil, and

is mad: Why hear ye him?

ar. Others faid: These are not the words of one that hath a devil: Can a devil open the eyes of the biling?

22. Now the dedication " was celebrated in Jerusalem, and it was winter time.

22. And Jelus walked in the temple, in Solomon's

Dedication of poich.

24. Then came the Jews round about him, and faid unto him: How long doft thou keep our minds in l'ulpence ? If thou art Christ, tell us plainly

25. fetus answered them. I speak to you, and ye believe not. The works which I do in my father's name, the lame bear whilels of me.

26, But ye do not believe, because ye are not of

17. My sheep hear my voice; and I know them,

and they follow me.

28. And I give them eternal life: And they shall never perith, neither thall any man inatch them out of my hand.

20. That which my father gave me is greater than all, and no man is able to pluck it out of my father's

hand.

20. I and the father are one.

31. Then the Jews took up stones to stone him.

32: Jefus answered them: Many good works have I shewed you from my tather, for which of thole works no ye ftone me?

33. The Jews answered him: We do not stone three for a good work, but for bialphemy: And because

that thou being a man makest thy left God.

24. Jelus aniwered them: Is it not written in your law: I faid ye are Gods?

35. If he called them Gods, to whom the word of God came, and that the Icripture cannot be broken.

26. Do ye say of him, whom the father fanctified, and tent into she world, thou blatchemest becaule i taid: I am the ion of Gcd?

37. If I do not the works of my father, believe me 1.01.

38. But

38. But if I do: Tho' ye believe me not, believe the works, that ye may know, and believe that the father is in me, and I in the father.

39. Therefore they fought to take him: But he e-

scaped out of their hands.

40. And he went away again beyond Jordan, towards that place where john at first baptized: And there he abode.

41. And many reforted unto him, and faid: John

indeed did work no miracle.

42. But all things whatfoever John faid of this man were true. And many believed in him.

CHAP. XI.

Christ raiseth Lazarus. Many Jews believe in him. The Chief Priests and Phariseds meet in council upon him. Caiphas prophesieth concerning him. He hideth himself. At the feast of the passover they enquire, and lay wait for him.

r. NOW there was a certain man languishing, Lazarus of Bethany, of the town of Mary and Martha her-fifter.

The Gospel on Friday in the

z. (And Mary was she, who anointed the Lord with fourth Week in ointment, and wiped his seet with her hair, whose Lent. brother Lazarus was sick.)

3. Therefore his fifters fent unto him, faying : Be-

hold he, whom thou lovest, is lick.

4. Which when Jesus heard, he said unto them: This sickness is not unto death, but for the glory of God, that the son of God may be glorified by it.

5. Now Jelus leved Martha, and her fifter Mary,

and Lazarus.

6. When he had heard then, that he was fick, he flayed two days in the same place.

7. Then after this he said unto his Disciples: Let

us go to Judea again.

8. The Disciples say unto him: Rabbi: The Jews a while ago sought to stone thee, and goest thou thicher again?

9. Jefus answered: Are there not twelve hours in the day? If any man walk in the day, he stumbleth not, because he seeth the light of this world.

10. But if he walk in the night, he stumbleth, be-

caule the light is not in him.

11. These things said he, and afterward he said unto Q 4 them:

Chap .XI.

The Golpel according

them: Our friend Lazarus fleepeth: But I go that I may awake him from fleep.

12. Then faid his Disciples: Lord, if he sleep, he shall do well.

11. But Jesus spoke of his death, whereas they thought he looke of natural fleep.

14. Then laid Jesus unto them plainly: Lazarus is dead.

25. And I am glad for your lakes, that I was not there, to the end ye may believe. But let us go to him.

* A Greek Word which The Gospelin a Mals for the Dead, on the Day of the from Jerusalem.) Burial, or Deposition, and alfo the third, ther. seventh and

16. Whereupon Thomas, which is called Didymus, ' said unto his fellow Disciples: Let us also fignifies Twins. go, that we may die with him.

17. Then came Jelus, and found, that he had been

now four days in the grave. 18. (Now Berhany was but about fifteen furlongs

19. And many of the Jews came to Martha and

Many to constart them; upon the death of their bro.

20. Then Martha, so soon as the heard that Jesus thatieth Day, was coming, went to meet him: But Mary fat at nome,

> 21. Then said Martha unto Jesus: Lord if thou hadit been here, my brother had not died.

> 22. But I know that even now God will grant thee whatloever thou hair alk of him.

> 23. Jefus faith unto her: Thy prother shall rife a-£4111.

24. Martha faith unto him; I know he will rife a-

gain in the refurrection on the last day. 25. Jetus said unro her: I am the resurrection, and the life: He that believeth in me, tho' he were dead,

thall live. 26. And every one who liveth, and believeth in me,

shall never die. | Believest thou this? 27. She faith unto him; Yes Lord, I have believed,

i. e. be exclu- that thou art Christ the lon of the living God, who art come into this world...

18. And when the spoke these words, she went, and called her lifter Mary fectetly, faying: The matter is come, and calleth for thee.

zy. Which the no fooner heard, when the got up inmediately, and came to him.

30. For Jelus was put as yet come into the town, but was still in the lame place where Martha had mer him.

31. The lews then, which were with her in the house, and comforted her; perceiving that Mary role

The Death of a Sinner,

ded from Heaven.

up hastily, and went out, followed her, laying; She

goeth to the grave to weep there.

32. When Mary was then come where Jelus was, and faw him, the fell down at his feet, and faith unto him: Lord if thou hadft been here my brother had not died.

33. When Jefus therefore faw her weeping, and the Jews also weeping, which came with her, he grouned in the spirit, and troubled himself.

34. And faid: Where have ye laid him? They fay

unto him: Lord, come, and fee.

35. And Jeius wept.

36. Then faid the Jews: Behold how he loved

37. And some of them said: Could not this man, who opened the eyes of the man, which was born blind, have caused that this man should not die?

38. Jefus therefore again groaning in himfelf, cometh to the grave. It was a cave, and a: stone was laid

over it.

39. Jesus saith: Take away the stone. Martha the sister of him that was dead, saith unto him: Lord, by this time he stinketh, for he has been four days in the grave.

40. Jesus saith unto her: Did not I say unto thee, that it thou wouldest believe thou shouldest see the

glory of God?

41. They took away the flone then; and Jesus Listing up his eyes, said: Father I thank thee that thou hast heard me.

42. And I know that thou hearest me always. But for the people's sake which stand by, I said it, that they may believe, that thou hast sent mo.

43. When he had spoke these words, he cried with

a loud voice: Lazarus come forth.

44. And immediately he that was dead came forth, bound hand and foot with grave bands, and his face was bound about with a napkin. Jefus faid unto them: Loofe him, and let him go.

45. Then many of the Jews, who came to Mary and Martha, and had feen the things which Jelus die,

believed in him.

46. But some of them went to the Pharisees, and related unto them the things which Jesus had done.

47. Whereupon the Chief Priests and the Pharisees gathered a council, and said: What do we, for this man worketh many miracles?

48. If we fuffer him thus, all will believe in him, and the Romans will come, and take away our place

and nation.

The Gospel on Friday inPason Week.

The Golpel according

* The' the High Prieft. according to the Law of Moles, was to continue bis Office for Life, yet at that time, the Kings of the lews did ufually fell the putting him to death. fame, fo as that fome were not in that Of-Ace above a Tear, which to the Evangelift to speak after that BIGAMET.

49. But one of them named Caiphas, being the High Priest of that year, "faid unto them: Ye know not hing.

... so. Neither do ye consider, that it is expedient for us, that one should die for the people, and that the

whole nation perish not.

191. Now this he faid not of himfelf: But being the High Prioft of that Year, he prophessed that Jesus should die for the nation.

52. And not only for the nation, but to eather into

one the children of God, which were difperfed.

53. Therefore from that day forth they thought of

54. Wherefore Jelus walked no more openly among the lews, but went unto a country near the defert, into a city called Ephrem, and there abode with his Disciples.

35. And the Jews passover was at hand : And magave Occasion my went out of the country up to Jerusalem before the

pailover to purify themlelves.

36. Then lought they for Jefus: And they discourfed among themselves, as they stood in the temple; What think ye, will not be come on the festival day? Now the Chief Priests and the Pharifees gave orders, that if any man knew where he was, he should discover it, that they might take him.

CHAP. XII.

Mary anointest the feet of Jefus. The Chief Priests conspire the death of Lazarus. Jefus entreth into Berusa-Jem mounted upon an afe. The Gentils defire to fpeak to him. He declareth that be will bring forth no fruit among them, till be is dead. When he is crueified he will deam all to him. Many rich folks believe in him, but confess him not openly.

The Gospel on Monday in the Holy Week.

Herefore came Jefus fix days before the paffover to Bethany, where Lazarus had been dead, whom felus railed.

2. And they made him a supper there, and Martha ferved: But Lazarus was one of those who sat with

him at table.

2. Then took Mary a pound of ointment of precious spikenard, and anointed the feet of Jesus, and wiped them with her hair: And the houle was filled with the odour of the oin ment.

4. Whereupon one of his Disciples, Judas Iscariot, he that was to betray him, said.

5. Why was not this ointment fold for three hun-

dred pence, and given to the poor?

6. This he faid, not that he cared for the poor, but because he was a thief, and having the bag, he carried the things which were pur therein.

7. Then faid Jelus: Let her alone, that the may

keep it for the day of my burial.

8. For ye have the poor always with you: But me

ye have not always.

9. A great multitude of the Jews therefore knew that he was there: And they came not only for Jesus, but that they might see Lazarus, whom he had raised from the dead.

to. But the Chief Priests had thoughts of killing

Lazarus alfo.

rr. Because many of the Jews went away upon his

account, and believed in Jelus.

12. On the next day, a great multitude which came to the feast, when they had heard that Jesus was coming to Jesusalem.

13. Took branches of palms, and went forth to meet him, and cried: Holanna, bleffed be the king of If-

sael, who cometh in the name of the Lord.

14. And Jelus found a young als, and lat upon it, as it is written.

15. Fear not, daughter of Sion: Behold thy king

cometh fitting on an ailes colt.

16. There things his Disciples understood not at first: But when Jesus was glorified, then they remembed, that these things were written of him, and these things they did unto him.

17. The multitude therefore, which was with him when he called Lazarus out of the grave, and raifed

him from the dead, bare witness.

18. For which reasonals a multitude came to meet him: Because they heard that he had wrought this miracle.

To. The Pharifees therefore faid among themselves: Do ye see how we prevail nothing? Behold, the whole world is gone after him.

20. Now there were certain Gentils, some of them,

who came up to adore on the festival day.

21. The same came to Philip, who was of Bethsaida of Galilee, and prayed him, saying: Sir, we would see Jesus.

22. Philip cometh, and telleth Andrew; again An-

drew and Philip told Jelus.

Zacharias Chap. 9. v.9.

22. And Jelus answered them, saying: The hour is come, that the ion of man should be giorified.

24. Verily, verily I say unto you: Except a grain The Gospel on the Feast of of wheat, falling into the ground, die, it remaineth St. Ignatius, alone. But if it die, it bringeth forth much fruit. Feb. 1. and of '25. He that loveth his life, I thall lofe it. And he St. Laurence, that hateth his " life in this world, keepeth it unto Aug. 10. and life eternal.

26. If any man ferve me, let him follow me: And for some other Martyrs, not where I am, there thall also my fervant be: If any Bisbops. man ferve me, my father will honour him.

27. Now my soul is troubled. And what shall I N So as to refuse it nothing say? Father, save me from this hour; but therefore came I unto this hour.

fures of this 28. Father, glorify thy name. Then there came a voice from heaven, laying. I have both glorified it, World. * i. e. That and I will glorify it again.

will lay down 29. Whereupon the people who flood by, and heard bu life rather the voice, said, that it thundred. Others said: An tban break angel looke to him.

God's Laws. 30. Jefus answered, and faid: This voice came not for me, but for your lakes,

31. Now is the judgment of the world: Now shall the prince † of this world be cast out.

32. And I, if I be lifted up # from the earth, will draw * all unto me.

23. (Now this he faid to give them to understand of what death he should die.)

34. The multitude answered him: We have heard a The Gofpel out of the law, that Christ abideth for ever: And how on the Day of layest thou, the los of mas must be listed up? Who is this fon of man?

> 35. Then said Jesus unto them: Yet a little while the light is among you: Walk while ye have the light, that the darkness overtake you not: He that walketh in darknels knoweth not whither he goeth.

> 36. While ye have light, believe in the light, that ye may be the children of light. These things spake fefus, and he went away, and hid himself from them.

> 37. But tho' he had wrought so many miracles before them, yet they believed nor in him.

38. That the laying of the prophet liaiss † might † Ifa. C. 53. be fulfilled: Lord, faid he, who hath believed the word which he heard from us? And to whom hath the arm for the Lord been revealed?

39. Therefore they could not believe, because liaias

40. He hath blinded their eyes, and harden'd their heart: Left they might fee with their eyes, and understand

of the Plea-

tive. The Devil.

li.e. Upon the

Crofs. * All Men

faith the Greek.

the Exalta-

tion of the Crofs. Sep. 14.

i. c. The Pawer of the Lord, which

fined in the faid again. Miracies

wrought by L*liriji*.

such as I seem

derstand with their heart, and be converted, and I mond best them.

41. These things said Isalar when he law his glory.

and looke of him.

42. However, many even of the rulers believed in him: But did not contest it, because of the Pharilecs, left they should be put our of the fyriagogue.

42. For they loved the glory of men, more than

the glory of God.

44. And Jelus cried out, and faid: He that belie * i. e. As & veth in me, believeth not in me, "but in him who meer Man

45. And he that leeth me, feeth him who fem mee to be exte-

46. I am come a light into the world: That every riourly. one who believeth in me, may not abide in darknels.

47. And if any man hear my words, and keep them not. I do not judge him. For I am not come to judge the world, but to lave the world.

48. He that despileth me, and receiveth not my words, hath one that judgeth him. The word which I spoke, the same shall judge him in the last day.

49. For I have not spoken of my felf, but the father who tent me, gave me in charge what I should fay,

and whar I should speak.

30. And I know that his commandment is life eternal: What I speak then, as the father said unto me, to I speak.

CONSTRUCTION OF CONTROL OF CONT

CHAP. XIII.

Jesus girdeth himself, and washeth his Disciples feet. He beweth John who shall beiray him, commandeth them to love one snother, and forescheth that Peter fall deny him.

1. D Efore the festival day of the passover, Jesus The Gospel on D knowing that his hour was come for to pass Maundy. out of this world unto the father: Having loved his Thursday at own which were in the world, he loved them unto Mass and at the end.

2. And supper being ended, (the devil having now the Feet. put into the heart of Judas Ilcariot the lon of Simon

to betray him.)

3. Jelus knowing that the father gave all things into his hands, and that he came from God, and goeth to God.

4. He rifeth from supper, and layeth aside his garments, and having taken a towel, he girded himfelf.

s. Then

the washing of

The Golpel according

5. Then he poured water into a bason, and began to wash his Disciples seet, and to wipe them with the towel wherewith he was girded.

6. He cometh therefore to Simon Peter. And Peter

faith unto him: Lord, doft thou wash my seet:

7. Jelus aniwered, and faid unto him: What I do thou knowest not now, hur thou shalt know it hereafter.

8. Peter faith unto him: Thou shalt never wash my feet. Jesus answered him: If I wash thee not, thou shalt have no part with me.

9. Simon Peter faith unto him. Lord, not only my

feet, but also my hands, and my head.

to. Jefus faith unto him: He that is washed, needeth not, save to wash his feet, but is thoroughly clean, and ye are clean, but not all.

22. For he knew who it was that should betray

him: He therefore faid: Ye are not all clean.

ken his garments: When he fat down again, he faid unto them: Know ye what I have done to you?

13. He call me mafter, and Lord: And ye lay well:

For lo I am.

14. If I then your Lord, and mafter, have washed your feet: Ye also ought to wash one another's feet.

15. I have given you an example, that as I have

done to you, ye also should do the same.

* A Greek zo. Verily, verily, I say unto you. The servant is Word, which not greater than his master, neither is an Apostie * senifies: One greater than he that sent him.

17. If ye know these things, ye shall be blessed if

ye practile them.

18. I speak not of you all: I know whom I have chosen: But that the icripture may be fulfilled: He that eateth bread with me, shall lift up his heel against me.

19. I tell it you now, before it cometh to pass;

I am || ,he.

fent.

of God.

20. Verily, verily, I say unto you: He that receiveth any that I send, receiveth me: And he that receiveth me, receiveth him who sent me.

21. When Jelus had faid these things, he was troubled in spirit, and protested, and said: Verily, verily I say unto you, that one of you shall berray me.

22. Then the Di ciples looked one upon another,

doubting of whom he spake.
13. Now there was leaning on Jefus his bosom one
of his Disciples, whom Jesus loved.

24. Simon Peter therefore beckened * to this Disci- * The Greek ple, and faid unto him. Who is it, of whom he reads: Backened to bim. fpeaketh?

25. He then leaning upon folial his breast, faith um that be should

to him: Lord, who is it?

ak. who he 26. [efus answered: He it is, to whom I shall was, of whom reach dipped bread. And when he had dipped the he speaketh. bread, he gave it to Judas Ifcariot Simon's lon.

27. And after the morfel, Satan entred imo him! And Josus said unto him: That which thou deck.

do quickly.

28. But none of those who fat at table, know to

what purpose he said this unto him.

29. For some of them thought, because Indas had the ting; that Jelus had faid unto himin Buy the things whereof we have need against the festival day: Or that he should give something to the puon.

30. Having then received the morfel, he went out

immediately; and it was night,

ze. Therefore when the was gode out; Jelus laid : Now is the for of man glorified, and God is gistified in him.

22. If God be glorified in him: God finall also glorify him in himself: And shall forthwith glorify him.

33. Little children, yet a little while I am with you: Ye shall seek me: Andres I said unto the Jows: Whither I go, ye cannot come: Se I lay unto you

34. A new commandment give I unto you, that ye ye cannot come love one another: And that ye love one another as I whither I go. have loved you.

25. By this shall all men know that ye are my coive Grace

Disciples, if ye have love one for another.

16. Simon Peter faith unto him: Lord whither go- from above eff thou? Jelus answered: Whither I go, thou canft not follow me now: | But thou thair follow here- [i. e. To the aiter.

37. Peter faith unto him: Why cannot I follow je are not ret

thee now? I will lay down my life for thee.

28. Jesus answered him: Wilt thou lay down thy Grace. life for me? Verily, verily I fay unto thee: The cock shall not crow, till thou hast denied me thice.

† Sup. That until ye reand Strength

Gross, because confirmed in

C H: A P. XIV.

Chrift: comforteth bis Disciples, welleth them that be is the way, and the life, affureth them that whatfoever ther aft in bischame fall be granted by the father, promifeth to find them the Holy Ghaft. And declareth what fort of peace be deligneth to give them.

St. Philip and Tacob's Day. May 1.

The Gospel on I. I ET not your heart be troubled. Ye believe in L God, believe in me also.

20 In my father's house are many mansions: If it were not to, I would have told you: For I go to pro-

pare you applace.

.3. And if I go, and prepare you a place, I will come again, and receive you to my lelf, that where I am, ye may the alfor.

4: And whither I go ye know, and the way ye

know.

5. Thomas faith sunto him: Lord, werknow not whither thou goest: And how was we know the

The Goffel on and in a Vo- but by me. tive Mass for

So leith faith linte him. I am the way, and the Whitlun Eve, truth, and the life, No man cometh unto the father,

7., If ye had knownme, 'ye would have known my the Election of father align. And from henceforth ye shall know him, and ye have leen him.

& Philip laith unto him : Lord, thew we the father,

and it lufficeth us.

9. Jesus saith unto him: I am so long time with you; and have yennor known me? Philip, he that feeth me, feeth the facher also. How layest thou: Show us the fathers:

10. Believe we not that I am in the father, and that the father is in me? The words, which I speak to you, I ipeak not of my felf, but the failer, who dwelleth

+ Sup. Which in me lie doth the works. +

I do:

Pope.

11. Believe ye nor, that I am in the father, and that the father is, in me? Else believe for the very

Sup. Which works I lake. i do.

12. Verily, verily, I say unto you: He that belieweth in me, the works which I do, shall he do alia, and greater than thele shall he do: Because I go to my father.

13. And whatsoever ye shall ask of my father in my name, that will I do: That the father may be glorified in the lon.

14. If ye ask me any thing in my own name, I will

do i'.

15 IF

is. If ye love me, keep my commandments,

16. And I will pray the father, and he shall give you another comforter, that he may abide with you ior ever.

17. The spirit of truth, whom the world capnot receive, because it seeth him nor, nor knoweth him: But ye shall know him; becaule he shall dwell with you, and be in you.

18. I will not leave you as orphans; I will come

to you.

19. Yet a little while: And the world feeth me no more: But ye see me: Because I live, ye shall live allo.

zo. In that day, ye shall know, that I am in my

father, and you in me, and I in you.

21. He that hath my commandments, and keepeth them: He it is that loveth me. And he that loveth me, shall be loved by my father: And I will love him, and will manifest my self to him.

22. Judas, not Judas Mariot, faith unto him: The Gefpel off-Lord, how comes it to pals, that thou wilt manifest Whitlunday? and in a Vo

thy felf unto us, and not unto the world?

21. Jefus answered, and said unto him: If any man tive Mass of love me, he will keep my word, and my father will the Holy love him, and we will come unto him, and make our Ghoft: abode with him.

24. He that loveth me not, keepeth not my words. and the word which ye heard is not mine, but the word of my father who lent me.

25. These things have I spoken unto you, being pre-

fent with you.

26. But the comforter the Holy Ghoft, whom the father will lend in my name, he shall reach you all things, and fuggest unto you all things whatsoever I thall lay unto you.

27. Peace I leave with you, my peace I give unto you: Not as the world giveth, give I unto you: Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be

atraid.

28. Ye have heard, that I have faid unto you: I go away, and I come unto you. If ye leved me, ye would furely be glad, that I go to the father: Because f i. e. At I the father is greater than I.

29. And now I have told you before it come to *i.e. The Depals: That when it shall come to pals, ye may be vil cometh to L.cve.

30. I shall not now speak much to you: For the Person of su-Prince & of this world cometh, and hath nothing in das: ine: T

take the th the

† i., e. Hath no sight to ne;

R

The Gospel according

31. But that the world may know, that I love the father, and as the father gave me commandment, so I do. Arife, let us go hence.

CHAP. XV.

Christ repeateth his commandment of mutual love. He communicateth bis screets to the Apostles, as to bis friends. He comforteth and strengtheneth them against the perfecutions and fufferings which they are to expect in this world. And declareth that the Jews are void of excuse for their fins.

The Goffel for 1. T Am the true vine, and my father is the husband-I man. force March

2. Every branch in me, * which beareth not fruit, teineen Lahe taketh away: And ev ry one, which beateth Whitfunday; fruit, he purgeth, that it may bring forth more on the Eve of Luit.

3. Now ye are clean for the word, which I spoke &:.Simon and

Tuse Oil 27, unto you.

iter and

4. Abide in me: And I in you. As the branch on & George's Day April 23, cannot bear fruit of it felf, except it abide in the * i. e. Every Vine, so neither can ye, except ye abide in me.

Christian 5. I am the vine, ye are the branches: He that grafted on me, abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth asonthe Root, forth much fruit: For without me ye can do no-

6. If any man abide not in me, he shall be cast forth as a branch, and shall wither; and men shall gather ir, and cast it into the fire, and it burneth.

7. If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall ask whatever ye will, and it shall be granted un o you.

8. Herein is my father glorified, that ye bear much

fruit, and become my Disciples.

9. As the father bath loved me, so have I loved

you. Abide in my love.

10. If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love, as I have kept my father's commandments, and do abide in his love.

11. These thing have I spoken unto you, that my joy may be in you, and that your joy may be filled.

12. This is my commandment, that ye love one 2-The Goffiel on er, barnabe's nother, as I have loved you.

13. Greater love hath no man than this, that a man Pay, and on lay down his life for his triends. the Eves of fome diofiles.

14. Ye

14. Ye are my friends, if ye do the things, which

I command you.

15. Now I call you not servants: For the servant knowerh not what his master doeth. But I have called you friends, because I have imparted unto you all things whatfoever I have heard from my tather.

16. Ye have not chosen me; but I have chosen you, and appointed you, that ye might go, and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit might remain: That whatfoever ye shall ask the father in my name, he may give it you.

17. These things I command you, that ye love one

another.

18. If the world hate you, ye know that it hated The Gospel on St. Simon and

me before you.

19. If we had been of the world, the world would Jude's Day, love his own: But because ye are not of the world, Oct. 28. and that I have chosen you out of the world, there. 1. e. Before fore the world hateth you. it bated you:

20. Remember my word, which I said unto you: The lervant is not greater than his matter. If they have perfecuted me, they will also perfecute you. If they have kept my word, they will keep yours also.

21. But all thefe things will they do unto you for my name's take. Because they know not him who

Cent me.

22. If I had not come, and spoken unto them they had not had fin: But now they have no excuse for their fin.

23. He that hateth me, hateth my father allo.

24. If I had not done works among you, which no Sup. My other man had done, they should not have fin. But Works. now they have both feen, | and hated both me, and my father.

25. But this happened, that the word, which is written in their law, might be fulfilled: They hated

me without cause.

26. But when the comforter cometh, whom I will The Gofpel on fend you from the father, the spirit of truth, which Sunday withproceedeth from the father, he shall bear witnels of in the Octave mt.

of the Ascen-27. And ye shall bear witness † also, because ye fion; and in a see with me from the beginning. Votive Mill of the Holy

Trinity.

t By your CHAP. Words, and if jöu Mirdélek:

Chap. XVI.

The Golpel according

That ye should not totter, or flumble inyour

CHAP. XVI.

Faith. on the fourth Sunday after E#ster.

Christ foretelleth the persecutions which will happen, and a The Gossel Spewerb that it is expedient for them he stould go, that the Holy Ghost may come to reprove the world, Egc. He exhorteth them to afk the father in his name whatever they want, and foretelleth their flight.

St. Chryloitom. Hemil. 1. 77.m Cap. 16. oa expounds

the ethree

Hele things have I spoken unto you, that ye should not be feandalized. "

2. They will put you out of the lynagogues, yez, the hour cometh, that every one who killeth you, thall think he doeth God fervice. l'erfes thus.

The Holy

.3. And thele things will they do unto you, because Ghoft, fays he, they have not known the father, nor me.

4. But thele things have I spoken unto you, that mill reprove the World con- when the hour shall come, ye may remember, that I cerning Sin, told you of them.

as. I did not say these things unto you at the beginfor as much as Men did not ning, because I was with you. And now I go unto him, who lent me, and none of you asketh me: Whibelieve in Christ, whose ther goest thou?

Miracles they 6. But because I have spoken these things unto fam. Concern- you, forrow hath filled your hearts.

ing Jullice, be. 7. Yet I tell you the truth: It is expedient for you. eause they re- that I go: For if I go not, the comforter will not fuled to do him come unto you: But if I go, I will fend him to you.

8. And when he is come, he will reprove the world Juffice the' be has demean- concerning fin, and concerning justice, and concerning iudement.

ed L.i. sof blame.efs.

.9. Concerning fin | indeed, because they believed

whereof his not in me. going to the

10. Concerning justice, because I go to the father, Father in or- and ye shall see me no more.

der to be feer 11. And concerning judgment, because the Prince of no more, was this would is now judged.

an evident Mark.

12. I have yet many things to fay unte you: But ye

cannot bear them at prelent.

13. But when he, the spirit of truth, is come, he And concerning Judg- shall teach you all truth: For he will not speak of ment, become hindelf: But will fay whatforver he shall hear, and the Prince of he will thew you things to come.

this World is 14. Le fault glority me: For he fault receive of Sion judged: mine, and fall flow it unto You.

15. All things whatfoever the father hath are mine: Thát is, he is Therefore faid I, that he thall receive of mine, and condentited. Raii hen'it unto you. and bis I'm-

pire is deferojea: Which

16. A

a 16. A little while * yet and ye shall not fee me . shall appear by And again a little while I and ye shall see me: Be- the contempt caule i go to the father. my Difficioles

17. Hereupon some of his Disciples said to one a- foull have of nother: What so the he faith unto us? A little bis I wer, while, and ye shall not fee me And again a little a The Gafrel while, and ye shall see me? And because I go to the on the rand father. Sunday after

18. They faid therefore: What is this that he Easter. faith? A little while: We know not what he speak- * Being fie. eth.

thence will be 19. Now Jesus knew that they would ask bim; he Resurcation. therefore faid unto them: Ye do enquire among your & Being the telves concerning this thing; because I said: A lite since from his tle while, and ye shall not see me: And again a little Ref. 11. 14 while, and ye thall tee me. to bis all

bac. Verily, verily, I tay unto you, that ye shall firm, when a weep and lament, but the world shall rejoice: were to the And ye shall be forrowful, but your forrow shall be failed h The Cofret

tumed into 10y. 21. A woman, when she is in labour, hath forrow, for some at -because her hour is come; but when the is delivered tyre between of the child, the remembreth no more the anguish, for Easter and joy that a man is born into the world.

22. In like manner, now ye have forrow, but I will fee you again, and your heart will rejoice, and your

joy shall no man take away from you.

21. In that day ye shall ask me nothing: Verily, The Gospel on verily, I say unto you: If ye aik the father any thing the fifth Sunin my name, he will give it you.

24. Hitherto ye have asked nothing in my name : fter. Ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full.

25. Thele things have I spoken unto you in proverbs. The hour cometh, when I shall no more speak unto you in proverbs, but I will shew you of the fa-

26. In that day ye shall ask in my name, and I say not unto you, that I will pray the father for you.

27. For the father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I came forth from God.

28. I came forth from the father, and am come into the world: Again I leave the world, and go to the father.

29. His Disciples say unto him: Lo now thou

speakest plainly, and west no proverb.

30. Now we know, that thou knowest all things. and needest not, that any man should ask thee: By this we believe that thou came it forth from God.

day after La-

Wnithunday.

Chap. XVII.

The Gospel according

31. Jelus answered them: Do ye now believe?

32. Behold the hour cometh, yea is now come, that ye shall be dispersed every one to his own, if and shall I Sup. Place leave me alone: But I am not alone, because the father is with me.

of abode.

33. These things have I spoken unto you, that in me ye might have peace, in the world ye shall have pressure, but have confidence, I have overcome the world.

CHAP. XVII.

Christ prayeth for himself, and for his Disciples. He desireth they flouid be linked together in unity and truth, that they should be preserved from epil, and chat the world may know that he was fent by the father.

Ascenhon Eve.

them out of

the World.

The Gospel on 1. T Hele things spake Jesus, and has ing listed up Assuhon Ene. This eyes to heaven, he said: Facility glorify thy son, that thy lon may glorify thee.

2. As thou hast given him power over-all flesh, that he may give life evernal to all those, whom thou hast

gryen-him.

3. Now this is life eternal, that they know thee, the only true God, and Jefus Christ whom thou hast

4. I have glorified thee on earth: I have finished

the work which thou hast given me to do.

s. And now glorify me than, O father-with thy felf, with the glory which I had with thee before the world was.

6. I have manifested thy name to the men whom the Chafing thou gaveft me out tof the world: Thine they were, and thou gavest them me: And they kept thy word.

7. Now they have known, that all things, which

thou gavest me, are from thee,

8. Because I have given them the words, which thbit gavell me: And they received them, and have known indeed, that I came forth from thee, and they believed that thou didly lend me.

9. I pray for them: I pray not for the world, but for thole, whom thou hast given me: Becaule they are thine.

ic. And all mine are thine, and thine are mine:

The Gofpel in Aud I am gforified in them. 2 11. And now I am not in the world, but thele are a Votive Mais against in the world, and I come to thee. Holy father pre-Letve strim,

Trutb.

ferve in thy name, those whom thou hast given me: | i. e. One in

That they may be one, | even as we are.

will, in bear 12. While I was with them, I preferved them in thy in under fla. ... name: Those, whom shou gavest me have I preser- ing. ved: And none of them perished, but the son of perdition, that the scripture might be fulfilled.

13. And now I come to thee: And I speak these words in the world, that they may have my joy ful-

filled in themselves.

14. I have given them thy word, and the world hath

hated them, because they are not of the world.

15. I pray not that thou shouldest take them out of the world, but that thou shouldest preserve them from

16. They are not of the world, even as I am not of

the world.

17. Sanctify them in truth: Thy word is truth.

* i. e. Con/s-18. As thou haft fent me into the world; I also erate them for have lent them into the world. the Work of

19. And I fanchity my felf for them: That they also preaching the

may be fanctified in truth.

zo. And I do not pray for them only, but also for.

those, who, thro' their word, shall believe in me.

21. That they all may be one, as thou father in me, and I in thee, that they also may be one in us: That the world may believe, that thou haft fent me.

22. And I have given them the glory, which thou gavest me: That they may be one, as we are

one.

23. I in them, and thou in me: That they may be made perfect in one: And that the world may know, that thou haft lent me, and hast loved them, as thou haft loved me.

24. Father, I will that where I am, they also, whom thou hast given me, may be with me: That they may fee my glory, which thou haft given me, because thou haft loved me before the creation of the world.

25. Just father, the world hath not known thee: But I have known thee: And thefe have known, that

thou hast fent me.

26. And I have made known thy name unto them, and will make it known. That the love wherewith thou hast loved me, may be in them, and I in them.

CHAP. XVIII.

Jesus is betrayed by Judas, taken by the Jews, led to Annas and Caiphas, firuck on the cheek, denied by Peter, delivered up to Pilate, and postponed to Karabbas.

This Chapter and the next Gospel on Good Friday.

Sup. Eur

the Son of

Judas.

r. TATHEN Jesus had said these things, he went out with his Disciples over the brook Ceafter are the dron, where was a garden, into the which he entred, and his Disciples.

> 2. And Judas allo, who betrayed him, knew the place: Because Jesus had often resorted thither with

his Disciples.

3. Judás then having received a band of men, and officers from the Chief Priefts and Pharifees, cometh thither with lanthorns, and torches, and weapons.

4. Jelus therefore knowing all things, that should come upon him, went forth, and laid unto them.

Whom feck ye?

5. They answered him; Jetus of Nazareth. Jesus faith unto them: I am he. And Judas also, who betrayed him, frood with them.

o. So foon then as he had faid unto them: I am

he: They went backward, and fell to the ground.

7. Then asked he them again: Whom seek ye? And they faid : Jefus of Nazareth.

8. [efus zulwered: I have told you, that I am he:

If therefore ye leek me, let thele go their way.

o. That the word might be fulfilled which he faid: Of thole, whom thou gavest me, I have lost none.

ro. Then Simon Peter-having a Iword, drew it, and Perdition, viz. struck the High Priest's tervant, and cut off his right ear. And the tervant's name was Malchus.

er. Whereupon Jesus faid unto Peter: Put up thy fword into the icabbard. Shall not I drink the cha-

lice which my father hath given me?

12. Then the band, and the captain, and the officers

of the lews took felus, and bound him.

13. And led him away to Annas first, for he was father in law to Calphas, who was the High Priest that year.

14. Now Caiphas was he, who gave counsel to the Jews, that it was expedient, that one man should die

for the people. 15. And Simon Peter, and another Disciple follow-- ed Jelus. And that Disciple was known unto the High Priest, and went in with Jelus into the High Prieft's court.

15. But

16. But Peter flood without at the door. fore went out the other Disciple, which was known to the High Priest, and spoke to her that kept the door, and brought in Peter.

17. Then faith the lervant maid that kept the door unto Peter. Art not thou also of this man's Disci-

ples? He faith: I am not.

18. And the servants and officers stood at a coal fire and warmed themselves, for it was cold: And Peter allo stood with them, and warmed himself.

19. The High Priest then asked Jesus concerning

his Disciples, and his doctrine.

- 20. Jesus answered him: I spake openly to the world: Lalways taught in the synagogue, and in the temple, whither all the Jews refort: And in secret have I faid nothing.
- 21. Why askest thou me? Ask those, who heard what I spoke to them: Behold they know what I laid.
- 22. And when he had laid thele things, one of the officers, which frood by, gave Jelus a box on the ear, laying: Answerest thou the High Priest to?

23. Jelus anlwered him: If I have spoken evil, bear witness of the evil: But if well, why strikest thou

24. And Annas lent him bound unto Caiphas the

High Prieft.

25. And Simon Peter stood, and warmed himself. * Sup. Rept They laid therefore unto him: Art not thou also of themselves his Disciples: He denied, and said: I am not.

26. One of the servants of the High Priest, the † Not the Paskiniman of him whole ear Peter cut off, saith unto chal Lamb, for him: Did not I fee thee in the garden with him?

27. Peter then denied again, and immediately the eaten the

cock crew. 28. Then led they Jesus from Caiphas into the buttheVistims judgment-hall: And it was morning, and they them- and other Offelves went not into the judgment-hall, left they ferings which should be defiled, but * that they might eat the pal- they were to

29. Pilate then went out unto them, and faid Days more,

What acculation do ye bring against this man?

30. They answered, and said unto him: If he were could not do not a malefactor, we should not have delivered him without being unto you.

31. Whereupon Pilate faid unto them: Take ye had they enhim, and judge him according to your law. The tred into the Jews laid unto him: it is not lawful for us to put any House of d man to death,

that they had Night before: eat for fever

and which they purified anew,

Pagan such as

Pilate was. zz. That

The Gospel according

32. That the word of Jelus might be fulfilled, which he had faid, fignifying what death he should die.

33. Then Pilate entred into the judgment-hall again, and called Jehrs, and faid unto him: Art thou the king of the Jews?

34. Jelus answered: Sayeft thou this of thy felf, or

did others tell it thee of me?

35. Pilate answered: Am I a Jew? Thy own nation, and the Chief Priests, delivered thee up to me; What hast thou done?

36. Jefus answered: My kingdom is not of this world: If my kingdom were of this world, my servents would have contended, that I should not be delivered up to the Jews: But now my kingdom is not from hence.

37. Pilate therefore said unto them: Art thou a king then? Jesus antwered: Thou sayest that I am a king. To this end was I born, and for this purpose came I into the world, that I may bear witness of the truth: Every one that is of the truth, heareth my voice.

38. Pilate faith unto him: What is truth? And when he had faid this, he went out again to the Jews, and faith unto them: I find no crime in him.

39. But ye have a custom, that I should release unto you one at the passover: Will ye therefore that I release unto you the king of the Jews?

40. Then cried they all again, faying: Not this man, but Barabbas. Now Barabbas was a robber.

北大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大

CHAP. XIX.

Jesus is scourged, and crowned with thorns. Pilate is desirous to release him, but for sear of the Jews he passeth sentence of death upon him. He carrieth his cross, and is crucified between two thieves. The soldiers divide his garments, and east lots for his vest. Jesus commendeth John to his mother, and his mother to John. He this steth, drinketh vinegar, and giveth up the ghost. His side is pierced, whence stow blood and water. His body is embalmed and interred.

1. THEN Pilate therefore took Jesus, and scourged him.

2. And the foldiers having platted a crown of thorns, put it upon his head, and croathed him with a purple robe,

ą. Anl

z. And they came to him, and faid; Hail king of

the lews: And they boxed him.

4. Pilate therefore went forth again, and faith unto them: Behold I bring him forth to you, that ye may know that I find no clime in him.

5. (Then went Jelus torth carrying the crown of thorns, and the purple robe.) And he " faith unto * Pilate.

them: Behold the man.

6. When the Chief Priests therefore and the offieers had feen him, they cried out, faying: Crucify, Crucily him: Pilate faith unto them: Take ye him and crucity him: For I find no crime in him.

7. The fews answered him: We have a law, and according to our law he ought to die, because he

made himself the son of God.

8. When Pilate therefore heard this faying, he was

the more afraid.

9. And he went again into the judgment-hall, and faid unto Jelus: Whence art thou? But Jelus made him no answer.

to. Then faith Pilate unto him: Speakest thou not unto me? Knowest thou not that I have power to crucify thee, and have power to release thee?

ti. sesus answered: Thou would it have no power against me, except it were given thee from above. Therefore he that delivered me unto thee, hath the greater fin.

12. And from thenceforth Pilate lought to release him: But the Jews cried out, faying: If thou release this man, thou art not Celar's friend. For wholoever maketh himfelf a king, declareth against Celar.

13. When Pilate heard thele words, he brought . Jesus forth, and sat down in the judgment seat, in a place called in Greek Lithostrotos, † and in Hebrew † i. e. Paved Gabbatha.

14. And it was the preparation of the passover, | Le. High. about the fixth hour, and he faith unto the Jews: Be- * i.e. The Eve

hold your king.

15. But they cried out, Away, away with him, Sabbath, which crucify him. Pilate faith unto them: Shall I crucity fell within the your king? The Chief Priests answered; We have no Solemnity of king but Cesar.

id. Then delivered he him therefore unto them to be crucified. And they took Jefus, and led him away.

17. And he bearing his own cross, went forth to that, which is called the place of Calvary, † in the † i. e. A Scull. Hebrew, Golgotha.

18. Where they crucified him, and two others with him, one on each fide, and Jelus in the midst.

with Stones. of the great the Passover.

] A Scull.

19. And Pilate wrote a title allo, and put it on the crois. And the writing was: Jelus of Nazateth, the

king of the fews.

-20. This title then read many of the Tews: Because the place, where Jesus was crucified, was near the city. And it was written in Hebrew, in Greek, and in Latin.

21. Then said the Chief Priests of the Jews unto Pilate: Write not, the king of the Jews: But that he faid: I am the king of the Jews.

22. Pilate aniwered: What I have written; I have

written.

23. Then the foldiers when they had crucified him, took his garments (and made four parts, to each foldier a part) and his coat. Now the coat was without

leam, woven from the top all over.

24. They faid therefore one to another: Let us not rent it, but let us cast lots for it, whole it shall be. That the scripture might be fulfilled, laying: They parted my garments among them, and upon my veilure they cast lots. And indeed thele things the foidiers did.

25. Now there stood by the cross of Jesus his mofen. It being ther, and his mother's fifter Mary, the wife of usual with the Cleophas, and Mary Magdalen.

26. When Jelus therefore had seen his mother, and their Relations the Disciple whom he loved, standing by, he laith by the Name unto his mother: Woman, behold thy son.

27: Then faith he to the Disciple: Behold thy mother: And from that hour the Disciple took her for † That is, per- his own." †

28. After this Jelus knowing that all things were all the Duties accomplished, that the scripture might be fulfilled, which & Son faid : I thirft.

29. Now there stood a vessel full of vinegar. And they environed with histop a spunge full of the vine-The Gospel in gar, and put it to his mouth.

30. When Jelus therefore had taken the vinegar, Mais of the he faid: It is finished. | And having bowed his head,

he gave up the ghost,

31. Then the fews (because it was the preparation) Prophesies con that the bodies might not remain upon the crois, on the fabbath (for that was a great * fabbath day) be-Life and Death fought Pilate that their legs might be broken, and of the Messias that they might be taken away.

32. Therefore came the foldiers, and broke indeed the legs of the first, and of the other, who was cruci-

33. But when they came to Jesus, and saw that he the Passover. was already dead, they broke not his legs.

34. But

* i. e. Her Coews to call all of Brother and

Silter.

formed to her

oweth to his Alotber.

a Votive

Patton.

That is, the cerning the are finificed.

* Becau∫e it fell upon the fied with him.

Solemuity of

34. But one of the loldiers opened his side with a ipear, and immediately there came our blood and

35. And he that law it, bare witness: And his witness is true. And he knoweth that he saith true: That ye also might believe.

36. For these things were done, that the scripture might be fulfilled: A bone of him ye shall not break.

37. And again another leripture laith: They shall

look on him whom they pierced.

38. And after these things, Joseph of Arimathea (for as much as he was a Disciple of Jesus, but secretly for fear of the Jews) begged of Pilate that he might take away the body of Jelus. And Pilate gave leave. He came therefore, and took the body of lelus.

39. And there came also Nicodemus, who came to clus by night the first time, and brought a mixture of myrrhe and aloes, about an hundred pound weight.

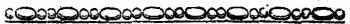
40. Then took they the body of Jelus, and wound it in linnen cloths with the spices, as the manner of the lews is to bury.

41. Now there was, in the place where he was crucified, a garden, and in the garden a new fepulchre,

wherein no man was ever yet laid.

42. There laid they then Jelus, by realon of the Jews preparation day, * because the sepulchre was nigh at hand.

of the great Sabbath.



CHAP. XX.

Mary Magdalen cometh first to the sepulchre, then Peter and John. Jesus appeareth to Mary, then to the Difciples. Thomas his incredulity is reproved. Christ worketh many miracles, which are not recorded.

HE first day of the week cometh Mary Mag. The Gofpel on dalen unto the sepulchre early, when it was Saturday in yet dark, and law the stone taken away from the ie- Easter Week. pulchie.

2. Whereupon she ran, and came to Simon Peter, and to the other Disciple, whom Jesus loved, and faith unto them: They took away the Lord out of the sepulchre, and we know not where they laid him.

3. Peter therefore went forth, and that other Dif-

ciple, and came to the lepulchre.

4. They can both together, but the other Disciple out-ran Peter, and came first to the sepulchre.

The Golpel according

3. And when he had stooped down, he saw the linnen cloths lying, yet went he not in.

6. Then cometh Simon Peter following him, and went into the sepulchie, and saw the linnen cloths lie.

7. And the napkin, which had been upon his head, not lying with the linnen cloths, but wrapped tegether in a place apart.

8. Then went in also that Disciple, who came first

to the sepulchre: And he saw, and believed.

9. For as yet they knew not the scripture, that he must rife again from the dead.

to. Then the Disciples went away again unto their own home.

The Gofpel on Thursday in Easter Week.

11. But Mary stood without at the sepulchre weeping: And as she wept, she stooped down, and looked into the sepulchre.

12. And faw two angels in white fitting, the one at the head, and the other at the feet, where the body

of Jelus had lain

13. They say unto her: Woman, why weepest thou? She saith unto them: Because they have taken away my Lord, and I know not where they have laid him.

14. When she had thus said, she turned back, and

faw felus, but knew not, that it was felus.

15. Jelus faith unto her: Woman, why weepest thou? Whom seekest thou? She supposing that it was the gardener, saith unto him: Sir it thou hast taken him away, tell me where thou hast laid him, and I will take him away.

16. Jelus faith unto her: Mary, she turned about, and faith unto him: Rabboni, (which is to say, Ma-

fter.)

17. Jesus saith unto her: Touch me not: For I am not yet ascended to my father. But go to my brethren, and say unto them: * I ascend to my father, and to your father; to my God, and to your God.

18. Mary Magdalen cometh, and telleth his Disciples, saying: I have seen the Lord, and thes he said

unto me.

The Goffel on Low Sonca;, and for Peace.

* Sup. From

19. When it was then lare that day, being the first of the week, and the doors were shut, where the Disciples were assembled for fear of the Jews, Jesus came, and shood in the midst, and said unto them: Peace be unto you.

20. And when he had so said; he shewed them his hands and side. The Disciples were therefore glad

to hen they faw the Lords

Day, Decem-

21. Then said he unto them again: Peace be unto

you: As the father fent me, to fend I you

22. When he had faid these words, he breathed upon them: And he laid unto them, receive ye the Holy Ghoft.

27. Whole lins ye remit, they are remitted unto them: And whole tins ye retain, they are retained.

24. Now Thomas one of the twelve, who is called Didymus, was not with them when Jelus came.

25. The other Disciples therefore said unto him: We have feen the Lord. But he said unto them: Except I see in his hands the print of the nails, and put my finger into the place of the nails, and thrust my hand into the wound of his side, I will not believe.

26. And after eight days, again his Disciples were The Gospel en within; and Thomas with them. Jelus cometh, the St. Thomas doors being thur, and flood in the midft, and taid: the Apoftle's Peace be unto you.

27. Then faith he unto Thomas: Reach thy finger ber 21. hither, and feel " my hands, and bring thy hand, and " In the Text thrust it into my side. And be not incredulous, but fee. faithful.

28. Thomas answered, and said unto him: My

Lord, and my God.

29. Jelus said unto him: Thomas, thou haff believed, because thou hast seen me: Blessed are those, who have not feen, and have believed.

30. Jelus wrought also many other miracles, in the presence of his Disciples, which are not written in

this book.

21. But thele are written that ye might believe, that Jesus is Christ the son of God, and that in belicying ye might have life thro' his name.

CHAP. XXI.

Jesus is made known to his Disciples by the great draught of hibes; whereupon Peter cafteth himself into the jen. Chiff diner h w th them. He afketh Peter thrice whether be loved him, and charged him to feed his lambs, and his fixer. He commandeth Peter to follow him, and not to be concerned about John. All the things which Christ did are not written.

r. A Fier these things, Jesus manifested himself a- Wednesday gain to the Disciples at the sea of Itheria- in Easter And thus did he manifest nimfelf,

The Goffeel on Il cek.

The Gospel according

2. There were together Simon Peter, and Thomas: which is called Didymus, and Nathaniel of Cana in Gaillee, and the ions of Zebedee, and two other of his Disciples.

* In the Text come.

2. Simon Peter faith unto them: I go a fishing. They say unto him: We also go " with thee. And they went forth, and got up into the ship: And that night they caught nothing.

& But when the morning was come, Jelus stood on the shore, yet the Disciples knew not that it was

lefus.

5. Then faid Jefus unto them: Children have ye

any mear? They answered him: No.

6. He faith unto them: Cast the net on the right fide of the ship, and ye shall find some. They cast therefore; and now they were not able to draw the net for the multirude of fishes.

7. Therefore that Disciple, whom Jesus loved, said unto Peter: It is the Lord. When Simon Peter had heard that it was the Lord, he girt his coat about him (for he was naked) and cast himself into the sea.

8. But the other Disciples came in the ship (for they were not far from land, but as it were two hun-

dred cubits) dragging the fill-net.

9. So foon then as they were come a shore, they faw a coal fire made, and fish laid thereon, and

† Sup. Laid bread. near it.

10. Jelus faith unto them: Bring hither some of

the fifth, which ye have now caught.

11. Simon Peter went up, and drew the net to land, full of great fishes one hundred fifty three. And tho' there were so many, yet was not the net broken.

12. Jesus saith unto them: Come, dine. And none of them, who fat at meat, durst ask him, who are

thou? Knowing that it was the Lord.

12. And Jesus cometh, and taketh bread, and gi-

veth them, and fish likewise.

14. This is now the third time that lefus manifested Inthe Greek himself to his Disciples, since he was risen from the

Tonas. The Gospel on Paul.

15. So when they had dired, Jelus faith unto Simon the Eve of St. Peter: Simon, fon of John | leveft thou me more than Peter and St. thefe? He faith unto him: Yes Lord, thou knowest that I love thee. He faith unto him: Feed my

lambs. * " i. e. My Fen; c.

16. He faith unto him again: Simon, fon of John † Gr. Jonas. † lovest thou me? He faith unto him. Yes Loid, A Gr. Sheep. thou knowest that I love thee: He saith unto him Feed my lambs.

17. He faith unto him the third time: Simon for of John * lovest thou me? Peter was grieved, because he said unto him the third time, lovest thou me? And he said unto him: Lord thou knowest all things: Thou knowest that I love thee: jesus said unto him: Feed my sheep.

vast young thou didst gird thy felf, and walk where Preachers of thou wouldest: But when thou shalt be old, thou my People. shalt stretch south thy hands, and another shall gird The Metaphor

thee, and lead thee whither thou wilt not.

19. Now this he said, fignifying by what death he that as the should glorify God. And when he had thus spoken, Sheep bring he saith unto him: Follow me. forth Land

a 20. Peter turned about, and saw that Disciple so the Teachers whom Jesus loved, sollowing, who also leaned on and Preachers his breast at supper, and said: Lord who is he that bring sorth the shall betray thee?

People unto

zt. Therefore when Peter had seen him, he said Jesus Christ. unto Jesus: Lord, and what shall become of this a The Gosfel

man ?

22. Jesus saith unto him: I will † have him to re. Evangelist's main so 'until I come, what is that to thee? Follow Day, Dec. 27. thou me. † Greek. If

23. This saying therefore went abroad among the I will, &c. breuhien, that that Disciple, should not die. Yet 'That is, no Jesus said not unto him: He shall not die; but || I to follow me will have him to remain so until I come, what is that by a violent to thee?

Death, as Fe

24. This is the Disciple, who beareth witness of, ter shall, and wrote, these things: And we know that his te- #Gr. If I will.

flimony is rive.

25. And there are also many other things which Jelus did. The which if they were written in particular, I suppose that even the world it self could not romain the books that might be written.

* Gr. Јопа<u>в</u>

i. e. The
Teachers and
Preachers of
my People.
The Metaphor
confifts in this,
that as the
Sheep bring
forth Lambs,
fothe Teachers
and Preachers
bring forth the
People unto
Jefus Chrift.
a The Goffel
on St. John
Evangeiift's
Day, Dec. 27.
† Greek. If
I will, &cc.
That is, not
to follow me
by a violent
Death, as Peter fiall.
Gr. If I will.



THE

TS

OF THE

APOSTLES

CHAP. I.

The Epifile at 1. I Spoke in my first treatife, O Theophilus, of Mais on Ac. I all the things, which Jelus began to do, and Mals on Afteach. consion Day.

2. Until the day in which he was taken up, after that he, by the Holy Ghoft, had given commandments unto the Apostles whom he had chosen.

 To whom allo he shewed himself alive after his passion by many proofs, appearing unto them for forty days, and speaking of the kingdom of God.

* Gr. Being affembled to-Reiber.

detered.

4. And as he was eating together with them, he commanded them, that they should not depart from Jerusalem, but wait for the promise of the father, which (faith he) ye have heard by my mouth.

s. For John indeed baptized in water, but ye shall be baptized in the Holy Ghoft, not many days hence.

6. They therefore, that were affembled, asked him, saying: Lord, wilt thou at this time restore the kingdom to iliaci-

7. And he said unto them: It is not for you to know the times, or the moments, which the father hath put in his own power.

8. But ye shall receive the virtue of the Holy Ghost which shall come upon you, and ye shall be witnesses unto me in Jerulalem, and in all Judea, and Samaria, and unto the uttermost bounds of the earth.

9. And when he had pronounced these words, he † Sup. And was taken up in their fight, and a cloud received † him from their eyes.

> ic. And as they beheld him going to heaven, behold two men stood by them in white apparel.

er. Who also said: Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye looking up towards heaven? This Jefus, who is taken up from you into heaven, shall so come, as ye have less him go into heaven. 12. Then

12. Then returned they to Jerusalem, from the mount which is called Oliver, that is nigh Jerusalem distant only a fabbath day's journey.

12. And when they were come in, they went up were allowed into an upper room, where abode Peter and John, to go on the . James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew Sabbath Day and Marthew, James the Ion of Alpheus, and Simon only about a Zelotes, and Judas the ion of James.

14. These all unanimously persevered in prayer with divine Service. the women, and Mary the mother of Jesus, and with Sothat a Place

his brethren.

a 15. In those days, Peter rose up in the midst of the within a Mile brethren, and faid (now there was a multitude of men of another, was together about one hundred and twenty in number.) faid to be a

16. Men and brethren, the Icripture must needs be Sabbath Day's fulfilled, which the Holy Ghost foretold by the mouth journey from of David concerning Judas, who was the leader of the fame, as thole who took lelus.

17. Who was numbred among us, and had obtained vet was from

part of this ministry.

18. And he indeed purchased a field with the re- a The Epiflie ward of iniquity, and being hanged, he burst in the on St. Matmidft, and all his bowels gushed out.

19. And it was known unto all the inhabitants of Feb. 24. ferulalem, so that the same field was called in their

language Haceldama, that is, a field of blood.

20. For it is written in the book of Pfalms: Let their habitation be desolate, and let no man dwell therein; and his Bishoprick let another take.

21. Wherefore of these men, who have assembled with us, all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and

out among us.

22. Beginning from the baptilm of John, unto the day that he was taken up from us, must one be made witness with us of his returrection.

23. And they appointed two, Joseph, who was cal-

led Barlabas, lurnamed Justus, and Mathias.

24. And they prayed, and said: Thou Lord, who knowest the hearts of all men, shew which of thele two thou hast chosen,

25. To take the place of this ministry and apostlethip, from which Judas by transgression fell, that he

might go to his own place.

26. And they cast lots for them, and the lot fell spon Mathias, and he was numbred with the eleven Aposties,

The lews :

Mile to hear

which was: e-.

Mount Oli-

jerulaleih. thias's Day,

CHAP. II.

The Epistle on 1. V histunday. i. e. Fifty Days, being

the time between the Paf fecond great Feat, which was by the Greeks called

Pentecott.

A ND when the days of Pentecost | were accomplished, they were all together in one place.

2. And suddenly there came a found from heaven, as of a violent ruthing wind, and it filled all the houle where they fat.

3. And there appeared unto them cloven tongues as

fover and their it were of fire, and it lat upon each of them.

4. And they were all filled with the Holy Ghoft, and bekan to theak with divers tongues, as the Holy Guost had inspired them,

5 Now there were dwelling in Terusalem Jews, devout men out of every nation, which is under

6. When therefore this voice was mailed abroad, the multitude came together, and was aftonished, because every man heard them speak in his own tongue.

7. And they were all amazed, and marveiled, lay. ing: Behold are not all thefe, who speak, Galileans!

8. And how hear we every man the language of

the country in which we were born?

9. Parthians, and Medes, and Elamites, and fuch as dwell in Mesopotamia, in Judea, and Cappadocia, in Pontus, and Afia.

10. Phrygia, and Pamphylia, Egypt, and in the parts of Libya about Cyrene, and strangers of Rome,

jews allo and Profelites.

II. Cretes and Arabians, we do hear them speak in our tongues the wonderful work of God.

12. And they were all amazed and wondred, faying

one to another. What meaneth this?

13. But others mocking, faid: Thele men are full of new wine.

The Leffon he-ON LIBOUR Vi echelday in Whitipp di cein

* 1. c. he tween fix and Juel.

wine of the Clock in the Alberties

14. Then Peter flanding up with the eleven raised forethe Epilis his voice, and Ipoke unto them: Ye men of Judea, and all ye who dwell in Jerufalem, be this known unto you, and give ear unto my words.

15. For thele are not drunk as ye suppose, fince it

is the third * hour of the day.

16. But this is that which was faid by the prophet

17. And it shall come to pais in the last days (saith the Lord) I will pour out my ippen upop all flesh: And your lons, and your daughters shall prophecy: And your young men shall fee vitions, and your old nien mail ó ean, creams.

48. And on my lervants, and on my handmaids,

will I pour out in those days of my spirit, and they

shall prophesie.

19. And I will shew wonders in heaven above, and signs in the earth beneath, blood and fire, and vapour of smoke.

20. The sun shall be turned into darkness, and the meon into blood, before the great and notable day of the Lord doth come.

21. And it shall come to pals, that wholoever cal-

leth on the name of the Lord shall be faved.

22. Ye men of Ilrael, hear these words: Jesus of Nazareth a man approved of God among you by misacles, and wonders, and figns, which God did by him in the midst of you, as ye also know.

27. The same being delivered by the determinate countel and foreknowledge of God, ye have crucified

and flain by the hands of wicked men.

24. Whom God hath saifed up, having loofed the pains of hell, according as it was impossible he should be detained by it.

25. For David faith concerning him: I forefaw the Lord always before my face: For he is on my right

hand that I should not be moved.

26. Wherefore my heart did rejoice, and my tongue leaped for joy, moreover also my flesh shall rest in hope.

27. Because thou wilt not leave my soul in hell, nor

fuffer thy holy one to fee corruption.

- 28. Thou haft made known to me the ways of life: And thou shalt make me full of joy with thy counte-
- 29. Men and brethren, let me boldly speak unto you of the patriarch David, that he is dead, and busied: And his sepulchre is with us unto this day.
- 30. For as much therefore as he was a propher, and knew that God had tworn with an oath to him, that one of the fruit of his loins should fit on his throne.
- 31. He spoke prophetically of the resurrection of Christ, for neither was he lest in hell, nor did his these corruption.

32. This Jelus hath God raised again, whereof we

are all witnesles.

33. Being exalted therefore by the right hand of God, and having received of the father the promite of the Holy Gnort, he hath posted out this which ye lee, and hear.

34. For David ascended not into heaven: But he hath said: The Lord said unto my Lord, sit thou on

S }

my right hand.

The Acts of the Apostles.

35. Until I make thine enemies thy footstool.

36. Therefore let all the house of Israel most certainly know, that God hath made this fame Jefus, whom ye have crucified, both Lord and Christ.

27. When they heard thele things, they were struck with compunction of heart, and faid unto Peter, and to the jest of the Apostles: Men and brethren, what shall we do?

28. Peter said unto them: Do penance, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jelus Christ, for the remission of your sins: And ye shall receive the guit of the Holy Ghoft.

39. For unto you is the promife, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, whomfoever the

Lord our God shall call.

40. With many other words also did he teftify and exhort them, faying: Save your felves from this depraved generation,

41. Such therefore, as received his word, were bap. tized: And that day there were added unto them about

three thouland fouls.

42. And they persevered in the Apostles doctrine, in the communion of breaking of bread, and in prayers.

43. And fear came upon every foul: Many wonders allo, and figns were done by the Apostles in Jerusalem, and great was the terror of them all.

44. And all that believed, were together, and had

all titings common,

45. They fold their possessions, and goods, and di-

vided them among all, as every one had need.

46. Continuing also with one accord daily in the temple, and breaking bread from house to house, they took their food with gladness, and simplicity of heart-

47. Praising God, and having favour with all the Sh. Peter and people. And the Lord increated daily, and linked to-

gether fuch as should be laved.

CHAP. III.

A ND Peter and John went up into the temple, at the ninth hour | of prayer.

2. And there was a certain man, which was lame much, and the from his mother's womb, whom they carried, and laid at the gate of the temple, which is called beautiful, that he might alk alms of those who went into the temple.

> 3. When this man faw Peter and John about to go into the temple, he prayed that he might receive an

2 iois.

Paul's Eve. June 28. The Jews is fed to pray in the Temple at 3 1. the third, the Exib. the eleven Hour. And thefe they called sit Hours of the

Temple, or the

Hours of Prayer

aThe Epillie on

4. And

4. And Peter fastning his eyes upon him, with John, [aid: Look upon us.

5. And he looked earnestly upon them, hoping

he might receive lomething from them.

6. Then Peter laid: Silver and gold have I none: But that which I have give I thee: In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, rise and walk.

7. And having taken him by the right hand, he lift him up, and forthwith the bones and the foles of

his feet became firm.

- 8. And he leaping up stood, and walked, and went into the temple with them, walking, and leaping, and praising God.
- o. And all the people law him walking, and praising God.
- to. And they knew that it was he, who fat for alms, at the beautiful gate of the temple: And they were exceedingly aftonished and amazed, at that which had happened unto him.

11. And as he held Peter and John, all the people being amazed, ran unto them in the porch, which is

called Solumon's.

12. And when Peter faw them, he answered unto The Epifile on the people: Ye men of Ifrael, why marvel ye at this, Wednesday or why look ye earnestly at us, as if by our own vir- in Faster tue or power we had made this man to walk?

12. The God of Abraham, and the God of Maac, and the God of Jacob, the God of our fathers hath glorified his fon Jesus, whom ye indeed delivered un and denied in the prefende of Pilate, when he judged he should be released.

14. But ye have denied the holy one, and the just,

and defired a murcherer to be given unto you.

15. And ye have killed the author of life, whom God hath railed from the dead, whereof we are witneiles.

16. And in the faith of his name, this man, whom ye fee and know, his name hath strengthened: And the faith which is by him, hath given this periect health in the fight of you all.

17. And now brethren I know ye did it thro' ig.

norance, as did also your rulers.

18. But the things which God hath foretold by the mouth of all the prophets, that his Christ should sufier, he hath to fulfilled.

19. Do ye panance therefore, and be converted. that your full may be blotted our.

20. That ye may find mercy, when the times of refreshment shall come from the presence of the Lord,

Week.

Chap. IV.

The Acts of the Apostles.

and when he shall send him, who was preached unto

you, Jefus Christ.

21. Whom the heaven must indeed receive until the times of restitution of all things, which God hath spoken by the mouth of his holy prophets, from the beginning of the world.

22. Moles indeed said: A prophet shall the Lord your God raife up unto you of your brethren, as ye would me so him shall ye hear in all things, whatlo-

ever he shall speak unto you.

23. And it shall come to pals, that every foul, which will not hear that prophet, shall be destroyed from among the people.

24. And all the prophets from Samuel, and fince,

who have spoken, told of these days,

25. Ye are the children of the prophets, and of the covenant which God made with our fathers, laying unto Ab. aham: And in thy feed shall all the families of the earth be bleffed.

26. Unto you first God, having raised his son, lent him to blals you, that every one might turn from

his wickednels.

CHAP, IV.

1. A N D as they spoke unto the people, the Priests, and the Governour of the temple, and the Sad-

A Sell among ducees | came upon them.

The Ews. which denied the Refunedion.

... Being grieved that they taught the people, and preached in the person of Jesus the selussection from the dead.

3. And they laid hands on them, and put them into cultody until the next day: For it was then even tide.

4. However many of those, who had heard the word, believed: And the number of the men was

hve thouland.

5. And it came to pals on the morrow, that their Rulers, and Elders and Scribes, were gathered togethe f in leitifalent.

o. And Annas the fligh Priest, and Caiphas, and John, and Alexander, and as many as were of the

tace of the High Prieft, ! The Arofiles.

7. And having fer them † in the midft, they asked: By what power, or in whole name have ye done this?

8. Then Peter being filled with the Holy Ghoft, faid unto them: Ye Rulers of the people, and Liders hear.

o. If we this day be examined, for a good deed done to an impotent man, how he lath been made whole.

ic. Be

* Sun. Wha

helieved.

re. Be it known unto you all, and unto all the people of Ifrael, that by the name of our Lord Jesus Christ of Nazareth, whom ye crucified, whom God raised from the dead, that by the same, this man standeth before you whole.

II. This is the stone that was rejected by you build-

ers, which is become the head of the corner.

12. And there is no falvation by any other. For there is no other name under heaven given to men

whereby we must be faved.

13. Now when they saw the assurance of Peter and John, and perceived that they were illiterate men, and of the vulgar fort, they marvelled, and they knew them to have been with Jesus.

14. Beholding also the man which was healed flanding with them, they could say nothing to the con-

trary.

15. They commanded them therefore to withdraw out of the council: And they conferred among themselves.

16. Saying: What shall we do to these men, For a miracle known indeed to all the inhabitants of Jerusalem is wrought by them: It is manifest, and we cannot deny it.

17. But that it spread no further among the people, let us threaten them, that they speak no more to any

man in this name.

18. And they called them, and charged them, that they should not speak at all, nor teach in the name of Ielus.

19. But Peter and John answered, and said unto them: If it be just in the sight of God to hearken unto you rather than unto God, judge ye.

zo. For we cannot but speak the things which we

have feen and heard.

21. So when they had threatned them, they dismissed them, not finding how they might punish them for the people, because all men magnified the fact in that which had happened.

22. For the man was above forty years old, on

whom this miraculous cure was wrought.

23. Being then dismissed, they came to their own, and reported unto them, how many things the Chief Pricits and Elders had said unto them.

24. Which when they heard, they lift up their voice to God with one accord, and faid: Lord, thou are he that made heaven and earth, the fea, and all things that are in them.

25. Who hast said by the Holy Ghost, speaking by the mouth of our father David thy servant: Why

Chap. V.

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did the Gentils rage, and the people imagine vain

26. The kings of the earth stood up, and the princes assembled together, against the Lord, and against his Christ.

27. For there affembled indeed in this city, against thy holy child Jesus, whom thou hast anointed, Herod, and Pontius Pilate, with the Gentils, and the

people of Israel.

28. For to do what thy hand and thy counsel de-

creed to be done.

29. And now Lord look upon their threatnings, and grant unto thy fervants, to speak thy word with all anurance.

30. By firetching forth thy hand to heal, and that miracles and wonders may be wrought by the name of

thy fon Jesus.

31. And when they had prayed, the place where they were affembled together, was shaken. And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and spoke the word of God with considence.

32. And the multitude of them that believed, were of one heart, and of one foul: Neither did any of them fay, that any of the things which he possessed was his own, but they had all things in common.

33. And with great power did the Apostles bear witness of the refurrection of seius Christ our Lord:

And great grace was in them all.

34. Neither was there any among them that wanted: For as many as were possess of lands or houses sold them, and brought the price of the things that were sold.

35. And laid them down at the Apostles seet: And distribution was made unto every one as they had need.

36. And Joseph who was surnamed by the Apostles Barnabas (which is, being interpreted, the son of confolation) a Levite, native of Cyprus, having land, he sold it, and brought the price, and laid it at the Apostles teet.

CHAP. V.

I. BUT a certain man named Ananias with Saphira his wife fold his land.

2. And defrauded of the price of the land, his wife being privy thereunto: And bringing a certain part thereof laid it at the Apostles feet.

3. Whereupon Peter fuid: Ananias, why hath Satan

Lemptei

The Lots of the Aperios.

tempted the heart to lie to the Holy Ghoft, and to

defrap of the price of the land?

4. Whilst is remained * was it not thine, and when * Sup. Unfold. it was fold, was it not in thy power? † Why haft † Sup. To do thou laid up this thing in thy heart? Thou hast not what thou lied unto men, but usta God.

5. When Ananias heard these words, he fell down, the Price. and gave up the ghost. And great fear came upon

all that heard it.

6. And certain young men arole, took him up, and

having carried him avery, they buried him.

7. And it came to pals, about the space of three hours after, that his wife not knowing what was done, came in.

8. And Peter faid unto her: Tell me woman, whethe; ye fold the land for to much? And the laid: Yes, for to much.

9. Then Peter faid unto her: Why have ye agreed. together to tempt the spirit of the Lord: Behold the feet of thole, who buried thy hulband, at the door, and they shall carry thee away.

10. immediately the fell down at his feet, and gave up the ghost: And the young men came in, and finding ner dead, they carried her away, and buried her

by her husband.

11. And great fear came upon all the church, and

upon all those who heard these things.

12. And by the hands of the Apostles were many The Epistle on miracles and wonders wrought among the people: Ember And they were all with one accord in Solomon's Wednelday porch.

13. And none of the rest dust join themselves to Week; and

them: But the people magnified them.

14. And the multitude of men and women, who be- stave, and in

lieved in the Lord was daily increated.

15. Infomuch that they brought forth the fick into St. Peter and the streets, and laid them on beds and couches, that Paul. as Peter passed by, his shadow at least might overfinadow ionie of them, and they should be healed of their infilmities.

16. There came also together a multitude of the neighbouring cities to Jerulalem, bringing lick folks. and such as were vexed with unclean spirits, and they

were all healed.

17. Then the High Priest role up, and all those who were with him (which is the feet | of the Sadducees) | Men who deand were filled with zeal. *

18. And they laid hands on the Apostles, and put furression. them in the common priton.

wouldest with

in Whitlun within the Oa Votive of

nied the Re-* i. e. Indig. nation.

The Aas of the Apates.

19. But the angel of the Lord by night pened the prilon doors, and leading them forth, laid.

20. Go, ftand in the temple, and speak unto

people all the words of this life.

21. When they heard these works, they entred into the temple early in the morning, and taught. But the High Priest coming, and they that were with him, called the council together, and all the Elders of the children of Misel, and sent to the prison, to have them brought. *

* Sup. Before

22. But when the officers came, they opened the prison, and finding them not, they returned and told.

23. Saying. The prison truly found we that with all care, and the keepers francing before the doors: But when we opened it, we found no man within.

24. When the Governour of the temple and the Chief Priefts heard their words, they were in doubt

what should become of them.

25. Then came a certain man, and told them: Rehold the men, whom ye put in prison, are flanding in the temple, and teaching the people.

26. Then went the governous with the officers, and brought them without violence: For they feared the

people, left they should have been stoned.

27. And when they had brought them, they let them before the council: And the High Priest thed

them,

28. Saying: We have firstly charged you, that ye should not teach in this name: And behold ye have filled Jerusalem with your doctrine, and ye intend to bring upon us the blood of this man.

29. Whereupon Peter answering, and the Apostles,

faid: We ought to obey God rather than men.

30. The God of our fathers railed up Jesus, whom

ye have put to death, hanging him on a tree.

31. This man hath God exasted with his right hand, as being Prince and Saviour, for to give repentance to Ifrael, and remission of lins.

32. And we are witnesses of these things, and the Holy Ghost, whom God gave to all those who obey

him.

33. When they heard these words, they were cut to the beart, and took countel to put them to death.

34. Then a certain Pharine named Gamailel a dofror of law, which was honoured by all the people, food up in the council, and commanded the men to withdraw for a while,

35. And faid unto them: Ye men of Ifrael, take heed to your lelves, what ye intend to co, in relation

to thele mon.

36. For

36. For before these days, there role up Theodas. boafting himself to be some great body, to whom a number of about four hundred men adhered: Who was flain, and all that believed him, were dispersed, and brought to nothing.

37. After this fellow role up Judas of Galilee in the days of the entolling, and drew away the people after him, he also perished, and all, even as many as

followed him, were dispersed.

28. And now therefore I fay unto you: Give over troubling these men, and let them alone: For if this counsel or work be of men it will come to nothing.

20. But if it be of God, ye shall not be able to defiroy it, * left perhaps ye be found even to refift God. * Sup. Deff

And they consented to him.

40. And having called in the Apostles, after they had scourged them, they charged them that they should by no means speak in the name of Jesus, and then dismissed them.

41. And they departed from the prefence of the council rejoicing that they were counted worthy to

fuffer reproach for the name of [efus.

42. And daily in the temple, and from house to house, they cealed not to teach and preach the gospel of felus Chrift.

CHAP. VI.

A ND in those days, the number of the Disci-🔼 ples being increased, there arose a murmur of the Greeks + against the Hebrews, because their wi- + Which receidows were despited in the daily ministry.

2. Whereupon the twelve called the multitude of In Scripture the Disciples together, and said: It is not reasonable phrase, the that we fould leave the word of God, and serve ta- World was dibles.

3. Therefore, brethren, look ye out among you seven Greeks and men of good repute, full of the Holy Ghoft and wif- Hebrews, that dom, whom we may appoint over this work.

4. As for us, we will apply our selves to prayer, Gentiles,

and to the ministry of the word.

5. And the laying pleafed all the multitude: And they choic Stephen, a man full of faith, and of the Holy Ghoft, and Philip, and Procorus, and Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicholas a stranger of Antioch.

d. Thele they let before the Apostles: And when they had prayed, they impoled hands on them.

7. And the word of the Lord increased, and the numbet of the Disciples was multiplied in Jerusalem exceedingly:

ved the Faith.

vided into is, fews and

Chap. VII. The Acts of the Apostles.

cedingly: Of the Priests also a great many obeyed the faith.

8. And Stephen being full of grace and fortitude

The Epiftle on St. Stephen's did wonders, and great miracles among the people.

Day, Dec. 26. 9. And there arose certain men of the synagogue, and his Inven- which is called the fynagogue of the Libertins, * tion, Aug. 3. and of the Cyrenians, and of the Alexandrians, and of * i. e. Meh thole, who were of Cilicia and Asia, disputing with

made free from Stephen.

10. And they were not able to relift the wildom and bad a Syna- the spirit which spake in bim.

gogue apart, because the

Slavery. Thefe

11. Then they suborned men to say, they heard him speak blasphemous words against Moles, and against

Freeborn Tews God. thought it be-

12. They therefore stirred up the people, and the neath them to Elders, and the Scribes, and tunning together, they have Fellow- finatched him away, and brought him to the council.

lbip in Prayer

13. And they fet up falle witnesses, which faid: with fuch Men. This man cealeth not to speak words against the holy place, and the law.

14. For we heard him fay: That this Jesus of Nazareth shall destroy this place, and shall change the tra-

ditions which Moles delivered unto us.

15. And all those who sat in council, looking stedfastly on him, saw his face as if it had been the face of an Angel.

CHAP. VII.

MEN haid the High Priest: Are these things fal

z. He said: Men, brethren, and fathers, hearken: The God of glory appeared unto our father Abraham, when he was in Melopotamia, before he dwelt in Charan.

2. And said unto him: Go out of thy country, and from thy kindred, and come into the land which I will shew thee.

4. Then came he out of the land of the Chaldeans, and dwelt in Charan. And from thence, when his father was dead, he removed him into this land wherein ve now dwell.

5. And he gave him no inheritance in it, no not a foot's breadth: But he promiled to give it to him for a possession, and to his feed after him, tho' he had as yer no child.

6. And God told him, that his feed should lojourn in a strange land, and that they should bring them into bondage, and entreat them evil four hundred years.

7. And the nation to whom they shall be in bondage will I judge, said the Lord. And after these things they shall go forth, * and serve me in this * Sup. Out of place.

that Land. i.e.

8. And he gave him the covenant of circumcision, Out of Egypt. and to he begat liaze, and circumcifed him the eighth day: And Isaac begat sacob: And sacob the twelve patriaichs.

9. And the patriarchs moved with envy, fold To-

Seph into Egypt: † But God was with him.

i. ei In dr-

10. And delivered him out of all his afflictions, and der to be cargave him grace and wildom in the fight of Bharaoh ried into Eking of Egypt, who made him ruler over Egypt, and gypt. over all his houle.

11. Now there came a famine over all Egypt, and Chanaan, and great affliction: And our fathers found

no food.

12. But when Jacob heard, that there was corn in

Egypt, he fent our fathers thither first.

- 13. And at the second time Joseph was known by his brethren, and his family was made known to Pha-120h.
- 14. Then fent Joseph, and called his father Jacob to him, and all his kindred, confifting in leventy five
- 15. And Jacob went down into Egypt, and died, he and our fathers.
- 16. And they were carried over into Sichem, and laid in the sepulcher which Abraham bought for money from the fons of Hemor the fon of Sichem.

17. But when the time of the promise which God had made unto Abraham, drew near, the people increased, and was multiplied in Egypt.

18. Till another king arole in Egypt, who knew

not Joleph.

19. This man dealt craftily with our kindred, and afflicted our fathers, forcing them to expole | their | i.e. To cast them into the children to the end they might not live.

20. The same time was Moses born, and was ac. River Nile. ceptable to God. He was nourished in his father's

houle three months.

21. And when he was exposed, Pharaoh's daughter took him up, and nourished him for herself as a lon.

- 22. And Moles was learned in all the wildom of the Egyptians, and was powerful in words, and in lus deeds.
- 23. And when he was come to the age of forty years, it came into his heart to visit his breakren the childien of Israel.

The Acts of the Apostles.

24. And seeing one of them wronged, he took his part, and having slain the Egyptian, avenged him that was oppressed.

25. For he thought his brethren would have underflood, that God by his hands would lave them, but

they understood it not.

26. And the next day he appeared unto them as they strove, and would have reconciled them, saying: O men, ye are brethren, why offend ye one another?

27. But he, who did the injury to his neighbour, thrust him away, saying: Who nath appointed thee ruler, and judge over us!

28. Wilt thou kill me, as thou didft kill the Egyp-

tian yefterday !

29. At this saying Moses sled, and was a stranger in the land of Madian, where he begat two sons.

30. And when forty years were expired, there appeared to him, in the defert of mount Sina, an angel in the flame of a bush on tre.

31. When Moses beheld it; he wondred at the fight: And as he drew near to take a full view of it,

the voice of the Lord came to him, laying:

32. I am the God of thy fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Ilaac, and the God of Jacob. Where-upon Moles trembled, and dust not behold.

33. Then faid the Lord unto him: Take off the thooes of thy feet: For the place where thou standest

is holy ground.

34. Seeing I have feen the affliction of my people, which is in Egypt, and I have heard their groaning, and am come down to deliver them. And now come and I will fend thee into Egypt.

35. This Moles, whom they ejected, faying: Who hath appointed thee ruler, and judge? The fame I fay did God fend as ruler and deliverer by the hands of the angel, which appeared to him in the bush.

Sup. Of the Land of Egypt. 36. He led them out * working miracles and wonders in the land of Egypt, and in the red sea, and in the desert forty years.

37. This is that Moses, who said unto the children of Israel: A prophet shall God raile up unto you of your brethren, as ye would me him shall ye hear.

38. This is he that was in the allembly in the wilderness with the angel, which spoke to him in mount Sina, and with our fathers: Who received the words of life to give unto us.

39. Whom our fathers would not obey, but repulfed him, and in their hearts turned back into Egypt.

40. Saying unto Aaron: Make us Gods who may

go before us: For we do not know what is become of this Moles, who led us our of file land of Egypt

41. And they made a calf in those days, and offer'd facrifice unto the idol; and rejoiced in the works of their own hands.

42. Then God turned, * and gave them up to ferve * Sup. From the holt of heaven, as it is written in the book of them. the Prophets. O ye house of israel, did ye offer me T 1. ". The victims and facrifices for the space of forty years in the Sun. Moon wildertels?

43. And ye took unto you the tabernacle of Moloch, | and the frar of your God Rempham, * figures, | The God of which ye made, to adore them, and I will carry you the Sidonians. away beyond Babylon.

44. The tabernacle of testimony was among our faction of the thers in the wildernels, as God had ordained, speak. Word Melech, ing unto Moles, that he should make it according to a liebrew the model which he had been,

45. Which also our fathers receiving brought with fignifies a Jelus † into the possession of the Gentile, whom God King. drave out from the face of our fathers, | until the days of David.

46. Who found grace before God, and defired to erect a tabe-nacle for the God of Jacob.

47. But Salomon built him an houle,

48. The the most high dwellerh pot in houses of Joshua amade with hands, as faith the prophet.

49. Heaven is my throne, and the earth my feet shool. What house will ye build me, faith the Loid? continued Or what is the place of my reft?

50; Hath not my hand made all these things?

sr. Ye fliff-necked, and uncircumciled in hearts and ears, ye always schit the Holy Ghoft, as your fathers did, lu do ye.

52. Which of the prophets have not your fathers perfecuted? And they have thin those who foresold the coming of the jult one, of whom ye have been now the betrayers and murderers.

33. To who have received the law, by the disposi-

tion of angels, and have not kept it.

54. When they heard thefe things, they were on to the heart, and they guarded with their teeth at him.

55. But he being full of the Holy Ghoft, and looking up stedfastly into heaven, faw the glory of Ged, and Jefus standing on the right hand of God. And laid: Behold I fee the heavens opened, and the fon of man standing on the right hand of Gods

56. Whereupon they eried out with a loud voice, and flopped their ears, and raffed upon him with one accord.

52. And having cast him out of the city, they itoned

and the Stars.

'Tப் ச சோழு. Word which ' The God of the Amaio-Dittes,

the Command mas fetus. Sup. A. it tione.

† i. e. Under

Chap. VIII.

The Acts of the Apostles.

floned him: And the witnesses laid down their garments at the seet of a young man whole name was. * Sup. God. Saul.

58. And they stoned Stephen invoking, and saying:

Lord Jelus receive my foul.

† i.e. He died 59. And having bent his knees, he cried out with the Death of a loud voice, saying: Lord, lay not this sin to their the just, who charge. And when he had said this, he † slept in are said to the Lord. Now Saul had consented unto his death. sleep in the

CHAP. VIII.

Lerd. The Epiflic on Thursday in s. Whitsun Week.

I. A ND the same day there was a great persecusion raised against the church, which was in Jerusalem, and they were all dispersed throughout the regions of Judea and Samaria, except the Apostiles.

2. And devout men took care of Stephen's funeral,

and made great lamentation over him.

3. Mean while Saul made havock of the church, entring into houles, and haling away men and women, committed them to prison.

4. Therefore they that were dispersed, went up and

down preaching the word of God.

5. Then Philip being come down into the city of

Samaria, preached Christ unro them.

Sup. His

6. And the people gave ear to the words which were spoken by Philip, having unanimously heard, and seen the miracles which he wrought.

7. For unclean spirits erying with a loud voice,

went out of many of thole who were possessed.

8. And many sick of the palfy, and lame, were

healed.

9. There was therefore great joy in that city. But there was in the city a certain man called Simon, who had been before a magician, and had feduced the people of Samaria, giving out that he was some great one.

to. To whom they all gave ear from the leaft to the greatest, saying: This is the power of God,

which is called great.

for a long time bewisched them with his Serceries.

12. But when they had believed Philip upon his preaching the gospel concerning the kingdom of God, both men and women were baptized in the name of secus Christ.

13. Then Simon himfelf believed also: And when he was baptized, he adhered to Philip: Belides he was surprized with admitation, when he saw the figns

and miracles which were wrought.

14..Now

14. Now when the Apostles, which were in Jefu- The Epistle on Islem, had heard that Samaria received the word of Tuesday in God, they sent unto them Peter and John.

Whitiun

15. Who, when they were come, prayed for them, Week; and in that they might receive the Holy Ghost.

a Votive of

16. For as yet he was not come upon them, but the Holy Ghoft; they were only baptized in the name of the Lord Je-

17. Then did they impose hands upon them, and

they received the Hely Ghoft.

18. And when Simon law that by the imposition of the hands of the Apostles, the Holy Ghost was given, he offered them money,

ro. Saying: Give me also this power, that upon whomsoever I shall impose hands, he may receive the

Holy Ghost. Whereupon Peter said unto him.

zo. Thy money perish with thee; because thou hast thought that the gift of God may be purchased with money.

21. Thou haft no part nor lot in this word. * For " i. c. Mini-

thy heart is not right before God:

The penance therefore for this the wickedness.

And pray to God, that this thought of thy heart, may happily be forgiven thee.

23. For I perceive that thou art in the gall of bit-

ternels, and in the bond of iniquity.

24. Then answered Simon, and faid: Pray ye to the Lord for me, that none of those things which ye have said, may come upon me.

25. And so when they had testified, and spoke the word of God, and preached the gospel in many towns

of the Samaritans, they returned to Jerusalem.

26. And the angel of the Lord spoke to Philip, say. The Epistle on ing: Arise, and go toward the South, unto the way Thursday in which goeth down from Jerusalem to Gaza: This is Easter Week, the desert † way.

27. And he arose, and went: And behold a man may that leads of Ethiopia, an eunuch of great authority under Can- to the Defect. date queen of the Ethiopians, who had the charge

of all her treatures, was come to Jerusalem to adore. 28. And as he returned he sat in his chariot, and

read Isaias the propher.

29. And the spirit said unto Philip: Go near, and

join thy lelf to this chariot.

30. Then Philip ran towards bim, and heard him read the prophet Isaias, and said: Dost thou think that thou understandest what thou readest?

31. He said: And how can I, except some man expound it to me? And he desired Philip to come up, and six with him.

22. Now the place of the scripture which he read, was this: He was led as 2 sheep to the slaughter, and as a lamb dumb before his shearer, so opened he not his mouth.

*.i. e. B his 33. In his humility his judgment * was taken away. great Humili. Who shall declare his generation, for his life shall be ty, be was de taken from the earth?

34. And the eunuch answered Philip, and saids livered from the Judgment I pray thee, of whom speaketh the prophet this? It or Sentence of it of himlest, or of some other man?

Death, fo in 35. Then Philip opened his mouth, and beginning that be should at that place of the icriprure, preached unto him jerife ogain,

the' be had áied.

36. And as they went on the way, they came to 2 certain water: And the eunuch said: Here is water, what doth hinder me to be baptized?

37. And Philip faids If: thou believest with all thy heart, thou mayest. And he answered, and laid: I believe that Jelus Christ is the ion of God.

38. And he commanded the chariot to dand Hill, and they went down both into the water, Philip and the eunuch, and che baptized him.

39: And when they were come up out of the water, the spirit of the Lord caught away Philip, and the eunuch law him no more, and he went on his way rejoicing.

40. But Philip was found in Azotus, and as he palfed by, he preached the golpel in all the cities, till

he came to Cefarea.

CHAP. IX.

the Conversion Jan. 25.

The Epiflie on t. A ND Saul as yet breathing out threats and ilaughter against the Disciples of the Lord, of St. Paul, came to the High Priest.

2. And defired of him letters to the lynagogues in Danialcus: To the end, that if he found any of this A i.e. Of this way, I men or women, he might bring them bound Resigion, viz- to Jerulalem.

. 3. And as he went on his journey, it came to pals of the Chris Juan Religion, that he drew near Damaicus: And luddenly there fished tound about him a light from heaven.

4. And he fell to the earth, and heard a voice faying umo him: Saul, Saul, why perfecuteft thou me?

7. He laid: Who are thou, Lord! And the Lord faid: I am Jefus whom thou perfecutett. I It is hard for thee to kick against the sting-

206. And he trembling and altonished, said: Lord, What wilt thou have see do?

I In the Per-Jons of Thy Lijeijies.

The Acts of the Apostles.

7. And the Lord faid unto him: Arife, and go mo the city, and there it shall be told thee what hou must do. Now the men, who accompanied him, tood amazed, hearing indeed a voice, but seeing no man.

8. And Saul arose from the earth, and when his eyes were opened he saw nothing. But they held him

by the hands, and led him into Damaleus.

9. And he was there three days without light, and

did neither est, nor drink ...

to. And there was a certain Disciple in Damascus: And the Lord said unto thim in a vision: Ananias. And he said: Lo, here I am, Lord.

it. And the Lord faid unto him: Arife, and go into the freet which is called friait: And enquire in the house of Judas for one called Saul of Thatfus: For behold he prayeth.

12. (And hath feen * a man named Annias coming * Sup. In a in, and laying hands upon him, that he might receive Vision.

his light.)

13. Whereupon Ananias answered, Lord: I have heard by many of this man, how much evil he hath done to thy Saints in Jerusalem.

14. And here he hath authority from the Chief

Priefts to bind all who invocate thy name.

15. But the Lord faid unto him: Go, for he is a chosen vessel unto me, to carry my name before the Gentils, and kings, and the children of Israel.

16. For I will shew him how great things he must

fuffer for my name's fake.

17. And Ananias went his way, and entred into the house: And having laid his hands on him, he said: Brother Saul, the Lord Jesus, who appeared unto thee in the way as thou camest, sent me, that thou mayest receive thy sight, and be filled with the Holy Ghost.

18. And immediately there sell from his eyes as it had been scales, and he received fight, and arose, and

was baptized.

19. And when he had taken nourishment, he was firengthened, and continued some days with the Disciples that were in Damascus.

20. And straitway he preached fesus in the sy-

nagogues, affirming that he is the fon of God.

21. And all that heard him, were amazed, and faid: Is not this he that took by force in jerufalem those who invocated this name, and came hither to the intent that he might bring them bound unto the Chief Priefts?

The Acts of the Apostles.

22. But Saul waxed ftrong more and more, and confounded the Jews, who dwelt in Damascus, affirming that this is Christ.

22. And when many days had paffed, the Jews con-

fulted together, how they might kill him.

24. But their treachery was discovered to Saul, They did moreover keep guards at the gates day and night, that they might kill him.

25. Then the Disciples took him by night, and conveyed him away by the wall, letting him down in

a baiket.

26. And when he was come to Jerusalem, he attempted to joyn himself to the Disciples, but they were all afraid of him, and believed not that he was a Disciple.

27. Whereupon Barnabas took him, and brought: him to the Apostles: And declared unto them how he had been the Lord in the way, and that he had spoken to him, and how confidently he had afted at Damafeus in the name of Jeius.

28. And he was with them coming in, and going out of Jerulalem, and acting confidently in the name

of the Lord.

29. He spoke also with the Gentils, and disputed † i. e. Hele- with the Greeks: † But they sought to flay him. niste, that is, "30. Which when the brethren knew, they conveyed certainGreeks him to Cefarea, and four him away to Tharfus.

31. In the mean while the church was in peace over who end aced ·all Judea, and Galilee, and Samaria, and was edified, walking in the fear of the Lord, and filled with the confolation of the Holy Ghoft.

> 32. And it came to pals, that as Peter passed by all the Disciples, he came to the Saints which dwelt in

Lydda.

the lewish

Religion.

Der.

22. And there he found a certain man named Eneas, which lay in his bed for eight years, and was fick of

the pally.

34. And Peter said unto him: Eneas, our Lord Jefus Christ healeth thee: Arife, and make thy bed. And he erole immediately,

35. And all that dwelt in Lydda, and Saron, faw

him, and they were converted to the Lord.

36. Now there was in Joppa a certain Disciple-named Tabitha, which being interpreted, is called Dor-* i. e. A She. cas: * This woman was, full of good works, and alms-

deeds which the did. Goat, or a

> 27. And it came to pals in those days, that she fickned and died. Whom, when they had washed, they laid in an upper room.

28. And whereas Lydda was near Joppa, the Difelples understanding that Peter was there, sent two men

unto him, saying: Delay not to come unto us.

39. Then Peter arole, and went with them. And when he was come, they led him into the upper room, and all the widows stood about him weeping, and shewing him the coats and garments which Dorcas made for them.

40. But Peter having turned them all out, kneeled down, and prayed: And turning to the body, faid: Tabitha, arife. And the opened her eyes: And when

the law Peter, the lat up.

41. And he gave her his hand, and lift her up. And when he had called the faints and widows, he prelented her alive.

42. And it was known throughout all joppa; and

many believed in the Lord.

43. And it came to pals that he abode many days in Joppa in the houle of one Simon a tanner.

СНАР. Х.

1. There was a certain man in Cesarea named Cornelius, a centurion * of the company called * i.e. A Capthe Italian band.

z. A religious man, and one that feared God with commanded an all his house, who gave much aims to the people, and hundred Men. prayed to God always.

3. This man faw in a vision plainly, about the ninth hour of the day, an angel of God coming in to him,

and faying unto him, Cornelius.

4. And when he beheld him, he was seized with fear, and faid: What is the matter, Lord? And the angel said unto him: Thy prayers, and thy alms, are come up in remembrance before God.

5. And now fend men to Joppa, and call for one Si-

mon whole furname is Peter.

- 6. He lodgeth with one Simon a tanner, whose house is by the sea fide: He will tell thee what thou must do.
- 7. And when the angel which spoke to him, had departed, he called two of his houshold fervants, and a foldier who feated the Lord, being one of those who were under his command.

8. When he had told them all, he fent them to

9. And the next day, as they went on their journey, and drew near the city, Peter went up to the uppermail part of the house to pray about the fixth l.our.

The Acts of the Apostles.

ito. And being hungry, he would have eaten: But while they made ready, he fell into a trance.

ir. And he saw heaven opened, and a certain velsel descending like a great sheet, let down by the four

corners from heaven to the earth.

and creeping things of the earth, and lowls of the air.

13. And there came a voice unto him, faying: A-

rile, Peter, kill and eat.

14. But Peter faid God forbid, Lord, for I have never caten any thing that is common and unclean.

15. And the voice faid unto him again the fecond time: That which God hath purified, call not thou common.

16. This was done thrice, and the vessel was im-

mediately received up again into heaven.

ng. And while Peter doubted in himfelf what this vision which he had feen should mean: Behold the men tent by Cornelius enquited for Simon's house; and flood at the doot.

18. And when they had called, they asked if Simon, which is sunamed Peter, were lodged there.

19. And as Peter was thinking of the vision, the spirit find unto him: Behold, three men feek thee.

zo. Arife therefore, get thee down, and go with

them, doubting nothing : For I have lent them.

21. Then Peter went down to the men, and faid: Behole, I am he, whom ye leek: What is the cause of

your coming his her?

21. They faid: Cornelius the centurion, a just man, and one that leaseth God, and hath' a good character among all the nation of the Jews, was warned by an hely angel to feed for thee into his house, and to hear words from thee.

23. Then Peter brought them in, and entertained them. And the next cay he arole, and went with them: And fome of the brethren from Joppa accom-

placed him

24. And the day after he entered into Cefarea. And Cornelius waited for them, having called together his kinsfolks and near friences.

in. Cornelius mer him, and falling down at his feet adored him.

as. But Peter took him up, laying: Arife, I my

felf also em a man.

27. And as he salked with him, he went in and found many that had come together.

28. And he said unto them: Ye know how abominable it is for a man that is a Jew to have any society with, or to approach unto a trianger: But God hath shewn me, that I should not call any man common or unclean.

29. For which reason, being sent for, I came withour reluctance. I ask therefore for what cause have ye

fent for me?

- 30. And Cornelius said: It is now four days since, and I was praying in my house at the ninth hour, and behold a man in white raiment stood before me, and said:
- 31. Cornelius, thy prayer is heard, and thine alms are in remembrance in the fight of God.

32. Send therefore to Joppa, and call hither Simon whose surname is Perer: He lodgeth in the house

of Simon the tanger by the fea fide.

thou hast well done in coming. Now therefore, we are all here preferr before thee, to hear all things whatfoever are commanded thee by the Lord.

34. Then Peter opened his mouth, and faid: In truth I perceive that God is no respecter of persons:

35. But in every nation, he that feareth him, and worketh justice, is acceptable to him.

35. God fent the word to the children of Ifrael, preaching peace thro Jefus Christ (he is Lord of all.)

37. Ye know the word which was published over The Epistle on all Judea: For it began at Galilee, after the baptism Monday in which John preached.

Eafter Week.

38. How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghost, and with power, who went about doing good, and nealing all that were oppressed by the devil, for God was with him.

39. And we are witnesses of all the things which he did in the land of the Jews, and in Jerusalem,

whom they flew, and hanged on a tree.

40. Him God raised up the third day, and would have him to be made known.

41. Not to all the people, but to witnesses pre-or- person. dained by God, even to us, who did eat and drink with him, after he rose from the dead.

42. And he commanded us to preach unto the peo- The Epifle on ple, and to testily, that it is he, which was appoint Monday in ed by God to be the judge of the quick and the dead. Whittun

43. All the prophets bear him witness, that all Week, thole, who believe in him, shall thro' his name re-

ceive the forgivenels of fins,

44. As Peter was speaking these words, the Holy Ghost sell on all those who heard the word.

45. And

* Sup. In

Chap. XI. The Acts of the Aposties.

45. And the faithful which were of the circumcifion,*
i. e. The cir- and were come with Peter, were aftenished: Becumcifed Jews cause that on the Gentils also was poured out the
which received grace of the Holy Ghost.

46. For they heard them speak with tongues, and

magnify God.

the Faith.

47. Then answered Peter: Can'any man forbid water, that these who have received the Holy Ghost as

well as we, should not be baptized.

48. And he commanded them to be baptized in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ. Then prayed they him to tarry with them for some days.

CHAP. XI.

1. A ND the Apostles, and the brethren, which were in Jucea, heard that the Gentils had also received the word of God.

2. Therefore when Peter was some up to Jerusalem, they that were of the circumcifion contended with

him,

3. Saying: Why didft thou go into men uncircumciled, and didft eat with them?

4. But Peter began, and related to them the matter

in order, saying:

- 5. I was in the city of Joppa praying, and in a trance I saw a vision, a certain vessel like a great sheet let down from heaven by the four corners, and it came even unto me.
- 6. Into the which, when I had attentively looked, I considered and saw sour-footed beafts, and wild beafts, and creeping things, and sowls of the air.

7. And I heard also a voice saying unto me: Arise,

Peter, kill and eat.

8. But I faid: Not fo, Lord: For a common or un-

clean thing hath never entred into my mouth.

 And the voice answered the second time from heaven: What God hath cleansed, call not thou common.

10. Now this was done thrice: And all were recei-

ved up again into heaven.

- tr. And behold immediately there stood in the house wherein I was, three men sent from Cesarea to
- 12. And the spirit said unto me, that I should go with them, nothing doubting. And there went with me these six brethren also, and we entred into the man's house.
- 13. And he told us, how he had seen an angel standing in his house, and saying unto him: Send

to Joppa, and call for Simon, whose surname is Pe-

14. He shall speak to thee words, by which thou and all thy house shall be saved.

15. And as I began to speak, the Holy Ghoft fell

on them, as it did on us in the beginning.

16. Then remembred I the word of the Lord, who faid: John indeed baptized in water, but ye shall be baptized in the Holy Ghoft.

17. If God then gave them the same Grace as he did unto us, who believed in our Lord Jesus Christ:

Who was I, that I should oppose God?

18. When they heard these things, they held their peace, and glorified God, faying: Then hath God allo to the Gentils given repenfance unto life.

19. Now they that were dispersed upon the persecution which arose at Stephen's death, went about as far as Phenice, and Cyprus, and Antioch, preaching the word to none but unto the Jews only.

20. But some of them were men of Cyprus and Cyrene, who when they entred into Antioch, spoke to

the Greeks also, preaching the Lord Jesus.

21. And the hand of the Lord was with them: The Epifile on And a great number of believers was converted unto St. Barnabe's the Lord.

22. And the report hereof came to the ears of the church, which was in Jerusalem: And they sent Barnabas as far as Antioch.

23. Who when he came, and had feen the grace of God, was glad: And he exhorted them all to contimue in the Lord with purpole of heart.

24. For he was a good man, and full of the Holy Ghost, and of faith: And a great multitude was ad-

ded unto the Lord.

25. Then went Barnabas to Tarlus, in quest of Saul: And when he had found him, he brought him to Antioch.

26. And they dwelt there 2 whole year together in the church, and taught a great number of people, so as that the Disciples were called Christians first in Antioch.

27. And in those days there came prophets from

lervialem to Antioch.

28. And one of them, by name Agabus, itood up, and fignified by the spirit, that there would be great dearth over all the world, which came to pais in the reign of Claudius.

29. Then the Disciples, every one according to his ability, resolved to send relief to the brethren who

dwelt in Judea.

Day, June 11.

30, Which

The Acts of the Apostles.

30. Which they did in effect, fending to the Priests by the hands of Bainabas and Saul.

CHAP. XII.

St. Peter and Paul's Day, Tune 29.

The Epiftle on I. NOW at the same time Herod the king stretched out his hands to afflict certain of the church.

2. And he killed James the brother of John with the

3. And perceiving that it would pleafe the fews, he proceeded to take Peter also. Then were the days of unleavened * bread.

* i. e. The Feast of the ring which unleavened Bread.

4. When he had taken him, he put him in prilon, Paffover, du. giving him in charge to four bands, each confifting of four foldiers, intending after Easter to bring him time they eat forth to the people,

5. And Peter was indeed kept in prison: But prayet was made without intermission, by the church unto

God for him.

6. And when Herod would have brought him forth, the fame night Peter was fleeping between two foldiers, bound with two chains, and the keepers before the door kept the prilon.

7. And behold the angel of the Lord stood by him, and a light shined in the room, and having struck Peter on the fide, he awaked him, faying: Arile quick-

ly. And the chains fell from his hands.

8. And the angel said unto him: Gird thy self, and put on thy shooes. And he did so. And he said unto him: Cast thy gaiment about thee, and follow me.

9. And he went out and followed him, and knew not that what the angel did was real; but thought

that he had feen a vision.

10. And when they were past the first and second ward, they came to the iron gate that leadeth to the city, which opened to them of it lelf. And they went out, and walked forward one street: And losthwith the angel departed from him.

11. And when Peter was come to himself, he said: Now I know certainly that the Lord hath lant his angel, and hath delivered me out of the hand of Heand from all the expectation of the people of the

icws.

4 Sup. What was fit to be done.

12. And when he had confidered † a little, he came to the house of Mary the mathet of John whole furmanie was Mark, where many were gathered together, and were praying.

11. And as he knocked at the wicker of the gate, a girl named Rhoda came to hearken?

14. And to foon as the knew Peter's voice, the opened not the gate for joy, but ran in and told, that Peter stood at the gate.

15. And they faid unto her: Thou are mad. But the affirmed that it was fo. Then laid they. It is his

angel.

16. But Peter continued knocking. And when they had opened the door, they faw him, and were amazed.

17. Then he beckened unto them with the hand that they should hold their peace, and declared how the Lord had brought him out of the prilon, and he faid: Tell thefe things to James, and to the brethren. And he departed, and went to another place.

18. And when it was day; there was no finall flir among the foldiers about what was become of Peter.

19. And when Herod had lought for Min, and found him not, he examined the keepers, and commanded them to be led away: * And he went down from Ju- * Sup. To be dea to Celarea, and there abode.

punisbed.

20. And he was angry with the Tyrians, and Sidonians: But they came with one accord to him, and having gained Blastus of the king's Chamberlain they + Sup. Of defined peace, becaule their countries were nourished their fide. by him.

21. And upon a fet day, Hetod atrayed in royal apparel, fat in the judgment-leat, and made an ora-

tion unto them.

22. And the people in their acclamations cried out: They are the words of a God, and not of a man.

23. And immediately the angel of the Lord ftruck him: Because he gave not God the honour: And being eaten up by worms, he died...

24. But the word of the Lord increased, and was

multiplied.

25. And Barnabas and Saul returned from Jeiusalem when they had fulfilled their ministry, and took with them John, whole lurname was Mark.

CHAP. XIII.

1.1 OW there were in the church which was in Antioch, prophets, and doctors, among whom was Barnabas, and Simon, who was called Niger, and Lucius of Cyrene, and Manahen, who was the fother brother of Herod the tetrarch and Saul.

2. And as they offered the facrifice I unto the I i. e. Of the Lord, and fasted, the Holy Ghost said unto them: Body and Blood Separate of Christ.

Separate me Saul and Barnabas, for the work unto which I have called them.

3. Then when they had fasted, and prayed, and *i.e. Had er- imposed hands on them, they sent them away.

dained them.

4. So they being fent by the Holy Ghost, went to Seleucia, and from thence they sailed to Cyprus.

† The Capital City of Cyprus.

5. And when they were come to Salamina, † they preached the word of God in the fynagogues of the Jews. And they had John also in the ministry.

6, And when they had gone over all the island as far as Paphos, they found a certain magician, a falle

prophet, a Jew, whole name was Barjelus.

7. Which was with the proconful Sergius Paul a prudent man. This man having fent for Barnabas and Saul, desired to hear the word of God.

8. But Elimas the magician (for so is his name inaerpreted) opposed them, seeking to divert the pro-

conful from the faith.

9. Then Saul, who also is Paul, being filled with

the Holy Ghost, set his eyes on him,

to And faid: O full of all guile, and all deceit, thou for of the devil, thou enemy of all justice, thou cealest not to pervert the right ways of the Lord.

12. And now behold the hand of the Lord is upon thee, and thou shalt be blind, and shalt not see the fun for a certain time. And immediately there fell a mist and darksels upon him, and he went about seeking some body to lead him by the hand.

12. Then the proconful, when he saw what was done, believed, marvelling at the doctrine of the

Lord.

13. And when Paul and such as were with him had sailed from Paphes, they came to Perge in Pamphilia. But John departing from them, returned to Jerusalem.

14. And when they had passed thro' Perge, they came to Antioch in Pissdia: And went into the syna-

gogue, on the labbath days, and lat down.

15. And after the reading of the law and the prophets, the sulers of the synagogue sent unto them, saying: Men and brethren, if ye have any exhortation to make unto the people, say on.

16. Then Paul stood up, and making a fign with his hand that they should be filent, said: Men of Israel,

and we that fear God, give ear.

17. The God of the people of Israel chose our fathers, and exaited the people when they were sojourners in the land of Egypt, and with an high arm brought them out of it.

18. And

18. And bore with their behaviour in the wildernels for the space of forty years.

19. And when he had deftroyed feven nations in the land of Canaan, he divided their land to them by lot.

20. About four hundred and fifty years after: * * Sup. Their And from thenceforth he gave them judges until Sa- going into the muel the prophet.

21. And afterward they defired a king: And God gypt. gave them Saul the fon of Cis, a man of the tribe of

Benjamin, for the space of forty years.

22. And when he had removed him, he gave them David to be their king: To whom he gave testimony, faying: I found David the fon of Jesse, a man after my own heart, who shall fulfil all my will.

23. Of this man's feed bath God according to pro-

mile, railed unto lirael a Saviour Jelus.

24. When John had preached before his coming the baptism of penance to all the people of Israel.

25. And when John had fulfilled his course, he faid: I am not the man whom ye take me to be, but behold there cometh one after me, whole shopes I am not worthy to loole.

26. Men and brethren, children of the race of A- The Epiftle on braham, and fuch among you as fear God, unto you Tuelday in

is this word of lalvation lent.

27. For those who dwell in Jerusalem and their rulers, nor knowing him, nor the molces of the prophets which are read every labbath day have fulfilled them in judging him.

28. And having found no cause of death in him,

they defired Pilate that he should be slain.

29. And when they had fulfilled all that was written of him, they took him down from the tree, and laid him in a lepulcher.

30. But God raised him from the dead on the third

day.

31. And he was feen for many days by those who came up with him from Galilee to Jerulalem, and are unto this prefent time his witnesses to the people.

32. And we declare unto you that promile which

was inade unto our fathers.

33. For God hath fulfilled the same unto our children, in raising up selus again, as it is aiso written in the fecond Plaim: Thou are my fon, this day have I begotten thee.

34. Now that he hath railed him from the dead to as, that he should no more return to corruption, he faid thus: I will give you the holy faithful things

of David.

Land of E-

Eafter Week.

35. And therefore he faith also in another place: Thou shalt not suffer thy holy one to see corruption.

36. For when David had ferved in his generation, by the will of God, he fell on fleep, and was laid unto his fathers, and faw corruption.

37. But he, whom God railed from the dead, saw

no corruption.

- 38. Be it known unto you therefore men and bethren, that by this man is preached unto you the forgiveness of sins, and of all things from which ye could not be justified by the law of Moses.
 - 39. In him is every man, who believeth, justified.
 40. Beware therefore lest that come upon you, which

is ipoken of in the prophets.

41. Behold ye despisers, and wonder, and perish: For I work a work in your days, a work which ye shall not believe, tho' a man declare it unto you.

42. And when they were gone out, they prayed them to speak these words to them, the next fabbath

day.

43. And when the synagogue broke up, many of the Jews, and of the strangers who served God, followed Paul, and Barnabas: Who spoke, and perswaded them to continue in the grace of God.

44. The next labbath day the whole city almost

met together to hear the word of God.

45. But when the Jews saw the multitudes, they were filled with envy, and blasphemed, and contradisted those things which were spoken by Paul.

46. Then Paul and Barnabas, faid boldly: To you it behoved us to speak the word of God: Bur since ye repel it, and judge your selves unworrhy of exernal life, behold we turn to the Gentils.

47. For so hath the Lord commanded us: I have fet thee to be the light of the Gentils, that thou mayeft be for their salvation unto the bounds of the earth.

48. When the Gentlls heard this, they were glad, and glorified the word of the Lord: And as many as were pre-ordained to eternal life, believed.

49. And the word of the Lord was spread through-

out the whole country.

so. But the Jews stirred up the religious, and homourable women, and the chief men of the city, and raited perfecution against Paul and Bamabas: And they cast them out of their limits.

51. Whereupon they shook off the dult of their feet

against them, and came to iconium.

52. The Disciples also were filled with joy, and with the Holy Ghost.

CHAP. XIV.

1. A ND it came to pals in Iconium, that they went together into the lynagogue of the Jews, and spoke, so as that a great multitude of the Jews and of the Greeks believed.

2. But such of the Jews as were incredulous, firrred up, and incented the minds of the Gentils against

the brethren.

3. They abode therefore a long time acting boldly in the Lord, who gave testimony unto the word of his grace, and granted miracles and wonders to be wrought by their hands.

4. But the multitude of the city was divided, and fome adhered to the Jews, and fome to the Apostles.

5. And when there was an affault made of the Gentils, and of the Jews, with their rulers, to ule them despitefully, and to stone them,

6. Being informed thereof, they fled to the cities of Lycaonia, to Lystra and Derbe, and to all the country round about, and there they preached the gospel.

7. And there fat in Lystra a certain man impotent in his feet, being lame from his mothers womb, who never had walked.

8. The same heard Paul speak: Who stedfastly beholding him, and perceiving that he had saith to behealed.

9. Said with a loud voice: Stand upright on the

feet. And he leaped, and walked.

10. And when the multitude had feen what Paul did, they lifted up their voice in the Lycaonian tongue, faying: The Gods in the shape of men are come down to us.

II. And they called Barnabas, Jupiter, and Paul,

Mercury; because he was the chief speaker.

12. The Priest also of Jupiter, which was before the city, brought oxen and garlands before the gates, and would have offered sacrifice with the people.

13. Which when the Apostles, Barnabas and Paul understood, they rent their gaments, and ran in a-

mong the people, crying out.

14. And faying: O men! Why do ye these things? We also are mortal men like your selves, and pleach unto you that ye should be converted from these vaint things to the living God, who made heaven and earth, the sea and all things that are therein.

15. Who in past generations, suffered all nations to

walk in their own ways:

16. And yet he left not himself without witness in that he did good from heaven, giving rain and fruitful seasons, filling our hearts with food and gladness.

17. And when they had faid these things, they could scarce restrain the people from facrificing to

them,

18. And there came certain Jews from Antioch, and Iconium, who periwaded the people, and having stoned Paul, they drew him out of the city, supposing he had been dead.

19. But when the Disciples got about him, he arole, and entred into the city, and the next day he

took his journey with Barnabas toward: Derbe.

20. And when they had preached the golpel in that city, and had taught many, they went back to Lystra, and to Iconium, and to Antioch,

21. Confirming the hearts of the Disciples, and exhorting them to continue in the faith, and declaring, that we must thro' much tribulation enter into the

kingdom of heaven.

22. And when they had ordained priests for them in every church, and had prayed and fasted, they commended them to the Lord in whom they believed.

23. And having past thro' Pisidia, they came to Pamphylia, and when they had preached the word of the Lord in Perge, they went down into Attalia.

24. And from thence they failed to Antioch, whence they had been delivered to the grace of God,

for the work which they fulfilled.

25. And when they were come, and had gathered the church together, they related what great things God had done with them, and had opened the door of faith unto the Gentils.

26. And they abode a confiderable time with the

Disciples.

CHAP. XV.

A ND certain men who came down from Judea, taught the brethren, faying: Except ye be cir. unciled, after the manner of Moles, ye cannot be laved.

2. When therefore Paul and Barnabas had no small differtion with them, it was reloved upon, that Paul and Barnabas, and some of the rest, should go to Jesuialem to the Apostles and the Friests about this question.

3. Being therefore brought on their way by the church, they passed theo' Phenice and Samaria, de-

Gentils

claring the conversion of the Gentils: And they

caused great joy unto all the brethren.

4. And when they came to Jerusalem, they were received by the church, and by the Apostles and Elders, and they declared how great things God had done with them.

5. But there role up certain men of the feet of the Pharifees, which believed, faying: That it was necessary to circumcife them, * and to command them * i. e. The to keep the law of Moies allo.

6. And the Apostles and the Priests assembled to which believ

confider of this matter.

- 7. And when the matter had been feriously debated. Peter role up, and faid unto them: Men and brethren, ye know that God hath long fine made choice among us, that the Gentils by my mouth should hear the word of the golpel, and believe.
- 8. And God who knoweth the hearts, bare witness, giving them the Holy Ghoft, as he did unto us.

9. And made no difference between us and them,

purifying their hearts by faith.

10. Now therefore why tempt ye God in putting a yoke upon the necks of the Disciples, which neither our fathers nor we were able to bear?

11. But we believe that by the grace of our Lord

Jelus Christ we shall be saved, even as they.

12. Then all the multitude was filent, and gave car unto Barnabas and Paul, declaring how great miracles and wonders God had wrought among the Gentils by them.

13. And after they had held their peace, James an-Iwered, faying: Men and brethren, hearken unto me.

14. Simon hath declared after what manner God did at first visit the Gentils, to take out of them a people for his name.

15. And thereunto agree the words of the prophets:

as it is written:

16. After this I will return, and rebuild the tabernacle of David, which is fallen down, and I will build anew the ruins thereof, and let it up.

17. That the rest of mankind may seek the Lord, and all the nations on whom my name is invocated, laith the Lord, who doeth these things.

18. The Lord knoweth his own work from the b:-

ginning of the world.

19. For which realon, I judge that such of the Gentils as are converted to God, should not be moletted.

20. Bur we write unto them, that they abstain from the pollutions of idols, from fornication, and things fliangled, and from blood.

21. Fut

Chap. XV.

2r. For Moles of old hath in every city luch as preach him in the lynagogues, where he is read on

every labbath day.

22. Then was it resolved upon by the Apostles, and the Priests, with all the church, to choose men among them, and to lend them to Antioch, with Paul and Barnabas, viz. Judas, whose surname was Barnabas, and Silas, chief men among the brethren.

23. And they wrote by them thus. The Apostics and the Priests brethren, to the brethren who are of the Gentils in Antioch, and in Syria, and in Cilicia,

greeting.

- 24. For as much as we have heard that certain men, who went out from us, have troubled you with words, fubverting your fouls, to whom we gave no fuch commands:
- 25. It fremed good unto us, being affembled together, to choose men, and to lend them unto you with our dearly beloved brethren, Barnabas and Paul.

26. Men, who have expoted their lives: for the

name of our Lord Jesus Christ.

27. We have fent therefore Judas and Silas, who shall also tell you the same things by word of mouth.

28. For it seemed good to the Holy Ghost, and to * Relating to us, to lay no other burthen * upon you than these ne-

the Mosaical cessary things.

Ła∌.

- 29. That ye abstain from meats offered to idols, from blood, from things strangled, and from fornicazion: From which ye will do well to preferve your ielves. Farewel.
- 30. So when they were dismissed they came down to Antioch: And having gathered the multitude together, they delivered them the Epittle.

31. Which when they had read, they rejoiced, and

were comforted.

- 32. And Judas and Silas being prophets also themtelves, comforted the brethren with many words, and confirmed them.
- 33. And when they had tarried there for some time, they were lent away in peace by the brethrea unto thole who had lent them.

.. 34. But it fremed good unto Sylas to abide there,

and Judas only returned to Jerulalent.

35. Paul also and Bainabas continued in Antioch, teaching and preaching the word of the Lord with

many others allo.

36. And after foine days, Paul faid unto Barnabas: Let us recum and vifit the brethren in all the cities, in which we have preached the word of the Lord, w fee how they do.

37. Now

37. Now Barnabas would take along with him

John, whose surname was Mark.

38. But Paul intreated him to confider, that he (who departed from them in Pamphilia, and went not with them to the work, ought not to be received.

39. And the diffession was such, that they departed one from the other, and Bassabas took Mark, and falled to Consuc

failed to Cyprus.

40. But Paul chose Silas, and departed, being re-

commended by the biethren to the grace of God.

41. And he pailed thro' Syria and Cilicia, confirming the churches, and commanding them to obterve the precepts of the Apollies, and of the Priefts.

CHAP. XVI.

t. THEN came he to Beibe and Lyftra: And behold a certain Disciple was there named Timothy, the son of a jewish woman which believed, and whole father was a Gentil.

2. The brethren who were in Lystra and Iconium,

gave a good character of this man.

3. Therefore Paul would have him go along with himself, and he took him, and circumcifed him, be cause of the Jews which were in those parts: For they all knew, that his father was a Genil.

4. And as they passed thro' the cities, they delivered, and charged them to observe, the decrees which were ordained by the Apostles and by the Priests, who

were in Jegusalem.

5. And so the churches were confirmed in the faith,

and increased in number daily.

6. And as they palled thro' Phygia, and the region of Galatia, they were forbidden by the Holy Gnoft to speak the word of God in Asia.

7. But when they were come into Mylia, they attempted to go into Bythinia: But the spirit of selus

did not permit them.

8. And having passed thro? Mysia, they went down

to Troas.

9. And there appeared a vision to Paul by night: A certain man of Macedonia stood by him, and prayed him, taying: Come over into Macedonia, and help us.

to. So foon then as he had feen the vision, we immediately endeavoured to go into Macedonia, being affured that God had called us to preach the golpes

auto them.

11. Therefore letting fail from Troas, we came in

a direct course to Samothracia, and the next day to

Neapolis

iz. From thence to Philippi, which is the chief city of that part of Macedonia, a Roman colony, and we conferred together in the city for some days.

by a river fide, where there feemed to be a place of prayer: And being fat down, we spoke to the women

which were there affembled.

14. And a certain woman named Lydia, a feller of purple of the city of Thyatira, which worshipped God, gave ear to us: Whose heart the Lord opened to take notice of the things which were faid by Paul.

15. And when she and her samily had been baptized, she prayed us, saying: If we have judged me to be faithful to the Lord, enter into my house, and abide there. And she constrained us.

that a certain girl having a spirit of divination met us, which brought her masters much gain by south-

faying.

17. The same having sollowed Paul and us, cried out, saying: These men are the servants of the most high God, who declare unto you the way of salvation.

r8. And this she did for many days. But Paul being grieved, turned and faid to the spirit: I command thee in the name of Jesus Christ to go out of

her. And he came out the lame hour.

19. And when her masters saw that the hope of their gain was gone, they laid hands upon Paul and Silas, and led them into the market place the tulers.

20. And having given them up to the magistrates, they faid: These men being Jews do trouble our city.

21. And preach customs which are neither lawful

for us to receive, nor to observe, being Romans,

21. And the people rushed upon them: And the magistrates tent off their cloths, and commanded them to be whipped with rods.

23. And when they had laid many ftripes upon them, they cast them into prison, charging the jailor

to fecure them.

24. Who having received such a charge, thrust them into the inward polion, and made their feet fast in the stocks.

25. And at midnight Paul and Silas, being at prayers, praifed God: And the prisoners heard them.

26. And all of a sudden there was so great an earthquake, that the foundations of the prison were shaken. And immediately all the doors were opened, and every ones bands were loosed.

27. Whereupon the keeper of the prilon awak d, and feeing the prilon doors open, he drew his fword, and would have killed himlest, supposing the priloners to have fled away.

28. But Paul cried out with a loud voice, saying:

Do thy felf no harm: For we are all here.

29. Then he called for a light, and went in: And fell down trembling at the feet of Paul and Silas.

30. And having brought them forth, he faid: My

Lords, what must I do to be faved?

31. And they said: Believe in the Lord Jesus, and thou shalt be saved, and thy house.

32. And they spoke unto him the word of the Lord,

and to all that were in the houle.

- 33. And he took them the same hour of the night, and washed their wounds, and was forthwith baptized, he and all his family.
- 34. And when he had brought them into his own house, he let meat before them, and rejoiced with all his family for believing in God.

35. And when it was day, the magistrates sent

their lergeants, laying: Let thele men go.

36. And the keeper of the prison told these words to Paul: The magistrates have sent that ye should be enlarged: Now therefore depair, and go in peace.

37. But Paul said unto them: When they had whipped us publickly uncondemned, being Romans, they cast us into prilon, and now they would thrust us out privately. Not io: But let them come themselves and being us out.

38. And the lergeants told thele words unto the magistrates. And they were afraid, when they un-

derstood that they were Romans.

39. And they came, and begg'd their pardon, and having led them out, they prayed them to depart out of the city.

40. And when they were gone out of the prison, they went into Lydia's house, and having seen the brethren, they comforted them, and departed.

CHAP. XVII.

A ND when they had passed thro' Amphipolis, and Apollonia, they came to Thessalonica, where was a lynagogue of the Jews.

2. And Paul according to cuftom, went in unto them, and for three, labbath days he realoned with

them out of the icripture.

 Opening and alledging that Christ must have suffered, and have risen again from the dead: And this is the Jesus Christ, said be, whom I preach unto 3 DV.

4. And some of them believed, and consorted with Paul and Silas, as also a great multitude of the devout Gentils, and of the women of quality not a

Icw,

5. But the Jews moved with envy, took unto them Contain washedones tofathe vulgar fort, and having raised a tumult, let the city in an opposit and affaulted the houle of Jalon, and fought to produce them to the propie.

And when they found them not, they hal'd Jafon, and certain brethren to the rulers of the city, crying: These are they who fits up the city, and are

come higher. 7. Whom Jason hath received: And these all do contrary to the decrees of Colar, laying that there is

another King, named Jelus. 8. And they stirred up the people, and the rulers

of the city, which heard thefe things.

9. And when Jason and the rest had given security,

they let them go.

10. And the brethren immediately fent away Paul and Silas by night to Berea, who, when they arrived,

went into the lynagogue of the Jews.

11. Now their are more noble than the Jews which are in Thefialonica: For they received the word with ail readiness of mind, fearthing the leriptures daily, whether thole things were low-

12. And indeed many of them believed, both of the women of quality which were Gentils, and or

The men not a few.

13. But when the Jews in Thessalonica understood that the word of God was preached by Paul in Berea, they came thither allosto fiir up, and trouble the people.

14. Whereupon the biethren immediately fent away Paul, that he might go towards the lea: But Silas

and Timothy abode there

" Sup. To fraubie us.

15. And

15. And they that conducted Paul brought him on his way to Athens, and having received a commandment from him to Silas and Timothy, that they should come to him with all speed, they departed.

16. And while Paul waited for them in Athens, his spirit was stirred up in him, when he saw the city

wholly given to idolatry.

17. Therefore disputed he in the synagogue with the Jews, and with them that serve God, and in the market-place daily, with them that were there.

18. Then certain Epicurean and floick Philosophers disputed with him, and some said: What would this pratter say? And others: He seemeth to be a preacher of new Gods: Because Paul preached Iesus, and the resussection unto them.

19. And they took him, and brought him to Areopagus, * faying: May we know what is this new do- * i. e. The drine, which thou doft publish?

20. For thou bringest certain news things to our their grand cars: We would therefore know what they mean. Council of

21, (Now all the Athenians, and the strangers nators used to which dwelt among them, minded nothing else, but meet. to tell or hear some new thing.

22. Then Paul stood in the midst of Arcopagus, The Epistle on and said: Ye men of Athens, I perceive ye are beyond the Day of St.

all measure superifitions.

23. For as I past by, and saw your idols, I found reopagite, an altar also on which was written: To the unknown Oct. 9. God. That which we therefore worship without knowing him, the same declare I unto you.

24. God who made the world, and all the things which are in it, feeing he is Lord of heaven and earth, he dwelleth not in temples made with hands.

25. Nor is he worthipped with human hands, as if he needed any one, fince he giveth to all life, and breath, and all things.

26. And hath made of one all human kind for to dwell over all the face of the earth, aligning fet

times, and the limits of their habitation,

27. That they might seek God, if haply they might seel after, or find hun, tho' he he not far from every one of us.

28. For in him we live and move, and have our being, as, even some of your own poets, have said:

For we are also his off-ipring.

29. Since we are then the off-spring of God, we ought not to imagine, that the God-head is like unto gold, or filver, or stone, graven by att, and man's device.

* i. e. The
Place where
their grand
Council of Se.
nators used to
meet.

The Epiftle on the Day of St. Denis the Areopagite, Oct. 9. 30. And God having indeed overlooked the times of this ignorance, doth now declare unto men, that

all should in every place do penance.

at. Because he hath appointed a day in the which he will judge the world in equity, by the man whom he hath appointed, whereof he hath given sure proof to all men in racking him from the dead.

32. And when they heard of the refurrection of the dead, some mocked, and others said: We will hear

thee again upon this tubject.

33. So Paul departed from among them.

34. But tome adhered to him, and believed: Among which was Dionyfius the Areopagite, and a woman named Damaris, and others with them.

CHAP. XVIII.

1. A Fter these things, Paul departed from Athens,

2. And having found a certain Jew named Aquila, native of Pontus, who was lately come from haly, with his wife Pritchla, (because Claudius * had com* The Empe- manded all the Jews to depart from Rome) he came

unto them.

107.

3. And because he was of the same trade, he abode with them, and wrought: (For they were Tentmaker.)

4. And he disputed in the fynagogue every sabbath day, interposing the name of the Lord Jesus, and per-

Iwaded the Jows and the Greeks.

5. And when Silas and Timothy were come from Macedonia, Paul began to preach earnestly the word, testifying to the Jews that Jelus was the Christ.

6. But when the Jews contradicted him, and blatphemed, he shook his raiment, and said unto them: Your blood be upon your own heads: I am clear of it: Hencetorth I will go to the Gentils.

g. And having departed thence, he entred into a circuin man's house named Titus Justus, one who worth ped God, whose house was contiguous to the sy-

magague:

8. And Crispus the chief ruler of the synagogue beneves in the Lord, with all his family; and many of the Corinthians, who heard Paul, believed, and were paperzec.

9. Lion taid the Lord unto Paul by night in a vifion; he not afraid, but speak, and hold not thy

10. For I am with the e, and no man shall fet on thee,

thee, to hurt thee: For I have much people in this city.

11. And he continued there a year and fix months,

teaching the word of God among them.

12. And Gallio being proconful of Achaia, the Jews made infurrection with one accord against Paul, and led him to the judgment lear,

13. Saying: This man perfwadeth men to worthing

God contrary to the laws.

14. And when Paul began to open his mouth, Gallio faid unto the Jews: If it were a matter of wrong or wicked deed, O ye Jews, reason would, that I should bear with you.

15. But if it be a question of words and names, and of your law, look ye to it: I will be judge of no such

matters.

16. And so he caused them to withdraw from the tribunal.

17. Then they all took Softhenes the chief ruler of the Iynagogue, and bear him before the judgment-

leat: And Gallio took no notice thereof.

18. And when Paul had flayed yet many days, he took leave of the brethren, and failed for Syria (together with Prifcilla and Aquilla) having fhorn his

head in Cenchrea: For he had made a vow.

But he himself entred into the synagogue, and dispus mong the Jews ted with the Iews.

20. And when they had prayed him to flay a longer Heads, when

time, he confented not.

21. But bade them farewell, saying: I will, God lewn Vows. willing, return unto you again, and so he departed from Ephelus.

22. And when he had gone down to Celarea, he went up, and faluted the church, and then went down

to Antioch.

13. And when he had tarried there for some time, he departed, and went over all the country of Galatia, and Phrygia in order, confirming all the Dileiples.

24. And a certain Jew named Apollo, native of Alexandria, an eloquent man, and mighty in the scrip-

tures, came to Ephelus.

25. This man was instructed in the way of the Lord, and being servent in spirit, he spoke, and taught diligently the things which pertained to Jesus, tho' he knew only the baptism of John.

26. He therefore began to act confidently in the fynagogue. Whom when Priscilla and Aquilla had

heard,

Tt was a-Ceremony among the Jews to shave their Heads, when they made so-

heard, they took him, and instructed him more am-

ply in the way of the Loid.

27. And when he would go to Achaia, the brethren, having exhorted him thereunto, wrote to the Disciples to receive him. Who, when he was come, profited much, thole, who had believed.

28. For he publickly convinced the lews with much vigour, shewing by the icriptures, that Jesus

was Chuift,

CHAP. XIX.

Whitlun Eve.

The Epifile on 1. A ND it came to pals, while Apollo was at Whitlun Eve. A Corinth, that Paul having passed thro' the upper parts of Afia, came to Ephelus, and finding certain

Disciples,

2. He laid unto them: Have ye received the Holy Ghost fince ye received the faith? They said unto him: We have not for much as heard whether there be an Holy Ghost.

3. He faid: Whole baptism then have ye received?

They answered, the baptrim of john.

4. Then laith Paul: John baptized the people with the baptilm of penance, faying that they should believe in him, who should come after him, that is, in Jelus.

5. When they heard these things, they were bap-

tized in the name of the Lord Jelus.

6. And when Paul had impoled hands on them, the Holy Ghost came upon them.

7. And they looke with tongues and prophelied.

8. And all the men were about twelve.

9. And he went into the lynagogue, and spake with assurance for three months, disputing and pertuading

them of the kingdom of God.

10. But when divers of them were hardened, and believed not, speaking evil of the way of the Lord before the multitude, he departed from them, and feparated the Disciples, disputing daily in the school of one Tyranus.

11. And this continued for the space of two years, To that all those, who dwelt in Alia, heard the word

of the Lord, both Jews and Gentils.

12. And God wrought extraordinary miracles by the hands of Paul.

13. Informuch, that the very handkerchiefs of aprons, which were brought from his body, and applied to the fick, cuted their cileales, and the evil spirits went out of them.

14. Then certain of the vagabond Jews, exorcifis, attempted to invocate the name of the Lord Jesus, upon those who were possessed with evil spirits, faying: I adjute you by Jesus whom Paul preacheth.

15. And there were leven lons of one Sceva a Jew.

one of the chief Priests, which did this.

16. But the evil spirit answered, and said unto them: Jesus I know, and Paul I know; But who are

17. And the man who was possessed with the malignant spirit, rushed upon them, and overcame two of them, and prevailed against them, so that they sled out of that house naked and wounded.

18. And this was known to all the Jews, and Gentils, who dwelt in Ephelus: And fear fell on them all, and the name of the Lord Jelus was magnified.

19. And many of those who believed, came, and

confessed, and declared their deeds.

20. Many also of those who used curious arts, brought their books together, and burned them before the people: And having computed the price, they found the money did amount to fifty thousand pence.

21. So mightily grew the word of God, and was

confirmed:

22. After these things were ended, Paul purposed in the spirit, when he had passed thro' Macedonia and Achaia, to go to Jerusalem, saying. After I have been there, I must also see Rome.

23. And when he had fent into Macedonia two of thole, who ministred unto him, Timothy and Erastus,

he himlelf flayed in Afia for a season.

24. And at that same time, these arose no small

trouble concerning the way of the Lord.

25. For a certain filver-imith named Demetrius, who made little filver temples of Diana, brought no imall gain to those of his trade:

26. Whom he called together, with the workmen of like occupation, and laid: O men, ye know that

ly this trade we have our wealth.

27. Ye also see and hear, that not only at Ephelus, but almost over all Asia, this Paul hath perswaded and turned away much people, saying: That they are no Gods, which are made by the hands of men.

28. Now this will not only endanger the difcrediting of our trade, but also will bring the temple of Diana under contempt, as also destroy the majesty of her whom all Asia and the world worshippeth.

29. When they heard thefe things, they were filled

with

with wrath, and cried out, faying: Great is Diant

of the Ephelians.

30. And the city was all in confusion: And they rushed with one accord unto the theatre, dragging Gaius and Aristarchus, Macedonians, Paul's companions.

31. And when Paul would have entred in unto the

people, the Disciples suffered him not.

32. And even some of the chief men of Asia, who were his friends, sent unto him, desiring him, that he would not venture himself into the theatre.

33. Mean while lome cried one thing, and some amother: For the assembly was confused: And many of them knew not wherefore they were come together.

34. And they drew Alexander out of the multisude, the Jews puthing him forward. And Alexander making figns with his hands for filence, would have given lasisficient to the people.

35. But when they undergood that he was a Jew, all-with one voice about the space of two hours, cried

out : Greef is Diane of the Liphelians.

36. And when the town clerk had appealed the people, he said: Ye men of Ephelius, who is it that knoweth not, that the city of the Ephelians is a worthipper of the great Diana, and of the off-spring of Jupiter?

37. Since these things then cannot be contradicted,

ye ought to be quiet, and to do nothing rashly.

38. For ye have brought hither thele men, who are neither facrilegious men, nor blasphemers of your Goddess.

39. But if Demetrius, and the artificers, which are with him, have a matter against any man, the law is open, and there are Proconfuls, let them implead one another.

40. And if ye require any other matter, it may be

determined in a lawful affembly.

41. For we are in danger of being accused of this days uproar: Since there is no man (whereof we can give an account) guilty of this concount: And when he had faid these words, he dismissed the affembly.

CHAP. XX.

t. A ND when the tumult was appealed, Paul called together the Disciples, and having exhorted them, he took his leave, and departed for to go into Macedonia.

ly Mysteries.

the Eucharist.

- 2. And when he had gone over those parts, and had preached many termous unto them, he came into Greece:
- 2. Where having continued for three months, the lews laid wait for him as he was about to fail into Syria, whereupon he resolved to return by Macedonia.
- 4. And there accompanied him Sopater the fon of Pyrrhus of Berea; of the Thestalonians, Aristarchus, and Secundus; and Gaius of Derbe, and Timothy; of the Asiaticks, Tychicus, and Trophimus.

5. These being gone before tarried for us at Troas.

- 6. And we failed away from Philippi, after the day of unleavened bread, and came unto them to Trozs, in five days, where we abode level days.
- 7. And upon the first day of the week, when we had affembled together to break bread, * Paul being * i. e. To ceto depart on the morrow, dilputed with them, and lebrate the hocontinued his discourse until midnight.

8. And there were many lights in the upper cham- and to take

ber where we were aftembled.

o. And there lat in a window a certain young man named Eutychus, who, while Paul protracted his difpute, being overwhelmed, and oppsessed with a deep fleep, fell down from the third flory, and was taken up dead.

to. When Paul went down to him he lay upon him, and having embraced him, he laid: Be not troubled,

for his life is in him.

11. Then went he up again, and broke bread, and ear, and talked a long while, even till break of day; to he departed.

12. And they brought the young man alive, and

were not a little comforted.

13. And we went a ship-board, and sailed unto Astos, with an intent to take in Paul: For he had fo disposed, when he took his journey by land.

14. And when he met us in Allos, we took him in,

and came to Mitylene,

- 15. And having thence sailed, we came the next day over against Chios, and the day after we arrived at Samos, and the day following we came to Mile-
- 16. For Paul had resolved to sail by Ephesus, lest he should meet with any delay in Asia: For he hasted, it it were possible for him, to keep the day of Pentecost at Jeiulalem.

17. And he fent from Miletus to Ephelus for the The Epiflie on elders of the chuich. the Day of

St. Stephen

18. And Pope, Aug. 2.

18. And when they were come to him, and were together, he said unto them: Ye know from the fift day that I came into Afia, after what manner I have been with you at all lealons.

19. Serving the Lord with all humility and tears, and temptations which befel me by the lying in wait

of the Jews.

20. How I kept back nothing that was profitable, nor flip'd any opportunity to preach unto you, and to teach you publickly, and from house to house,

21. Teftifying both to Jews and Gentils, penance toward God, and faith in Jesus Christ our Lord.

22. And now behold I go bound in the spirit unto Jerulalem; not knowing what shall befal me there.

23. Only that the Holy Ghost witnesseth in every city, and faith, that chains and afflictions are laid

up for me in Jerulalem.

* i. e. Then

24. But I fear none of thele things: Neither do I value my life more than my felf, * provided I finish my Salvation. my course, and the ministry of the word, which I have received of the Lord Jesus, that is, to Dear witnels of the golpel of the grace of God.

> .25. And now behold I know that ye all, among whom I have gone preaching the kingdom of God,

shall see my face no more.

26. Wherefore I take you to witness this day, that I am innocent of the blood of you all.

27. For I have not shunned to declare unto you all

the counsel of God.

28. Take care sherefore of your selves, and of all the flock, over which the Holy Ghost hath placed you bishops to govern the church of God, which he hath purchated with his own blood.

29. I know that after my departure, ravenous wolves, which will not spare the flock, shall enter in

among you.

30. And even of your own selves shall men arise, speaking perverse things, that they may draw away Disciples after them.

31. Wherefore be vigilant, and remember, that I have not ceated night and day for the space of three

years with tears to admonish every one of you.

32. And now I commend you to God, and to the word of his grace, which is able to build, and to give you an inhiritance among all them that are tanctitued.

33. I have coveted no man's filver, or gold, or apparel, as

34. You your felves know: For these hands have

administred unto my necessities, and unto those who were with me.

25. I have shewed you all things; for we ought in labouring thus to support the weak, and to remember the word of the Lord Jesus: For he hath said: It is more bleffed to give than to receive.

36. And when he had faid thele words, he kneeled

down and prayed with them all

37. And they all wept bitterly, and fell on Paul's neck, and kiffed him.

38. Being very much grieved at the word which he faid, that they should see his face no more. And they conducted him unto the thip.

CHAP. XXI.

1. A ND it came to pals, that after we had failed away, being out of fight, we came strait to Coos, and the day following to Rhodes, and from thence to Patara.

2. And having found a ship bound for Phenicia.

we went aboard, and made fail.

3. And when we had discovered Cyprus we lest it on the left hand, and failed into Syria, and landed at Tyre: For there the ship was to unlade her burden.

4. And having found fome Disciples * we tarried * i. c. Sonis there seven days: And they said unto Paul, by the Christians.

ipirit, that he should not go up to jerusalem.

5. And when we had accomplished those days, we departed, and they all with their wives, and children, brought us on our way, till we were out of the city: And we kneeled down on the shore, and prayed.

6. And when we had taken our leave one of ano-

ther, we took ship, and they returned home.

7. From Tyre we came to Ptolemais, where we finished our voyage: And having saluted the brethien,

we abode with them one day.

8. And the next day we departed, and came to Cefarea. And having entred into the house of Philip the Evangelist, who was one of the seven, † we abode + Sur. Deas with him.

9. This man had four daughters, virgins which did

prophecy.

to. While we abode there for some days, there came from Judea a certain prophet, named Agabus.

11. When he was come unto us, he took Paul's girele, and having bound his own hands and feet, he faid: Thus faith the Holy Ghoft: So shall the fews in I-rulalem bind the man, who is the owner of this girdle.

girdle, and shall deliver him into the hands of the Gentils.

- 12. Which when we had heard both we, and those of that place, belought him not to go up to Jerusa-lem.
- 13. Then Paul answered, and faid: Why do ye weep, and afflict my heart? For I am ready not only to be bound, but also to die in Jerusalem, for the name of the Lord Jesus.

14. And when he would not be perswaded, we cea-

fed, faying: The Lords will be done.

as. And after those days, having made our selves

ready, we went up to Jerusalem.

r6. And there went with us also some of the Disciples from Celarea, and brought with them one Mnason of Cypius an old Disciple, in whose house we were to lodge.

17. When we were come to Jerusalem, the brethren

received us gladly.

18. And the next day Paul went in with us unto James, and all the Priests were affembled.

19. When he had falured them, he gave a particular account of the things which God had done a-

mang the Gentils by his ministry.

20. And when they heard these things, they glorified God, and said unto him: Thou leest brother, how many thousands there are of the Jews, who believe, and they are all zealous of the law.

21. And they were informed of thee, that thou teachest the Jews which are among the Gentils to forsake Moses: Saying, that they ought not to curcumcife their children, neither to walk after their customs.

22. What is to be done then? The multitude must needs come together: For they will hear that thou are come.

23. Do therefore this that we say unto thee: We

have four men, who have made a Vow.

24. These take, and purify thy self with them: And be at charges with them, that they may shave their heads; that all may know, that the things which they heard of thee, are falle, and that thou thy felf also keepest the law.

25. But as to the Gentils who have received the faith, we have written to them, and decreed, that they should abstain from things offered to idols, and from blood, and from things strangled, and from formeation.

26. Then Paul took the men, and the next day, having purified himself with them, entied into the tem-

ple to fignify the accomplishment of the days of their purification, until an oblation should be offered for every one of them.

27. And about the end of the seven days, the Jews which were of Asia, when they had seen him in the temple, firred up all the people, and laid hands on

him, crying out.

28. Men of Israel, help: This is the man, who teacheth all persons every where against the people's against the law, and this place, and moreover bath introduced Gentils into the temple, and hath possured this holy place.

29- For they had feen with him in the city Trophimus an Ephelian, whom they supposed, that Paul

had introduced into the temple.

30. And all the city was moved, and all the people ran together: And they took Paul, and drew him out of the temple: And forthwith the doors were thut.

3r. And as they were about to kill him, it was told unto the captain of the band, that all Jerulalem was

in an uproar.

32. Whereupon he immediately took foldiers, and centurions, and run down unto them. And when they had feen the captain, and the foldiers, they gave over beating of Paul.

33- Then the captain drew near and took him; and ordered him to be bound with two chains, and asked

who he was, and what he had done.

34. And some cried one thing, some another, among the multitude: And when he could not know the certainty for the tumult, he commanded him to be brought into the castle.

35. And when he came to the stairs, it so fell our that he was born up by the soldiers, for the violence

of the people.

36. For there followed a multitude of the people,

crying out: Away with him.

37. And as Paul was going into the castle, he salth unto the captain: May I speak something unto thee? The captain said: Canst thou speak Greek?

38. Are not thou that Egyptian, which before these days didst make an uproar, and didst lead out into the wilderness four shouland men that were murdeters?

39. Paul said unto him: I am indeed a Jew of Tarsus in Cilicia, a citizen of no mean city. And I pray thee, suffer me to speak unto the people.

40. And when he had permitted him, Paul stood on the stairs, and beckened with the hand to the peo-

ple: And when there was great filence, he spake in the Hebrew tongue, laying:

CHAP. XXII.

I. MEN, brethren, and fathers, hear ye my defence, which I now make unto you.

2. When they heard him speak in the Hebrew

tongue to them, they kept the more filence.

3. And he laith: I am indeed a Jew. botn in Tarfus in Cilicia, but brought up in this city, at the *The Rabbies feet * of Gamaliel, and raught according to the perfect or Dollors of manner of the law of the fathers, being zealous for the Law used the law, as ye all are also this day:

to lit on Cou-4. And I perfecuted this way unto death, binding and delivering into prilogs both men and women, ches, when

5. As the High Pri: It beareth me wignels, and all they read L.c.[fons to their the Elders, from whom also I received lefters unto Discipes, who the brethren, and went to Damascus to bring the lay on the Floor Christians bound from thence to Jerusalem, that they at their Feet, might be punished.

6. And it came to pals, that as I went on my jour-Hence it is, that St. Paul ney, and was come near Damaleus at noon-day, ludfaith: He was dealy there shone from heaven a great light round a-

taught at the bout me.

Chille

7. And I fell on the ground, and heard a voice lay-Feel of GamalieL ing unto me: Saul, Saul, why perfecuteft thou me?

8. I answered: Who art thou, Lord? And he said unto me: I am Jesus of Nazareth, whom thou perle-

9. And those that were with me saw indeed the light, but heard not the voice of him who lpoke to

to. And I faid: What shall I do, Lord? And the Lord 12id unto me: Arise, and go into Damatou. and there it shall be told thee of all the things which theu art to do.

11. And when I could not see for the brightness of that light, my companions led me by the hand, and

I came to Dam feus.

12. And one Ananias, who lived according to the law, having a good character from all the Jews his fellow citizens.

13. Came unto me, and flood by me, and faid unto me, Brother Saul, receive thy fight. And the lane

hour I looked up upon him.

14. And he faid: The God of our fathers hath pre-ordained thee, that thou shouldest know his with † i. e. Jeffes and fee the just one, † and shouldest hear the voice of his mouth.

15. Because

15. Because thou shalt be his witness unto all men, of the things which thou hast seen and heard.

15. And now why delayest thou: Asise and be baptized, and wash away thy fins by invoking his name.

- 17. And it came to pais, that when I was come again to Jerulalem, and prayed in the temple, I fell in a trance.
- 18. And faw him faying unto me: Make hafte, and be gone quickly out of Jerusalem: For they will not receive thy testimony concerning me.

19. And I faid: Loid they know that I imprisoned, and beat throughout the synagogues those, who belie-

ved in thee.

- 20. And when the blood of thy marty: Stephen was shed, I stood by, and consented thereunto, and kept the jaiment of those, who slew him.
- 21. And he said unto me: Go thy way, for I will send thee far hence unto the Geneils.
- 22. And they gave ear to him until this word, and then they lifted up their voice, faying: Away, with fuch a fellow from the earth: For it is not fit he should live.

23. And as they cried out, and cast off their cloaths,

and threw dust into the air.

24. The captain commanded him to be brought into the castle, and to be whipped with scourges, and to be tortured, that he might know wherefore they cried out so against him.

25. And when they had bound him with thongs, Paul faith unto the centurion, who stood by him: Is it lawful for you to icourge a Roman cuizen uncon-

demned?

26. When the centurion heard this, he went to the captain, and told him, faying: What are thou going to do? For this man is a Roman citizen.

27. Then the chief captain came, and said unto him: Tell me, art thou a Roman? He said: Yes.

28. And the chief captain answered: With a great sum of money have I purchased this freedom. And Paul said: But I was born so.

29. Whereupon the men that were to torture him, immediately departed from him. The chief captain also was afraid when he knew that he was a Roman

citizen, and because he had bound him.

30. On the morrow being willing to know for certain, why he was acculed by the Jews, he loofed imm, and commanded the Chief Priests and all the Council to meet, and brought Paul down, and let him before them.

CHAP. XXIII.

r. A ND Paul earnestly beholding the council, faid: Men and brethren, I have until this day, behaved my felt with a good confeience before God.

2. Hereupon the High Prieft Ananias, commanded those, who food by him, to strike him on the mouth.

2. Then faid Paul unto him: God shall strike thee thou whited wall. What! Doft thou fit to judge me according to law, and commandest me to be smitten contrary to the law.

4. Whereupon those, who stood by, said: Dost

thou curle God's High Priest?

5. Then laid Paul: I knew not brethren, that he was the fligh Priest. For it is written: Thou shalt

not curle the prince of thy people.

6. But when Paul perceived, that the one part were Sadducces, and the other Pharilees, he cried out in the council: Mon and brethren, I am a Pharifee, the · Sup. Of a ion of a Pharkee: Of the hope, * and refurrection of the dead, I am called in question.

> 7. And when he had faid their words, there arole a diffension between the Pharifees, and the Saddu-

cees; and the multitude was divided.

8. For the Sadducees fay, that there is no refune-Ction, nor angel, nor spirit: But the Pharilees confeis both.

9. And there arole a great cry. And certain of the Pharifees stood up, and strove, saying: We find no evil in this man: What it a spirit hath spoken to

him, or an angel?

to. And when there arole a great diffension, the chief captain being apprehensive lest Paul should have been torn in pieces by them, commanded the loldiers to go down, and to take him by force from among them, and to bring him into the castle.

er, And the night following the Lord stood by him, and faid: Be of good heart: For as thou hait testified of me in Jerusalem, so must thou bear wit-

nels allo in Rome.

12. And when it was day, certain of the Jews handed rogether, and bound themselves under a curse, laying; that they would neither eat, nor drink, till they had killed Paul.

13. And they were more then forty men, who had

made this complicey.

14. And they came to the Chief Priests and Elders, and faid: We have bound our felves under a great Curie,

futuye Life.

curse, that we will cat nothing until we have stain

15. Now therefore do ye with the council give notice to the chief captain, that you defire him to bring Paul before you, as the you would enquire fomething more particularly concerning him. And we are ready to kill him before he come near.

16. But Paul's fifters son, having heard of their lying in wait, came, and entred into the castle, and

declared it unto Paul. ..

17. Then Paul called one of the centurions unto him, and faid: Bring this youth unto the chief cap-

tain, for he hath fomething to tell him.

18. So he took him, and brought him to the chief captain, and faid: Paul the prisoner prayed me to bring this youth unto thee, who hath something to say unto thee.

19. Then the chief captain took him by the hand, and went aside with him, and asked him: What is

it, that thou hast to tell me?

ac. And he faid: The Jews have agreed to defire thee, that thou wouldest bring down Paul tomorrow into the council, as tho' they would enquire something

of him more perfectly.

21. But do not thou believe them: For there lie in wait for him of them more than forty men, who have bound themselves under a curse not to eat or drink, till they have killed him: And now they are ready, waiting for thy promise.

22. Then the chief captain dismissed the youth, and charged him that he should tell no man, that he

had given him notice of these things.

23. And having called two centurions, he said unto them: Make ready for the third hour of the night, two hundred soldiers, and threescore and ten horse, and two hundred spearmen, to go to Cesarea.

24. And provide beafts, that they may let Paul on,

and bring him fafe unto Felix the prefident.

25. For he was afraid left the Jews should take him away by force, and kill him, and that he himself should be traduced, (as if he had been bribed.)

26. And he wrote a letter to this tenour: Claudius Lysias to the most excellent president Felix, greering.

- 27. This man was taken by the Jews, and was to be killed by them, as I came upon them with an army, and releved him, having understood that he was a Roman.
- 28. And being willing to know the cause whereof they accused him, I brought him forth into their council.

29. Whom I found to be accused of questions of their law, but to have nothing laid to his charge

worthy of death, or of bonds.

30. And having had intelligence of their lying in wait to take away his life, I fent him unto thee, and told his accuses also, that they might accuse him before thee. Farewell.

31. Then the foldiers, as they were ordered, took Paul, and brought him by night to Antipatris.

32. And the next day they left the horiemen to go

with him, and returned to the caftle.

- 33. Who when they came to Celarea, and delivered the letter to the prefident, prefented Paul also before him.
- 34. And when he had read it, and had enquired of what province he was: And having understood, that he was of Cilicia.
- 35. I will hear thee, said he, when thy accusers are come. And he commanded him to be kept in Herod's palace.

CHAP, XXIV.

I. IVE days after, Anamias the High Priest went down to Cefarea with some of the Elders, and a certain orator named Tertullus, who appeared before the president against Paul.

2. And when Paul was cited, Tertullus began to accuse him, saying: Since by thy means we live in great peace, and that many things are amended by thy

intelight.

3. We accepted it always, and in all places, most

excellent Felix, with all thankfulnels.

4. But that I may not detain thee any longer, I may thee to hear us out of thy elemency a few words.

5. We have found this man a pestilent fellow, and a mover of sedition among all the Jews throughout the whole world, and the author of the seditious sect of the Nazarenes.

6. Who also endeavoured to prophane the temple, when we took, and would have judged according to

our law.

7. But the chief captain Lysias coming upon us,

by main force referred him out of our hands.

8. Commanding his accusers to come unto thee: By examining of whom thou thy self mayest take degnizance of all these things whereof we accuse him.

9, And the Jews also added, faying, that thele

things were for

- 10. Then answered Paul (the prefident having beckened unto him to speak: For as much as I know that thou hast been a judge thele many years unto this nation, I will the more chearfully make my detence.
- 11. For thou mayest understand that there is no more than twelve days, fince I went up to adore in Jerulalem.
- 12. And they neither found me disputing with any man in the temple, or firring up the people either in the lynagogues,

13. Or in the city: Neither can they prove the

things whereof they now accule me.

14. But this I confess unto thee, that according to the rules of that fect, which they call herely, so serve I the father and my God, believing all things which are written in the law, and in the prophets.

15. Having the same hope in God, which they themselves also expect, that there shall be a refur-

rection both of the just and unjust.

- 16. And herein do I study to have always a conlcience void of offence toward God, and toward men,
- 17. Now after many years I came to bring alms to my nation, and to make my offerings, and to fulfil my vows.
- 18. In the performance whereof they found me purified in the temple, neither with multitude, nor with tumulr.
- 19. And these were certain Jews from Asia, who ought to have been here before thee, and profecute, if they had any thing against me.

20. Or elie let thele very men here lay, if they have found any crime in me, while I stood before the

council.

21. Except it be for this only word which I uttered as I stood among them: Touching the refurrection of the dead, I am called in question by you this day.

22. Then Felix, having a perfect knowledge of this way, remitted them to another time, faying: When the chief captain Lysias cometh down, I will

hear you.

23. And he commanded a centurion to keep Paul, and to let him have rest, and that none of his friends

thould be hindred to minister unto him.

24. In some days after, Felix came with his wife Divilla, which was a fewels, and lent for Paul, and heard from him the faith, which is in Christ Jefus.

25. And as he reasoned concerning justice, and chastity, and suture judgment, Felix trembled, and answered: Go thy way for this time: When I am at leasure I will send for thee.

26. He hoped also that Paul would give him money; for which reason he often sent for him, and dis-

courled with him.

27. But after two years Porcius Festus succeeded Felix: And Felix being willing to favour the Jews, left Paul bound.

CHAP. XXV.

T. WHEN Festus was then come into the province; he went up in three days after from Cesarca to serusatem.

2. And the High Priests, and the chief of the Jews addressed themselves to him against Paul, and prayed

him.

3. Regging the favour of him, to command Paul to be brought to Jerusalem, that they might lie in wait, and kill him in the way.

4. But Festus answered, that Paul should be kept in Cesarea, and that he himself would go down very

1con:

5. Therefore, said he, such among you, as are best able, elet them go down with me, and if there be

any crime in the man, let them accule him.

6. And having tarried among them eight or ten days at most, he went down to Cesarea, and the next day he sat in the judgment-sear, and commanded Paul to be brought before him.

7. When he was brought, the Jews which came down from Jeruialem, stood sound about him, charging him with many and grievous crimes, which they

could not prove.

8. While Paul answered for himself, saying: Neither against the law of the Jews, neither against the temple, nor yet against Celar, have I offended in any thing.

o. But Festus being willing to favour the Jews, anfwered Paul, and faid: Wilt thou go up to Jerusalem, and there be judged concerning these matters be-

fore me?

there I ought to be judged: To the Jews have I done no wrong, as thou very well knowest.

thing worthy of death, I retute not to die: But if there be no truth in those things, whereof they ac-

* Sup. To pro fecuse him.

cufe

cule me, no man can deliver me unto them. I appeal unto Celar.

12. Then Festus having conferred with the council, answered: Hast thou appealed unto Cesar? Unto Cesar shalt thou go.

13. And when tome days had paffed, king Agrippa, and Bernice, came down unto Cefarea to falute

Festus.

14. And when they had continued there many days, Festus spoke to the king concerning Paul, saying: There is a certain man left in bonds by Felix.

15. About whom, when I was in Jerusalem, the Chief Priests, and the Elders of the Jews came to me, desiring me to pass sentence of death upon him.

16. To whom I answered, that it was not the oufrom of the Romans to condemn any man before he that is acculed, have his acculers face to face, and have liberty of answering for himself, in order to clear himself of his crimes.

17. Therefore when they were come hither, without any unlay, the next day, I fat on the judgment-feat, and commanded the man to be brought before

me.

18. Against whom, when his accusers stood up, they brought no crime, wherein I did imagine there could be any evil.

19. But had certain questions against him of their own superstition, and of one Jesus, which was dead;

whom Faul affirmed to be alive.

20. But being in doubt concerning such manner of questions, I asked him whether he would go to Jerutalem, and there be judged of these matters.

21. But when Paul had appealed to be referved unto the cognizance of Augustus, I commanded him to be

kept till I might lend him to Celar.

22. Then Agrippa said unto Festus: I would also hear the man my self. Tomorrow said he, thou shalr hear him.

- 23. And on the morrow when Agrippa was come, and Bernice with great pomp, and was entred into the place of audience, with the captains and chief men of the city, Festus ordered Paul to be brought before him.
- 24. And Festus said: King Agrippa, and all men which are here present with us, yesee this man, about whom all the multitude of the Jews have dealt with me in Jerusalem, earnestly representing with great cries, that he ought not to live any longer.

25. But when I found that he had committed no-

thing worthy of death, and that he himself had appealed to Augustus, I have resolved to tend him.

26. Of whom I have nothing certain to fend unto my Lord: Wherefore I have brought him forth before you, and especially before thee, O king Agrippa, that after examination had, I might know what I ought to write.

27. For it seemeth to me unreasonable to send a prisoner, and not to signify withall the crimes laid to

his charge.

CHAP. XXVI.

THEN said Agrippa unto Paul: Thou are permitted to speak for thy self: Whereupon Paul stretched forth his hand, and began to plead for himfelf.

2. I think my felf happy, O king Agrippa, for as much as I am to make my defence this day before thee, touching all things whereof I am acculed by the

Jews;

3. Especially, because thou are very well acquainted with all the customs and questions, which are among them: Wherefore I beleech thee to hear me patiently.

4. And indeed all the Jews know the life, which I led from my youth among my own nation in Jerusa-

lem,

- 5. For (if they would bear witness of the truth) they know, that I did, according to the most approved sect of our religion, from the beginning live a Pharisee.
- 6. And now I frand liable to judgment for the hope *Sup. Of the of the promise, * which God made unto our fathers.

 Resurration.
 7. Unto which promise our twelve tribes, which
 - 7. Unto which promise our twelve tribes, which serve God night and day, hope to come. For which hopes sake, O king, I am accused by the Jews.

8. Why should ye judge it incredible, that God

should raise the dead?

9. I my felf verily thought, that I ought to do many things contrary to the name of Jelus of Nazareth.

10. Which I also did in Jerusalem, and shut up in prison many of the Saints, having received authority from the Chief Priests: And when they were put to death, I voted for it.

fynagogue, I compelled them to blaspheme: And being exceedingly mad against them, I perfecuted them

even unto ftrange cities.

12. Where-

12. Whereupon as I went to Damascus with the authority, and leave of the Chief Priests,

13. At mid-day, O king, I saw in the way a light from heaven, beyond the brightness of the sun, shine round about me, and those who were with me. *

* Sup. Saw the fame.

14. And when we had all fallen to the earth, I the fame, heard a voice faying unto me, in the Hebrew tongue: Saul, Saul, why perfecuteft thou me? It is hard for thee to kick against the sting.

15. And I faid: Who art thou, Lord? And the

Lord faid: I am Jelus whom thou perfecuteft.

16. But rife, and frand upon thy feet: For I have appeared unto thee, to the end that I may appoint thee a minister, and a witness of the things which thou hast feen, and of those, for which I will appear unto thee bereafter.

17. And I will deliver thee from the people, and

from the Gentils, unto whom I now fend thee.

18. To open their eyes, that they may be converted from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan to God, that by believing in me they may receive forgiveness of fins, and an inheritance among the Saints.

19. Whereupon, O king Agrippa, I was not incre-

dulous unto the heavenly vision:

20. But preached first to those who were in Damascus, and in Jerusalem, and over all the land of Judea, and then to the Gentils, that they should do penance, and be converted to God, by doing worthy works of penance.

21. For this reason the Jews caught me, when I

was in the temple, and attempted to kill me.

az. But by God's affiftance, I continue unto this day, witnessing both to small and great, saying, none other things than those which the Prophets and Moles did say should come to pass, namely,

23. That Chift should suffer, that he should be the first who should rise from the dead, and should

fliew light unto the people, and to the Gentils.

24. As he thus spake, and pleaded for himself, Festus faid with a joud voice: Paul, thou are beside thy self: Much learning doth make thee mad.

25. Paul answered: I am not mad, most excellent Festus, but speak the words of truth and sobriety.

26. For the king knoweth of these things, before whom I speak bold: For I suppose, he is not ignomat of any of these things: For none of them was done in a corner.

27. King Agrippa, believest thou the Prophets?

I know that they believeft,

28. Then Agrippa faid unto Paul: Thou doft al.

most perswade me to become a Christian.

29. And Paul faid: I would to God, that not only. thou, but also all those who hear me this day, were both almost, and altogether such as I am, except thele bonds.

📚 30. And the king role up, and the prefident, and

Bernice, and they that fat with them.

31. And when they were gone alide, they talked among themselves, saying: This man did nothing worthy of death or of bonds.

22. Then faid Agrippa unto Festus: This man might have been fet at liberty, if he had not appealed

unto Celar,

CHAP, XXVIL

A ND when it was determined that Paul thould []. Sail into Italy, and should with other prisoners be delivered unto a man named Julius, a centerion of the Augustan band.

2. We went aboard's ship of Adrumetum, and set to lea, intending to fail by the coasts of Asia, one Ariftarchus a Macedonian of Theffalonica being with

3. And the next day we touched at Sidon, and lulius courteoully treated Paul, allowing him to vilit his friends, and to refresh himself.

4. From thence we fer out, and failed to Cyprus,

because the winds were contrary.

5. And when we had failed over the fea of Cilicia, and Pamphilia, we landed at Lystra, which is a city of Lycia.

6. And the centurion having found a ship of Alex-

andria bound for Italy, put us therein.

7. And we had failed flowly for many days, and Icarce were come over against Gnidus, the wind not luftering us to go forward, we failed under Crete near Salmone.

8. And by much ado we failed near the coalt, and * The Tews great Fast of came into a certain place, which is called the Goodhavens, nigh unto which was the city Thalassa. Explation,

9. And whereas much time was spent, and that fail-Month of Sep- ing was now dangerous, because the fast * was already

tember, after paft, Paul comforted + them. to. Saying: O men, I perceive that this varage is like to be with hurt and much damage, not only of

the lading and fhip, but allo of our fives. 11. But the centurion believed tather the master,

and,

which Month are ulusily very great Storms. † i. c. Admo. nijbed stiem.

kept in the

and the pilote of the ship, than those things which

were faid by Paul.

12. And whereas the haven was not commodious to winter in, many were of opinion to fail thence. if by any means they might attain to Phenice, which is a haven of Crete, and lieth toward the fouth-west. and north west, in order to pais the winter there.

12. And when the fouth-wind blew gently, suppofing they had gained their point, they lanched from

Asson, and coasted along the island of Crere.

14. But not long after, there arole against it 2 tempeffuous wind, called north east.

15. And when the thip was carried away, and could

not bear up to the wind.

- v. 6. And running under a certain iffand, which is called Cauda, we had much ado to come by the boat.
- 17. Which when they had taken up, they used helps, girding the ship underneath, left they should fall into quick-sands, struck their sails, and so were driven.
- 18. And when we had been toffed by a violent tempest, the next day they threw their goods over board:

19. And the third day, they cast out with their

own hands, the fpare tackling of the ship.

20. And neither the fun, nor the stars, appeared for many days, and the tempest was to violent, that

we loft all hopes of being faved.

21. And when we had fasted a long time, then Paul stood up in the midst of them, and said: O men, ye should have hearkened unto me, and not have loofed from Crete, to avoid this harm and loss.

22. And now I exhort you to have good courage, for there shall be no loss of any of our lives, but of

the ship.

23. For there food by me this night the angel of

God, whole I am, and whom I ferve,

24. Saying: Fear not Paul, thou must appear before Celar: And lo, God hath given thee all those, who fail with thee.

25. Wherefore, O men, be of good courage: For I have that confidence in God, that it shall be so, as it was told me-

16. However, we must be cast upon a certain

27. But when the fourteenth night was come, as we failed in the fea of Adria, about mid night the mariners thought they had discovered some land.

18. And having founded the depth, they found it

twenty fathoms: And when they had gone a little further, they found it fifteen.

29. Then tearing left we should have fallen upon rocks, they cast out four anchors a stern, and wished

for the day.

30. And as the mariners fought to flee out of the fhip, having let down the boat into the fea, under colour as tho they would have cast anchors out of the foreship.

31. Paul said unto the centurion, and to the soldiers: Except these men stay in the ship, ye cannot

be laved.

- 32. Then the foldiers cut the topes of the boat, and let it fall off.
- 33. And when the light began to appear, Paul intreated them all to take food, faying: This is the fourteenth day that ye have tarried, and continued fasting, having taken nothing.

* Sup. Worth
the speaking
of.

34. Wherefore I pray you take some nourishment for your health: For there shall not an hair fall from the head of any of you.

35. And when he had thus spoken, he took bread, gave thanks to God in presence of them all: And having broken it, he began to eat.

36. Then all of them took heart, and began to eat

allo.

37. Now we were in all two hundred, threescore, and fixteen souls in the ship.

38. And when they had eaten enough, they lightned the ship, casting out the wheat into the sea.

39. And when it was clear day, they knew not the land: But they discovered a certain creek with a shore, into which they were resolved to thrust the ship if they could.

40. And when they had weighed anchor, they committed themselves to the sea, and looked the sudderbands, and hoiled up the main-fail to the wind, and

made to the ihore.

41. And falling into a place where two leas met, they firanded the thip: And the tore-part fluck fail, and remained unmoveable, but the hunder part was broken by the violence of the waves.

42. Then the foldiers were of opinion that they should kill the Priloners, lest any of them should

cicape as they twam out.

43. But the centurion being willing to fave Paul, forbade the fact: and commanded these who could fwim, to cast themselves first into the Sea, and get to land.

44. And as to the rest, some were carried on boards, and some on broken pieces of the ship: And so it came to pals, that all the souls escaped to land:

CHAP. XXVIII:

A ND when we had escaped, we understood that the island was called Melita. And the barbarous inhabitants thereof did us no imali courtely.

2. For they kindled a fire, and refreshed us all, * * Sup. Whell

by reason of the present rain and cold,

? And as Paul had gathered a certain bundle of very much brush-wood, and faid it on the fire, there came a vi-

per out of the hear, and feized on his hand.

- 4. And when the Barbarians law the vehomous beaft hang on his hand, they faid among themselves: Certainly this man is a murderer, for the' he hath escaped the sea, yet vengeance suffereth him not to live.
- 5. But Paul shook off the beast into the fire, and felt no harm.
- 6. Whereupon they thought he would have fwollen, and fallen down dead juddenly: But when they had expected a great while, and faw no harm come to him, they changed their minds, and faid he was a God.

7. There were in the same place some lands, which belonged to the chief man of the ifland, whole name was Publius: This man received, and entertained us courtecuily for three days.

8. And it happened that the father of Publius lay fick of a fever, and of a bloody flux, him did Paul vilit, and having prayed, and laid his hands on him-

he healed him.

9. When this was done, all the diseased people in the illand, came to him, and were healed.

10. They did also heap many honours upon us; and + Castor and as we were to fail away, they laded us with fuel Pollux mere things as were necessary.

II. At three months end, we embarked in a ship of Pagan Poets Alexandria, which had wintered in the ifland, whole to have been

aims were Caltor and Pollux. t

12. And when we had landed at Syracula, we tar- tions in the

ried there three days.

13. From thence we took a compais and came to Ship had the Rhegium: And after one day, the fouth wind blew, Figure of theft and we came the lecond to Putebli ?

Supposed by the two Constellas Heavens, this Constellations 14. Where for its Aires

Chap. XXVIII. The Acts of the Apostles.

- 14. Where we found brethren, who prayed us to tarry with them seven days: And so we went towards Rome.
- of us, they came to meet us, as far as the marketplace of Appius, and the three taverns: When Paul had feen them, he thanked God, and took courage.

16. And when we came to Rome: Paul was permitted to dwell by himself with a soldier that kept

him.

- 17. Three days after, Paul called the chief of the Jews together: And when they were come, he said unto them: Men and brethren, tho' I have committed nothing against the people, nor against the customs of our fathers, yet was I delivered prisoner from Jerusalem into the hands of the Romans.
- 18. Who when they had examined me, would have fet me at liberty, because I had committed no crime that delerved death.

19. But when the Jews opposed my enlargement, I was forced to appeal to Celar, not as if I designed to accuse my nation of any thing.

20. For this reason therefore have I desired to see, and to speak with you. For I am bound with this

chain for the hope of Israel,

21. And they said unto him: We neither received letters from Judea, concerning thee, neither did any of the brethren, who came luther, tell, or speak ill of thee.

22. But we defire to hear from thee what thou thinkest: For as to this seet, we know that it is every

where opposed.

23. And when they had appointed him a day, there came many to him into his lodging, to whom he preached the kingdom of God, and perfwaded them concerning felus, out of the law of Moles, and out of the Prophets, from morning till evening.

24. And some believed the things which he said,

and lome believed not.

25. And when they agreed not among themselves, they departed upon Paul's saying this word: Well hath the Holy Ghost by the Prophet Isaias, spoken unto our satisfies,

26. Saying: Go unto this people, and fay unto them: With the ear ye shall hear, and shall not understand: And seeing ye shall see, and not perceive.

27. For the heart of this people is waxed gross, and their ears are dull of hearing, and they have closed their eyes: Left they should see with their eyes, and hear with their ears, and understand with their heart, and should be converted, and I should heal them.

28. Be it therefore known unto you, that this falvation of God is fent unto the Gentils, and that they

will hear it.

29. And when he had faid these words, the sews left him, and had much contesting among themselves.

30. And Paul dwelt two whole years in the lodge ings which he had hired, and received all that came in unto him.

31. Preaching the kingdom of God, and teaching things which concern the Lord Jefus Christ, with all confidence, without prohibition.

Y₂ THE

THE

Epistle of St. PAUL,

The Apostle, to the Romans.

CHAP. I.

The Epifile on 1. P AUL, a servant of Jesus Christ, called to be Christmas P an Apostie, separated unto the gospel of God, 2. Which he had before promised by his Prophets Eve. in the holy icriptures.

2. Concerning his fon, which was made unto him

of the feed of David according to the flesh,

4. Who was predestinated to be the son of God with power, according to the spirit of holiness, by the refurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ from the

5. By whom We have received grace, and apostleship for obedience to the faith among all nations for his name:

6. Among whom are ye also the called of Jesus

Christ.

7. To all that are in Rome, beloved of God, called to be Saints: Grace be unto you, and peace from God our father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

8. First, I thank my God thro' Jesus Christ for you all; that your faith is published over all the

9. For God is my wituels, whom I ferve with my spirit in the gospel of his son, that without ceasing 1 remember you, always in my prayers,

to. Befeeching him, that if it be his will, I may, by any means, now at length have a prosperous jour-

ney to come unto you.

11. For I long to see you, that I may impart unto

you tome (piritual grace to confirm you:

12. That is, that I may be comforted together with you, by that faith which is common both to you and to me.

17. Now I would not have you to be ignorant, brethien, that I have often purposed to come unto you, that I might have lone fruit among you also; even as among other Genrils: But was let hitherto.

14. I am debtor both to the Greeks, and to the

Barbarians; To the wife, and to the unwife.

15. So, (as much as in me lieth) I am ready to preach the guipel to you that are in Rome alfo.

16. For I am not assamed of the gospel: It being \$ he

the power of God unto salvation, to every one that believeth: To the Jew first, and next to the Greek.

17. For in it is the justice of God revealed from faith " unto faith: As it is written: The just liveth " i. e. Inteby faith.

riour Justice 18. For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven proceedeth against all the ungodinels and injustice of those men, from Faith,

who hold the truth of God in unjustice.

19. Because they knew what may be discovered of Bed in Faith, God; God himlelf making it known unto them.

20. For the invincible perfections of God, even his flife, and coneternal power and his God-head, from the creation of ceal their the world are clearly feen, being understood by the Knowledge of things that are made: So that they are without ex- the Truth of

21. Because that when they knew God, they glo- flence unjustrified him not as Gcd, not gave him thanks: But ly, became vain in their imaginations, and their foolish heart was darkened.

22. For in affirming themselves to be wife, they became foois:

23. And changed the glory of the incorruptible God, into the likenels of the image of corruptible man, and of birds, and four-footed beafts, and of le:pents.

24. Wherefore God gave them up to the defires of their hearts, to uncleannels; to as to abuse shame-

fully their bodies one with another:

25. Even those, who changed the truth of God into a lie, and worshipped, and served the creature rather than the creator, who is bleffed for ever. Amen.

26. For which reason God gave them up unto vile passions: For their women changed the natural use

into that which is against nature.

27. And in like manner alto the men, leaving the natural ule of the woman, burned in their lufts one with another, men with men working balenels, and receiving in themselves the recompence due to their error.

28. And as they did not like to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a reprobate sense, to do those things which are not convenient.

29. Being filled with all fort of injustice, of malice, fornication, coveroulnels, wickednels, full of envy, murder, ftrife, deceit, malignity, whilperers.

30. Backbiters, haters of God, despiteful, proud. haughty, inventors of evil, disobedient to parents,

31. Foolish, immodest, without affection, without faith, without mercy.

Y 3

God's exi-

The Episse of St. Paul

32. Who, knowing the justice of God, did not understand that those, who commit such things are worthy of death: And not only they, who do the same, but also such as consent to them that do them.

CHAP. IL

Therefore thou art inexcusable, O man, who soever thou art that judgest: For wherein thou judgest another, thou condemnest thy self; because thou doest the same things for which thou judgest another.

2. But we know, that God judgeth, according to

truth, those who commit such things.

3. Thinkest thou then, O man, who judgest those, who commit such things, and doest the same thy sell, that thou shalt escape the judgment of God?

4. Or despite that the riches of his goodness, and patience, and long suffering? Knowest thou not, that the goodness of God leadern thee to repentance?

5. But after thy hardness and impenitent heart, thou treasurest up unto thy self wrath against the day of wrath, and of the manifestation of the just judgment of God,

& Who will render to every man according to his

zvorks :

- 7. To these indeed, who by perseverance in good works seek for glory and honour, and immortality, eternal life:
- 8. And to those, who are contentious, and obey not the truth, but believe wickedness, indignation and wrath.
- 9. Tribulation and anguish upon every soul of man who doeth evil, of the Jew sirst, and then of the Gentil.
- no. But glory, and honour, and peace to every man, who doeth good, to the Jew first, and next to the Gentil.

ir. For there is no respect of persons with God.

in For as many as have finned without the law, thall periff without the law: And as many as have finned under the law, shall be judged by the law.

13. For not the hearers of the law are just before

God, but the doers of the law shall be justified.

14. When therefore the Gentils, who have not the law, do by nature the things commanded by the law, these having not the law, are a law unto themfeives:

15. Shewing the work of the law written in their hearts, their own conscience also bearing them witness, and their thought within themselves accusing or excusing them.

16. In the day, when God shall judge the secrets of

men by Jesus Christ, according to my gospel. * * The Gof17. But thou, who are called a Jew, and resteth pel. which I
in the law, and makest thy boast of God, preach.

18. And knowest his will, and approvest the things that are more excellent, being instructed by the law,

10. Art confident that thou thy felf art a guide of

the blind, a light to those who are in darkness,

- 20. An inftructor of the foolish, a master of babes, having the form of knowledge and of the truth in the law.
- 21. Yet thou, who teachest another, teachest not thy self: Thou, who preachest that a man should not steal, dost thyself steal:
- 22. Thou, who layest, that one ought not to commit adultery, dost thyself commit adultery: Thou, who abhorrest idols, dost thyself commit sacriledge.

23. Thou, who makest thy boast of the law, dishonourest God, by the transgression of the law.

24. For by your means, as it is written, the name

of God is blasphemed among the Gentils.

25. Circumcition profiteth indeed, if thou keep the law: But if thou be a transgressor of the law, thou art, notwithstanding thy circumcision, reputed as uncircumcised.

26. If therefore an uncircumcifed man observe the ordinances of the law, shall not he, the uncircum-

cifed, be reputed as circumcifed?

27. And io he, who (being by nature uncircumcifed,) fulfilleth the law, shall judge thee, who by the letter, and circumcifion, art a transgressor of the law.

28. For the true Jew is not he, who is so outwardly only: Neither doth circumcision consist only in that

which is outwardly done in the flesh.

And the true eircumcifion is that of the heart, in the spirit, and not according to the letter: Whose praise is not from men, but from God.

CHAP. III.

t. WHAT prelieminence then hath the Jew? Or what profiteth circumcifion?

The Epistle of St. Paul

z. Much every way: Chiefly, because they were

4 i. e. Wit the Law of God.

* P[a] so.

3. For what if tome of them did not believe? Shall their incredulity make void the faith of God? God forbid.

4. Now God is true, but every man is a liar, as it is written: * That thou mayeft be juffified in thy layings, and overcome when thou are judged.

5. But if our injustice commend the justice of God, what shall we say? Is God unjust, who taketh vengeance? (I speak as a man.)

6. God forbid: How else shall God judge this

world:

7. For if the truth of God hath abounded unto his glory by my lie; why yet am I also judged as a surner?

8. And not rather (as we are flanderously traduced, and as some, whose dampation is just, affirm that we say) let us do evil, that good may come on't.

9. What then? Do we excel them? By no means. For we have convinced both Jews and Gentils, that

they are all under his,

10. As it is written: There is none just, no not

11. There is none that understandeth, there is none

that leeketh after God.

12. They are all gone out of the way, they are altogether become unprofitable, there is none that doeth good, no not one.

13. Their throat is an open sepulchre, with their tongues they have dealt deceitfully: The poison of

alps is under their lips.

14. Their mouth is full of curling and bitternels.

13. Their feet are swift to shed blood:

16. Destruction and misery are in their ways:

17. And the way of peace have they not known:

19. Now we know that all the words of the law, are tooken to those who are under the law: That every mouth may be stopped, and that all the world may be subject unto God:

zo. Because there shall no flesh be justified before him by the works of the law: For by the law came

the knowledge of fin.

21. But now the justice of God without the law is manifested, being withested by the law and the prophets.

"22. And that justice of God, by the faith of Jesus Christ is for all, and upon all, who believe in him: For these is no distinction.

Nup O Ter

23. For

Merit or Re-

23. For all have finned, and have need of the glory of God.

24. Being justified gratis | by his grace thro' the | i. e. Without

redemption, which is in Christ Jelus.

25. Whom God hath propoted to be a propitization ward, by faith is his blood, for the manifestation of his inflication of his inflication of former fine.

justice, for the remission of former fins,

26. Thro' the forbestance of God, for the manifestation, I fay, of his justice at this time; That he might be just, and justily him who hash faith in Jefus Christ.

27. Where is thy boating then? It is excluded, By what law! Is it by the law of works? No: But by the law of raith.

28. For we suppose, that a man is justified by faith

without the works of the law.

29. Is God the God of the Jews only? Is he not

alfu of the Gentils? Yes, of the Gentils alfo.

30. For there is but one God, who justifieth by fairn the circumcited, and by the fame faith justifieth the uncurcumcited allo.

3.. Do we then dest oy the law by faith? God scroold: On the contrary we establish the law.

CHAP. IV.

I. HAT preheminence then shall we say, that our sather Abraham had, according to the sless?

z. indeed if Abraham were justified by works, he

hath whereof to glory, but not before God.

3. For what faith the scripture? Abraham believed God, and it was counted unto him for justice.

4. Now the reward due to him, who worketh, is

not imputed as a favour, but as a debt.

5. And on the contrary, to him who worketh not, but believerh in him who justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for justice, according to the decree of God's grace.

6. Even as David also saith, that the man is bleffed unto whom God imputeth justice without works.

7. Bleffed, faid be, are they, whole iniquities are forgiven, and whole line are covered.

8. Bleffed is the man to whom God hath not im-

puted fin.

9. Is this bleffing then for those, who are circumcifed only, or is it not for those, who are not circumcifed also? For we said, that the saith of Abraham was imputed to him for justice,

io How

to. How was it then imputed? Was it when he was circumcifed, or before he was circumcifed? Not when he was circumciled, but before he was circumciled.

11. And fo he received the fign of circumcilion, as a feal of the justice of the faith, which he had, being yet uncircumcifed, that he might be the father of all those who believe, tho' they be not circumciled, that justice might be imputed to them allo:

12. And be the father of circumcision, not only to those who are circumciled, but also to such as follow the steps of the faith, which was in our father

Abraham before he was circumcifed.

17. For the promise, that he should be the heir of the world, was not to Abraham, or to his feed by the law, but by the justice of faith.

14. For if those, who are of the law be heirs, faith is made yold, and the promife made of none

effect.

15. Because the law worketh wrath: * For where

no law is, there is no transgression.

16. Therefore it is by faith, † that according to * By Resson of Men's weak- grace the promise might be sure to all his feed, not ness in fulfil only to him, who is under the law, but also to him, ling the Law. which is of the faith of Abraham, who is the father † Sup. That of us all.

17. (As it is written: I have made thee a father of we are Heirs. many nations) before God whom he believed, who quickeneth the dead, and calleth the things that are not, as it they were in being.

> 18. So having hoped against hope he believed, that he might become the father of many nations, according to that which was laid unto him: So thall

thy leed be:

10. And he was not weak in faith, neither did he I Sup. Num- confider, that being now an hundred years old, his body was almost dead, and that Sara was past childthe Sand of the bearing:

20. Nor did he stagger at the promise of God thro' unbelier, but was throng in faith, giving glory

21. Being fully perswaded, that he was able to perform whatever he had promifed.

22. And therefore it was imputed to him for justice.

23. Now it was not written for his lake alone, that it was imputed to him for justice:

24. But for us also, to whom it will be imputed, if we believe in him, who raifed up Jelus Christ our Lord from the dead;

25. Who was delivered for our fins, and role again

for our justification...

to God:

Sea.

terless like

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

1. D Eing therefore justified by faith, let us have D peace with God thro' Jefus Christ.

2. By whom also we have access thro' faith into his grace, in which we fland, and rejoice in the hope of the glory of the children of God.

3. And not only so, but we glory in tribulation Ember Saturallo, knowing that tribulation worketh patience:

4. And patience, trial; and trial, hope;

s. And hope bringeth not shame: Because the love and for many of God is poured out into our hearts by the Holy Martyrs. Ghoft, which is given unto us:

6. For why did Christ, when we were as yet weak,

die in due time for the ungodly?

7. For one would scarce die for a just man: Thoone may perhaps venture to die for a good * man.

8. But God commendeth his love towards us: For made a Distin-

as much as while we were yet finners,

9. Christ in due time died for us: Much more then a just Man being now justified in his blood, shall we be saved and a good from wrath thro' him.

10. For if when we were enemies, we were recon-called him who ciled to God by the death of his son, much more be fulfilled the ing reconciled, shall we be faved by his life.

11. And not only to, but we also glory in God fes, a just thro' our Lord Jelus Christ, by whom we have now Man; and bim obtained this reconciliation.

12. Wherefore, as by one man fin entred into the than the Law world, and death by fin; even to death passed upon required, a men by this one wan, in whom all have finned.

13. For until the law, fin was in the world: But fin

was not imputed, when there was no law. T

14. Yet death did reign from Adam to Moles, even Moles. over thole, who have not finned after the manner of the transgression of Adam, who is the figure of him that was to come:

35. But the gift was not as the offence. For if by the offence of one man, many are dead: The grace and gift of God hath much more abounded unto many, by the grace of one man Christ Jesus.

16. And as it happened by that one fin, not lo was the gift: For the judgment was for one fin to condemnation; but the gift, | is for many fins unto ju- | Let. Grace. Rification.

17. For if thro' one man's offence, death reigned by one; much more shall those, who receive abundance of grace, and of the gift of justice, reign in life by one fetus Christ.

day in Whitfun Week;

The Epistle on

The lews Sion between Man. They Law of Mowho did more good Man.

† Sup. *Of*

18. There-

The Epistle of St. Paul

18. Therefore as by the offence of one, all men fell into condemnation; so by the justice of one, all men received the justification of life.

19. For as by one man's disobedience, many be came finners: So by the obedience of one, shall many

become jult.

20. Now, the law came in, that the offence might abound: But where fin abounded, grace did much more abound.

21. That as fin hath reigned unto death, even fo might peace reign thro' justice unto eternal life, by Iclus Christ our Lord.

CHAP. VI.

day after Penrecost.

The Epiftle on 1. WHAT shall we say then? Shall we continue the fixth Sunin sin, that grace may abound?

2. God forbid: For how thall we, who are dead to

fin, live any more therein?

2. Know ye not, that as many of us as were baptized in Christ Jelus, were baptized in his death?

- 4. For we are buried with him by baptilm unto death; that as Christ arose from the dead by the glory of the father, even so should we walk in newnels of life.
- 5. For if we have been planted together in the likenels of his death, we shall be so in the likenels of his refurrection:

* i. c. The finful Body.

6. Knowing this, that our old man was crucified with him, that the body of fin * might be destroyed, and that henceforth we should not serve sin.

7. For he that is dead, is delivered from fin.

8. Now if we be dead with Christ, we believe that we shall also live with Christ.

9. Knowing that Christ being raised from the dead, dieth no more; Death shall have no more dominion over him.

10. For in that he died, he died once for fin:

But in that he liveth, he liveth unto God.

11. In like manner, account ye also your selves to be dead indeed unto lin, but alive unto God, in Christ Jelus our Lord.

12. Let not fin reign therefore in your mortal body,

in order to obey the lufts thereof.

13. Neither yield ye your members as instruments of iniquity unto fin; but yield your felves unto God, as being alive from the dead, and confectate your members as instruments of justice unto God.

14. For an shall not have dominion over you: For

Te are not under the law, but under grace.

15. What

15. What then? Shall we fin, because we are not

inder the law, but under grace? God forbid.,

16. Know ye not, that to whom ye yield your selves The Epistle on servants to obey, his servants ye are to whom ye o- the seventh pey; whether of sin unto death, or of obedience unto Sunday after justice.

Pentecost.

17. But God be thanked, that being fervants of fin, ye have obeyed from the heart that form of dofrine, which was delivered you.

18. Being then freed from fin, ye became the fer-

vants of justice.

- 19. I speak after the manner of men, because of the infirmity of your fiesh: For as ye have yielded your members to serve uncleanness and injustice for iniquity; even so now yield your members to serve justice for fanctification.
- 20. For when ye were the fervants of fin, ye were free from justice.

21. What fruit had ye then in those things, whereof ye are ashamed? For the end of those things is
death.

22. But now being made free from fin, and become fervants to God, ye have your fruit unto fanctification, and the end, everlatting life.

23. For the wages of fin is death: But the grace of

God is eternal life in Christ Jelus our Lord.

CHAP. VII.

I. NOW ye not brethren, (for I speak to such as understand the Jaw) that the law hath dominion over a man so long as he liveth?

2. For as a married woman is bound by the law as long as her husband liveth: But if her husband die,

the is loofed from the law of her huband.

3. If the be then married to another man, while her husband liveth, she shall be called an adultress: But if her husband be dead, she is freed from the law of her husband, so as not to be an adultress, tho' she be married to another man.

4. Even so my brethren, ye also are become dead to the law by the body of Chieft, † that ye may pertain † i. e. Cirift's to another, who is risen from the dead, to the end Body crucified we may bring forth fruit unto God.

del abolify the

5. For when we were in the flesh, the passions of Law, for that sin, which came by the law, did work in our mem- we are no more bers to bring forth fruit unto death.

under the Toke

6. But now we are loosed from the law of death, thereof. wherein we were held: So that we may serve in new-nels of spirit, and not in the oldness of the letter.

7. What

Chap. VIL The Epistle of St. Paul

forbid. But I did not know fin, but by the law-* Sup. To be a Sin. 4 Sup. Tby Neighbour's

Wije.

For I should not have known concupitence, * if the

law had not faid: Thou shalt not covet. † 8. But in taking occation by the commandment wrought in the all manner of concupifcence: For

7. What shall we say then? Is the law sin? God

without the law fin was dead. o. And I my felf lived for a time without the last But when the commandment came, fin revived,

to. And I died: And the lame commandment lile. An Occa- which was ordained unto life, was found to be death'

fion of Death. unto me.

11. For fin taking occasion by the commandment feduced me, and by it flew me.

12. Wherefore the law is indeed holy, and the com-

mandment holy, and just, and good.

13. Was then that which is good, made death unte me? God forbid. But fin, that it might appear in, wrought death in me by that which is good; to the end, his might become exceeding highly by the commandment.

14. For we know that the law is spiritual; but I

am carnal, fold under fin.

15. For I understand not what I do: For I do not the good which I would: But the evil which I hate, that do I.

16. If then I do that which I would not, I consent

unto the law, and acknowledge that it is good.

17. Now then, it is no more I that do it, but fin that dwelleth in me.

18. For I know that there is no good in me, that is, in my fleth: For to will is prefent with me, but how to perform that which is good, I find not.

19. For the good that I would, I do not: But the

evil which I would not, that I do.

20. Now if I do that which I would not, it is no more I that do it, but fin that dwelleth in me.

21. When I would then do good, I find in me a law

that refifteth; because evil dwelleth in me.

22. For I delight in the law of God according to the interior man.

23. But I feel another law in my members repug naut to the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity unto the law of fin, which is in my members.

24. O unhappy man that I am, who shall deliver me from the body of this death?

25. The grace of God thro' Jelus Christ our Low. So then, with the mind I my felf ferve the law of God; but with the field, the law of his.

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

1. HERE is therefore now no condemnation for those, who are in Christ Jelus, and who walk not according to the flesh.

2. For the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus. hath delivered me from the law of fin and death.

3. For what the law could not do, for as much as it was made weak by the flesh, God bath done, in fending his own fon in the likenels of finful flesh * # i. e. Oband for fin condemned fin in the flesh.

4. That the justification of the law might be fulfilled in us, who walk not according to the fiesh, but

according to the spirit.

5. Fer fuch as are carnal do mind the things of the fleth; but, such as are spiritual do sayous; the things of the spirit.

6. For the prudence of the flesh is death; but the

prudence of the spirit is life and peace.

7. Because the wildom of the flesh is an enemy to God: For it is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can it be.

8. So then, such as are in the fiesh, † cannot please † i. e. Live God.

9. Now ye are not in the flesh, but in the spirit: the irregular If yet the spirit of God dwell in you. But if any Defines of the man have not the spirit of Christ, he is none of his. Plest.

10. And if Christ be in you, the body is indeed dead because of fin; but the spirit liveth because of

iustification.

11. But if the spirit of him, who raised up Jesus from the dead, dwell in you; he that raised up Jesus Christ from the dead, shall also quicken your mortal bodies, by reason of his spirit, that dwelleth in you.

12. Therefore brethren, we are debtors, not to the The Epiftie on

Belh, that we should live after the fiesh.

12. For if ye live after the flesh, ye shall die; but Sunday after if ye mortily by the spirit the works of the flesh, ye Pentecost. thall live.

14. For all those, who are afted by the spirit of God, are the children of God.

15. For ye have not received the spirit of bondage to live again in fear; but ye have received the spirit of the adoption of children, whereby we cry Abba (lather.)

16. For the spicit it self beareth witness to our

spirit, that we are the children of God.

17. Now if we are children, we are heirs also: Heirs indeed of God, and joint heirs with Christ: Provided

nexiousto Sin.

according to

Provided also we suffer with him, that we may be allo glorified with him.

The Epifile on the fourth Pentecoit, and for many Martyrs.

18. For I reckon that the sufferings of this present time, are not worthy to be compared to the future Sunday after gloty, which shall be revealed in us.

19. For the expectation of the creature waiteth for

the manifestation of the kingdom of God.

20. For the creature is made subject to vanity, not willingly, but by realon of him, who hath subjected the lame in hope.

21. Becaule the creature it self also thall be delivered from the bondage of corruption, into the glo-

tious liberty of the children of God.

22; For we know that every creature groneth, and

travaileth in pain until now.

- 23. And not only they, but our felves also, who have the first fruits of the spirit, even we our selves grone within our felves, waiting for the adoption of the children of God, to wit, the redemption of our body.
- 24. For we are faved by hope: But hope that is feen, is not hope: For what a man leath, why noth he hope for?

25. But if we hope for what we fee not, then do

we with patience wait for it.

26. Beiides, the spirit also helpeth our infirmity: For we know not what we should pray for as we ought: But the spirit it self asketh for us with grouings which cannot be expressed.

27. And he, who fearcheth the hearts, knoweth what the spirit defireth, because he doth according

to God aft for the Saints.

28. Now we know that all things contribute to the good of those, who love God, of those, who according to his will are called to be Saints.

29. For whom he did foreknow, he also did predestinate to be conformed to the image of his ion, that he might be the first born among many bre-

threp.

30. And whom he did predestinate, them he also called: And whom he called, them he also justified: And whom he justified, them he also glorites.

31. What shall we say then to these things: If

God be for us, who shall be against us?

32. He, who spared not his own son, but delivered , him up for us all, how shall he not with him allo treely give us all things?

33. Who shall accuse God's elect? It is God that

just inech,

24. Who shall condemn them? Christ Tesus who died, yea rather who is rifen again, who is at the tight hand of God, who also intercedeth for us.

35. Who shall separate us then from the love of The Epistle for Christ? Shall tribulation? Or diftress? Or hunger? St. Ignatius, of nakedness? Or danger? Or perfecution? Or the Feb. 1. fword?

36. (As it is written: We are every day delivered up to death for thy lake: We are accounted as sheep for the ilaughtet.)

37. But amidft all these evils we overcome, thro'

him who loved us.

38. For I am sure, that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things prefent, nor things to come, nor force,

39. Nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, the Faith of shall be able to separate us from the love of God, Chrift : The

which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

CHAP. IX.

t. I say, the truth in Christ, I lie not, my conscience L bearing me witnels in the Holy Ghost:

2. That I have great sadness, and continual forrow fed is he that

in my heart.

3. For I could wish that I my self were accursed + for Christ for the lake of my brethgen, who are my kinfmen according to the flesh:

4. Who are liraelites, to whom pertaineth the adoption of the children of God, and the glory, and the covenant, and the giving of the law, and the fome other worship of God, and the promiles:

5. Whose are the fathers, and of whom according for the Faith to the flesh is Christ, who is God blessed above all

for ever. Amen.

6. Not that the word of God hath failed: For all those, who are come from Israel, are not Israelites:

7. Neither are they all children, who are of the seed of Abiaham: Bur in Ifaac, faid God unto bim, ner, as Chrift shall thy feed be called.

8. That is, they that are the children of the fleth, made an Ana are not the children of God, but they that are the children of the premile, are reputed to be of the fred.

9. For these are the words of the promise: I will for the World. come at this time, † and Sara thall have a fon.

16. And not only the, but also Rebecca conceived

of two lons at once by our father ilaac.

11. For before they were born, or had done any good

Word in Latin is Anathema, an accurred thing. The Law fays, curbangeth on a Tree. St. Paul means, that be could wift he were hanged. or put to Death Sbameful Way his Brethren's fake, that is, that he may die for them in some mandied, and wat thenia or and accurfed thing

good, or evil, (that the decree of God might fland according to his election.)

12. Not of works, but of him that valleth, it was said unto her.

13. The elder shall serve the younges: As it is Written: Jacob have I loved, but Etau have I hated.

14. What shall we say then? Is there any injustice

in God? By no means.

15. For he faith unto Moles: I will have mercy on whom I please to have mercy, and I will have compatition on whom I pleafe to have compassion.

16. It is not then of him that willeth, nor of him

that runneth, " but of God that sheweth mercy.

17. For the scripture taich unto Pharao: For this very thing have I railed thee up, that I might shew my power in thee, and that my name might be declared over all the earth,

is. Therefore hath he mercy on whom he will,

and whom he will he hardeneth. †

19. Thou wilt fay: then unto me: Why doth he Hearts, but be- yet find fault? For who can relift his will?

20. O man who are thou, that replied against God? Doth the earthen vessel say to him that tormed it? Why hast thou made me thus?

21. Hath not the potter power to make of the same lump of clay, one vessel to honour, and another

unto diffication di l'acceptant l'acceptan

22. What if God being willing to shew his wrath, and to make his power known, endured with much patience the vessels of wrath fit for destruction.

23. That he might show the riches of his glosy on the vessels of mercy, which he had prepared unto

gioty ?

24. Even on us, whom he hath called, not only from among the Jews, but also from among the Gentils

25. As he saith in Osee: I will call them my people, which were not my people; I and her, beloved, which was not beloved; and herethe object of my mercy, which had not obtained mercy.

26. And it shall come to pals, that in the place where it was faid unto them: Ye are not my people; there shall they be called the children of the living

God.

27. And Isaias crieth out for Israel: Tho the number of the chi dien of ilized be as the land of the les, a remnant fhail be laved.

28. For God in his justice will confume, and cut off his people: The Lord will make a great clinion. tion up on the earth.

* Sup. That it dependet b to do mell.

† Not that God doth in. spire or suggest Malice unto any by which Men barden their eause be withdraweth his Grace from those who have abuled their former Grace. be is said in

Scripture Phrafe, to baiden tleir Hearts.

i, e. The Gentils.

* Verbum in Serieture

Phase, significs somet mes a Word, and

[ometimes Matters or Things. Here

il figuifics Things, and thefe Things

aie Gra's Peop.e whom the

Aprille [ays G d will cut of.

29. And

' viz. *Feful*

29. And, as Isaias hath foretold: Except the Lord of hofts had left us a feed, we had been as Sodom, and made like unto Gomortha.

30. What shall we say then? That the Gentils, which sought not for justice, have attained to justice which is he faith

stice; even the justice which is by faith.

31. But that ifrael, by following the law of justice, hath not attained to the law of justice.

32. Why to? Because they did it not by faith, but, as it were, by the works of the law: For they struck against the stumbling stone:

33. As it is written: Behold I lay in Sicn a stum- Christ; bling stone, and a rock of offence: And wholoever

believeth in him, shall not be confounded.

CHAP. E.

1. B Rethten, my hearts desire, and my earnest prayer to God is put up for their salvation.

z. For I bear them witness, that they have a zeal

for God, but not according to knewledge.

3: For being ignorant of the justice of God, and going about to establish their own, they have not submitted themselves to the justice of God;

4. For Christ is the end of the law, for the justisti-

cation of every one, who believeth in him.

5. And Moles liath written; that the man who doeth the justice, which is of the law, shall live in it.

6. But as to the justice which is of faith, he faith thus: Say not in thine heart, who shall ascend into heaven? That is, to bring down Christ.

7. Or who shall descend into the abyse? That is,

to recal Christ from the dead.

8. But what faith the scripture? The word is near thee, it is in thy mouth, and in thy heart. This is the word of faith which we preach:

9. That if thou confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and believe in thy heart, that God hath raised

him from the dead, thou shalt be saved.

to. For man must believe with the heart to be ju. The Eriftle bit stiffed; and confess with the mouth, to be saved. St. Andrew's

tr. Since the Scripture faith : Wholoever believeth Day, Nov. 304

in him shall not be confounded.

12. For there is no distinction of the Jew and Greek. Seeing the lame Lord of all, is rich unto all, who invocate him.

13. For every man whatfeever, who stall invocate the name of the Lera, shall be faved.

Idolatry.

14. But how shall they invocate him, In whom they have not believed? Or how shall they believe in him, of whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher?

As it is written: How beautiful are the feet of thole, who preach the golpel of peace, the golpel of good

things!

16. But they do not all obey the gospel: For Isaias, saith: Lord, who hath believed what he heard from us?

17. Therefore faith is by hearing, and hearing by

the word of Christ.

18. But I lay, have they not heard? Yes, truly, their found went over all the earth, and their words

muto the end of the world.

19. But did not Krzel, I say, know it? First Moses saith: I will make you jealous of a nation which
is no nation: * I will provoke you to anger against a
descreth not soolish nation.

the Name of a 20. But Isaias speaketh boldly, and saith: I was Nation by found by them who sought me not: I appeared openly reason of their to those who asked me no question.

21. But to Ifrael, he faith: All day long have I firetched forth my bands unto an incredulous and

gain-faying people.

CHAP. XI.

I. I say then, hath God cast away his people? God I forbid: For I my self am an Israelite of the seed of Abraham, of the tribe of Benjamin.

2. God liath not cast away his people, which he foreknew. Know ye not what the scripture saith of

Lies: How he speaketh to God against Israel.

3. Lord they have killed thy prophets; they have shrown down thine altars: And I am left alone, and they feek my life.

4. But what doth God answer him? I have reserved to my self seven thousand men, who have not

bent their knees before Eaal.

3. Even so then at this present time also, there is a semnant saved according to the election of grace.

6. Now if by grace, it is no more by works; elie

grace is no more grace.

7. What then? Issel hath not obtained that which he fought: But they that were chosen obtained it, and the seit were blinded:

& As it is whiten: God gave them the spirit of

1:111

flumber: Eyes that they might not fee, and ears that they might not hear until this day.

9. And David faith: Let their table be a fnare and a trap, and a subject of scandal, and punishment unto them.

10. Let their eyes be darkened that they may not

fee: And bend their backs always.

God forbid: But by their offence falvation is come ever-

12. Now if the fall of them be the riches of the world, and the diminishing of them the riches of the

Gentile; how much more their fulness?

ty. For I speak to you, Gentils: And since I am the Apostle of the Gentils, I will honour my ministry:

14. To fee if I might by any means excite to emulation those of my own fiesh, and might save some of them.

15. For if the loss of them be the reconciling of the world: What shall the receiving of them be, but life from the dead.

16. And if the first fruit be holy, the lump is also holy: In like manner, it the soon be holy, so are the

branches.

17. And if some of the branches be broken off, and that thou being a wild olive tree, wast graffed on them, and dost partake of the root, and fatness of the plive-tree;

18. Boaft not against the branches. If thou doft: Know that thou bearest not the root, but the root thee.

19. But thou wilt fay: The branches were broken

off that I might be ingraffed.

ze. Well: They were broken off because of their incredulity, and thou flandest by faith. Be not high minded, but fear.

21. For if God spared not the natural branches,

take beed left he spare not thee.

22. Behold therefore the goodness and severity of God: His severity indeed to them that fell; but his goodness to thee, if thou continue is goodness; else thou also shalt be cut off.

23. In like manner they shall be ingrassed, if they persist not in their incredulity: For God is able to

graff them in again.

24. For if thou wert cut out of the olive-tree, which is wild by nature, and wert graffed contrary to nature into a good olive-tree; how much more shall these, which are the natural branches, be graffed into their own olive-tree?

2.5. For I would not, brethren, have you to be ivnorant of this mystery (lest ye be wile in your own conceits) that blindness in part hath happened to Is. rael, until the fulnels of the Gentils be come in.

26. And so all Israel shall be laved: As it is written: There shall come out of Sion a deliverer, and

he shall turn away implety from Jacob.

27. And this shall be the covenant, which I will make with them; when I shall take away their

28. According to the golpel, they are indeed enemies for your take: But according to the election, they are very much beloved for the father's fake.

29. For the gifts and vocation of God are with-

out repentance. * * i. e. God mover repens-

30. And as ye in times past have not believed in eth for what God, but now have obtained mercy thro' their incredulity &

be docth.

you.

† i. e. In the 31. Even to they have not now believed in your †

nercy bewn to mercy, that they might also obtain mercy.

32. For God hath concluded all in unbelief, that he might have mercy upon all.

day

The Epifile on 33. O the depth of the riches both of the wildom Trinity Sun- and knowledge of God! How incomprehensible are his judgments, and how unfearchable are his ways!

34. For who hath known the thoughts of the Lord.

or who hath been his counfeller?

35. Or who hath first given to him, and it shall

be returned unto him again?

36. Since all things are from him, and by him, and in him: To him be glory for ever. Amen.

CHAP. XII.

the fift Sun-Epiphany.

The Epifle on I. T Beleech you therefore, brerhren, by the mercy I of God, present your bodies a living sacrifice, day after the holy, acceptable unto God, as your realonable fervice.

> 2. And be not conformed to the prefent age, but be ye reformed in the newnels of your mind: That ye may prove what is the good, and acceptable, and

perfect will of God.

- 3. For I lay, by the grace which is given to me. unto all thole, who are among you; not to be more wile than ye ought, but to be wife unto fobriety: And as God hath dealt unto every one the meature of faith.
- 4. For as we have many members in one body, and all members have not the fame function:

s. So we being many are one body in Christ, and

every one members one of another.

6. Having then different gifts, according to the The Epifle on grace which was given to us; whether prophecy ac- the fecond Suncording to the proportion of faith, day after the

7. Or ministry, in serving; or doctrine in teach. Epiphany,

ing.

8. The gift of exhortation in exhorting; of giving with simplicity; of governing with diligence; of thewing mercy with cheerfulnefs.

9. Let love be without distimulation: Abhor evil:

cleave to that which is good.

- to Love one another with brotherly charity: Prevent one another in honour.
- It. Be not Mothiul in your duty: Be fervent in ipirit: Serve the Lord.
- 12. Rejoice in hope: Be patient in tribulation: Perievere in prayer.
- 13. Supply the necessities of the Saints: Exercise holpitality.
- 14. Biels them, who perfecute you: Blels, and curle not.

15. Rejoice with them that do rejoice, weep with

them that do werp.

16. Be of the same mind one towards another. Be not high minded, but condescend to men of low condition. Be not wife in your own conceits.

17. Return to no man evil for evil. Be careful to the third Sundo good, not only in the fight of God, but also in day after the the fight of all men.

18. If it be possible, as much as in you lieth, live

peaceably with all men:

19. Dearly beloved, revenge not your felves, but give place unto wrath. For it is written: Vengeance pertaineth to me; I will repay, faith the Lord.

zo. But if thine enemy hunger, feed him: If he thirst, make him drink. For in lo doing, thou shalf

heap coals of * fire upon his head.

21. Be not overcome by evil, but overcome evil kind Ufage with good.

CHAP. XIII.

1. TET every foul be subject unto the higher pow- Metaphorused ers: For there is no power which cometh not by the Jews to from God: And fuch as are, were ordained by God, lightly a Ret

2. Wherefore he that relifteth power, relifteth the conciliation. ordinance of God. And they that relift, purchale damnation to themselves.

The Epistle on Epiphany.

* i. c. By the thou foals kindienthe Fire of Chaity in

bim.

2. For

The Epifile of St. Paul

2. For princes are not a terror to good works, but to evil. Wilt thou then not be afraid of the power?

Do good and thou finalt have praise by it.

4. For he is the minister of God to thee for good. But if thou do evil, be afraid: For he beareth not the fword in vain; feeing he is the minister of God to execute wrath on him, who doeth evil.

5. It is therefore necessary that ye obey, not only for fear of punishment, but also for conscience sake.

6. It is for this reason also, that ye pay tribute: For they are God's ministers, and serve for this very

purpole.

The Epiftle on the fourth the Epiphany.

7. Render therefore to all their dues: Tribute, to whom tribute is due; cuttom, to whom cuttom is Sunday after due; fear, to whom fear; honour, to whom honour.

> 8. Owe no man any thing, only that ye love one another: For he that loveth his neighbour, hath

fulfilled the law.

o. For, thou halt not commit adultery: Thou shalt not kill: Thou shalt not steal: Thou shalt not bear falle witnels: Thou shalt not cover; and if there be * Sup. Of this any other commandment, it is comprehended in this faying: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy self.

ic. The love of our neighbour worketh no evil:

Therefore love is the fulfilling of the law:

The Epiftic on day in Ad-WOOT.

kind.

11. Especially since we know the time, and that the fift, Sun-the hour is now come for us to rile from fleep: For now is our falvation nearer than when we believed.

11. The night is far spent, the day is at hand: Let us therefore call off the works of darkness, and

put on the armour of light.

17. Let us walk honestly as in the day; not in banquetting and drunkennels, not in beds and debauchery, not in strife and envy.

14. But pur on our Lord Jesus Christ, and provide

not for the flesh to satisfy the delites thereof.

CHAP. XIV.

. TIM that is weak in the faith, receive favourably without dilputes concerning his thoughts.

2. For one man believeth, that he may eat of all

things: But he that is weak, let him ear herbs.

3. Let not him who extern, despile him who esteth not: And let not him who exteth not, judge him that eateth: For God hath received him. t

4. Who are thou, that judgest another man's servant? To his own master he standeth or falleth: Yea he will thand: For God is able to uphold him.

Bup. Into Mt deivice.

5. One man discemeth one day from anothers but another esteemeth every day alike: Let every man abound in his own fenfe.

6. He that discerneth the day, discerneth it unto the Lord: And he that exteth, exteth unto the Lord: For he giveth God thanks. And he that eateth not. to the Lord he eateth not, and giveth God thanks.

7. For none of us liveth for himself, and no man

dieth for himfelf.

8. For whether we live, we live unto the Loid: Whether we die, we die unto the Lord. Whether we live therefore or die, we are the Lord's.

9. For to this end Christ died and tole again, that he might be Lord both of the dead and of the living.

- to. But why doft thou judge thy brother? Or why dost thou despite him? For we shall all stand before the tribunal of Christ.
- 11. For it is written: As I live faith the Lord, every knee thall bend to me: And every tongue shall confess to God.
- 12. So then every one of us shall give an account of himself to God.
- 13. Let us not therefore judge one another any more: But judge this rather, that ye give no occation of offence or scandal to your brother.
- 14. I know and am confident in the Lord Jesus. that there is nothing unclean of it felf; and that a thing is not unclean, but to him who effectmenth it unclean.
- 15. But if thy brother be grieved upon account of thy meat, thou walkest no more according to charity. Destroy not him with thy meat, for whom Christ died.
 - 16. Let not then our good be evil spoken of.
- 17. For the kingdom of heaven confifteth not in meat and drink; but in justice, and peace and joy in the Holy Ghoft.

18. For he that serveth Christ in this manner, is

agreeable to God, and approved by men.

19. Let us therefore follow after the things which make for peace, and let us preferve the things which zend to mutual edification.

26. Deitroy not the word of God for meat. All things indeed are pure, but it is ill done of a man to ear when he giveth feandal.

21. It is good neither to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, nor any thing by which your brother is offended, or scandalized, or made weak.

22. Hast thou suith? Have it to thy thyself before

· God;

The Epiftle of St. Paul

God; blessed is he, who condemneth not himself in that which he approverh,

23. But he that discerneth, * is damned, if he eat; * Sup. One Sort of Meat because he dorn not according to faith. † Now that from another, which is not according to faith, is in.

† i. e. According to Conference.

CHAP. XV.

Sunday m Advent.

The Epifle on 1. OW we that are strong ought to bear the the second infirmities of the weak, and not to please out lelves.

> 1. 2. Let every one of you please his neighbour in that which is good, for edification.

> 2. For even Christ-pleased nor himself, but as it is written: The repreaches of those, who reproached

Sup. Saith thee, fell on me. he to his Father by the Plainift.

4. For whatloever things are written, were written for our instruction: That we, thro' parience and blouth of the comfort of the cripwires, might have hope.

5. Now the God of patience and combilation grant you to be like minded one towards another in Jesus Christ:

6. That ye may with one mind, and one mouth, glority God the father of our Lord Jelus Christ.

7. Wherefore receive ye one another, as Christ also

received you to the glory of God.

8. For I say, that Jesus Christ was a minister of the circumcision for the truth of God, to confirm the promifes of the fathers:

9. And that the Gentils might glorify God for his mercy, as it is written: For this caule I will confess to thee, O Lord, among the Gentile, and fing unto thy name.

to. And again he faith: Rejoice ye Gentils with

his beoble.

11. And again: Praise the Lord all ye Gentils, and

magnify him all ye people.

12. And again Isaiss faith: There shall be a branch of the root of Jeffe, which thall the to govern the Gentils, and in him shall the Gentils hope.

11. Now the God of hope till you with all joy and peace in believing: That ye may abound in hope, and

in the power of the Holy Ghost.

14. And I my felf also am perswaded of you, my brethren, that ye also are replenished with love, and filled with all knowledge, to that ye are able to admonifo one another.

15. However, bretheen, I have written the more "Sup. Of your boicly unto you in tome fort, to put you in mind: * Because of the grace, which is given to me by God,

Duly.

16. That

* Sup. So to

16. That I might be the minister of Jesus Christ among the Gentils: Sanctifying the golpel of God, that the oblation of the Gentils might become holy and acceptable in the Holy Ghost.

17. 1 have therefore whereof to glory in Christ

Jelus tor God.

18. For I dare not speak of any of those things which Christ hath not done by me, to make the Gentils

obedient, by word and deeds.

19. By the power of mitacles and wonders, by the power of the Holy Ghost: So that from Jerusalem, and round about unto Hymeum, I have fully published the gospel of Christ.

20. Now I have preached this golpel to, as that it was not, where Christ was named; left I should build upon another man's foundation, but as it is written t

21. They, to whom nothing was told concerning him, shall see: And they, who have not heard, shall understand.

22. For which reason also I have been much hin-

dred from coming to you hitherto.

23. But now having no further occasion of staying in these countries, and having a great desire these

many years past to come unto you:

24. When I begin my journey into Spain, I hope I shall see you in my journey, and that I shall be brought on my way thither by you, after I have somewhat enjoyed your company.

25. Now I go to serulalem to minister unto the

Saints.

.26. For those of Macedonia and Achaia have judged it reasonable to make a collection for the poor Saints which are in Jerusalem.

27. It hath pleafed them indeed, * and their debtors they are. For if the Gentils have been made * 5 partakers of their spiritual goods, they ought to share do. with them in their temporal wealth.

28. When therefore I have finished this work, and have distributed unto them this fruit; I will vifit

you in my journey to Spain.

29. Now I know that when I come unto you, my coming shall be in the fulnels of the blessing of the golpet of Christ.

30. I beleuch you therefore brethren for the fake of our Lord Jesus Christ, and for the charity of the Holy thiost, to help me in your prayers to God for me,

at. That I may be delivered from the Infidels which are in Judea, and that the offer which I make of my fervice may be acceptable to the Saints in ferufalum,

32. That

32. That I may come unto you with joy by the will of God, and may with you be refreshed.

33. Now the God of Peace be with you all, Amen.

CHAP. XVI.

1. T Commend unto you Phebe out fifter, who is employed in the ministry of the Church, which is in Cenchrea.

2. That ye receive her in the Lord, as becometh Saints. And that ye affift her in whatfoever business the hath need of you: For the her felf hath affifted many, and me especially.

3. Greet Prifca and Aquila my helpers in Christ Jelus;

4. (Who for my life laid down their own necks: To whom not only I give thanks but also all the churches of the Gentile.)

5. Salute likewise the church which is in their house. Greet my beloved Epinetus, who is the first fruits of

Asia in Christ.

6. Greet Mary, who hath taken a great deal of

pains for you:

7. Salute Andronicus and Junia my cousins, and my fellow captives; who are of note among the Apostles, who also were in Christ before me.

8. Greet Ampliatus my beloved in the Lord.

9. Salute Urban our helper in Christ Jesus, and Stachys my beloved.

10. Salute Apelles approved in Christ.

11. Salute those who are of the family of Aristobulus. Salute Herodian my kiniman. Salute those of the family of Narcissus, who are in the Lord.

12. Greet Triphena and Triphola, who labour in the Lord. Salure the beloved Periis, which laboured much in the Lord.

13. Salute Rufus chosen in the Lord, and his mo-

ther and mine.

14. Salute Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the brethren which are with them.

15. Salute Philologus, and Julia, Nereus and his fifter, and Olympias, and all the Saints which are with them.

16. Salute one another with an holy kils. All the

churches of Christ falme you.

17. Now I beseech you brethren, observe those, who cause dissensions and scandals. Contrary to the doctrine which ye have learned; and avoid them.

18. For such men serve not our Lord Jesus Christ, but their own belly; and by sweet words and blessings, seduce the hearts of the simple.

19. For

19. For your obedience is published in every place. Therefore I rejoice in you: But I would have you to be wife in good, and imple in evil.

20. And may the God of peace speedily bruise Satan under your feet. The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ

be with you

21. Timothy my fellow labourer, and Lucius and Jason, and Sosipater my kinsmen, salute you.

22. I Tertius, who wrote the Epistle lalute you in

the Lord.

23. Caius mine host, and the whole church salute you. Erastus the treasurer of the city saluteth you, and Quartus our brother.

24. The grace of our Lord Jelus Christ be with

you all, Amen.

25. Now to him, who is able to confign you according to my gospel, and the preaching of Jesus Christ, pursuant to the revelation of the mystery kept secret from all eternity.

26. (Which is now manifested by the scriptures of the prophets according to the commandment of the eternal God, for the obedience of faith, and made known unto all nations.

27. To God only wife be honour and glory, thro'

Jesus Christ for ever and ever. Amen.

First Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle, to the Corintbians.

CHAR. I.

the tenth Sunday after Pen- ther. tecost.

The Epifile on T. DAUL called to be an Apostle of Jesus Christ I by the will of God, and Softhenes his bro-

> 2. To the church of God, which is at Corinth, to them that are fanctified in Christ Jesus, called to be Saints, with all those who call upon the name of our Lord Jelus Christ in every place, where they and

2. Grace be tinto you, and peace from God our fa-

ther, and from the Lord Jelus Christ.

4. I thank my God always on your behalf, for the grace of God, which is given you in Christ Jesus:

s. Because we are enriched by him in every thing,

in all utterance, and in all knowledge:

6. Even as the testimony of Christ was confirmed in you:

7. So that you come foot of no gift, in expectation

of the revelation of our Lord Jelus Christ.

8. Who skill also confirm you unto the end, that ye may be without crime in the day of the coming of our Lord Telus Christ.

o. God is faithful, by whom ye were called unto

the fellowship of his son Jesus Christ our Lord.

10. Now I beleech you, brethren, by the name of our Lord Jefus Christ; that ye all lay the same thing, and that there be no schisms among you: But that ye be perfectly united together in the lame fenie, and in the lame judgment.

rr. For I have been informed of you, my brethren, by * A Lady of those of the family of Chloe, " that there are conten-

tions among you. stest Piety.

12. Now this I lay, which every one of you faith: I am of Paul, and I am of Apollo, I am of Cephas, and I am of Christ.

17. Is Christ divided? Was Paul crucified for you?

Or were ye baptized in the name of Paul?

14. I thank God that I baptized none of your but Chilpus, and Carus.

Chap 1 15. Left any should say that he had been baptized * St. Paul of in my name. ludes to three 16. And I baptized also the family of Stephanas: Sorts of Men Besides, I know not whether I baptized any other. among the 17. For Christ fent me not to baptize, but to pleach Jews, viz. the golpel: Not with wildom of words, left the crois their wife Mena of Christ should be made void, their Scribes 18. For the word of the crois is foolishness to those and their cuwho perish: But unto those, who are saved, that is, rious Wits. unto us, it is the power of God. Their wife 19. For it is written. I will deftroy the wildom of Menwere fup. the wife, and will reprove the prodence of the pro- pofed to have dent. attained to the 20. Where is the wife? * Where is the Soupe? full Knowledge Where is the curious wir of this age? Hath not God of the Law and made foolish the wildom of this world? the Pro-21. For teeing that in the wildom of God, the phets; the world by wildom knew not God: It hash pleased Scribe was a God to lave thole who believe, by the feolighness of Doctor of the preaching. Law, but fup. 22. The Jews require mitacles, and the Greeks posed to be infeek for wildom. ferior in Know. 27. As to us, we preach Jelus Christ crucified, ledge to their which is a scandal to the Jews, and folly to the Gen- wife Men: And their cu-24. But to those, who are called both Jews and rious Wits were Greeks. Christ is the power of God; and the wil-those, who dom of God. searched after 25. For the folly † of God is wifer than men. And the Knowledge the weakness of God is stronger than men. of the Law, and 26. Consider your vocation brethren: For not many other human of you are wife according to the fielh, not many pow- Sciences: And erful, not many noble: yet none of the 27. But God hath cholen the foolish things of the three accorworld, to confound the wife; and choice the weak ding to St. Paul things of the world to confound the ftrong. could with all 28. And the base, and contemptible things of the their Knowworld hath God cholen: yea and things which are ledge differer not, to delitroy the things that are. the true Wif-29. That no fieth should glory in his presence. dom whereof 30. Now it is by him that ye are in Christ Jesus, they so much who by the mercy of God became for us wildow, and housted to have juitice, and lanctification, and redemption: . been Massers. 31. That, as it is written: He, who glorleth, may Hence St. Paul faub: Where glery in the Lord. is the Wife?

> Where is the · Scribe? Where C H A P. is the currents Wit of this Age, Sec.

Chap. II.

The Epissle of St. Paul

t i. e. That which feemeth to Men to be Folly in God. which feemeth to be a weakneft in God.

CHAP. II:

Folly in God. 1. A S to me, brethren, when I came to you to deli. e. That clare unto you the testimony of Christ, I which feemeth came not with lostiness of speech, or of wildom.

2. For I was of opinion, that I should know nothing among you, but Jesus Christ, and him cruci-

ned.

3. Even so was I with you in weakness, and fear,

and in much trembling.

4. And my discourse, and my preaching did not consist in persuasive words of human wildom, but in manisestation of the spirit, and of power:

6. That your faith may not rely upon the wildom

of men, but upon the power of God.

6. However, we speak wildom among them that are perfect: Yet not the wildom of this world, nor of the princes of this world, who come to nothing.

7. But we speak the wildom of God wrapp'd up in a mystery, which God hath predefinated before the

world, for our glory,

8. Which none of the princes of this world knew: For if they had, they would not have crucified the

Lord of glory.

- 9. But as it is written: Eye hath not seen, not ear heard, neither have entred into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for those who love him.
- To. But God hath revealed it unto us by his spirit: For the spirit searcheth all, even the hidden things of God:
- 11. Who among men knoweth the things of a man, but the spirit of man, which is in him? Even so the things of God knoweth no man, but the spirit of God.
- 12. Now we have not received the spirit of this world, but the spirit which is from Goo; that we might know the things which God hath bestowed upon us:

13. Which things also we speak, not with words, which human wiscom teacheth, but with the doctrine of the spirit, comparing spiritual things with spiri-

tual.

14. Now the carnal man perceiveth not the things which are of the spirit of God: For they are fooligneds unto him, neither can be understand them, because they are to be discounted by the spirit.

15. But the spiritual man judge h all things, and

is himlelf judged by no man,

ic. For

is. For who hath known the mind of the Lord, hat he may instruct him? But we have the mind of Christ.

CHAP. III.

ND I, brethren, could not speak unto you as unto spiritual, but as unto carnal men, yea as unto babes in Christ.

2. I fed you with milk, not with folid food: For hitherto ye were not able to bear ir, neither can ye

even now, because ye are as yet carnal.

3. For fince there is jealouly and strife among you, are ye not carnal, and walk after the manner of man?

4. For while one faith: I am of Paul; and another, I am of Apollo: Are not ye men? Who then is Apollo? And who is Paul?

5. The ministers of him whom ye have believed, even as the Lord hath given to every one:

d. I have planted, Apollo hath watered: But God

- gave the increase.

 7. So then neither is he that planteth any thing, nor he that watereth: But God who giveth the increase.
- 8. Now he that planteth, and he that watereth, are one: But every man shall receive his own reward, according to his labour.

9. For we are God's coadjutors: Ye are God's

husbandry, ye are God's building.

10. According to God's grace which was given to me, as a wife architect I have laid the foundation: And another buildeth thereon. But let every man take heed how he buildeth thereupon:

II. For no man can lay any other foundation than ver, &c. Thefe

that that is laid, which is Christ Jesus.

11. Now if any man build upon this foundation, which denote gold, * filver, precious stones, wood, hay, stubble, the different

13. Every man's work shall be made manifest: For Degrees of the day † of the Lord shall declare it, because it shall perfection in be revealed by the fire: And the fire shall try of what the Works fort every man's work shall be.

which Men

14. If the work which any man hath built thereon, build upon the

abide; | he shall receive a reward.

15. It any man's works burn, ha shall suffer loss: Christ Jesus.
But he himtels shall be faved, yet so as by fire.

16. Know ye not, that ye are the temple of God; Day on which and that the spirit of God dwelleth in you?

17. If any man violate the temple of God, him foall be judgedt, fiell God destroy: For the temple of God is holy, | Sup. The which temple ye are.

A 2 18. Let

* Gold, Silin ver, &c. Thefe
are Metaphors
is which denote
the different
of Degrees of
it Perfection in
at the Works
which Men
build upon the
Foundation of
the Christ Fesus.
† i. e. The
dip Day on which
every Man
final be judged;
y, || Sup. The
Fire.

The First Epistle of St. Paul Chap. IV.

18. Let no man deceive himself: If any man among you feemeth to be wife in this world, let him become

*Sup. For the a fool, that he may be wife, * nexi.

19. For the wildom of this world is fully with God. As it is written: I will catch the wife in their own craftinels. And again:

20. The Lord knoweth that the thoughts of the

wile are vain.

21. Let no man therefore glory in men.

22. For all things are yours, whether Paul, or A. pollo, or Cephas, or the world, or life, or death, or things prefent, of things to come: All are yours.

22. But ye are Christ's, and Christ is God's.

CHAP. IV.

Sunday in Advent.

The Epiftle on I. ET a man so consider us as the ministers of the fourth . Christ, and the dispensers of the mysteries of God.

> 2. Now the question is, who among the dispensers thall be found faithful.

> 3. As to me, I make very little account of being judged by you, or by any other: Neither do I judge my leif.

> 4. For the I am nothing confcious to my felf, yet am I not hereby justified: But he, who judgeth me,

is the Lord.

5. Therefore judge not before the time, until the Lord come who thall bring to light the hidden things of darknels, and shall disclose the secret designs of hearts: And then shall every man have praise from

6. Now, brethren, I have proposed these things in my own perion, and in the perion of Apolio for your fakes: That ye might learn in us, not to be pull'd up one against another for another, otherwise than as above written.

7. For who distinguisheth thee from another? And what halt thou that thou didit not receive? Now if thou didst receive it, why dost thou glory as it thou

a The Epifile hadsk not received it?

8. Now ye are full, now ye are rich: Ye reign on St. James's Day, July 25. without us; and I would to God ye may reign, that and on St. we allo might reign with you.

Simon and 9. a And for I think God hath dealt with us the Apo-Jude's Eve. Itles as the last of men; as men doomed to death: Oft. 27. and Because we are made a spectacle unto the world, and for some Con. to augels, and to men,

10. We are fools for Christ's lake, but ye are wife fellors, not Bilhops.

the Apostle to the Corinthians

in Christ: We are weak, but ye are strong: Ye are honoured, but we are despised.

11. Even unto this hour we both hunger and thirst, and are naked, and are buffetted, and have no certain dwelling place,

12. And labour, working with our own hands: Being curfed, we bless: Being persecuted, we bear.

13. Being evil spoken of, we pray: We are treated as the filth of the world, as the off-scouring of all things unto this day.

14. I write not these things to shame you, but to

admonishiyou as my dearly beloved fons.

15. For the ye should have ten thouland teachers in Christ, yet have ye not many fathers: Since it was I that begat you in Christ Jelus by the gospel.

16. Wherefore I befeech you, follow my example,

as I do that of Christ.

17. For this reason have I sent unto you Timothy, my most beloved son, and faithful in the Lord, who shall put you in mind of the ways which I follow in Christ Jelus, as I teach every where in every church.

18. Now some are puffed up, as if I would not come

to you.

ro. But I will come to you quickly, if it please the Lord: And shall know, not the speech of those, who are pussed up, but the power.

20. For the kingdom of God confifteth not in word.

but is power.

21. What will ye? Shall I come to you with a rod, or with charity, and with the spirit of meekness?

CHAP. V.

I. It is conftantly reported that there is fornication among you, and such fornication as is not even among the Gentils, that one should have his father's wife.

2. And ye are puffed up, and have not rather mouraned, that he who hath done this deed, might be taken

away from among you

3. For my part, tho' I am absent in body, but prefent in spirit, I have already, as if I were present, judged him, who did this action: That is, that ye,

4. And my spirit being gathered together, in the name of our Lord Jelus Christ, should, by the power

of our Lord Jefus Chrift,

5. Deliver such an one unto Satan for the deftruchief of the flesh, that the spirit may be saved in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.

The First Epistle of St. Paul. Chap. VI.

6. Your boafting is not good. Know ye not that a little leaven leaveneth the whole mais?

The Epiflic on

7. Purge out the old leaven, that ye may be a new Laster Day. paste, as ye are unleavened. For Christ our passover was lacrificed.

> 8. Let us therefore eat thereof, not with old leaven, nor with the leaven of malice and wickedness; but with the unleavened bread of fincerity and truth.

This Epilele the Time of the Apolities.

9. I wrote unto you in an Epistle, * that ye should was lost fince have no commerce with fornicators.

10. I mean not with the fornicators of this world, or with the covetous, or extortioners, or with idolaters; elle ye must have gone out of the world.

ir. But when I wrote unto you that ye should have no commerce with fornicators, I meant that, if any man, who is called a brother be a fornicator, or covetous, or an idolater, or a railer, or a drunkard, or an extortioner; ye should not even eat meat with Luch an one.

† Sup. The within. Pale of the Church.

12. For what am I concerned to judge thole, who are without? † Do not ye judge those, who are

13. For God shalf judge those, who are without.

Sup. Within Take away that wicked man from among you.

CHAP. VI.

ARE any of you having a difference with 2nother, go to law before the unjust, and not before the Saints?

2. Know ye not that the Saints shall judge this world? And if the world shall be judged by you, are ve unworthy to judge the smallest matters?

3. Do ye not know, that we shall judge angels? "

* i. e. Evil

Angels or Devils.

the Pale of the

Chusch.

How much more the things of this world? 4. If then ye have judgments of things pertaining to this world, appoint thole to judge them, who are

least esteemed in the church.

5. I say this to your shame. Is it so that there is not a wife man among you, who can judge between his brethren?

6. But one brother goeth to law with his brother,

and that before the intidels,

7. Now it is utterly a fault in you, that ye go to law one with another: Why do ye not rather tuffer your felves to be wronged? Why do ye not rather bear your being def auded?

8. Nay, ye do wrong and defraud, and that to the

bisthren.

9. Know ye not that the unjust shall not inherit the kingdom of God? Be not deceived: Neither fornicators, nor idolaters, nor adulterers,

to. Not effeminate, not lodomites, not thieves, not covetous, not drunkards, not revilers, not extor-

tioners, shall inherit the kingdom of God.

ed, but ye are fanctified, but ye are justified, in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, and by the spirit of our God.

12. All things are lawful for me, but all things are not expedient: All things are lawful for me, but I

will not be brought under the power of any.

13. Meat is for the belly, and the belly for meats: But God shall destroy both it and them: Now the body is not for fornication, but for the Lord: And the Lord is for the body.

14. And God hath both raifed up the Lord, and

will also raise up us by his power;

- 15. Know ye not, that your bodies are the members of Christ? Shall I then take the members of Christ, and make them the members of an harlot? God forbid.
- 16. What, know ye not that he, who is joined to an harlot, becometh one body with her? For they two, (faith the feripture,) * shall be in one flesh.

17. But he, who adhereth unto the Lord, is one

spirit with him.

18. Shun fornication. Every other sin whatsoever a man committeth, is without the body: But he, who committeth fornication, sinneth against his own body.

19. Or do ye not know, that your members are the temple of the Holy Ghost, which is in you, whom ye have from God, and ye are not your own?

20. For ye are bought at a dear rate. Glorify, and

carry God in your body.

CHAP. VII.

of the chings whereof ye wrote unto me: It is good for a man not to touch a woman.

2. However, to avoid fornication, let every man have his own wife, and let every woman have her own husband.

3. Let the husband render unto the wife marriage duty; And likewise also the wife unto the husband.

4. The wife hath not power of her own body, but the husband: And likewise also the husband hath not lower of his own lody, but the wife.

A = 3

Chap. VII.

g. Do not refuse one another this duty, unless it be by mutual content for a time that ye may afford your felves leafure for prayer: And come together again, lest Saran should tempt you for your inconrinence.

6. But I say this by indulgence, not by command-

ment.

7. For I would that ye were all even as I am my felf: But every one hath his proper gift from God: One after this manner, and another after that.

8. I lay therefore unto the unmarried, and widows: It is good for them if they continue to, even as I.

9. But if they cannot continue, let them marry:

For it is better to marry than to burn.

10. And unto the married I command, yet, not I. cur the Lord, that the wife depart not from the hui-

11. But if the depart, that the remain unmarried, or be reconciled to her hulland. And let not the husband put away his wife.

12. But to the rest speak I, not the Lord. If any brother hath an unbelieving wife, and the content to

dwell with him, let him nor put her away.

17. And if any believing wife hath an unbelieving husband, and he content to dwell with her, let her

not leave her husband.

14. For the unbelieving husband is fanctified by the believing wife, and the unbelieving wife is fandiffed by the believing hufband: Elle were your children unclean, but now are they holy.

15. But if the unbelieving husband depart, let him depart: For a brother or a fifter is not under bondage in such cases: But God hath called us to live in

peace.

16. For how knowest thou, O woman, whether thou shalt save thy busband? Or how knowest thou, D man, whether thou shall lave thy wife?

17. But as the Lord hath dealt unto every man, 25 God hath called every one, so let him walk: And

to teach I in all the churches.

18. Is any man called being circumcifed, ler him not affect uncircumcition: Is any man called in uncircumcition, let him not be circumcifed.

19. Circumcition is nothing, and uncircumcifion is nothing: But the oblervance of the command-

* Sup. Is all ments of God. *

20, Let every one continue in the vocation to which he was called,

gr. Ast thou called being a bond-nian? Be not con-Cerbeg

cerned: But if thou mayest be made free, use it ra-

22. For he that is called in the Lord being a hondman, is the Lord's free man: In like manner, he that is called being free, is Christ's servant.

23. Ye are bought with a price, do not ye become liaves to men. *

24. Let every one, brethren, continue before God capricious in the ftate unto which he is called.

25. Now concerning virgins, I have no command- Men, to the ment of the Lord: But I give counted as one, who nath Prejudice of obtained mercy of the Lord to be faithful.

26. I think therefore, that this is good for the prefent necessity, because it is good for a man to to be.

27. Art thou bound unto 2 wife? Seek not to be loofed. Art thou loofed from a wife? Seek not a wife.

28. But if thou marry, thou haft not finned: And if a virgin marry, the hath nor finned: Yet such thall have tribulation in the field: But I spare you.

29. This I say then, brothren, the time is short. It remaineth, that both they that have wives, be as if they had none.

.30. And they that weep, as if they wept not: And they that buy, as if they possessed not.

31. And they that use this world, as if they used it not: For the figure of this world passeth away.

32. Now I would have you to be free from care. Beauty and He that is unmarried, taketh care of the things of Granden of the Lord, how he may please God.

23. But he that is married, taketh care of the things of this world, how he may please his wife; and so he is divided.

34. And the woman which is not married, and the sween the virgin taketh care of the things of the Lord, that the Gares of this may be holy both in body and ipirit. But the that World, and is married, taketh care of the things of this world, the Care of how the may pleate her hufband.

35. Now this I tell you for your advantage, not Wife. with a design to ensnare you, but to carry you to that which is honeit, and which may afford you the means of praying the Lord without hinderance.

36. But if any man think it a dithonour to him, that his virgin should pais the flower of her age, and that it must be so: Let him do what he will: He finneth not, it the matty-

27. But he that taketh up in his heart a firm relolution, having no needlity but having power over his own will, and hath judged in his heart to keep his virgin, doeth well.

i. e. To the Humour cF God's Laws,

this World.

picaling his

38. So then, he that giveth his virgin in marriage, doeth well: But he that giveth her not in marriage, doeth better.

39. The wife is bound to the law, so long as her husband liveth. But if her husband be dead, she is at liberty: Let her marry whom she will; so it be in the Lord.

40. Yet will she he more happy if she continue as she is, according to my counsel: And I think also that I have the spirit of God.

CHAP. VIII.

r. A S to the things, which are facrificed unto idols, we know that we all have knowledge. Knowledge puffeth up, but charity edifieth.

2. And if any man think that he knoweth any thing, he hath not as yet learnt how he ought to know.

3. But if any man love God, the fame is known by him.

4. As to the messs then which are facrificed unto idols, we know that an idol is nothing in the world, and that there is no God, but one.

5. For the there be, that are called God's, whether in heaven, or in earth (fince there are many

Gods and many Lords.)

6. Yet we have but one God the father, of whom are all things, and we in him: And one Lord Jelus Christ, by whom are all things, and we thro' him.

7. But that knowledge is not in every man. For fome even unto this prefent time, eat of that which was offered to the idol, thinking in their conference that the idol is fomething: And their conference being weak is defiled.

8. Now mear commendeth us not to God: For we shall not abound if we eat, nor shall we want if we

eat not.

o. But take heed, left by any means this liberty of yours become a stumbling block to them that are weak.

ic. For if any man fee him, who hath knowledge, fit at the table of the idnis, shall not his conference, which is weak, be encouraged to eat of the means offered to the idols?

LI. And to by thy knowledge shall the weak bro-

ther parith, for whom Christ died.

12. But when ye fin so against the brethren, and would their week conference, ye fin against Christ.

13. Wherefore if meat frandslize my brother, I will never ear flesh; left I should frandalize my brother.

Снар.

ried certain

vide them Ne.

to allift them.

CHAP. IX.

r. A M I not free? Am I not an Apostie? Have I not seen Jesus Christ our Lord? Are not you my work in the Lord?

2. And if I be not an Apostle unto others, at least I am one unto you: For ye are the leal of mine Apo-

fileship in the Lord.

3. My defence before thole who examine me, is this:

4. Have we not power to eat and to drink?

5. Have we not power to lead about a woman * 1 e. A Wo. that is a lifter, as well as the rest of the Apostles, man that is a and the brethmen of the Lord, and Cephas? Christian, The

6. Or am I and Barnabas the only two, who have Apoftles car-

not power to do the lame?

7. Who goeth at any time to the wat at his own elderly Women expence? Who planteth a vineyard, and eateth not about with of the fruit thereof? Who feederh a flock, and eateth them to pronot of the milk of the flock?

8. Say I these things as a man? Or faith not the cessaries, and

law the lame allo?

9. For it is written in the law of Moles: Thou in baptizing : shalt not muzzle the ox that treadeth out the corn. the Women

Hath God any regard for exen?

which received 10. Or faith he it altogether for our fakes? For the Faith. St. thele things are written for our lakes: That he, who Paul faith, ploweth, should plow in hope; and that he, who that he might thresheth, should thresh in hopes to partake of the claim the same fruits. Priviledge.

11. If we have fown unto you spiritual things, is

it much we should reap your temporal things.

12. It others be partakers of this power over you, why not we rather than any? Yet we have nowuled this power, but we suffer all things, lest we should give any hindrance to the golpel of Christ.

13. Know ye not, that they who minister in the fanctuary, do eat of the things laid up † in the lan- + i. P. The chary, and that they who ferve at the altar, are par- Show Breads.

takers with the altar?

14. Even to hath the Lord ordained, that they, who preach the golpel, should live by the golpel.

15. But I have used none of these privileges. Neither have I written thele things, that it should be lo done unto me: For it is good for me to die rather thin that any man should make void my glory.

ic. For it I preach the golpel, I have nothing whereof to glory; fince it is necessarily incumbent upon me; yea and wee be to me it I preach not.

17. And

The First Epistle of St. Paul

17. And if I do it willingly, I have a reward: But if against my will, I only dispense that, wherewith

l am intrusted.

18. What is my reward then? It is, that in preaching the golpel, I establish the gospel without charges, and that I abuse not the power which I have in the gospel.

19. For when I was free from all, I made my felf

the servant of all, that I might gain the more.

20. Unto the Jews I became as a Jew, that I might

gain the Jews.

- 21. To thole, who are under the law, as if I were under the law (tho' I was not under the law) that I might gain such as were under the law. To them that were without law, as if I were without the law (tho' I was not without the law of God; but was in the law of Christ) that I might gain them, that were without law.
- 22. With the weak I became weak, that I might gain the weak. I became all things to all men, that I might fave all.

27. And all this I do for the gospel sake, that I

might be partaker thereof.

The Epifile on Septuagefimi Sunday.

day after Pen-

tecoit.

24. Know ye not, that they who run in a race, run all indeed, but one carrieth away the prize. So run, that ye may gain it.

25. Now every man, who striveth for the mastery, is temperate in all things: These strive indeed to receive a corruptible crown; but we, to receive an incorruptible.

26. I therefore so run, as not to run at hazard: I

fo fight, as not to beat the air:

27. But I chaftise my body, and bring it under subjection: Lest I should be a reprobate my self, while I preach to others.

CHAP. X.

thren, that all our fathers were under the cloud, and that they all passed the red sea;

2. And were all baptized under Moles, in the cloud

and in the fea:

3. And did all eat the same spiritual food,

4. And drank all the same ipiritual drink: (For they drank of the spiritual rock, which sollowed them: And the rock was Christ.

The Epistle on 5. But God was not well pleased with many of the ninth Sun- them: For they perished in the wilderness.

6. Now these things were done in figure of, and for an 7. Neither

example to us, that we should not lust after evil things, as they allo lufted.

7. Neither be ye idolaters, as were some of them; as it is written: The people fat down to eat and drink,

and role up to play.

8. Neither let us commit fornication, as some of them committed, for which three and twenty thouland fell in one day,

o. Neither let us tempt Christ, as some of them did

tempt him, and perished by serpents,

to. Neither mumut ye, as some of them did murmur, and perished by the exterminating angel.

II. Now all these things happened unto them in were Tipes and figure: * And they are written for our inftruction, upon whom the ends of this world are come.

12. Therefore let him who thinks he flandeth, be-

ware he do not fall.

13. Let no temptation seize upon you, but what in the new is human. † God is faithful, who will not fuffer you to be tempted beyond your ftrength, but will i. e. Inciwith the temptation produce in you an increase of dent to human frength, that ye may be able to bear it.

14. Wherefore my dearly beloved fiee from idolatry.

15. I speak as to prudent men: Judgelye what I say. 16. The chalice of bleffing, which we blefs, is it the belp of not the communication of the blood of Christ? And God's grace.

the bread, which we break, is it not the participitation of the body of the Lord?

17. For as many of us as participate of the fame bread, we are all one bread, and one body.

18. Behold Israel according to the flesh: Are not they who eat of the lacrifices, partakers of the altar?

19. What then? Do I say, that that which is saficed to idols is any thing: Or that an idol is any thing?

20. No. But I fay, that the things which the Genalls facrifice, they facrifice them to devils, and not to God: And I would not that ye should have fellow ship with devils: Ye cannot drink the chalice of the Lord, and the cup of devils:

21. Ye cannot be partakers of the table of the

Lord, and of the table of devils.

22. Do we provoke the Lord to jealousy? Are we stronger than he? All things are lawful for me, but all things are not expedient:

27. All things are lawful for me, but all things

- 24. Let no man feek his own, but the interest of 3Dother.
- 25. Eat of every thing that is fold in the snambles, atting no questions for confedence lake.

* i. e. They Figures of what was to bappen to the People of God

Nature, and may eafily be

overcome by

26. The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof. 27. If any of the infidels invite you, and ye be willing to go; eat of every thing that is let before you, asking no questions for conscience take.

28. But if any man shall fay: This was facificed to the idols; eat not thereof, for his lake who told

you, and for conscience sake.

29. Conscience, I say, not thine own, but that of another: For why should my liberty be judged by 2nother man's confcience?

30. For if I eat with thanklgiving, why am I evil

Spoken of for that which I give thanks.

31. Whether therefore ye eat, or ye drink, or whether ye do any other thing, do all for the glory of God.

32. Give no offence, neither to the Jews, nor to * i. e. A Vail. For the Word the Gentils, nor to the church of God. . 33. Even as I also please all men in all things, not Radid in Heleeking that which is proficable to my lelf, but that - brewlignifictb which is profitable to many, that they may be laved. a Vail or Power.andSi. Paul makes Ufe of the last to de-

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the Church,

CHAP. XI.

note the Pow- 1. B E ye followers of me, even as I also am of er, which the Christ.

2. Now I praise you, brethten, that ye are minful over his Wife, of me in all things, and keep my precepts, as I det i. e. Of the livered them to you.

2. But I would have you know, that the head of are called the every man is Christ; that the head of the woman is Angels of God the man; and that the head of Christ is God.

4. Every man, who prayeth and prophesieth having

where Women his head covered, dishonoureth his head.

5. But every woman, who prayeth or propheticin decentiv cove- with her head unvailed, dishonouveth her head : For red, as not to it is the fame thing as if the were shaven.

c. And if the woman be not vailed, let her be Modesty: Or shorn: But if it be a shame for a woman to be shorn

as St. Augu- or shaven, let her be vailed.

7. A man ought not indeed to cover his head, for Min faith, of the Angels of as much as he is the image and glory of God: But Heeven, who the woman is the glory of the man.

8. For the man is not of the woman: But the wo-

man of the man.

9. Nor was the man created for the woman, but our Prayers to the woman for the man.

10. Therefore ought the woman to have power

whom a great on her head, because of the angels. † Deal of Re-

11. Nevertheiele, neither is the man without the Momits,

Point.

woman, nor the woman without the man in the

12. For as the woman is of the man, even fo is the man also by the woman: But all are of God.

12. Be ye the judges your felves; Doth it become

a woman to pray unto God unvailed?

14. Doth not nature it felf teach you, that if a man have long hair, it is a dishonour unto him.

15. But if a woman have long hair, it is a glory unto her: For her hair is given unto her for a vail.

16. But if any man feem to be contentious: * Nei- * Sup. In Rether we, nor the church of God, have any such cu- lation to this flom.

17. However, this I command: Not to praise you, The Epistle on because we come together, not for the better, but for Maundy Thuslday. the worle.

18. First of all, when ye meet in the church Lhear there are divisions among you, and I partly believe it.

19. For there must be allo herenes, that such as are approved may be made manifest among you.

20. When ye come then together, this is not the

way to eat the Lord's Supper.

21. For every one eateth his own supper before

hand: And one is hungry, and another is drunk.

22. What, have ye not houles to eat and to drink in? Or despite ye the church of God, and shame thole, who have not? What shall I say unto you? Shall I praise you? In this I praise you not

22. For I have received of the Lord, that which The Epifle on I delivered also unto you, that the Lord Jelus, the Corpus Chrifame night in which he was betrayed, took bread, iti Day.

24. And having given thanks, he brake it, and said: Take ye, and eat: This is my body, which shall be delivered for you: Do ye this in remembrance of me.

25. In like manner also be took the chalice, when he had supped, saying: This chalice is the new testament in my blood: Do this, as often as ye drink it, in remembrance of me.

26. For as often as ye eat this bread, and drink the chalice, ye shall shew the Lord's death till he come.

27. Therefore, who oever shall eat this bread, or drink the chalice of the Lord unworthily, shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord.

28. Let a man examine himfelf then, and so let him eat of that bread, and drink of the chalice.

29. For he that eateth and drinketh unworthily, eateth and drinketh damuation to llimfelf, not dilceming the Lord's body.

ge. For

Chap. XII.

The First Epistle of St. Paul

30. For this cause many are weak and fickly among you, and many sleep. *

* i. c. Die.

31. Now if we would judge our felves, we fhould not be judged.

32. But when we are judged, we are chastened by the Lord, that we should not be condemned with this world.

33. Wherefore, my brethren, when ye come toge-

ther to eat, wait one for another.

34. If any man hunger, let him eat at home: That ye come not together to your condemnation. And when I come, I will regulate all other things.

CHAP. XII.

The Epifle on the tenth Sunday after Pentecoft.

The Epistle on I. NOW concerning spiritual gists, brethsen, I the tenth Sun-

2. Ye know that when ye were Gentils, ye went

unto dumb idols, as ye were led.

3. Wherefore I give you to understand, that no man speaking by the spirit of God, calleth Jesus accurfed. And no man can say, Lord Jesus, but by the Holy Ghost.

4. Now there are diversities of graces, and but one

and the same spirit.

5. And there are divers administrations, and but one and the same Lord.

6. And diversities of operations, but it is the same

God, which worketh all in all.

7. But the manifestation of the spirit is given to

every man to profit withal.

8. To one is given by the spirit, the gift of wildom: To another the gift of knowledge by the same spirit:

9. To another faith in the same spirit : To another,

the gift of healing by the tame spirit:

ther, the gift of prophecy; to another, differing of iprits; to another, divertity of tongues; to another, the interpretation of languages.

rr. Now all these worketh one and the same spi-

tit, distributing to every man as he pleafeth.

t2. For as the body is one, and hath many members, and all the members of the body, tho' they be many, yet are they but one body, so is Chift alio.

*i.e. Of the 13. For we have been all baptized by the same spilining Water, lit into one-body, whether sews or Gentils, whether which is the bond or free: And have been all made to drink † of Grace of the the same spirit,

Hol; Ghoft.

14. Fot

14. For the body is not one member, but many. 15. If the foot should fay: Because I am not the hand, I am not of the body; is it not therefore of the body?

16. If the ear should say: Because I am not the eye, I am not of the body; is it not therefore of the

body?

17. If the whole body were an eye, where would be the hearing? If the whole were hearing, where would be the [melling?

18. But now hath God placed the members, every

one of them in the body, as it hath pleafed him.

19. And if they were all one member, where would be the body?

20. But now they are many members, yet all but

one body.

21. Now the eye cannot fay unto the hand: I have no need of thee; nor again, the head to the feet: I have no need of you.

22. On the contrary, the members of the body, which feem to be weaker, are the more necessary:

23. And the members of our body which we esteem less honourable, have the more abundant honour bestowed on them: And our uncomely parts are more decently cloathed.

24. Indeed our comely parts need no honour: But God hath tempered the body together, in giving more abundant honour to that part which lacked:

25. That there might be no schilm in the body, but that the members might have the lame care one for another.

26. And if one member fuffer any thing, all the members fuffer with it: Or if one member be housenred, all the members rejoice with it.

27. Now we are the body of Christ, and members The Epistic on

one of another.

28. So God hath established some in the church, mew's Day, first, Apostles; secondly, Prophets; thirdly, Doctors; Aug. 24. afterwards, those who work miracles; then such as have the gift of healing, of helping others, of governing, of divers tongues, of interpreting languages.

29. Are all Apostles? Are all Prophets? Are all

Doctors? Are all workers of miracles?

30. Have all the gift of healing? Do all speak divers tongues? Do all interpret?

31. Cover ye then better gifts: And yet flew I unto you a more excellent way.

St. Battholo-

Quinquageli-

The Epistle on I. HO' I should speak with the tongues of men and of angels, yet if I have not charity. I ma Sunday. am become as founding brafs, or a tinkling cymbal.

2. And the' I should have the gift of prophecy, and should know all mysteries, and sciences: And the I should have all faith, so as to remove mountains,

yet if I have not charity, I am nothing.

2. And the' I should diffribute all my substance to feed the poor, and tho' I should give up my body to be burned, yet if I have not charity, it profiteth me nothing.

4. Charity is patient, is kind: Charity envieth

not, it doeth nothing amis, is not puffed up.

3. Is not, ambitious, it lecketh not its own, it is

not eafily provoked, it thinketh no evil.

6. It rejoiceth not at iniquity, but rejoiceth with the truth.

7. It beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth

all things, endureth all things.

8. Charity never faileth; whether prophecies shall fail, whether tongues shall cease, whether knowledge shall be destroyed.

9. For we know only in part, and we prophecy in

to. But when that which is perfect is come, that

which is in part thall ceale.

11. When I was a child, I spoke as a child, I judloufly inspired ged as child, I thought as a child: But when I became a man I put away childish things.

12. Now we see obscurely as thro' a glass: But then face to face. Now I know in part: But then shall

many others of I know, even as I am known.

13. Now these three things remain, faith, hope, and charity: But the greatest of the three is charity.

CHAP. XIV.

1. [Ollow after charity, and defire spiritual gifts, I but more especially that ye may prophelie.

2. For he that speaketh a tongue, * speaketh not unto men, but unto God: For no man understandeth him: Yet in the spirit he speaketh mysteries.

3. But he that prophelieth, † speaketh unto men for their edification, and exhortation, and confola-

4. He that speaketh a tougue, edifieth himself: But he that prophelieth, editeth the chaich of God.

* i. e. Such Part. a Tongue as the Apostles with on the Day of Pentecost, and as zbe Disciples in the Time of the Aposiles spoke, being all of a fudden inspired by Ged to speak divers flrange Tongueswhich none of the rest under-† i. e. Preach- tion. e:h or Inter-

Ti ood.

pretet b.

ţ, l

s. I would that ye all spoke tongues; but much more that ye prophefied. For greater is he who prophelieth, than he who speaketh tongues, except he interpret them, that the church may be edified.

6. Now, brethren, if I come unto you, and speak tongues; what shall I profit you, except I speak unto you either by revelation, or by knowledge, or by pro-

phecy, or by doctrine?

7. Indeed the things without life giving found. whether pipe or harp, except they give a distinction in the founds, how shall that which is sung or play'd on the harp be known?

8. For if the trumpet give an uncertain found.

who shall prepare himself for the battle?

9. In like manner, except ye speak a tongue that is understood; how shall that, which is said, be known? For ye shall speak in the air.

10. There are, for example, so many kinds of tongues in this world, and none is without voice. *

11. Therefore if I know not the meaning of the out fignifying voice, I shall be unto him that speaketh a barbarian; fomething, and he that speaketh shall be a barbasian unto me.

12. Even so ye, since ye are zealous of spiritual gifts. Seek that ye may abound for the edification

of the church.

14. And therefore let him that speaketh a tongue, | | Sup. Where.

alk of God the gift to interpret it.

14. For if I should pray in such a tongue, my spi- spired by the tit prayeth indeed, but my mind is without fruit.

15. What is this then? I will pray with the spirit, I will pray with the mind allo: I will fing with the

spirit, I will sing with the mind also.

16. Else if thou shalt bless with the spirit, how shall he that supplies the place of the unlearned, say Amen at thy bleffing, fince he knoweth not what thou layeft ?

17. For thou verily givest thanks well: But ano.

ther is not edified.

18. I thank my God that I speak all your lan-

19. But I had wither speak five words with my understanding in the church, that I might instruct othere allo, than ten thouland words in a tongue. † 4 Sup. Infol.

ze. Brethren, be not children in understanding: red. But in malice be ye children, and perfect in under-

Standing

21. It is written in the law: I will speak unto this people in other tongues, and with other lips: And yer they will not hear me, faith the Lord.

with he is in-

Holy Ghofte

The First Epistle of St. Pant Chap. XIV.

22. Therefore tongues are for a fign, not to the faithful, but to infidels: But propheties are not for infidels, but for the faithful.

22. If then the whole church should meet together in one place, and all lipeak tongues, and there comein ignorant people, or infidels: Would they not lay, that ye are mad?

24. But if all prophesie, and there come in an infidel, or an ignorant person, he is convinced by all,

and judged by all;

25. The Tecrets of his heart are discovered, and so falling down on his face, he will adore God, and

pronounce that God is truly in you.

Ti. e. The Gift of ling-

26. What must re do then, brethren? When ye come together, one of you hath a pialm, ' another hath a doctrine, another hath a revelation, another hig of Pfaims, hath a tongue, another hath an interpretation: Let all things be done for edification.

> 27. In cale any man speak a tongue, let it be done by two, or at most by three, and that by turns, and let one interpret.

> 28. But if there be no interpreter, let him be hienk in the church, and ler him speak to himself and to

God.

† i. d. Interprefers, or Preschers.

29. As to the propliets, † let two or three speak, and let the reit judge.

30. If any thing be revealed unto another that five

teth by, let the first hold his peace.

3t. For ye may all prophesse one by one, that all may learn, and all may be comforted:

32. The spirits of the prophets are subject to the

Prophets.

- 33. For God is not the God of confusion, but of peace: As I also teach in all the churches of the Saints.
- 34. Let the women be silent in the churches: For they are not allowed to speak, but to be under subjection, as also saith the law.

35. And if they will learn any thing, let them aft their husbands at home. For it is a shame for a wu-

man to lpeak in the church,

36. Did the word of God proceed from you, or came

it unto you on y ?

37. If any man think himfelf to be a prophet, or spiritual, let him acknowledge that the things which I write unto you, are the commandments of the Lord.

38. But if any man be ignorant, he shall be in ignorance.

39. Wherefore, brerhren, covet to prophete, and forbid not to treak the tongues.

40. But

40. But let all things be done decently, and according to order.

CHAP. XV.

t. OW, brethren, I put you in mind of the The Epiftle on goipel which I preached unto you, which the elevants tillo ye have received, and wherein ye ftand.

Sunday of the

2. By which also ye are saved: Provided ye have Pentecuste retained after what manner I have preached unto you.

and have not believed in vain.

3. For I delivered unto you first of all, that which I also received: How that Christ died for our fins according to the scriptures:

4. And that he was buried, and that he role again

the third day according to the scriptures:

5. And that he appeared to Cephas, and after that

to the eleven.

6. After that he was feen by more than five hundred brethren at once: Whereof many are as yet alive, and fome are fallen effect.

7. After that he appeared to James, then to all the

Apostles:

8. And last of all he appeared unto me also, as to an abortive.

9. For I am the least of the Apostles, and am not born before worthy to be called an Apostle, because I perfectled his time. the church of God.

to. But by the grace of God I am what I am, and his grace was not truitless in me, but I laboured more than all of them: Yet not I alone, but the grace of God with me.

It. But whether it was I, or they; fo we preach,

and to ye believed.

t2. Now if it was preached unto you, that Christ tole from the dead, how lay some among you, that there is no refurrection of the dead.

13. For it there be no refunection of the dead, then Christ is not rifen,

14. Bur if Chrift be not rifen, then is our preach-

ing vain, and your faith is also vain.

- 15. Moseover we are found falle witnesses of God: Recause we have testified against God, that he raised up Christ, which he raised not up, if the dead rite not.
 - 16. For if the dead rife not, neither did Christ rife

17. And if Christ did not rife again, your faith is wain, ye are as yet in your time.

The First Epistle of St. Paul Chap. XV.

i. e. Died in Christ.

18. Then they also who are fallen alleep ' in Chiff, are perished.

19. If in this life only we have hope in Christ, wa are of all men the most miserable.

20. But now is Christ risen from the dead, being the first fruits † of them that sleep.

† i. e. The Bull that role

21. For fince by man came death, by man came from the Dead. also the resurrection of the dead.

> 22. And as all men are dead in Adam, even so shall all men be quickened in Christ.

> 23. But every man in his own order: Christ the first fruits, afterward they that are of Christ, and who have believed in his coming.

> 24. Then cometh the end; when he shall have delivered up the kingdom to God even the father: When he shall have abolished all principality, and authority, and power.

> 25. For he must reign till he hath put all enemies under his feet.

> 26. The last enemy which shall be destroyed, it death: For he hath put all things under his feet: But when he laith:

> 27. All things are put under him, it is evident that he is excepted, who did put all things under him.

> 28. And when all things shall be subdued unto him, then shall the son also himself be subject unto him, who put all things under him, that God may be all in all.

i. e. Afflit . and punish their Bodies with Pasting and Tears. and other Penitential Works, &cc.

29. Elfe what shall they do, who are baptized ! for the dead, if the dead rife not at all? To what purpole are they baptized for them?

30. To what purpole also are we in danger every hour?

21. I die daily, brethren, for your glory which I have in Christ Jelus our Lord.

32. If (to speak after the manner of men) I have fought with beafts at Ephelus, what doth it avail me, if the dead rife not? Let us eat and drink, for to morrow we shall die.

33. Be not deceived: Evil communications corrupt good manners.

34. Awake ye just, and sin not : For some have not the knowledge of God, I speak this to your shame.

35. But some men will say: How shall the dead rife again, or in what fort of body shall they come?

36. Thou fool, that which thou lowest is not quickened, except it die first.

37. And that which thou lowest is not the body which

which is to rife, but a bare grain, for inftance, of wheat, or of any other feed.

28. But God giveth it a body as he pleaseth, and

to every feed its own body.

39. All flesh is not the same flesh: But there is one kind of flesh of men, another of beafts, another of birds, and another of fishes.

40. There are also celeftial bodies, and terrestrial bodies: But the glory of the celestial is one thing,

and that of the terrestrial is another.

4t. The brightness of the sun is one thing, the brightness of the moon is another, and the brightness of the stars is another. For one star differeth from another in brightnels.

42. So also is the resurrection of the dead. The body is fown in corruption, it shall rise without cor-

ruption.

43. It is fown in dishonour, it shall rife in glory:

It is fown in weaknels, it shall rife in power.

44. It is fown a natural body, it shall rise a spiritual body. As there is a natural body, there is also a spiritual body, as it is written:

45. The first man Adam was made a living soul.

the last Adam a quickening lpirit.

46. Now that which is spiritual, was not the first. but that which is natural; afterward that which is Ipiritual.

47. The first man of the earth is earthy: The se.

cond man of heaven is heavenly.

48. As is the earthy, such are they also that are earthy: And as is the heavenly, such are they also that are heavenly.

49. As we have then born the image of the earthy,

let us bear allo the image of the heavenly.

50. Now this I say, brethren, that flesh and blood All-Souls Day. cannot inherit the kingdom of God: Neither shall "Sup. For the corruption inherit incorruption.

sr. Behold I tell you a mystery : We shall all rife cause the Boindeed, but we shall not all be changed. *

52. In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the rife and go to last trumpet: For the trumpet shall found, and the Hell, the they dead shall rife incorruptible, and we shall be changed. are changed

53. For this corruptible body must put on incor- from a State funtion: And this mortal body put on immortality. of Infensibility

14. Now, when this mortal body shall put on im- to a State of mortality, then thall come to pass the saying that is Suffering: Yet written: Death is swallowed up in victory.

55. Q death, where is thy victory? Q death, where not for the betis thy fing?

The Epiftle on better: Be-

dies that shall

their change is

ter, but for the ¥Or[€.

56. The fting of death is fin : And the ftrength of fin is the law.

57. But thanks be to God, who gave us the victory

thro' our Lord Jefus Chaift.

58. Therefore my beloved brethren, be ye fledfast and immoveable: Always abounding in the work of the Lord, knowing that your labour is not in vain in the Lord.

CHAP. XVI.

for the Saints, do ye observe the same order, which I prescribed to the churches of Gazatia:

2. Upon the first day of the week, let every one of you fet apart, and lay up what he is willing to give: That the gatherings may not be made when I come?

3. And when I arrive, I will fend those, whom ye shall approve by your letters, to carry your charmy unto Jerusalem.

4. And if it be meet that I go allo, they shall go

with me.

5. Now I will come unto you, when I pals this

Macedonia: For I shall pals that way,

6. And perhaps I may tarry, and even pais the winter with you: That ye may bring me on my jou ney, whitherfoever I go.

7. For I will not see you now by the way, but I hope to tarry for some time with you, if the Lord

will permit at.

3. Bur I will stay at Ephelus till Pentecof.

9. For a fair and manife ft occasion is offered unto

me, and the e are many advertaries.

you without fear: For he worketh the work of the Lord, as I also do.

It. Let no man therefore despile him: But condust him forth in peace, that he may come unto me: For

1 expect him with the brethien.

ti. As to our brother Apollo, I assure you, I did earnestly intreat him to come to you with the brethren, and he would not at this time: But he will come when he is at leasure.

13. Waich ye, stand fait in the faith, act like men,

and be frong.

74. Let all things among you be done with cha-

rity.

15. Ye know, brethren, the family of Stephanus, and Fortunatus, and Achaius, that they are the finite finite.

the Apossie to the Corinthians. Chap, XVI.

finits of Achaia, and that they have confectated 'i.e. Our Lord themselves to the ministry of the Saints: cometb. The

16. I beseech you, submit your selves unto such, Jewsbadthree and to every one that worketh with us, and labour- Sorts of exech.

17. I am glad of the arrival of Stephanus, and For-tion in Ufc. tunatus, and Achaius: Because they have supplied The first they that which was wanting unto you:

called Niddui,

18. For they have refueshed my spirit and yours that is, a put. Be ye therefore acknowledging, and grateful to such ting out of the persons.

Syntgogue.

19. The churches of Ana salute you. Aquila and The jecond Priscilla, with whom I also lodge, and the church they called that is in their house, salute you affectionately in the Cherem, that Lord.

15. a Separa-

20. All the brethren falute you, greet ye one ano- tion not only ther with an holy kils.

from the pub-

21. The falutation of me Paul with mine own hand. lick Prayers in 22. If any man love not our Lord Jesus Christ, let the Synagogue, him be accursed, Maran-atha. *

but also from

23. The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with all Commerce and Society

24. My love be with you all in Christ Jesus with the rest of the People.

And the third they called Manan-atha, i. e. The Land come eth. The Jews believed that fuch as were energy with this Confure, had fome Judgments from God immediately after come upon

they called it: The Lord com-

αJ.

B b 4

THE them: Whence

Second Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle to the Corinthians.

CHAP. I.

The Epifle for 1. DAUL an Apostle of Jesus Christ by the will St. Marcellus, of God, and Timothy his brother, unto the Jan. 16. St. church of God which is in Corinth, and to all the Linus, Sept. Saints, which are in all Achaia.

23, and for fome other Martyrs Bifoots, Grace be to you, and peace from God our father, and from the Lord Jefus.

3. Bleffed be God and the father of our Lord Jefus Christ, the father of mercies, and the God of all comfort.

4. Who comforteth us in all tribulations: That we may be able to comfort those who are under any fort of preffure, by the exhortation wherewith wo our selves are exhorted by God.

5. For as the fufferings of Christ abound in us : So

our confolation also aboundeth by Christ.

6. And whether we be afflicted, it is for your infiruction and falvation; whether we be comforted, it is for your confolation; whether we be exhoused it is for your infiruction and falvation, which workers the enduring of the fame afflictious, which we also suffer:

7. That our hope of you may be stedfast, knowing that as ye are partakers of the sufferings, so shall ye

be of the confolation alfo.

8. For we would not, brethren, have you be ignorant of the tribulation which came upon us in Alia, being pressed beyond measure, and above our thength: infomuch that we were even weary of life

9. But we had the sentence of death in our selves, that we should not trust in our selves, but in God

who raiseth the dead.

10. Who hath delivered us from so great dangers, and doth deliver: In whom we trust that he will yet

likewise deliver us,

thanks of many perions may be given to him in our behalf, for the gift which was given to us in favour of many. 12. For this is our glory, the testimony of our confcience, that we have had our conversation in this world, and especially among you, in simplicity of heart, and Godly sincerity, not according to the wisdom of the sless, but according to the grace of God.

13. For we write no other things unto you than what you have read, and known, And what I trust

ye will know unto the end:

14. As ye have also partly known, that we are your glory, even as ye also are ours in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.

15. And in confidence hereof I was willing to come unto you before, that you might have a record fa-

vou: :

16. And to pais by you into Macedonia, and to come again out of Macedonia unto you, and to be

brought on my way by you toward Judea.

r7. When I took this resolution then, did I change it thro' inconstancy? Or the things which I purpole, do I purpole them according to the sless, that with me there should be yea, and nay?

18. But as God is true, our discourse unto you had

not in it yea and nay?

so. For the ion of God Jelus Christ, who was no contradipreached among you by us, by me and Silvanus, and dion in it. Timothy, was not yea, and may, but in him was yea.

20. For as many promiles of God as are made concerning Jesus Christ, they are yea in him: And there-

fore by him Amen unto God for our glory.

21. Now he that confirmeth us with you in Christ,

and hath anointed us, is God:

22. Who hath also sealed us, and gave the earnest

of his spirit in our hearts.

23. Wherefore I call God to witness upon my soul, that it was to spare you I came not as yet to Corinth: Not that we domineer over your faith, but are helpers of your joy: For ye are fledfast in the saith.

CHAP. II.

I. BUT this I resolved with my self, that I would not come again to you in sorrow.

2. Yet if I make you forry, who is it that maketh me glad, but the same which is made forry by me?

3. And I wrote this same unto you, that when I come, I may not have forrow upon forrow from those of whom I ought to rejoice, having confidence in you all, that my joy is the joy of you all.

4. For our of much affliction and anguish of heart, I wrote unto you with many tears, not that he should

Chap, III. The Second Epistic of St. Paul

he grieved, but that you might know the charity which I have more abundantly for you.

5. But if any have cauled grief, he hath not grieved me only, but in part: That I might not charge

* Sup. With you all. * 6. Sufficient to such a man is this reproof which the Infanty of Alin mention-

the incessions was given by many. 7. So that on the contrary, you should rather ined in my first dulge and comfort such a man, lest he be overwhelmed with too much forrow.

Epifile: Or with a Suspition of want. towards him.

8. Wherefore I beseech you to confirm your charity

ing true Sorrow for his Crime.

9. For to this end also have I written, that I might know by experience whether ye be obedient in all things. T

+ i. e. Were excommunicate and to pardon the in at my Request.

Anthority

dins.

which Christ

Pentecoit.

to. Now to the man to whom ye gave indulgence, ready both to I also granted the same: For what I remitted, if I remitted any thing in the person of Christ ! it was for your lakes: 11. That we might not be suspriled by Satan: For

celluous Man we are not ignorant of his deligns. 12. Moreover, when I came to Troas for the gof-

i. e. By the ple of Chrift, and had a door opened for me in the Lord,

13. I had no rest in my spirit, because I found not gave me to re- Titus my brother, but taking my leave of them, I mit or retain went into Macedonia.

14. Now thanks be unto God, who always caufeth us to triumph in Christ Jelus, and maketh manifest the favour of his knowledge by us in every place:

15. For we are a sweet layour of Christ unto God, both to thole who are faved, and to thole who pe-Tifb.

· 16. To some we are the savour of death unto death, and to others, the savour of life unto life. And who is to sufficient for thele things.

17. For we are not like many, who adulterate the word of God, but with fincerity, and as from God, in the fight of God we speak in Christ.

CHAP. III.

The Epiflic on t. O we begin again to commend our felves? Or need we (as some do) letters of commenthe twelfth Sunday after dation to you, or from you?

2. Ye are out epistle written in our hearts, which is known and read by all men i

2. It being manifest that ye are the epistle of Christ, ministred by us, and written not with ink, but with

the

the spirit of the living God: Not in tables of stone, but in fleshy tables of the heart.

4. And such is our considence in God thro' Christ:

5. Not that we are fufficient of our felves to think any thing, as from our felves: But our fufficiency is from God:

6. Who also hath made us fit ministers of the new testament; not according to the letter, but according to the ipirit: For the letter killeth, but the fpirit

giveth life.

7. Bur if the ministration of death engraven in letters upon frones, was glorious, to that the children of Israel could not fiedfaitly look Moles in the face, for the glory of his countenance, which was to be cone away:

8. How shall not the ministration of the spirit be

rather glotious?

9. For if the ministration of condemnation be accompanies with glory: Much more ought the minitration of justice to abound in glory.

to And even that which was glorified, did not appear in this respect, by reason of a more excellent

giviy:

II. For if that which is done away was glorious, much more that which remaineth is accompanied with giviy.

1 ... Having then such hope, we speak with much greater Glory

ailuiance:

13. And not as Moles, who covered his face with a vail, that the children of lirael might not stedfastly behald the face of that which is abolished;

14. But their tenles were blunted. For until this day remainerh the lame vall untaken away, in the reading of the old testament; because it is to be taken

by Chilft.

15. But even unto this day, when Moles is read,

the vail is upon their heart.

16. But when I fract thall be converted to the Lord. the vail shall be taken away.

17. Now the Lord is a spirit: And where the spirit

of the Lord is, there is liberty.

18. But we all with open face, beholding as in a gials the glory of the Lord, are transformed into the lame image, † from light into light, even as by the † i. e. Into spirit of the Lord,

* i. e. The Glary of the Law did not appear, but clouded by the of the Gospel.

the Linenels. of God.

CHAP. IV.

1. Thing therefore the administration, 25 we have obtained mercy, we faint not:

The Epistle for St. Athanafius, May 3.

" i. e. The

The cale

z. But we cast away the hidden things of dishonesty, not walking in crattiness, nor adulterating the word of God, but in manifesting the truth, we commend our selves to every man's conscience in the fight of God.

3. But if our gospel be as yet hid, it is hid to those

wlio perish:

4. To those insidels whose minds the God of this world * hath blinded, that the light of the glorious golpel of Christ, who is the image of God, might not thine upon them:

5. For we do not preach up our felves, but Jelus Christ our Lord, and we call our felves your servants

for Jelus lake:

6. For as much as God, who commanded the light to shine out of darkness, hath shined in our hearts, for the manifestation of the knowledge of the glory of God, in the person of Christ Jelus.

7. But we have this treasure in earthen vessels, that the excellency of the power may be of God, and

not of us.

8. We have tribulations on every fide, but are not diffressed: We are destitute of all things, but not abandoned:

9. We fuffer perfecution, but we are not forlaken:

We are cast down, but we perish not.

ic. We always carry about in our bodies the mortification of Jelus, that the life also of Jelus might be made manifest in our bodies.

11. For we who live, are always delivered unto death for Jelus lake: That the life also of Jelus might

be made manifest in our mortal fiesh.

12. So then death worketh In us, but life in you.

13. And fince we have the same spirit of with, as it is written: I believed, therefore have I spoken: We also believe, and therefore speak.

14. Knowing that he, who railed up Jesus, shall raise us up also with Jesus, and place us with you. T

15. For all things are for your lakes, that the abundant grace may redound to the glory of God, thro' the tlianklgiving of many.

16. For which cause we faint not: But the our outward man be destroyed, yet the inward man is re-

newed day by day,

Sup. In

Immortainty.

17. For the light affliction which we fuffer at prefent, and which is but a moment, worketh in us an eternal weight of glory, which surpasseth all measure:

18. While we contemplate not the things which are feen, but those that are not feen: For the things that are feen, are temporal: But the things that are not feen, are eternal.

CHAP. V.

r. TOR we know that if this our earthly house wherein we dwell be dissolved, we have a building from God, an house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens.

2. It is therefore we grone, earnestly desiring to be cloathed on with our habitation, which is from

beaven :

3. Provided always we be not found naked, but

cloathed. *

4. For we, who are in this tabernacle, † do grone good Works, under the weight of it: Because we would not be † i. e. In the stripped, but rather cloathed over; that the mortal Body.

part may be swallowed up by life.

5. Now he that made us for this very purpose, it is e. For is God, who also hath given unto us the earnest of this State of

the ipitit.

6. Being therefore always confident, knowing that while we are in the body, we are ablent from the Lord:

7. (For we walk by faith, and not by fight.)

8. We dare, and have a great defire to be ablent rather from the body, and to be present with the Lord.

9. And therefore we endeavour, whether absent or

present, to please him.

to. For we must all appear before the tribunal of Christ, that every man may give an account of the things which he hath done in the body, whether good or bad.

our eyes, we perswade men thereof, but we are made manifest unto God, and I trust also that we are made

manifest in your conscience.

12. Not that we commend our felves again unto you: But we give you an opportunity of glorying on our behalf, that ye may have wherewithal to answer those men, who glory in appearance, and not in heart.

Chap. VI. The Second Epistle of St. Paul

13. For whether we be carried beside our selves, it is for God's cause: Or whether we be lober, it is for your sakes.

14. For the charity of Christ urgeth us, being of this opinion, that if one died for all, then were all

dead.

15. And Christ died for all, that such as live, may no more live for themselves, but for him who died,

and role again for them.

16. Wherefore henceforth know we no man according to the flesh. And tho' we have known Christ according to the flesh; yet now know we him so no more.

* i. e. Belie- 17. Therefore who soever is in Christ, * is a new veth in Christ, creature: Old things † have passed away: Behold, and observeth all things are become new. !

bis Laws. 18. And all this cometh from God, who hath reti. e. The conciled us to himself thro' Christ, and hath given to

Rites and Ce- us the ministry of reconciliation. *

remonies of 19. For God was in Christ reconciling the world the Law to himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them, Saith and hath committed unto us the world of reconciliate Prophet tion.

Isais. 20. Therefore do we discharge the function of emt.e. Imployed bassadors for Christ, as if God exhorted you by us. us to reconcile We beleech you in Christ's stead, he ye reconciled to others to him. God.

felf.

21. He hath made him, who knew no fin, to be to e. To be fin t for us, that we might be made the justice of the Visim of God in him.

Sin for us.

c. 49.

CHAP. VI.

The Epifle on 1. We then as coadjutors to God, exhort you not to receive the grace of God in vain.

2. For he faith: If I have heard thee in a time accured the fibe thee. Behold now is the time accepted, behold now

Prophet liais. is the day of falvation.

3. Let us give no offence to any man, that our minishly be not dishonoured;

4. But let us in all things approve our felves as the ministers of God, in much patience, in tribulations, in necessities, in distresses,

5. In stripes, in imprisonments, in tumults, in labours, in watchings, in fastings,

6. in chaftity, in knowledge, in long-fuffering, in tweetnels, in the Holy Ghoft, in charity unfeigned,

7. In the word of truth, in the power of God, by

8. Amidit

i. e. Sonswishavi Toke or

Discipline...

8. Amidft glory, and ignominy, amidft infamy, and a good name: As leducers, and yet true ; as unknown, and yet well known:

o. As dying, and behold we live: As chastened,

and not killed:

10. As forrowful, yet always rejoicing: As poor. yet making many 11th: As having nothing, and yet posielling all things.

11. O Corinthians, our mouth is open unto you,

our heart is dilated.

12. Ye are not fireighted in us; But ye are fireightned in your own bowels.

12. Now, to make us a suitable return, I speak

as unto my children, be ye also dilated in beart.

14. Be ye not yoked together with infidels: For what fellowship hath justice with iniquity? Or what Society hath light with darkness?

15. And what concord hath Christ with Belial? * * 'Tit an Or what part hath the faithful with an infidel?

te. And what agreement hath the temple of God Word, which with idols? For ye are the temple of the living God, fignifieth a Son as God himself faith: I will dwell in them, and walk without Toke among them, and I will be their God, and they shall or Discipline. Whenee all be my people.

17. Wherefore come out from among them, and be wicked Menin ye separate, faith the Lord, and touch no unclean the old Testament are cont-

thing:

18. And I will receive you: And I will be a father monly called unto you, and ye shall be my lone and my daughters, Sonsof Belial, taith the Lord almighty.

CHAP. VII.

1, I I A ving therefore these promises, dearly belov-L d, let us cleanle our felves of all filth of flest and spirit, perfecting holiness in the sear of God. -

2. Receive us. We have hutt no man, we have

corrupted no man, we have cheated no man.

2. I say not this to condemn you: For I told you before, that you are in our hearts to die and live to-

gether with you.

4. I have a great deal of confidence in you: I have a great deal of reason to boath of you: I am filled with confolation, I am exceeding joyiul in all our teibulation.

t. For when we were come into Macedonia, our figh had no rett, but we were afflicted on every lide; combates without, and feats within.

6. But God, who comfortern the humble hath com-

forced us by the coming of Titus.

Chap. VIII. The Second Epiffle of St. Paul

7. And not only by his coming, but by the confolation wherewith he was comforted in you, when he related unto us your earnest desire, your tears, your fervent zeal for me; so that I rejoiced the more.

8. For the I made you forty by my letter, I do not repent it: And if I should repent it, when I perceived that the same letter had made you forty (the it were

but even for an hour.)

9. Yet I now rejoice, not that you were made forry, but that ye forrowed to as to do penance. For ye were made forry according to God, * that ye might fuffer no lots by us.

re. For the forrow which is according to God, worketh repentance for a lasting falvation: But the

forrow of the world worketh death.

11. Do but observe how much carefulness this very serrow according to God, which ye had, worketh in you; how much justification of your selves, † how much indignation, || how much fear, * how much defire, † how much zeal, || how much revenge! * In all things ye have approved your selves to be clear in this matter.

t2. Wherefore the' I wrote unto you, I did it not for his cause, who had committed the offence, nor for his, who had suffered † it. But to let you know the

care we have of you in the light of God.

13. Therefore we are comforted: And we have the more exceedingly rejoyced in our comfort, for the joy of Titus, because his spirit was refreshed by you all.

14. And if i have boafted any thing of you to him, I am not assumed: But as we spoke all things to you in truth, even so our boafting of you to Titus, was also found a truth.

15. And his inward affection is more abundantly for you, whilf he remembreth the obedience of you all, now with fear and trembling you received him.

16. I rejoyce, tor that in all things I can confide in

you,

CHAP. VIII.

1. OW brethren, we let you know the grace of God which was bestowed on the churches of Macedonia.

2. How that the abundance of their joy confifted in a great tryal of affliction; and their extream poverty abounded unto the tiches of their Simplicity.

7. For I bear them witness, that to their power and even beyond their power, they were willing of themselves.

* i.e. A: God would bave you to be forry.

† Sup. To me. || Sup. Against the incessuous Man. * Sup. Of God.

† Sup. To fee us again.
§ Sup. For the Glory of God.
* Sup. Onyour

feives for your Sins.

† i. e. His own Father by the inceftuous Abufe of his Mother in Law.

li. e Singlenefs of Heast, er Sincerity.

4. Praying us with much entreaty to receive their charity, and to take part in the ministry of the colledien, which is made for the Saints.

s. And this they not only did, as we hoped, but allo gave themselvers first unto the Lord, and then

unto us by the will of God.

6. Infomuch, that we prayed Titus, that as he had begun, to he would finish among you the same chatity also.

7. And as ye abound in all things, in falth, in ut. The Epifile for terance, and knowledge, and in all diligence, and St. Paulings, even in your love for us; fee that ye abound in this June 22. RIBCE BILO. *

8. I fay not this by way of commandment, but to flowing your make experiment of the falvation of your charity, by Charity upon the care of others.

9. For ye know the grace of our Lord Jelus Christ, in Jerusalems who being rich, became poor for your lakes, that ye thro' his poverty may be tich.

10. And herein I give my advice: For this is expedient for you, who have begun, not only to do, but

also have purposed it since last year.

11. Now therefore perfect it in deed: That as ye + Sup. Con. had a willing mind, so ye may perfect it out of that coming the which you have.

12. For if the mind be willing, it is accepted ac- dus 16, 18. cording to that which it hath, not according to that | i. e. He rook which it hath not.

13. For it is not my delign that others thould be exhort you, to spared, and you burdened, but that there may be an be liberal in equality:

14. At present, let your abundance supply their to the Poor in want, that their abundance may bereafter supply your Jesutalem. need, and so there may be an equality, as it is writ- i.e. St. Luke ten: †

15. He that gathered much, had nothing over; and Churches is he that gathered little, had no lack.

16. But thanks be to God, who put the same ear. Gofpet which nest care into the heart of Titus;

17. For indeed he took upon him the exhorterion: # † 1. e. Of en-But being more exmestly careful, he went unto you of boiling others his own accord.

18. We have fent also with him the brother, whose Poor. praise is in the gospel * throughout all the churches.

19. And not only so, but he was also ordained by the churches to be the companion of our travels fer this grace, † which is administred by us, to the Lord's and fay thes glory, and our own ready mind:

20. Avoiding this, that no man should blame us it to our own in this abundance if which is administred by us:

* Sup. *Of bis*.

the poor Saints

Manna, Exoupon him to your Charity who in all the praised for the

he wrote. to relieve the

Sup. Of A.mi and Money Kathered by 114e we would turk Ufe.

21. For we take care to do good, not only in the

fight of God, but also in the fight of men.

22. We have therefore lent with them also our brother, whom we have approved in many occasions to be very diligent, but now much more diligent upon the great confidence which I have in you;

23. Whether for Titus, who is my companion, and coadjutor towards you, whether for our brethren, the Apostles of the churches, and the glory of Christ.

24. Wherefore thew ye to them in the face of the churches, the proof of your charity, and of our boatting on your behalf.

CHAP. IX.

A S to the ministry, which is exhibited to the Saints, it is superfluous for me to write unto you.

2. For I know the readiness of your mind: For which I boaft of you to the Macedonians, faying: That Achaia was ready the last year: And your zeal * Sup. To give hath ftirred up many. *

their Charity,

2. Yet have I fent the brethren, leaft our boafting of you should be in vain in this behalf, that (as I said) ye may be ready:

4. Lest when the Macedonians come with me, and find you unprepared, we (that we may not lay, you)

should blush on this account.

f. Therefore I thought it necessary to define the brethren, that they would go before unto you, and make up before this bounty which was promifed, fo as, that it may be a matter of bounty, and not extorted by covetouinels.

The Epifile for

6. But this I fay: He that loweth sparingly, shall St. Laurence, reap also sparingly: And he that soweth bountifully, August 1c. shall reap also bountifully.

7. Every man as he hath purpoled in his heart, Not with heavinels, nor as by force: For God loveth a cheerful giver.

8. Now God is able to replenish you with all forts of graces: That ye always having all fufficiency in all things, may abound in every good work.

9. As it is written: He hath dispersed, he hath given to the poor; his justice remaineth for ever.

10. Now he that ministreth seed to the sower, will allo give bread to eat, and will multiply your feed, and increase the product of the fruits of your justice:

11. That being enriched in every thing ye may 2bound in all finglenels of heart, which cauleth us to give thanks to God.

11. For

12. For the administration of this service, not only supplieth the want of the Saints, but also aboundeth

in the Lord by many thanklgivings,

13. By the proof of this administration, glorifying God for your professed obedience unto the gospel of Christ, and for your singular charity to them, and to all men.

14. As also for their fervent prayers for you, and their earnest defire to see you, by reason of the transfeendent grace which is in you.

15. Thanks be unto God for his unspeakable gift.

CHAP. X.

1. OW I Paul my felf befeech you by the mecknels and modesty of Christ, who in prefence am mean among you, but being absent am bold toward you:

2. I befeech you, I fay, that I may not be bold when I am present with that confidence wherewith I am reputed to make bold with some, who think of

us, as if we walked according to the flesh.

3. For the' we walk in the fiesh, we do not war

after the fiesh.

- 4. For the weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but powerful in God, for the destruction of strong holds, the subversion of counsels,
- 5. And of every high thing that exalteth it self against the knowledge of God, and for the subjecting of every understanding to the obedience of Christ.

6. Being in a readiness to revenge all disobedience

when your obedience is compleated.

7. Look ye on things according to the appearance. If any man confideth in himself, that he is Christ's, let him again think this with himself: That as he is Christ's, even so are we.

8. For the I should boast somewhat more of our authority, which the Lord hath given us for edification, and not for your destruction, I should have no

reason to blush.

9. But that I may not feem as if I would terrify

you by letters:

10. For his letters, say they, are indeed weighty, and strong, but his bodily presence is weak, and his speech contemptible.

it. Let fuch an one think this, that fuch as we are in word by letters, when we are absent, such are we

allo indeed, when we are prefent.

ot, or compare our felves with fome, who commend

than-

Chap. XI. The Second Episse of St. Paul

themselves: But we measure our selves by our selves, and compare our selves with our selves.

13. Nor will we glory beyond measure, but according to the measure of the rule which God hath measured to us, a measure to reach even unto you.

The Epiftle on St. Lucy's Day, Dec. 13. St. Martha's, July 29. St. Agnes Jan. 28. and St. Potentiana.

May 19.

The Epifile on 14. For we did not firetch our selves beyond our St. Lucy's limits, as the we reached not unto you: Since we are Day, Dec. 12. come as far as you in the gospel of Christ.

15. We do not glory beyond measure in other men's labours; but we hope, when your faith shall increase, to be abundantly magnified by you according to our rule.

16. Even to preach the golpel in the regions beyond you, and not to glory in another man's line, in the things made ready to our hand.

17. Now he that glorieth, let him glory in the

Lord.

18. For not he, who commendeth himself, is approved, but he whom God commendeth.

CHAP, AL

r. I Wish ye would bear with a little of my folly, and I pray bear with me.

z. For I am jealous of you with Godly jealouly: Because I have espoused you to one husband, that I

may prefent you as a chafte virgin to Christ.

3. But I fear left, that, as the ferpent feduced Eve by its craftiness, your minds should be in like manner corrupted, and that we should fall from the simplicity, which is in Christ.

4. For if he that cometh, preacheth another Christ, whom we have not preached; or if he receive another spirit, which ye have not received; or another gospel, which ye have not heard; ye might well bear with him.

lie In Knowledge, in Labour, and in spiritual Gifts.

5. But I think I did not in any thing come fort | of the great Apostles.

6. For altho? I am unskilful in speech, yet not in knowledge: But we have been made manifest among you in all things.

7. Have I committed a fin, when to exalt you, I humbled my lelt in preaching to you the golpel of God gratis?

8. I have robbed other churches, in taking a falary

to do you lervice.

9. And when I was with you, and wanted, I was chargeable to no man: For the bethren which came from Macedonia, supplied my wants: And in all things

things I have kept, and will keep my felf from being a burden to you.

to. As the truth of Christ is in me, I will not be hindered of this boatling in the regions of Achaia.

ti. Why lo? Becaule I love you not? God know-

eth.

12. But that which I do, I will fill do the fame, that I may cut off the pletence of those, who feek an occasion of being found like unto us in that wherein they glory.

13. For such faile Apostles are deceitful workers, transforming themselves into the Apostles of Christ.

14. And no marvel: For even Satan transformed

himlelf into an angel of light.

15. It is no wonder therefore, if his ministers be transformed as the ministers of justice: Whole end shall be according to their works.

16. I say again, (let no man think me a sool, else

take me for a fool, that I may glory a little.)

17. That which I speak in this matter of glorying, I speak it not according to God, but as it were in foolishness.

18. Since many glory according to the flesh, I will

glory alio.

19. For ye suffer fools gladly, seeing ye your selves The Epifile on

are wile.

The Epifile on Sexagefina Sunday.

20. For ye bear, if a man bring you into bondage, Sunday. if a man devour you, if a man take from you, if a man exalt himself, if a man strike you on the face.

21. I speak as concerning reproach, as if we had been weak in this behalf, wherein so ever any is bold

(I speak foolishly) I am bold allo.

22. * They are Hebrews, and so am I: They are * Sup. Allowaliraclites, so am I: They are the feed of Abraham, ing that so am I:

23. They are ministers of Christ, (to speak soolishly) I am more. In many labours, in prisons more frequently, in stripes above measure, in danger of death often.

24. Of the Jews five times received I forty stripes,

bating one.

25. Thrice was I beaten with rods, once was I stoned, thrice suffered I shipwrack, a night and a day

have I been in the bottom of the fea.

26. In journeys often, in perils on rivers, in perils of robbers, in perils by mine own country men, in perils by the Gentals, in perils in the city, in perils in the wildernets, in perils in the fea, in perils among talke brethen:

27. In labour and wearinels, in watchings often, in hunger and thirst, in fastings often, in cold and nakednefs.

28. Befides the evils from abroad, the heavy weight of my daily affairs, the care of all the churches.

29. Who is weak, and I not weak? Who is scanda-

lized, and I not burn?

30. If I must needs glory, I will glory in the things which concern my infirmity.

31. The God and father of our Lord Telus Christ. who is bleffed for ever more, knoweth that I lie not.

32. In Damascus, the governour of the province under king Aretas, let guards on the city of the Da malcenes to apprehend me.

33. And thio' a window in a backet was I let down

by the wall, and so escaped his hands.

CHAP. XII,

1. TF. I must glory (tho' it be not expedient) I will L come to visious and revelations of the Lord.

2. I know a man in Christ above fourteen years ago (whether in the body, I cannot tell; whether out of the body, I cannot tell; God knoweth) which was caught up to the third heaven.

 And I know that this man (whether in the body, or out of the body, I cannot tell; God knoweth.)

4. Was caught up into paradife, and heard myfterious words, which it is not lawful for a man to utter,

5. For fuch an, one will I glory: But as to my felt, I will glory in nothing, but in mine infirmities.

of, And the I would glory, yet should I not be unwife: For I will fay the truth: But I forbear, left any man thould effeem me beyond that which he feeth in me, or that which he heateth of me.

7. And lest the greatness of the revelations which I had, should puss me up; there was given to me a Ring in the flesh, an angel of Satan to buffet me.

8. Wherefore I belought the Lord thrice, that it

might depart from me:

9. And he laid unto me: My grace is sufficient for *i.e. Appear- thee: For virtue is made perfect * in weaknels. Gladly therefore will I glory in mine infirmities, that the bright in weak virtue of Christ may dwell in me.

10. For which reason I take pleasure in mine infirin firing ones, mities, in reproaches, in necessities, in perfecutions, Bup, Thro: in distresses for Christ's lake: For when I am weak,

she Grace of then am I ftrong, !

eth more Persons than Chill.

it: I am become a fool, " ye have compelled me to * Sup. Ingleit: For I ought to have been commended by you; rying thus.
fince I was nothing inferior to the chiefest Apostles,
tho' I be nothing:

12. However the figns of my apostleship were stamped upon you, in all patience, in miracles, and won-

ders, and mighty deeds.

13. For what had you less than other churches, except it be, that I my self was not burehensome to

you? Forgive me this wrong.

14. Behold, this is the third time that I am ready to visit you: And I will not be burthensome to you: For I feek not your substance, but your selves: For the children ought not to lay up for the parents, but the parents for the children.

up my felf for your fouls: The' the more I love you, I have.

the less I be loved.

16. But be it so: I did not burden you, yet being erafty, I caught by deceir.

17. Did I deceive you by any of those whom I sent

Unto you!

18. I desired Titus, | and with him I sent a bro- | Sup. To visit ther. Did Titus surprize you? Walked we not in you. the same spirit, and in the same steps?

19. Do ye think as ye did of old, that we would excuse our selves unto you? We speak before God in Christ and all, dearly beloved, for your edification.

20. For I fear, lest when I come I shall not find you such as I would: And that I shall be found by you such as ye would not: I fear lest there be among you debates, jealousies, animosities, dissensions, detractions, whilperings, pride, seditions:

21. And less when I come again, God will humble me among you, and that I shall bewail many of those who have sinned already, and have not done penance for the uncleanness, and fornication, and lascivious.

nels, which they have committed.

CHAP. XIII.

HIS is the third time I purposed to come to you: In the mouth of two or three witnesses,

shall every word be established.

z. I told it before, and I foretel it, as if I were present, tho' I am now absent, to those who have sinned heretosore, and to all others, that if I come again I will spare no man.

3. Do ye feek an experiment of Christ, that speaketh

in me, who is not weak but mighty among you?

Chap. XIII. The Second Epiffle of St. Paul

4. For the 'he was crucified thre' weakness, yet he liverh by the power of God. For we also are weak in him, but we shall live with him by the power of

* i. e. Which God on you. *

pe will exer-

5. Examine your selves, whether ye be in the faith: Prove your own selves. Know ye not your selves, that Jesus Christ is in you, except ye be reprobates?

6. But I hope ye shall know that we are not repro-

bates.

7. Now we pray to God that ye do no evil, not that we should appear approved, but that ye should do that which is good, the were esteemed as reprobates.

8. For we can do nothing against the truth, but

for the truth.

9. For we are glad that we are weak and that ye are fitrong. This also we pray for, that ye may be

perfect.

to. Therefore I write these things being absent, that I might not when I am present deal more severely, according to the power which the Lord hath given me for edification, and not for destruction.

The Epistle in a Votive Mass of the

#. Irinity.

tr. Finally, brethren, be ye joyful, be perfect, comfort your felves, be of one mind, live in peace, and the God of peace and love shall be with you.

12. Salute one another with an holy kils. All the

Saints falute you.

13. The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the communication of the Holy Ghost be with you all. Amen.

Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle to the Galatians.

CHAP. I.

r. DAUL an Apostie not of men, neither by man. I but by Jesus Christ, and God the father, who miled him from the dead:

2. And all the brethren, which are with me, * unto . Sup. Send

the churches of Galatia.

3. Grace be to you, and peace from God the fa-

ther, and from our Lord Jesus Christ,

4. Who gave himfelf for our fins, that he might deliver us from this wicked world, according to the will of God and our father,

5. To whom be glory for ever and ever, Amen.

6. I am surprised that ye are so soon carried away from him, who called you to the grace of Christ, to imbrace another golpel:

2. Which is not another, but there are some who trouble you, and would subvert the gospel of Christ.

8. But the' we, or an angel from heaven should preach a golpel unto you contrary to that which we have preached unto you, let him be accurred.

9. As we said before, to say I now again: If any man preach a golpel unto you contrary to that which

ye have received, let him be accurled.

to. For do I now perswade men, or God? Or do I seek to please men? If I yet pleased men, I should not be the fervant of Christ.

tt. But I affure you, brethren, that the gospel The Epiftle on which was preached by me, is not according to the Commemo. ration of St.

12. For I neither received, nor learned it of man, Paul, Jun. 30.

but by the revelation of Jesus Christ.

12. For ye have heard now I had lived heretofore Invention of in Judaism: And how I did beyond measure persecute Man. the church of God, and wasted it,

14. And made progress in Judaism above many of my age in mine own nation, being exceedingly zealous of the traditions of my fathers.

15. But when it pleased him, who separated me from my mothers womb, and called me by his grace,

16. To reveal his ion in me, I that I might preach I i. e. To rehim among the Gentils: Immediately 1 confulted veal his Son neither fleth nor blood,

17. Nei-

† i. e. Of the

The Epistle of St. Paul

17. Neither came I to Jerusalem to those who were Apostles before me: But I went into Arabia, and returned again to Damascus:

18. Then after three years I came to Jerulalem to

see Peter, and abode with him fifteen days:

19. But other of the Apostles saw I none, except sames the Lord's brother.

20. Now as to the things which I write unto you,

God is my witness that I lie not.

21. Afterwards I came into the regions of Syria, and Cilicia:

22. And was unknown by face unto the churches of

Judea, which were in Christ.

23. But they had only heard, that he who perfecuted us heretofore, doth now preach the faith which he had formerly impugned:

* i. e. For my Conversion, 24. And they glorified God in me. *

CHAP, IL

1. THEN fourteen years after, I went up again to Jerusaiem, with Barnabas, and took litus with me also.

2. But it was pursuant to a revelation that I went up: And I laid before them, and in particular before such as feemed to be the most considerable, the gospel which I preach among the Gentils: Lest by any means I should sun, or had run in vain.

3. But neither Titus who was with me, tho' 2

Gentil, was compelled to be circumcifed.

4. No not even upon account of falle brethren unawares brought in, who came in privately to fpy out our liberty, which we have in Christ Jesus, that they might bring us into bondage.

5. To whom we by no means yielded, no not for an hour, that the truth of the golpel might continue

with you.

6. Now, thele, who feem to be the chief, (whate foever they were formerly it concerneth me not: For God accepteth no man's person) these I fay who seem + Sup. Among ed to be the chief, + added nothing to me.

† Sup. Among the Apostles.

- 7. But on the contrary, when they saw that the ease of preaching the gospel unto those, who were uncircumcised, was committed to me, as that of preaching to those, who were circumcised, was committed to Peter:
- 8. (For he that sheweth his power in Peter for the I i. e. Of the apostleship of the circumcision, I the same did shew sews. his power in me also among the Gentils.)

9. And when they had perceived the grate which was given to me, James, and Cephas, and John, who teemed to be pillars, * gave me and Barnabas the right hands of fellowship: That we might Church. preach to the Gentils, and they to the circumcifed: † | i. e. Joined

10. Only they recommended that we should be mind- us to them. tul of the poor: Which things I also was careful felves for the

to do.

11. But when Cephas was come to Antioch, I with the Gospel. stood him to his face, because he was to be blamed: * T i. e. To the

12. For before that certain Jews came from James, Jews. he did eat with the Gentils; But when they were St. Jerom come, he withdrew, and separated himself, being a- faith, it was traid of those who were of the circumcision.

13. And the rest of the Jews consented to his diss. Cephas and mulation, so that Barnabas also was led by them into Paul, that

the fame dillimulation.

14. But when I saw, that they walked not up. publickly rerightly according to the truth of the golpel, I faid Primand Ceunto Cephas before them all: If thou, being a Jew. phas before livest after the manner of Gentils, and not as do the fews for the sews, why compellest thou the Gentils to su-withdrawing Maize !

15. We who are Jews by our natural descent, and the Gentils not of the number of the Gentils, who are sinners:

16. Knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ; even we do believe in Jelus Christ, that we may be justified by the faith of Christ, and not by the works of the law; because no fiesh shall be justified by the works of the law.

17. But if in leeking to be justified in Christ, we pa sently, and our selves also are found sunners; is Christ the mini-

ster of fin? God forbid.

18. For if I build again the things which I destroy-

ed. I make my felf a transgressor.

19. For I thro' the law, am dead to the law, that tils that were I might live unto God; I am fastned unto the cross converted to with Christ.

20. However I live, yet not I, but Christ liveth be averse to in me: And if I now live in the flesh, I live in the them upon defaith of the ion of God, who loved me, and gave count of their himself for me.

21. I do not reject the grace of God. For if justice cumcifed. he by the law, then Christ is dead in vain,

publishing of

agreed upon by

Paul Sould

bimfelf from

upon the anival of the

lews; to the end that the Jews Jeeing Cephas bearing the fame

not justifying it, might for the Future imbrace the Gen-

Faith, and not

not being cir-

N Sup. By thy example.

CHAP, III,

1. O Sensiel's Galatians, who hath bewitched you. that ye should not obey the truth, before whole eyes Christ hath been set forth, as crucified among you?

z. This only would I learn of you: Received ye the spirit by the works of the law, or by the hearing

of faith?

3. Are ye so soolish, as that having begun by the spirit, ye should now end by the flesh?

4. Have ye suffered to many things without caute?

If it be yet without caule.

5. He therefore who giveth you the spirit, and worketh miracles among you, doeth he it by the works of the law, or by the hearing of the faith?

6. As it is written: Abraham believed God, and it

was accounted to him for justice.

7. Know ye therefore, that they who are the chil-

sten of faith, are the children of Abraham.

8. And the scripture foreseeing that God would juftity the Gentils by faith, foretold unto Abraham,

* i. e. In thy faying: In thee * shall all nations be blessed. 9. Therefore they who hold the faith, shall be bles-

feg with faithful Abraham.

to. For as many as keep to the words of the law, are under the curle, † For it is written: Curled be noxious to the every one, who continueth not in the observance of all the things which are waitten in the book of the

sr. But that no man is justified by the law in the fight of God, it is evident: Because, as the scripture i. e. Shall faith, the just liveth by faith :

12. Now the law is not of faith, but only faith: poral Bleffing: He that doeth the things preferibed by the law, shall live in them. †

> 17. Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curle for us: For it is written: Curied is every one who haugeth on a tree.

> 14. That the bleffing of Abiaham might come en the Gentils thro' Chaift [elus, and that we might receive the promise of the spirit thro' faith.

15. Brethren (1 ipeak after the manner of men) tho' the thirteenth it be out a man's covenant, it it be confirmed, no man

Sunday after difamulleth it, or addetit thereunto. 16. Now to Abraham and his feed were the pro-

miles made. He faith not: And to his feeds, as if he had spoke of many; but as of one: And to that leed, which is Chrift.

Seed.

† i. e. 0b.

Curfe of the Law. Hab. 2.

Levit. 18. have the tem-

promised to thase who obferve the Law,

viz. Longlire. Health. Wealth, &c.

Deut. 21. The Epiftle on

Pentecost.

17. What I would say then is, that the law which was made four hundred and thirty years after, cannot disannul the covenant confirmed by God, nor make void the promile thereof.

18. For if the inheritance be by the law, it is no more by the promise: But God gave it to Abraham

by promife.

19. To what end is the law then? It was made because of transgressions until the seed should come, to whom the promise was made; being ordained * by * i. e. Deli. angels in the hand of a mediator.

vered by An-20. Now a mediator is not of one: But God is gels to Moles,

one.

who is here 21. Is the law then against the promiles of God? called a Me-God forbid: For if there had been a law given which diator between could have given life, truly justice should have been God and the by the law. People of II-

22. But the scripture hath concluded all under sin, rael. that the promise might be given by the faith of Jesus

Christ to them that believe.

27. Now before faith came we were thut up under the law, being referred for the faith which should afterwards be revealed.

24. Wherefore the law was our school-mafter in Christ, † that we might be justified by faith. † i. e. *Leading*

15. But after that faith is come, we are no longer us to Chrift.

under a Ichool mafter.

26. For ye are all the children of God by the faith Which is in Christ Jelus.

27. For as many of you as have been baptized in

Christ, have put on Christ.

28. There is now neither Jew nor Greek; nor bond nor free; nor male nor female: For ye are all alone in Christ Jelus.

20. And if ye be Christ's, then are ye Abraham's

feed, and heirs according to the promile.

CHAP. IV.

J. OW I fay: So long as the heir is a child, he The Epifle on is nothing different from a fervant, tho' be be Twelith Eve Loid of all:

2. But is under tutors and guardians, until the time

prescribed by the father. .

3. Even to we, when we were little children, were in bondage under the elements of the world.

4. But when the fulnels of the time was come, weak Instru-God fent his fon made of a woman, made under the Hions and Preceptswhichthis æγ, World afford-

5. To eth.

5. To redeem those who were under the law, that

we might receive the adoption of lons.

6. And because ye are sons, God hath sent the fpirit of his fon into your hearts, crying: Abba, father.

7. Therefore none of you is any more a fervant, but

a son: And if a son, then an heir thro' God.

8. Heretofore when ye knew not God; ye served

thole, who by nature are not God's:

9. But now fince ye know God, or father are known by God: How turn ye again to the weak and beggarly elements, which ye defire to ferve a fecond time !

10. Ye observe days, and months, and seasons, and years.

11. I fear for you, that I have laboured in vain among you.

12. Be as I am, fince I am as ye are. I befeech you, brethten: Ye have offended me in nothing.

13. But ye know that I preached the gosper to you

at first in the infirmity of the slesh: 14. And ye despited not, nor rejected the temptation which we had been in my flesh; but received me

* Sup. W bereof 2s an angel of God, as Christ Jesus bimfelf. 15. Where is then your beatitude? * For I bear † Sup. From you witnels, that if it were possible, ye would have plucked out your own eyes, and have given them to

| Sup. In the me. Rites and Ce-

16. Am I therefore become your enemy, in telling you the truth?

17. They zealously affect you, but not well: They would exclude you, t that you might imitate them. I 13. But be ye always zealously affected to the good, alfo in my Abin a good thing: And not only when I am piclent

fence. a The Epiftle with you: *

you spike.

the Faith.

remonies of

* Sup. But

the Law.

Lent.

19. My little children, of whom I travail in bitth on the fourth again until Christ be formed in you. Sunday in

20. I would willingly be with you now, and + Sup. Given change my voice: For I am troubled in mind about by God to A. you.

21. Tell me, you that would be under the law, braham. # i. e. A Fi- have ye not read the law!

22. For it is written, that Abraham had two fons: gui¢ which denoted the two The one by a bond-maid, and the other by a ficewoman: Covenants

23. But he by the bond-maid, was born according made with the Faithful. The to the flesh: And he by the tree woman, was by virtue one in the Old of the promile. T

Tellament, and 24. Which things are faid by an allegary: | For the other in . thete the New.

thele are the two covenants: The one in mount Sina. which ingendreth for bondage, is typified by Agar:

25. For Sin2 is a mountain in Atabia, which represents serulalem that is here below, and is in bondage with her children.

16. But that Jerusalem, which is above, is free,

which is our mother.

27. For it is written: Rejoice thou barren which bearest not: Break forth and cry thou who travailest not: For the delolate hath many more children, than the who hath an hufband.

28. Now we, brethren, after Isaac, are the chil-

dren of promise.

29. But as then, he that was born after the flesh, persecuted him that was born after the spirit: Even to it is now.

30. But what faith the scripture? Cast out the bond-maid and her fon: Por the fon of the bond-maid shall not be heir with the son of the free woman.

er. So then, brethren, we are not children of the bond maid, but of the free, with that freedom which Jelus Chrift hath purchaled for us.

CHAP. V.

1. STAND fast, and be not entangled again in the yoke of bondage.

2. Behold, I Paul say unto you, that if ye be cir-

cumcifed. Christ shall profit you nothing.

3. And again I teftify to every man, who circum. cileth himself, that he is obliged to observe the whole iaw.

4. Ye have no part in Christ, you that would be justified by the law: Ye are fallen from grace.

5. As for us, we thro' the spirit wait for the hope

of justice by faith.

6. For in Christ Jelus, neither circumcision availeth any thing, not uncircumcifion, but faith, which is quickned by charity.

7. Ye did run well: Who did hinder you to obey

the truth?

8. This perswasion cometh not from him, who ealleth you.

9. A little leaven leaveneth the whole paste.

10. I have confidence in you thro' the Lord, that ye will be none otherwise minded: But he that difturbeth you, shall bear his judgment, whosoever he be.

11. As for me, brethien, if I yet preach circumcihon, why do I still fuffer perfecution? Then the scan

dal of the crols hath cealed.

Cháp. VI.

The Epistle of St. Paul

12. I would they were even cut off, who diffuib you.

12. For, brethren, ye have been called unto liberty: Only use not that liberty, in favour of the flesh, but ferve one another by the charity of the spirit.

14. For all the law is compriled in this one pre-

cept: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy left.

15. But if ye bite and devour one another; bewate ye be not confumed one by another.

16. I say then: Walk in the spirit, and ye shall The Epistle on

the fourth Sunday after

Bentecost.

not fulfil the delires of the flesh. 17. For the flesh susteth against the spirit, and the spirit against the flesh: And these are contrary the one to the other; to that ye cannot do the things that ye would.

18. But if ye be acted by the spirit, ye are not un-

der the law.

19. Now the works of the field are manifest, which are fornication, uncleannels, laicivioulnels, luxury,

20. Idolatry, witchcraft, hatred, variance, emula-

tions, wrath, strife, dissentions, schifms,

21. Envy, murders, drunknels, revellings, and luch like: Of which I tell you now, as I told you before, that they who do such things, shall not inherit the kingdom of God.

22. But the fruit of the spirit is charity, joy, peace

patience, benignity, goodness, long-suffering,

23. Meeknets, faith, modesty, continence, chasti-

ty: Against such there is no law.

24. Now they that are Christ's, have crucified

their flesh with the vices, and the lusts thereof.

25. If we live in the spirit, let us also walk in the The Boiltle on ipitit. the fifteenth Sunday after

Pentecoff.

26. Let us not be defirous of vain glory, provoking one another, envying one another.

CHAP. VI.

s. D Rethten, if a man be overtaken in any fault, D ye, who are spiritual, instruct such an one in the spirit of meeknels, considering thy less, less thou allo be tempted.

2. Bear ye one anothers burdens, and so shall ye ful-

fil the law of Christ.

3. For if a man think himfelf to be something, when he is nothing, he seduceth himself.

4. But let every man prove his own work, and to thall he have whoseof to glory in himlelf alone, and not in another.

5. For every man shall bear his own buiden.

6. Let him, who is instructed in the word, * com- * i. e, In the municate in all his goods with him, who instructeth Faith, him.

7. Be not deceived: God is not mocked.

8. For whatfoever a man fowerh, the same shall he also reap: For he that soweth in the flesh, † shall of † i. e. He the flesh reap corruption: But he that soweth in the that does hill spirit, shall of the spirit reap life eternal. Works of the

9. Let us not then be weary in well doing: For in Flesh.

due feafon we shall reap and faint not.

10. While we have therefore an opportunity, let us do good unto all men, especially unto those, who are of the houshold of faith.

11. See what fort of letters I have written unto you

with mine own hand.

12. As many as are willing to make a fair shew in the flesh, compel you to be circumcited, for no other end than that they might not fuffer perfecution for the crost of Christ.

12. For neither they themselves, who are circumcifed, keep the law: But they would have you to be circumcifed, that they may glory in your fieth.

14. But God forbid that I should glory, fave in the The Epiftle for cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom the world is St. Francis; crucified unto me, and I unto the world.

15. For in Christ Jelus, neither eircumeilion graileth any thing, nor preficuncition, but a new creature.

16. And as many as shall follow this sule, peace be on them and mercy, and upon the lirael of God.

17. From henceforth let no man molest me: For I People of God: bear in my body, the marks of the wounds of the Lord Telus.

18. The grace of our Lord Jefus Christ be wish

your spirit, brethren. Amen.

Ott. 4.

i. e. The

Epistle of Saint PAUL the Apostle

to the Ephesians.

CHAP. I.

1. DAUL an Apostle of Jesus Christ, by the will of God, to ail the Saints which are at Ephefus, and to the faithful in Christ Jesus,

2. Grace be to you, and peace from God out la-

ther, and from the Lord Jelus Christ.

3. Blessed be the God and father of our Lord Jelus Christ, who hath blessed us with all spiritual blesfings in heavenly gifts thro' Jefus Chrift-

4. As he hath chosen us in him, before the foundation of the world, that we might be hely and spot-

less before him in charity.

5. Having predestinated us to the adoption of children for himself thro' Jesus Christ, according to the purpole of his will;

6. To the praise of the glory of his grace, where-

with he hath gratified us by his beloved fon.

7. In whom we have redemption thro' his blood, the remission of sine, according to the riches of his

8. Which hath exceedingly abounded in us, in all

wildom and prudence:

come.

9. That he might make known unto us the myflery of his will, according to his good pleasure,

which he hath purposed in himself.

to. That in the dispensation of the fulness of times * i. e. When the time which he might reunite all things in Christ, as well the God had de- things which are in heaven, as the things which are on earth: creed was

11. By whom also we have been called to an inhesicance, being predeftinated according to the purpole of him, who worketh all things purluant to the counfel of his own will:

12. That we might be to the praise of his glory,

we, I fay, who first hoped in Christ.

13. In whom ye also hoped, when ye had heard the † i. e. Which word of truth, (the golpel of your falvation) in which was promifed allo when ye had believed, ye were fealed with the to the Faith holy spirit of promise, † jui.

14. Which is the pledge of our inheritance, until

the redemption of the purchase made to the praise of his glory.

* Sup. Be perfeded.

is in the Lord Jelus, and of your love for all the Saints.

16. Ceale not to give thanks for you, making mention of you in my prayers:

17. That the God of our Lord Jesus Christ, the father of glory, may give unto you the spirit of wis-

dom and revelation for to know him;

18. Having the eyes of your understanding enlightened that ye may know what is the hope of his vocation, and what are the riches of the glory of his inheritance in the Saints.

19. And what is the transcendent greatness of his power over us, who believe according to the efficacy of the might of his power,

20. Which he wrought in Christ, in raising him from the dead, and setting him at his right hand in

the heavens,

at. Above all principality, and power, and virtue, and domination, and above every name that it is The is named, not only in this world, but also in the Name of one next.

22. And hath put all things under his feet, and of the celefical made him head over all the church,

Hierarchy as

23. Which is his body, and the fulnels of him, who are also Prin. filleth all in all.

Name of one of the Orders of the Orders of the celefical Hierarchy, as are also Principality, Power, and Domistation.

CHAP. II.

1. A N D you hath he quickned, when ye were dead in your trespasses and fins,

2. Wherein ye have heretofore walked, according to the course of this world, after the prince of the power of the air, the spirit which now worketh upon the children of disobedience.

3. Among whom also we all had our conversation heretofore in the lusts of our field, fulfilling the defires of the flesh and of the mind; and were by nature the children of wrath as well as the rest:

4. But God who is rich in mercy, our of his excel-

five charity, wherewith he loved us,

5. Even when we were dead in fins, hath quickened us with Christ, (by whose grace ye are saved.)

6. And hath raifed us up together, and made us

fit together with Christ in heaven:

7. That in the ages to come he might shew the sbundant riches of his grace, by his goodness to us in Christ Ielus.

Dda

8. For

Chap. III.

The Epistle of St. Paul

8. For by grace we are laved thro' faith, and that not of your selves: For it is the gift of God;

9. Not of works, that no man might boatt.

to. For we are his workmanship, created in Christ Jefus for the good works, which God hath prepared, that we might walk in them.

11. Wherefore be ye mindful, that heretofore you being Gentils in the flesh, who are called uncircumci-* i. e. By the fion by that which is called circumcifion * in the flesh,

lews.

ews.

the Apostie.

Dec. 21.

made by hands;

12. Ye were at that time without Christ, alienated from the lociety of Ifrael, and flyangers to the covenames, having no hope of the promise, and without God in this world.

13. But now in Christ Jesus, ye, who sometimes were far off, are come nigh by the blood of Christ.

14. For he is our peace, who hath made both one, † i. e. By his and hath broken down by his flesh, † the middle-Passion in the wall of partition, that is, the enmittees which divided us. Fielb.

15. And abolished the law of commandments | by i, c. The legal Ceremo- the doctrine of the gospel, that he might make two nies of the old in himfelf into one new man, in making peace.

16. And that he might reconcile both * unto God Law. in one body by the crois, having destroyed their en-* i. e. The

lews and the mity in his own person: Gentils.

17. And came and preached the golpel of peace to you, t who were afar off; and to those who were † i. e. *Tbe* nìgh.

Gentils. 18. For thro' him we both have accels unto the i. e. To the father in one spirit,

The Epistle for 19. Therefore ye are no more strangers and foreign-St. Thomas ers, but citizens together with the Saints, and of the houshold of God:

20. And are built upon the foundation of the Apofiles and Prophets, Christ Jelus himself being the chief corner-stone:

21. On whom all the building fitly framed together, groweth unto an holy temple for the Lord.

22. In which you also are builded together for an habitation of God in the spirit.

CHAP. III.

r. TOR this cause I Paul am the prisoner of Christ

2. It yet ye have heard of the dispensation of the grace of God, which is given me among you.

. . 3. How that this mystery was made known to me by revelation, as I wrote above in him words:

4. Whereby

the Apostle to the Galarians.

4. Whereby when ye read, ye may understand my kno wledge in the mystery of Christ.

5. Which in other ages was not made known unto the fons of men, as it is now revealed unto his holy Apostles and Prophets by the Spirit:

6. That the Gentils should be co-heirs, and of the fame body, * and partakers of his promife in Christ * Sup. With Jefus by the gospel:

7. Whereof I was made the minister according to the gift of the grace of God, which is given to me thro' the working of his power.

8. To me who am the least of all the Saints, was this grace given, that I might preach among the Gentils the unlearchable riches of Christ.

And make all men fee what is the economy of: the mystery, which from the beginning of the world hath been hid in God, who created all things.

to. To the end that the manifold wildom of God might be made known to the principalities | and powers in heaven, by the church..

11. Pursuant to the eternal decree, which he hath Angels, called executed in the person of Christ Jesus our Lord:

12. By whole means we have, thro' taith in him, and Powers. confidence, and accels with affurance anto God. 13. Wherefore I defire that ye faint not at my tri- The Epiftle on

bulations for you, which is your glory.

14. For this cause I bend my knees unto the father Sunday after of our Lord Jefus Christ,

15. Of whom the whole family in the heavens and

in the earth, is named.

16. That he would grant you according to the riches of his glory, to be strengthened with power in the interior man by his spirit.

17. That Christ may dwell in your hearts by faith:

That being rooted and grounded on charity,

18. Ye may be able to comprehend with all the Saints, what is the breadth, and length, and height, and depth; T

19. As also to know the charity of Christ which Mystery. furpasserh all knowledge, that ye might be filled with

all the fulnels " of God. 20. Now unto him, who is able to perform all all the divine things abundantly more than we alk of understand; Perfections, according to the power, which worketh in us:

21. Unto him, I fay, be glory in the church, and thro' Jesus Christ, from age to age, world without end. Amen.

the lews,

i. e. To the Hierarkies of Principalities

the fixteenth Pentecost.

† Sup. Of this

* i. e. With

and Jude's

li i. e. Led

Day. * P[a], 67.

CHAP. IV.

The Epifle on 1. I Therefore, who am in chains for the Lord's the feventh caule, befeech you to walk worthy of the voca-Sunday after tion, to which you have been called,

Pentecost, 2. With all humility and meekness, with patience,

and in a Vo-bearing with one another in charity,

tive Mals a- 3. Being careful to preferve the unity of the spirit gainst Schism. in the bond of peace.

4. Ye are one body and one spirit, as ye are called

in one hope of your vocation.

5. There is one Lord, one faith, one baptilm; 6. One God and father of all, who is above all,

and thro' all, and in usall.

The Epifile on 7. Now grace is given unto every one of us according to the measure of the gift of God.

Eve; and on 8. Wherefore the Pfalmift faith: When he ascended, St. Simon ded on high, he led captivity captive. I and gave

ded on high, he led captivity captive, and gave gifts unto men.

And what meaneth, that he ascendeth, but that

he also descended first into the lower parts of the earth?

away the Souls 10. He that descended, is the same also that ascenwhich were dee ded above all the heavens, that he might sulfil all tained as in a things.

fort of Capti- et. And he gave some, Apostles; and some, Propity in the phets; others, Evangelists; and others, Pastors, and Bosom of A. Doctors;

braham, until 12. For the perfecting of the Saints, for the works he, that it, of the ministry, for the edification of the body * of Christ, had 4- Christ:

pened the 13. Till we all meet in the unity of the faith, and Gates of Hea- in the knowledge of the low of God; in the estate of pen, and led a perfect man, in the measure of the age of the substitute therein nels of Christ:

* i. e. The 14. That we may be no more children toffed to and myflical Body fro, and carried about with every wind of doctrine, of Christ, which by the wickedness of men, who seek to lead us into it the Church, error by their artisties.

15. But that in practiting the truth in charity, we may grow up every way in Christ, who is our head.

16. From whom the whole body compacted, and

io. From whom the whole body compacted, and joined together by that which every joint suppliest, hath its due increase, according to the proportion of each member, for its edification in charity.

that ye walk no more, as do the Gentils in the Lord,

of their mind.

Chap. IV.

18. Having their understanding clouded with darknels, being alienated from the life of God, thro' the ignorance which is in them, because of the blindness of their hearts;

19. Who being without hope, * gave themselves * Sup. Of the up to lasciviousness, for to work all fore of unclean- future Happinels, and covetouinels,

20. But ye have not lo learned Christ, †

† i. e. *The* 21. As indeed ye have heard him, and as the truth Doctrine of is in Christ, ye have been taught by him; Christ.

22. To put off, as to your former conversation, the The Epifile on old man, which is corrupted by deceitful lufts; the nineteenth 23. And to be renewed in the spirit of your mind, Sunday after

24. And to put on the new man, which is created Pentecost. according to God | in justice, and true holiness. i. e. After

25. Wherefore putting away lies, let every one the Likeness speak the truth to his neighbour; seeing we are mem- of God. bers one of another.

26. Be angry, but sin not: Let not the sun set * ' i. e. Put off your wrath upon your wrath. before the Sun

27. Give no room to the devil: †

28. Let him that stole, steal no more: But rather fets. let him labour, working with his own hands that † Sup. To which is good, that he may have wherewithal to tempt you. give unto him that needeth.

29. Let no evil proceed from your mouth, but whatloever is good for the edification of faith, that it may

afford grace to the heaters.

to. And grieve not the holy spirit of God, by

which we are fealed for the day of redemption.

21. Let all bitternels, and wrath, and indignation, and clamour, and blalphemy, together with all malice be put away from you.

22. And be ye kind one to another, tender-hearted, forgiving one another, even as. God hath forgiven

you thro' Christ.

CHAP. V.

1. DE ye therefore followers of God, as most dear The Epistle on the third Sunb children:

z. And walk in love, as Christ also hath loved us, day in Lent, and hath given himself for us, as an offering unto God, and a facrifice of a fweet smelling sayour.

3. But (as it becometh Saints) let not fornication, nor any uncleannels, or coveroulnels be even named among you;

4. Nor filthiness, nor foolish talking, nor jesting, which are not convenient; but rather giving of thanks.

The Epifile of St. Paul

5. For know ye this, and understand, that no whoremaster, nor unclean person, nor covetous man, who is an idolater, hach any inheritance in the kingdom of Christ, and of God.

6. Let no man feduce you with vain words: For the wrath of God cometh upon account of these things on the children of disobedience.

* Bup. In thefe Crimes.

7. Be not ye therefore partakers with them. *

8. For ye were heretofore darknels, but now are ye light in the Lord. Walk as children of light:

9. For the fruit of the light confisteth in all good-

nels, and justice, and truth:

so, Seek carefully for what is acceptable to God:

tt. And have no fellowship with the unstruitful works of darkness, but tather reprove them.

12. For it is a shame even to tell the things which

they do in fecret,

13. Now all things which deferve reproof, are discovered by the light: For all that discovereth, is light.

† End. The 14. Wherefore he †: Awake thou that sleepest, and Holy Ghost in arise from the dead, and Christ shall enlighten thee.

15. See then, brethren, that ye walk waily, not as

The Epifile on fools, the samile men: Redeaming the time, because

Sunday after the days are evil.

17. Wherefore he ye not unwise, but understand what the will of God is.

18. And be not drunk with wine, whence proceedeth

luxury: But be filled with the Holy Ciboft,

19. Speaking to your felves in plaims, and hymns, and canticles, finging and making melody in your hearts to the Lord,

20. Giving thanks always for all things unto God and the father, in the name of our Lord jefus christ;

21. Submitting your felves one to another in the

fear of Christ.

The Epiflip in a You've

Pentecoft.

22. Let the wives lubmit to their own husbands, as to the Lord:

Mass for
23. Because the husband is the head of the wife,

Marriage.

even as Christ is the head of the church, and the la
viour of his body.

Chinch which 24. Therefore as the church is subject unto Christ, is the mystical so ought the wives to be unto their own husbands in Bady of Christ. 211 things.

25. Husbands love your wives, even as Christ also

loved the church, and gave himself for it;

26. That he might lancility and putify it with the water of biptism in the word of life,

27. That he might exhibit to himself a glorious church, having neither spot, nor wrinkle, nor any such thing; but that it might be boly and immaculate.

28, So ought men to love their wives, as their own bodies. He that loveth his wife, loveth him-

felf,

29. For no man ever yet hated his own flesh, but sourisheth and cherisheth it, as Christ also doth the church.

30. Because we are members of his body, of his field,

and of his bones.

31. Wherefore, man shall leave his father, and mother, and shall adhere to his wife; and they two shall be in one siesh.

32. This facrament is great, I fay in Christ, and in

the church

33. Let every one of you then in particular love his wife as himself: And let the wife reverence her husband.

CHAP. VI.

1. CHildren obey your parents in the Lord: For this is just,

2. Honour thy father, and thy mother, which is the first commandment with promise:

. 3. That it may be well with thee, and that thou

mayeft live long on the earth.

4. And ye fathers provoke not your children to wrath: But bring them up in the discipline and correction of the Lord.

5. Servants obey your temporal mafters, with fear and trembling in linglenels of heart, as ye would

Christ:

6. Not with eye service, as if ye would please men, but as the servants of Christ, do the will of God from the heart.

7. Doing service with good will, as to the Lord

and not to men.

8. Knowing that whatfoever good any man doeth, he shall receive the reward of the same from the Lord, whether he be bond or free.

9. And ye masters, do the same unto them, forbeating threats, knowing that both their and your master is in heaven, and that there is no respect of persons with him.

10. Finally, brethren, be ftrong in the Lord, and

in the power of his might.

Chap. VI. The Epistle of St. Paul

11. Put on the armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand the snares of the devil.

tz. For we are not to wreftle against shell and blood, but against principalities and powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against the wicked spirits, which dwell in the air.

13. Wherefore take unro you the armour of God, that ye may be able to relift in the evil day, and to

stand perfect in all things.

* i. e. With

a Disposition

Gospel of

Peace.

to follow the

14. Stand therefore, having your loins girt about, and having on the breast plate of justice.

'15. And your feet shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace:

16. Above all, raking the shield of faith, wherewith ye may be able to quench all the fiery darts of the wicked one.

17. And take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the spirit, (which is the word of God:)

18. Praying in the spirit at all times, in all your prayers and supplications; and watching in the same with all instance and supplication for all the Saints;

19. And for me, that utterance may be given to me for to ipeak with assurance, in order to make known the mystery of the gospel:

20. For which I perform the function of an embalfador in chains, so that I may boldly speak thereof, as I ought.

21. Now that ye may know my affairs, and what I do, Tychicus a most dear brother, and a faithful minister in the Lord, shall make known to you all things:

22. Him have I fent unto you on purpole, that ye may know our affairs, and that ye may comfort your hearts.

23. Peace be to the brethren, and charity with faith from God the father, and the Lord Jesus Christ.

24. Grace be with all, who love our Lord Jesus Christ in fincerity, Amen.

Epistle of Saint PAUL

Apostle to the Philippians.

CHAP. I.

1. PAUL and Timothy, the servants of Jesus Christ, to all the Saints in Christ Jesus, which are in Philippi, with the Bishops and Deacons:

z. Grace be unto you, and peace from God our

father, and from the Lord Jelus Christ.

3. I thank my God as often as I think of you. 4. Always in all my prayers for you all, making in- the twenty fe-

tercellion with joy,

5. For your communication * in the gospel of

Christ from the first day until now.

6. Being confident of this very thing, that he, who * i. e. For hath begun the good work in you, will bring it to partaking perfection, until the day of Christ Jesus: +

7. As it is just that I should think thus of you all: Sufferings and Becaule I have you in my heart, as companions of my Afficions joy, both in my chains, and in the defence and con- which I bear firmation of the golpel.

8. For God is my witness, how much I covet you pel,

all in the bowels of Jesus Chrift,

9. And this I pray, that your charity may abound etb. more and more in knowledge and in all understanding.

to. That ye may discern better things, that ye may be fincere, and without offence against the day of Christ,

11. Being filled with the fruit of justice thro' Jesus

Christ, to the giory and praise of God.

12. Now I would have you to know, brethren, that the things which happen'd to me, have rather conduced to the progress of the gospel:

13. So that the chains which I bear for Christ's sake otherwise, are manifest in all the palace, and in all other places;

14. And many of the brethren in the Lord taking heart by my chains, " have been much more bold to " i. e. By the speak the word of God without fear.

15. Some indeed preach Christ out of envy and ftrife, Patience in my

and fome also out of a good will,

16. Some also out of charity, knowing that I am

fer up for the defence of the golpel:

17. But others preach Christ out of contention, not fincerely, thinking they may add affliction to my chains. 18. But

The Epistle on cond Sunday after Penteco#.

with me in the for the Gof-

T Sup. Com-

Sup. Than

Example of my Chains.

18. But what then? So that Christ be preached after what manner loever, whether in pretence, or in reality; I herein do rejoice, yea and will rejoice.

19. For I know, that by your prayers, and by the help of the spirit of Jesus Christ, this will contribute

to my falvation,

20. According to the expectation, and the hope which I have, that in nothing I shall be assumed: But that with all assurance as always, so now also Christ shall be magnified in my body, whether it be by life, or by death.

i. e. By dying for Christ I shall gain e ternal Life.
† Sup. That is, Christ is my Life.

my Delive-

TARCE.

21. For Christ is my life, and death is my gain. *
22. But if to live in the slesh, be the fruit of my labour, † even what I shall chuse I know not.

23. I am streightned betwirt two, having a desire to be disengaged from the body, and to be with Christ, which is much better for me.

24. But it is necessary for you that I continue in the

fleth.

i. e. Of my 25. And in confidence hereof, I know that I shall sominum in abide and continue with you all, for your advancethe Fless. ment, and for the joy of your faith:

26. That your joy may abound in Christ Jesus for

* i. e. For me, * by my coming to you again,

27. Only let your conversation be, as it becometh the gospel of Christ. That when I come and see you, or when I am absent I may hear of you, that you continue unanimous in the same spirit, labouring together for the saith of the gospel.

28. And be in nothing terrified by your adversaries perfecution which is to them an evident token of perdiction, but to you of Salvation, and that from God.

29. For unto you it is given for Christ's sake, not only to believe in him, but also to suffer for him.

30. Having the same conflict, which ye saw in me, and now hear of me.

CHAP. II.

1. If there be then any confolation in Christ, if any comfort of charity, if any fellowship of the spirit, if any bowels of compassion.

2. Fuifil ye my joy, that ye may be like minded having the lame charity, being of one accord, of one mind.

3. Do nothing out of contention, or vain glosy: But in humility, let each one esteem others better than themselves

4. Let no man consider his own, but the interest of

others.

5. Have the same thought in your felves, which was also in Christ lesus:

6. Who being in the form of God, thought it not

robbery to be equal to God:

7. But demeaned himself, taking upon him the form of a flave, being made after the likeness of men, and in sassion, being found as a man;

8. Humbled himfelf, and became obedient unto

death, even the death of the cross.

9. Wherefore God also hath exalted him, and gavehim a name which is above every name:

10. That at the name of Jesus every knee should bend of those who are in heaven, on earth, and in hell:

11. And that every tongue should confess, that the Lord Jesus Christ is in the glory of God the father.

12. Wherefore my dearly beloved, as ye have always obeyed, not only in prefence, but much more now in my absence, work your salvation with sear and trembling.

13. For it is God, who worketh in you, both to will and to perform according to his good pleasure.

- 14. Do ye then all things without minimutings and helitations:
- ts. That ye may be blameless, and sincere children of God, without reproach, in the midst of a depraved and perverse nation; among whom ye shine as lights in the world.
- 16. Retaining the word of life that I may glory in the day of Christ for as much as I have not run in vain, nor laboured in vain.
- 17. Yes and if I should spill my blood upon the vidim and sacrifice of your faith, I would rejoice, and congratulate with you all.

18. For the same cause also do ye rejoice, and con-

gratulate with me.

19. But I trust in the Lord Jesus, I shall scon send Timothy unto you: That I may be of good comfort, when I know the state of your affairs.

20. For I have no man that is so united to me, nor that is, with sincere affection, so careful of you.

- 21. For all leck their own, not the interest of Jelus Christ.
- 22. But know ye the proof of him, for as a fon ferveth his tacher, so hith he lerved with me in the golpel.

23. Him therefore, I hope, I shall fend unto you, so soon as I shall see how my affairs stand.

24. And I trust in the Lord, that I also my self shall come unto you soon.

25. Mean while I thought it necessa y to send unto you Epaphroditus my brother, and companion in labour,

The Epiffle of St. Paul

bour, and fellow foldier, but your Apostle, and he that administred to my wants.

26. Because he longed for you all, and was very much concerned that ye had heard of his being fick.

27. For indeed he was lick nigh unto death; but God had mercy on him; and not only on him, but on me also, left I should have forrow upon forrow.

18. Him therefore have I lent the more haltily, that when ye lee him again, ye may rejoice, and that I may be without forrow.

29. Receive him then with all gladuels in the Lord,

and honour fuch men.

30. For he was nigh unto death for the work of Christ, exposing his life, that he might supply that which was wanting on your part towards my lervice.

CHAP. III.

I. I Inally, my brethren, rejoice in the Lord. To write the same things to you, to me indeed is write the same things to you, to me indeed is not grievous, but for you it is necessary.

2. Beware of dogs, beware of evil workers, beware

of the circumcifion.

3. For we are the true circumcifion, we I fay, who lerve God in the spirit, and glory in Christ Jesus, and have no confidence in the firsh:

4. Tho' I might also have confidence in the flesh. If any man think be may copfide in the flesh, I may more,

5. Being circumciled the eighth day, of the race of Israel, of the tribe of Benjamin, an Hebrew of the

i.e. An He- Hebrews, as touching the law, a Pharifee;

6. Concerning zeal, perfecuting the church of God, touching the righteoutness, which is in the law, having my convertation without blame.

7. But what things were gain to me, thole I count-

St. Paul the ed loss for Christ.

8. And which is more, I count all things but loss, for a Confessor in comparison of the excellency of the knowledge of that is not a Jelus Christ my Lord: For whose take I have suffered the lols of all things, and eftermed them as dist, that I may gain Christ.

> 9. And be found in him, not having my own righteoutnets, which is of the law, but that, which is of the faith of Christ Jesus, the justice which is of God by faith:

> 10. That I might know him, and the power of his refurrection, and the fellowship of his sufferings, being conformed to his death:

11. To the end I might attain to the refurrection of

the drad.

brew both by Father and Mother. The Epiftle for Eremite ; and

Billiop.

12. Not that I have already attained, I or that I am | Sup. Fowhat already perfect: But I puriue in hopes to attain unto I bope for-

that for which Christ Jesus bath taken me.

12. Brethren, I do not prefume to have compassed my end. But this one thing I do: I forget the things which are behind, and Aretch my felf unto those things which are before me:

14. I haften to the mark, to the prize of the hea-

venly vocation of God in Christ Jefus,

15. Let us therefore, as many as would be perfect. be thus minded: And if in any thing ye be otherwise minded. God shall reveal even this unto you.

16. Nevertheless my advice is, that we mind the fame thing, to which we have attained, and that we

continue in the fame rule.

17. Brethren, be ye followers of me, and imitate those who walk according to the model which I gave you.

18. For many walk, of whom I have rold you often (and now tell you even weeping) that they are the enemies of the crois of Christ:

19. Whose end is perdition, whole God is their belly, and whole glory is in their confusion, who mind earthly things.

20. But our convertation is in the heavens: From whence also we expect the lavious our Lord Jesus Christ.

21. Who shall reform out vile body, and make it conformable unto his glorious body, by that power wherewith he is able even to subdue all things unto himself.

CHAP. IV.

r. Herefore, my brethren, dearly beloved, and earneftly longed for, my joy and my grown; So stand fast in the Lord, my dearly beloved: †

2. I pray Evodias, and befeech Syntyche, that they bave taught

be of the lame mind in the Lord. 3. And I intreat thee allo, O faithful companion, * * Who this help those women, which labouted with me in the gos- was, is no pel, with Clement, and with the rest of my coadjutors, where recorwhose names are in the book of life.

4. Rejoice in the Lord always: Again I say rejoice. doubtlefs the

5. Let your modesty be known unto all men: The Philippians Lord is at hand.

6. Be not concerned for any thing: But in every by that name; prayer and supplication let your petitions be made being, as it is known unto God with thanklgiving.

7. And may the peace of God, which surpasseth all fo called by St. understanding, keep your hearts and your minds in Paul in their Cirrift Jelus.

† Sup. As I

ded: Bus

knewwho itwas

piesumed of ten preferer.

The Epiftle of Sr. Paul Chap. IV.

The Epiffle out the seventh Sunday in Advent.

8. Finally, brethren, whatfoever things are true. whatfoever things are modest, whatfoever things are just, whatsoever things are holy, whatseever things are lovely, whatfoever things are of good repute, whatfoever is virtuous, whatfoever tendeth to the praise of discipline, think on these things.

9. Practice thole things which ye have learned, and received, and heard, and feen in me; and the God of

peace shall be with you.

10. Now I rejoiced exceedingly in the Lord, for as much as your care of me hath now at length flourished again: As ye were allo careful beretofore; but ye waated an opportunity.

I Sup. To re-

11. I say not this upon account of my want: For I

lieve my wants, have learned to be content with my condition.

12. I know both how to bear being brought low, and I know how to abound; (I am instructed every where, and in all things) both to be full and to be hungry, both to abound, and to bear want.

13. I can do all things in him who comforteth me.

14. However, ye did well in taking part in my amiction.

15. Now ye know, O Philippians, that in the beginning of the golpel, when I departed from Macedonia, no church communicated with me in point of giving and receiving, but ye alone.

16. For even to Thesialonica, ye have sent once 280

again, things for my ule.

17. Not that I feek your gift, but I defire fruit,

which may abound to your account.

18. Now I have all, and abound: I am full, having received of Epaphrodicus the things which ye fent as an odour of Iweet Imell, a facrifice acceptable, well pleating to God.

19. May then my God fulfil all your delires accor-

ding to his riches in glory, thro' Christ Jelus.

20. Now unto God and our father be glory for ever and ever. Amen.

21. Salute every Saint in Christ Jelus.

22. The brethren which are with me greet you, all the Saints falute your especially those of Celat's las

23. The grace of our Lord Jelus Chill be with your spirit. Amon.

Epistle of St. PAUL the Apostle

to the Colossians.

CHAP. I.

1. D'AUL an Apostle of Jesus Christ by the will of God, and Timothy his brother:

2. To the holy and faithful brethren in Christ Jesus.

which are at Coloffe.

2. Grace be unto you, and peace from God our father. and from the Lord Jesus Christ. We give thanks to God, and the father of our Lord Jefus Christ, praying always for you:

4. Since we heard of your faith in Christ Josus, and

of the love which ye have for all the Saints;

 For the hope which is laid up for you in heaven. whereof ye heard in the word of the truth of the

golpel:

6. Which is come unto you, as it is also over all the world, and bringeth forth fruit, and increaseth, as it doth in you, fince the day ye heard of it, and knew the grace of God in truth:

7. As ye have learned of Epaphras our dear fellowfervant, who is for you a faithful minister of fesus

Christ.

8. Who also declared unto us your love in the spirit.

9. For which reason, we also, since the day we The Episte on heard it, do not ceafe praying for you, and defining the twenty that ye might be filled with the knowledge of his fourth Sunday will, in all wildom and spiritual undenstanding:

ro. That ye might walk:worthily, pleafing God in coft. all things; fructilying in every good work, and in-

creating in the knowledge of God:

11. Being ftrengthened with all virtue according to his glorious power in order to fuffer with all parience, and perfeverance, and joy,

12. Giving thanks to God the father, who hath made us worthy to be partakers of the inheritance

of the Saints in light: |

13. Who harh delivered us from the power of dark- Light of the nels, and translated us into the kingdom of his be- Goffel. joind ion;

14. In whom we have redemption this blood,

that is, the remission of our fins: Ε¢

after Pente-

i. e. *By tha*

The Episse of St. Paul

15. Who is the image of the invisible God, the

first born of every creature.

16. For by him were all things created in the heavens and in the earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones, or dominations, or principalities, or i. e. In his powers: All were created by him, and in him.

Immenfay.

17. And he is before all, and all things subsist in him:

† i. e. The the Dead.

18. He is also the head of the body of the church, he is the beginning, and the first-born t from among first risen from the dead: That he might have the preheminence above all.

19. For it pleased the father, that all sulness should

dwell in him:

2c. And that by him all things should be reconciled unto himicit, having made peace by the blood of his crols, I as well for the things which are in the earth, as for the things which are in the heavens,

. Blood which was sbed upon the Cross.

i. e. The

21. And even you being therefore aliens, and enemies in your mind by exil works:

22. Hath he now reconciled in the body of his flesh by death, that he might prefent you holy, and loot-

lels, and irreprehentible before him:

23. If so be, ye continue grounded and settled in the faith, and be not moved from the gelpel, which ye have heard, and which was preached to every creature that is under heaven; whereof I faul am made a minister.

24. Who now rejoice in my sufferings for you, and all up in my fieth what is wanting to the lufferings

of Christ for his body, which is the church:

25. Whereof I am made a minuster according to the dispensation of God, which is given to me for you, that I may fulfil the word of God:

26. Even the mystery: which hath been hid from ages, and from generations, but is now made manifelt

to his Saints.

27. To whom God was willing to make known the tiches of the glory of this mystery among the Gentals, . which is Chuft the hope of our glory;

28. Whom we preach; admonishing every man, and teaching every man in all wildom, that we may

render every man perfect in Christ Jelus:

29. Whereupto I also labour, striving according to the force of his virtue, which worketh powerfully iu me.

CHAP. II.

r. OR I desire ye should know how great is my care for you, and for those who are in Laodicea, and for as many as have not seen my face in the fiesh:

2. That their hearts might be comforted, being initructed in charity, and in all the riches of a perfect understanding, in order to know the mystery of God the father, and of Christ Jesus.

3. In whom are hid all the treasures of wildom and

knowledge.

4. And this I say, that no man may deceive you

with lofty speeches.

- 5. For the I be absent in the body, yet I am with you in the spirit, rejoicing, and beholding your order, and the stediastness of your faith, which is in Christ.
- 6. As ye have therefore received Josus Christ our Lord, so walk ye in him:

7. Being rooted and built upon him, and confirmed in the faith, as ye have been taught, abounding therein

with thankigiving.

- 8. Beware lest any man deceive you by philosophy, and vain fallacy, after the tradition of men, after the rudiments of the world, and not after Christ:
- For in him dwelleth all the fulnels of the divinity bodily: #

10. And ye are filled in him, who is the head of tially and Sub-

all principality and power:

it. In whom also ye are circumcifed, not with the as in the Saints circumcisson made by hands in cutting off the sless of in whom the the body, but with the circumcisson of Christ:

Diminity dead.

12. Being buried with him in baptism, in whom leth only by also ye rose again by your belief in the power of God, Grace:

who raised him from the dead:

13. And you, when you were dead in your fins, and in the unconcernation of your fielh, bath he quickened together with him, and torgave you your fins.

14. And having cancelled the hand-writing, which . i. e. By his was against us, and contrary to us, he took it away, own Power.

and tathened it to the crols:

15. And having spoiled principalities and powers, not using only he boldly led them away, openly triumphing over the Ment and them by himself.

indian, or upon account of an holy day or of the ther Formaliser moon, or of the fabbath days:

li.e, Efficitially and Subfeantially, not as in the Saints in whom the Divinity dwelleth only by Grace:

i. e. By his own Power.

† i. e. For not using only the Ment and obferving the other Formalities of the Law

The Epistle of St. Paul Chap. III.

17. Which are a shadow of things to come, but the * The Apollle reality of them is Christ. cautioneth

18. Let no man leduce you, affecting in humility, here the Colothans to be, and in inperfititious worship of angels, to walk in wase of the the things which he hath not feen, being vainly put-Sell of Simon fed up by his cainal mind,

19. And not holding the head, from which all the Magus and body having nomishment ministred, and being knit Menander, and other He-together by ligaments and joints, increaleth with a reticks, who godly increase.

20. If ye are then dead with Christ, to the rudibelieved that ments of this world, why do ye as yet hold them, as the Angels if ye had lived in the world? created the

21. Touch not, tafte nor, handle not; !

22. All which bring death by the very using of upon that Account, for fook Mich, according to the precents and doctrines of men:

23. Which things have indeed the appearance of Chrift, and in vented a New witcom in superstition and humility, in as much as they spare not the body, nor regard the latiating of the flesh.

CHAP. III.

St. Paul at. I F ye then be rifen with Christ, feek the things points bere at I which are above, where Christ Street on the a certain Sect right hand of God: which were

2. Mind the things which are above, not the things

which are on earth.

World, and

Religion in

which they worshipped

ealled Effenes,

and followed

for the most

part the Do-

drine of Py

thagoras.

They eas no

Angels.

3. For ye are dead, † and your life is hid with Christ in God.

4. When Christ who is your life, shall appear, then

thail ye also appear with him in glory.

5. Morrity therefore your members which are upon the earth; viz. fornication, unclearnels, luft, evil fiefb and drank concupiteences and avarice, which is idolarly:

no Wine, nei . 6. For which things take, the wrath of God comther would... cit upon the children of disobedience.

they have any.

7. In the which ye also walked some time, when Fellow/bigwith ye lived in them. the rest of

8. But now you afto put off all thele, anger, indig-Mankind. Their Difereles nation, malice, bialphemy, fifthy communication from were not allow. You mouth.

ed to tough the very Garment of their Senjors, till they had by five Years Faft and offence, been instituted in the Myfter es of their Profesion. Their great Maximi were. Touch not me, for I am boly: Tafte not Wine nor Ment, for they are poliuted. Hanale not this dead Rody, left it defile you, Hence St. Paul forth, that to follow fuch Precepts of Ment, bringerh Death, the they back . the appearance of Wildom: Aid therefore be caucioneth the Colollians e test they should be seduced by such Appedrances.

a The Existic on Easter Eve. † Sup. To the World. 9. Lie not one to another, put off the old man with his deeds.

to. And put on the new, even him who is renewed in knowledge, after the image of God who created him.

11. Where there is neither Gentil nor Jew, circumcifion nor unci-cumcifion, Barbarian nor Scythian, bond nor free: But Christ is all, and in all.

12. Put ye on therefore, as the elect of God, holy, The Epific and beloved, bowels of mercy, kindness, humility, on the fifth modelty, patience:

Sunday after

13. Beating one with another, and forgiving one the piphany, another, when any man hath occasion to complain of another: Even as the Lord forgave you, so do ye also.

14. But above all thele things, have charity, which

is the bond of perfection.

15. And may the peace of Christ reign in your hearts, to the which also ye are called in one body:

16. Let the word of Christ dwell in you abundantly, in all wildom, teaching and admonisting one another in plaims, and hymns, and spiritual canticles, singing to God with grace in your hearts.

17. Whatloever ye do in word and deed, do all in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, giving thanks to

God and the father by him.

18. Wives, be ye subject to your husbands, as it is meet in the Lord.

19. Husbands, love your wives, and be not bitter to them.

20. Children, obey your parents in all things: For this is agreeable to the Lord.

21. Fathers, provoke not your children to anger,

lest they be discouraged.

22. Servants, obey in all things your temporal mafters, not with eye service, as pleasing men, but in singleness of heart, as fearing God.

23. Whatfoever ye do, do it heartily, as for the

Lord, and not for men:

24. Knowing, that of the Lord ye shall receive the reward of the inheritance. Serve the Lord Christ.

25. For he that doeth wrong, shall receive for the wrong which he hath done: And there is no acception of persons with God.

CHAP. IV.

I. Mafters, give unto your servants that which is just and right; knowing that ye also have a master in heaven.

2. Continue in prayer, and watch therein with thankfgiving:

Chap. IV.

The Epiftle of St. Paul

3. With all, praying also for us, that God would open unto us a door of utterance, to speak the mystery of Christ (for which I am also in chains)

4. That I may make it manifest, and I speak thereof

as I ought.

5. Behave your felves discreetly towards those who are without, * redeeming the time.

t Sup. The Pale of the Church,

6. Let your discourse be uttered with a good grace, and leafoned with the falt of wildom; that ye may know how ye ought to answer every man.

7. Tychicus, the beloved brother, and faithful minister, and my fellow-fervant in the Lord, shall ac-

quaint you with the estate of all my affairs:

8. Him I fent to you on purpole, that he might know the estate of your affairs, and comfort your heaits.

9. With Onesmus the beloved and faithful brother, who is one of you. They shall let you know all that

pals as here.

10. Aristarchus, my fellow-captive saluteth you, and Marcus, Barnabas his coufin, concerning whom ye have received commandments: If he come unto you, receive him:

tr. And Jelus, who is called Justus: These are of the number of the circumcifed, and are the only who labour with me in the kingdom of God, * and wete a

* i. e. In preaching the comfort to me.

Goffel,

12. Epaphras, who is one of you, and a servant of Christ Jelus, saluteth you, he is always careful to pray for you, that ye may be perfect, and compleat in all the will of God.

13. For I bear him witness, that he taketh much pains for you, and for those who are in Laodicea, and

Hierapolis.

14. Luke the beloved physitian, and Demas falute

you.

15. Salute the brethren which are in Laodicea, and Nymphas, and the church which is in his houle.

16. And when this epiftle is read among you, caule it to be read also in the church of the Laudiceans: And read ye that of the Laodiceans,

17. And lay unto Archippus: Look to the minifig which thou hast received in the Lord, that thou tuinl it.

18. The falutation by the hand of me Paul. Be ye pappiul of my chains. Grace be with you. Amen.

First Epistle of St. PAUL the

Apostle to the THESSALONIANS.

CHAP. I.

PAUL, and Silvanus, and Timothy, unto the church of the Thestalonians, which is in God the father, and in the Lord Jesus Christ.

2. Grace be unto you and peace. We give thanks The Epiftle on to God always for you all, and ceale not to remember the firsth Sunyou in our prayers,

day after the

3. Being mindful of the work of your faith, and of Epiphany, your labour, and of your charity, and of the skedfast-ness of your hope in our Lord selus Christ in the light

of God and our father.

4. Knowing, brethren, beloved of God your election;

5. And that our gospel was not unto you in word only, but also in power, and in the Holy Ghost, and in great abundance of his gifts, as ye know what manner of men we were among you for your lake.

6. And ye became followers of us and of the Lord; having received the word with the joy of the Holy

Ghost amidst a great many tribulations:

7. So that ye became a pattern to all that believe in

Macedonia and Achaia.

8. For from you was spread abroad the word of the Lord, not only in Macedonia and Achaia, but also your faith in God is come forth in every place; so that we need not to speak any thing.

g. For they themselves publish what fort of reception we had from you, and how ye were converted to God from idols, in order to serve the living and true

God.

'to. And to wait for his fon from heaven (whom he raifed from the dead) even Jesus, who delivered us from the wrath to come.

CHAP. II.

1. TOR your selves, brethren, know that our en-

trance in unto you was not in vain:

2. But even after that we had luffered before, and had been despitefully meated at Philippi, as ye know, we were bold in our God, to speak unto you the gotpel of God with a great deal of care.

E C 4

3. For

2. For our exhortation did not confift in erroneous, or unclean doctrine; nor was it delivered with deceit:

4. But as we were approved by God, to be intrusted with the gospel, even so we speak, not as pleasing men, but God, who trieth our hearts.

5. For neither at any time uled we flattering words, as ye know, nor a cloke of coveroulnels; God is our

witnels:

6. Neither fought we glory of men, nor of you,

nor yet of others.

- 7. Whereas we might have been burthenfome to you, as the Apostles of Christ: But we became as little children among you, even as a nutle cheritheth her children.
- 8. So being passionately in love with you, we were willing to impart unto you, not only the golpel of God, but also our own fouls; because ye were dear unto us.
- 9. For ye remember, brethren, our labour and fatique: We wrought night and day, that we might preach the golpel among you without being a charge unto any of you.

so. Ye are witnesses, and God also, how holily, and juffly, and unblameably we behaved our telves

among you, who have believed:

11. As ye know how we exhorted every one of you

(as a father doth his children.)

The Epifle for Aug. 8,

12. Intreating you, and comforting you, charging many Mariyes, you to walk worthy of God, who have called you unto his kingdom and glory.

13. Wherefore we also cease not to thank God, that when ye received the word of God, which ye heard from us, ye received it, not as the word of men, but (as it is written in truth) the word of God, who work-

eth effectually in you that believed.

14. For ye, brethien, became followers of the churches of God, which in Judea are in Christ Jesus: For ye also have suffered the lame things from your cwn country men, as they allo have from the lews."

rs. Who both killed the Lord Jelus, and the propheis, and have perfectled us; and they pleafe not

God, and they are averle to all men;

16. Forbidding us to speak to the Gentils for their falvation, that so they might fill up the measure of their fins upon all obeafions: For the wrath of God cometh upon them unto the end.

17. But we, brethen, being withdrawn from you for a short time in view, not in heart, have more exceedingly haltened to bee your face with a long

deli e :

I Sup. The

18. For we would have come unto you: Even I Paul, both once and again; but Satan hindred us.

10. For what is our hope, or joy, or crown of glo-17? Are not even ve in the prefence of our Lord lefus Christ at his coming?

20. For ye are our glory and joy.

CHAP. III.

1. W Herefore when we could no longer bear, * * Sup. The we reloived to fray alone at Athens: wantof bavin want of baving

2. And we have fent Timothy our brother, and mi- an Account of nister of God in the goliel of Christ, to confirm you, your Affairs. and to exhort you concerning your faith:

2. That no man should be moved by these afflictions: For your felves know that we are appointed thereunto.

4. For even when we were with you, we foretold you, that we should suffer tribulations, even as it came to pais, and ye know.

s. For which reason when I could no longer bear, # I fent to know your faith: Lest haply the tempter want of hearmight have tempted you, and that our labour should ing from you.

be in vaia.

6. But now when Timothy came from you unto us, and declared to us your faith and your charity, and how you recain a grateful remembrance of us always. being defirous to fee us, as we are also to see you:

7. Therefore, brethren, we were comforted in you amidit all our difficiles and tribulations upon account

or your faith:

8. For now we live, if ye fland fast in the Lord.

9. And indeed, what thanks can we return to God upon your account, for all the joy wherewith we rejuice for your lakes before our God;

to. Earnestly praying night and day, that we may les your face, and may perfect that which is wanting

to your faith ?

ir. Now may God himself and our father, and our

Lord felus Chillt direct our way unto you.

12. And may the Lord increase you, and cause your charity to abound one towards another, and towards

all men, even as we do towards you:

13. To the end your hearts may be confirmed without reproach in holinels belose God and our father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ with an his Saints. Amen.

CHAP. IV.

the Record Sunday in Lent

The Epistle on 1. THEN as to the rest, brethren, we pray you, and conjure you by the Lord Jesus, that, as ye have received of us, how ye ought to walk, and to please God, so ye waik also, that ye may abound more and more.

2. Ye know what commandments I gave you by

the Lord Jesus.

3. For it is the will of God that ye should be holy. that ye abitain from fornication.

4. And that every one of you should know how to possels his own vessel in sanctification and ho-

5. And not in the passion of his lust, as do the Gen. tils, who know not God::

6. And let no man over-seach, nor circumvent his brother in any matter: For as much as the Lord is the avenger of all luch things, as we told you betore, and testified unto you.

7. For God hath not called us unto uncleannels.

but unto holinels.

8. He therefore, that despileth thele things, despifeth not man, but God: Who hath also given unto us his holy spirit.

9. Now as to the brotherly charity, it is not necessary we should write unto you: For ye have your

felves learned of God to love one another.

to. And indeed ye perform the lame towards all the brethren over all Macedonia. But we befrech you, brethren, to abound in it more and more,

er. And that ye study to be quiet, and to do your own bufinels, and to work with your own hands, as

we commanded you:

12. And that you behave your felves civilly to thole who are without, and that ye defire the goods

of no man.

The Epiftle in a Mals for the Day of the . 10/1110m

13. Moreover, brethren, we would not have you to be ignorant concerning those who sleep, that ye the Dead, on forrow not, as do others which have no hope.

14. For if we believe that felus died and role a-Burial, or Der gain, we ought to believe in like manner, that God will bring with Jelus, those who are fallen asleep in

> 15. For this we lay un o you by the word of the Lord, that we, who are alive, and are referred against the coming of the Lord, shall not pievent those was are alkep.

16. For the Lord himself at the figual given by the voice of the arch angel, and by the trumpet of God, shall come down from heaven: and those who died in Christ, shall rile first.

17. Then we, who are alive, and who remain, shall be caught up together with them in the clouds to meet Christ in the air, and so shall we eyer be

with the Lord.

18. Wherefore comfort one another with these words.

CHAP. V.

I. D UT as to the time and the moment it is need-D let's I should write unto you.

2. Because ye perfectly know, that the day of the

Lord shall come as a thief in the night.

3. For when they shall say: Peace and safety, then sudden destruction shall come upon them, as travail upon a woman with child, and they shall not eicape.

4. But ye, brethren, are not in darknels, that that

day should surprise you as a thief:

- 5. For ye are all children of light, and children of the day: We are not children of the night, nor of darknets.
- 6. Therefore let us not fleep as do others, but let us watch and be lober.

7. For such as sleep, do sleep in the night; and

fuch as are drunk, are drunk in the night.

8. But we, who are children of the day, let us be fober, putting on the breast place of faith and charity, and as an helmet, the hope of (alvation:

9. For God hath not appointed us to wrath, but

to acquire faivation by our Lord Jesus Christ,

ro. Who died for us: That whether we wake, or fleep, we should live together with him.

11. Wherefore comfort your felves, and edify one

another, even as allo ye do.

12. And we beleech you, brethren, to consider thole, who take pains among you, and prefide over you, and admonith you;

13. And to love them more abundantly for their works take: Be in peace with them.

14. Now we pray you, brethren, rebuke the unruly, The Epiflle on comfort the feeble-minded, support the weak, be patient toward all men.

15. See that none return evil for evil unto any day in Lent, man: But do always good to one another, and to ail nich.

Ember Satur

Chap. V.

promife.

The Epillic of St. Paul

16. Rejoice always.

17. Pray without cealing.

t8. Give thanks to God for all things: For this is what God requireth of you all in Christ Jelus.

19. Quench not the spirit.
20. Prophefies despile not.

21. Try all things: Hold fast that which is good.

22. Abstain from all appearance of evil.

23. And may the God of peace fanctify you wholly, that your spirit, and soul, and body may be preserved entire, and blameless against the coming of our Lord lesus Christ.

24. He is faithful who hath called you, who also

* Sup. His will perform. *

25. Brethren, pray for us.

26. Greet all the brethren with an holy kiss.

27. I charge you by the Lord, that this epiftle be read unto all the holy brethren.

28. The grace of our Lord Jelus Christ be with you. Amen.

THE

Second Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle to the THESSALONIANS.

CHAP. I.

PAUL and Silvanus, and Timothy, unto the church of the Thesialonians in God our father, and in the Lord Jesus Christ.

2. Grace be unto you and peace from God our fa.

ther, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

3. We ought to thank God always for you, brethren, and it is fit we faculd; fince your faith groweth exceedingly, and the charity of every one of you towards each other abounderh.

4. So that we out felves glory in you in the churches of God, for your patience, and for your faith in all the perfecutions and tribulations which ye suffer:

5. It being an argument of the just judgment of God, that ye should be accounted worthy of the kingdom of God, for which ye suffer:

6. As it is also just in the fight of God to recom-

pence tribulation to those who trouble you:

7. And to you, who are troubled, rest with us, when the Lord Jesus shall be revealed from heaven, with his powerful angels,

8. Executing vengeance, with flames of fire, on thefe who know not God, and who obey not the

golpel of our Lord Jelus Christ:

9. Who shall be punished with everlasting destruction by the countenance of the Lord, and by the glory of his power:

To. When he shall come to be glotisted in his Saints, and to be admired in all them that have believed: Because our testimony was believed by you, concerning that day.

11. Wherefore also we pray always for you, that our God would render you worthy of his calling, and a complish all the defign of his goodness, and the

work of your faith by his power:

12. That the name of our Lord Jelus Christ may be glorested in you, and ye in him, according to the grace of our God, and of our Lord Jelus Christ.

CHAP. II.

1. O W we befrech you, brethren, by the coming The Extile on of our Lord Jesus Christ, and by our coming the Imber together unto him:

Saturday in 2. That Auvent.

Chap. II. The Second Epifile of St. Paul

2. That ye be not snaken in mind, or troubled, neither by spirit, nor by discourse, nor by letter supposed to be sent by us, as if the day of the Lord were at hand.

3. Let no man feduce you by any means, for that * Sup. From day Ball not come, till there happen a revolt first, * and the Faith from the man + of sin be revealed, the son of perdition,

she Church, 4. Who opposeth and exalteth himself above all that and from evil is called God, or that is worshipped, so as to sit in the Magistrates. temple of God, shewing himself as if he had been God. † 1. c. Anti
5. Remember ye not, that when I was yet with you.

I told you thele things?

6. And now ye know what hindereth bis coming, that he may be revealed in his own time.

7. For the mystery of iniquity doth already work, only ler him that now holdeth the faith; keep it until

i. e. Anti- he i be taken out of the way.

Chrift.

8. And then shall that wick

Chrift.

8. And then shall that wicked one be revealed, whom the Lord shall slay with the breath of his mouth, and shall deftroy with the brightness of his coming:

9. Even him whole coming is to be accompanied with the power of Satan, with all fort of power, and

ligns, and lynig Wonders,

ro. And with all the illusions proper to lead into wickedness, those who perish; because they loved not the truth, that they might be faved: Therefore shall God send them strong delusions; that they should believe a lie.

the truth, but contented unto wickedness, might be

damneda

12. But 25 to us, beethren, beloved of God, we ought to give thanks always to God for you, because he hath chosen you as first fruits for salvation, by the sanctification of the spirit, and by the belief of the truth:

13. Whereunto he hath called you by our golpel, that he might puichale the glory of our Lord felus

Christ.

14. Therefore, brethren, stand fast, and hold the traditions which ye have learned, whether by word,

or by our epiftle.

15. And may our Lord Jefus Christ himself, and God even our tather, who hath loved us, and by his grace hath given us eternal consolation, and good hope,

16. Comfort your hearts, and confirm you in every

good work and words

CHAP. III.

1. Thally, brethren, pray for us, that the word of God may be divulged, and be glorified, as it is among you:

2. And that we may be delivered from troublesome

and wicked men: For all men have not faith.

3. But God is faithful, who shall confirm, and pre-

ferve you from evil.

4. And we trust in the Lord concerning you, that ye both do, and will do the things which we command you.

5. And may the Lord direct your hearts in the love

of God, and in the patience of Christ.

6. Now we enjoin you, brethren, in the name of our Lord Jelus Christ, that we withdraw your selves from every brother, that walketh disorderly, and not after the tradition which they received of us.

7. For your felves know how ye ought to imitate us:

Since we have not been troublelome among you:

8. Neither did we eat any man's bread gratis, but wrought night and day with labour and toil, left we should be a burden to any of you.

9. Not but that we had power, | but that we might | Sup. To be propole our felves as a pattern for you to imitate us. a burden unto

to. For even when we were with you, this we de- you. clared unto you, that who loever would not work, neither should he eat.

11. For we have heard that there are some among you which walk disorderly, not working at all, but are buly-bodies.

12. Now we declare unto such people, and beseech them by the Lord Jesus Christ, to work in silence,

and eat their own bread.

13. As for you, biethren, be not weary in well-doing.

14. And if any man obey not our word by our letter, mark him, and have no commerce with him, that he may be assamed.

15. However, look not upon him as an enemy, but

chaften him as a prother.

16. Now the Lord of peace himself give you everlasting peace in every place. The Lord be with you all.

17. The falutation of Paul with mone own hand: Which is the token in every epifte, to I write,

18. The grace of our Lord Jelus Christ be with you all. Amen.

First Epistle of Saint PAUL the Apostle to Timothy

CHAP. I.

I. DAUL an Apostle of Jesus Christ by the commandment of God our Saviour, and of Jesus mandment of God our Saviour, and of [efus Christ our hope:

2. Unto Timothy my beloved fon in the faith. Grace, mercy, and peace from God the father, and

from Christ Jelus our Lord.

3. I defired thee to flay at Ephelus, when I was going into Macedonia, that thou mightest charge * Sup. Than some to teach no other doctrine: *

what they bad me.

4. Nor to mind fables, and endless genealogies, learned from which created disputes, tather than goody edification, which is in faith.

5. Now the end of the commandment is charity proceeding from a pure heart, and from a good conscience, and from untergred faith:

of From which tome having swerved, have turned

alide unto vain discourles;

7. Defining to be doctors of the law, they underfrand wither what they fay, nor whereof they affirm.

8. Now we know that the law is good, it any man

ule it lawfully.

9. Knowing this, that the law is not made for a just man, but for the unjust, and disobedient, for the ungoily, and for finners, for the wicked, and profane, for murdereis of fathers, and murdereis of mothers, for man-liayers,

10. Fur whore masters, for Sodomites, | for men-🎚 i. e. Men that he with Realers, for liars and perjured persons; and it there be other Men, as any other that is contrary to found doctrine;

it. Which is according to the glorious golpel of did the Men the bleffed God wherewith I am included. of Sodom.

12. I give thanks to Jetus Christ our Lord, who hath chabled me, foralmuch as he hath counted me faithful, in placing me in the ministry:

13. Who was beiore's bialphemer, and a perfectior, and injusious: But I obtained mercy of God, becaute

Lasted agnorantly in unbelief:

14. And the grace of our Lord was exceedingly abundam in me with faith and the love which is in Chaift jeius.

15. This is a faithful faying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jelus came into the world to

fave finners, of whom I am chief.

16. But I have therefore obtained mercy, that in me first Christ Jesus might shew forth all manner of patience, for the instruction of those who shall believe in him for the life everlatting.

17. Now unto the king eternal, immortal, invisible, the only God, be honour and glory, for ever and

ever. Amen.

18. This precept I recommend unto thee, O Timothy, that according to the things which were prophefied of thee before, thou mayest war a good warfare according to them;

19. Having faith and a good confeience, which fome

rejecting, made shipwrack of their faith:

20. Of the number of which is Hymenzus, and Alexander, whom I have delivered unto Satan, that they may learn not to biaspheme.

CHAP. IL

r. Delife therefore that above all things supplications, prayers, intercessions, thanklgivings, be made for all men:

2. For kings, and for all men, who are in high flations, that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in

all godlinels and chaftiny.

3. For this is good, and acceptable in the fight of God our Saviour.

4. Who would have all men to be faved, and to come unto the knowledge of the truth.

5. For there is one God, and one mediator of God

and men, the man Christ Jelus:

6. Who gave himself a ransom for all men; as an

argument of bis love manifested in due time.

7. Whereunto I am appointed a preacher and an Apostle (I tell the truth, I lie not) a teacher of the Gentils in faith and truth.

8. I will therefore that men pray every where, lifting up pure hands without wrath, and without firife.

9. In like manner also that women adom themselves in modest apparel, with shame-facedness and sobriery, and not with curled hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array:

no. But (which becometh women professing god) is

it. Let the women legen in filence with all fub-

The First Epistle of St. Paul Chap. III.

12. For I allow not a woman to teach, " nor to * Sup. Pub lickly or in the ulup authority over the man, but to be in filence. 13. For Auam was first formed, then Eve; Church.

14. And Adam was not leduced, but the woman

| Sup. Of his being leduced was in the fault. |

15. However the shall be saved by bearing children, Transgression. if the continue in faith, and charity, and holinets with fobricty.

CHAP. III.

HIS is a faithful laying: If a man defire the office of a bishop, he desireth a good work.

z. A bishop then must be blamelels, the husband of * That is to one wife, * luber, wife, of good behaviour, holpita-

fay, if he had ble, apt to teach,

been tweie

Bilbop.

Married, be

Pale of the

Gentils.

been twice

Married.

is, from the

could not be a

3. Not given to wine, nor apt to strike any, but modeft, not litigious, not covetous,

4. But one that fuleth well his own house, having his children in lubjection with all chaftity.

5. (For if a man knoweth not how to rule his own house, how shall he take care of the church of Goo?)

6. Not newly planted, † lest he be pussed up with † i. e. Not newly conver- pride; and fall into the condemnation | of the devil. 7. He must have also a good character from those, ted and planted who are without, * that he may not fall into reproach, in the Ubitflian Religion. and into the snare of the devil.

8. Let the deacons be likewise chaste, not doublei. e. Into the fame Con- tongued, not given to much wine, nor greedy of fildemnation as thy lucre:

9. Holding the mystery of the saith in a pure conthe Devil had. fcience. * Sup. The

10. And let thele also first be proved, and so let them Church that do their office, having no crime.

gr. In like manner, let the women be chafte, not

given to detraction, fober, faithful in all things. +That is, none 22. Let the deacons be the husbands of one wife, +

must be recei- who rule their own children, and their families well. 13. For fuch as discharge their office well, puichale ved into the Order of Dea- to themselves a good degree, and much affurance in

cons that had the faith which is in Christ Jesus.

14. Their things write I unto thee, tho' I hope to come unto thee foon;

rs. That in cale I delay my coming, thou mayett know how thou oughtest to behave thy felf in the house of God, which is the church of the living God, the pillar and ground of the truth.

to. And indeed great is the mystery of godlinels, | i. e. Of the Incarnation of which was manifested in the fiesh, justified in the spi-Jefus Chrift. rit, appeared unto angels, was preached unto the Gentils, was believed in the world, and received up in glory

CHAP

• Sup. With

CHAP. IV.

times some shall depart from the faith, giving ear to seducing spirits; and doctrines of devils,

2. Speaking lies in hypocrity, having their con-

sciences seared. *

3. Forbidding marriage, and the use of meats, which a bot Iron. God created for to be taken with thanksgiving by the faithful, and by such as have known the truth.

4. For every creature of God is good, and nothing is to be rejected, which is taken with thankligiving.

3. For it is fanctified by the word of God and by

prayer.

6. In proposing these things to the brethien, thou shalt be a good servant of Christ Jesus, being nourished by the words of faith, and of good doctrine, whereunto thou hast attained.

7. But thun impertinent fables, and old wive's tales;

and exercise thy self in godliness:

8. For bodily exercise profiteth little, but godliness is profitable for all things, having promise of the life which now is, and of that which is to come.

This is a faithful faying, and worthy of all ac-

ceptation.

to. For it is for this that we labour and are curfed, because we trust in the living God, who is the Saviour of all men, especially of the faithful.

11. Command, and teach these things.

12. Let no man dispise thy youth: But be thou an example to the faithful, in word, in behaviour, in faith, in chastity.

13. Till I come, apply thy felf to reading, to ex-

hortation, and to doctiine.

14. Neglect not the grace which is in thee, which was given thee by prophetie, † with the imposition † 1. e. By of the hands of the Priefts. || Prayer.

15. Meditate upon these things, apply thy self to them: That thy progress may appear unto all men.

16. Look to thy lelf, and to thy doctrine, continue in them. For in to doing, thou shalt lave thy telf, and those who hear thee.

† I. e. By Prayer. [i. e. Chief

Priests or Bra

CHAP. V.

Chap. V. The First Epistle of St. Paul

3. Honour the widows, that are widows indeed.

4. But if any widow have children, or grand children: Let her learn first to rule her own family, and to require her parents: For this is acceptable before God.

- 5. Now the that is a widow indeed, and desolate, let her trust in God, and persevere in supplications and prayers night and day.
- 6. But the that liveth in pleasure is dead * while * i. e. Is un_ der Sentence of the liverh.

eternal Dearb. 7. And these things give in charge, that they may be blameless.

8. But if any man take not care of his own, and especially of those of his own house, he hath denied the faith, and is worle than an infidel.

Let not a widow under the age of threelcore years be chosen, which hath been the wife of one husband,

- 10. Having testimony of her good works; if she hath educated her children, if the hath exercited hofpitality, if the hath wathed the Saints feet, if the hath relieved the afflicted, if the hath practifed every good work.
- 11. But the young widows thin. For when they grow wanton to the disconour of Christ, they would mairy:

12. Having damnation, because they violate their † i. e. Their first faith. †

13. And moreover being idle also, they learn to first Vow, that is, the Vows of wander about from house to house: And they are not Chiffity which only idle, but tatlers also, and buly bodies, speaking they made to things which they ought not.

14. I will therefore that the younger fort marry, bear Death of their children, be good house wives, and give no occasion to the advertary to speak reproachfully.

Chift after the

Husbands.

15. For some are already turned afide after Satan.

16. If any of the faithful have widows, let him relieve them, and let not the church be burdened: That ir may be able to fuccour those who are widows indeed.

17. Let the priefts, who govern well, be accounted worthy of double honour: Especially such as labour in preaching and teaching.

18. For the scripture saith: Thou shall not muzzle the ox, that treadeth out the coin: And again: The labourer is worthy of his hire.

19. Take not an acculation against a priest under less than two or three witnesses.

20. Rebuke finners before all the people, that the reft allo may fear.

21. I conjure thee before God and Christ Jeins,

and

and the elect angels, to observe these things, without partiality, and to do nothing in favour of either party.

22. Be not in hast to empose | hands upon any, nei- | i. c. To orther be thou partaker of other men's hus. Keep thy dain any. felt chatte.

22. Drink no water as yet, but use a little wine by reason of your stomach and frequent infirmities.

24. The fins of fome med are manifest earrying their

condennation, but the fine of others do follow after it. * * Sup. In 25. Likewise also good acts are manifest, and such sheir Disciples as are otherwise cannot be hid. and Sectators.

CHAP. VI.

s. T ET as many fervants as are under the yoke. L count their own masters worthy of all honour. left the name and doctrine of the Lord be blasphemed.

2. And they that have believing matters, let them not despise them, because they are brethren: But sather ferve them, because they are faithful and beloved, and partakers of the fame benefit. These things teach and exhort.

3. If any man teach otherwise, and consent not unto the wholesome words of our Lord Jesus Christ, and to

the doctrine which is according to godlinels:

4. He is proud, knowing nothing, but languishing about questions and disputes of words; whence arrie envy, strifes, blasphemies, evil inspicions,

5. Conflicts of men of corrupt minds, and destitute

of the truth, supposing that gain is godliness.

6. Indeed godlinels with tufficiency is great gain.

7. For we brought nothing into this world: neither St. Alexius, can we, without doubt, carry any thing out of it.

8. Having then food and raiment, let us be there-

, with content.

9. For they that would be rich, do fall into temptation, and into the fuare of the devil, and into many unprofitable and hurtful lufts, which drown men in destruction and perdition.

10. For covetoulness is the root of all evil: Which while some lusted after, they have erred from the faith.

and intangled themselves in many forrows.

11. But thou O man of God, shun these things, and purchale justice, godlinels, faith, charity, patience, meekuels.

12. Fight the good battle of faith, lay hold on eterna) life, whereunto thou art called, and hast made an open profession before many witnesses.

13. I charge thee before God, who quickeneth all F 1 3 things,

The Epiftle for July 17.

Chap. VI. The First Epistle of St. Paul, &c.

things, and before Jesus Christ, who, under Pontius Pilace, testified a good confession:

14. To observe my commands without spot, and blameless until the coming of our Lord selus Christ:

- 15. Whom he in due time shall shew, who is the blessed, and only mighty king of kings, and Lord of Lords.
- 16. Who alone hath immortality, and dwelleth in light, to which no man hath access; whom no man hath item, nor can see: To whom be honour, and everlasting empire. Amen.

17. Charge them that are rich in this world not to be high minded, nor to trust in uncertain riches, but in the living God, (who giveth us all things abundantly to enjoy.)

18. To do good, to be rich in good works, ready to distribute, and to give part of their goods,

19. To lay up in store for themselves 2 good foundation for the time to come, that they may obtain eternal life.

20. O Timothy, keep that which is committed to thy trust, avoiding the prophane novelties of words, and the oppositions of a science falily so called,

21. Which some men promising, fell from the faith. Grace be with thee. Amen.

i . e. The Faith.

Second Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle, to TIMOTHY.

CHAP. I.

I. PAUL an Apostic of Jesus Christ by the will of God, according to the promise of life, which is in Christ Jesus:

2. To Timothy my beloved fon, grace, mercy, and peace from God the father, and from Jelus Christ our

Lord.

3. I thank God, whom I lerve, as my ancestors have done, with a pure conscience, that without ceaning I remember thee in my prayers night and day,

4. Earnestly desiring to ice thee, being mindful of

thy rea:s, that I may be filled with joy:

5. When I call to mind the unteigned faith that is in thee, which dwelt first in thy grand mother Lois, and in thy mother Eunice, and which I am perswaded is in thee also.

6. For which reason, I admonish thee to stir up the grace of God, which is in thee by the imposition of

my hands.

7. For God hath not given us the spirit of fear; but the spirit of power, and of love, and of lobriety.

8. Be not therefore ashamed of the testimony of our Lord, nor of me his prisoner: But labour with me for the golpel according to the power of God:

9. Who hath delivered us, and called us by his holy vocation, not according to our works, but according to his own purpole, and grace, which was given to

us in Chaift Jelus betore the world began:

re. And which is now made manifest by the appearing of our Saviour Jeius Christ, who hash destroyed death, and brought life and immortality to light throthe gospel:

11. Whercof I have been appointed a preacher, and

an Apostie, and a teacher of the Gentils.

12. For which cause also I suffer these things, but am not ashamed: For I know whom I have believed, and am sure that he is able to keep that which I have committed unto him against that day.

13. Hold fast the form of found words which thou hast heard from me concerning faith, and the love of

Christ Jesus.

14. Keep the good thing which was committed unto thee by the Holy Ghost, which dwelleth in us.

F f 4 15. This

23.

1 preach.

The Second Epifile of St. Paul

14. This thou knowest, that all those, who are in Afia, are averse to me; of whom is Figellus and Hermogenes.

16. May the Lord shew mercy to the house of Onefiphorus: For he harh often refreshed me, and was not

ashamed of my chain:

17. But when he came to Rome, he fought me out

carefully, and found me.

18. The Lord grant him that he may find mercy in his presence on that day. And in how many things he ministred unto me at Ephelus, thou knowest best.

CHAP. II.

r. THOU therefore, my fon, be ftrong in the

z. And the things which thou haft heard from me before many witnesles, the same commit thou to saithful men, who shall be able to teach others allo-

Take pains as a good foldier of Jefus Christ.

4. No man that warreth for God, involveth himseit in secular affairs; that he may please him, who hath enlifted him.

5. For even he, who fighteth in the lifts, is not

crowned, except he fight fairly.

6. The husbandman that laboureth must be first partaker of the fruits.

7. Understand what I say: For the Lord will give

thee understanding in all things.

The Epistic on 8. Remember that the Lord Jesus Christ, who is St. George's of the race of David, arole from the dead according Day, April, to my golpel, *

9. For which I suffer even unto chains, as if I had † i. e. The been a malefactor: But the word of God is not bound Gospel which

10. Therefore I bear all things for the elect's lake, that they may also obtain the salvation which is in Christ Jesus, with heavenly glory.

er. It is certainly true, that if we die with him, we

shall also live with him:

12. If we lufter, we shall also reign with him: It we deny him, he also will deny us:

13. If we believe not, he continueth faithful, he

cannot deny himself.

14. Advertise them hereof and conjure them before the Loid. Contend not about words: For they lerve to no other end than the subversion of the hearers.

15 Be earneitly careful to render thy felf worthy of approbation in the fight of God, as a workman that needeth not to be asnamed, Landling the word of truth as it ought.

Errors before

16. Shun men of prophane, and vain discourses, for they tend very much to impiety:

17. And their word creepeth like a canker: Of

whom i Hymeneus and Philerus,

- 18. Who fell from the truth, faying, that the refurrection is already past, and they subverted the faith of ome.
- 19. But the foundation of God standeth sure, having this seal: The Lore knoweth them that are his: And, let every man, who nameth the name of the Lord, depart from impuity.

20. Now in a great house there are not only vessels of gold, and of filver, but also of wood, and of earth: And some are for honourable uses, and some for disho-

nourable.

21. Wholoever therefore cleanleth himlelf from these things, ' he shall be a vessel of honour, sanctified, . i. e. These and profitable to the Lord, fit for every good work.

22. Flee youthful desires, and follow juffice, faith, mentioned. charity, and peace with those, who invocate the Lord with a pure heart.

22. But shun foolish and impertinent questions.

knowing that they create strifes.

24. Now the leavant of the Lord must not strive:

But be gentle unto all men, docile, patient,

25. Chaftening with meeknels thole who relift the truth; in hopes that God may give them repentance for to know the truth:

26. And that they may recover themselves out of the snares of the devil, by whom they are detained captives at his will.

CHAP. III.

1. THIS know also, that in the last days dange-I rous times shall come.

2. There shall be men, in love with themselves. coverous, boafters, proud, blasphemers, disobedient to their parents, ungrateful, wicked,

3. Unnatural, unpeaceable, falle accusers, inconti-

neur, fierce, unkind.

4. Traitors, head-strong, high-minded, and lovers of pleasure more than of God:

5. Having indeed the appearance of piety, but de-

nying the power thereof: Shun luch men.

6. Of this lort are they who creep into houses, and lead captive filly women laden with fins, led away with divers lufts;

. Always learning, but never at:aining to the

knowledge of truth.

8. New

The Second Epistle of St. Paul Chap. IV.

8. Now as Jannes and Mambres withstood Moses. So do thele also resist the truth.

9. But they shall proceed no further: For their folly shall be manifested unto all men, as theirs also was-

10. As to thee, thou hast thosoughly known my doctrine, manner of life, purpole, faith, long-luffering, charity, patience,

11. Perfecutions, sufferings: Such as these which came upon me at Antioch, Iconium, and Lystra: How great were the persecutions i endured, thou knowest, and that the Lord delivered me from them all.

12. Yea and all that will live gody in Christ Je-

fus, shall fuffer perfecution.

13. But evil men and feducers shall grow worfe and worle, erring themselves, and leading others into

14. As to thee, continue in the things which thou hast learned, and which were committed to thy trust,

knowing of whom thou hast learned them:

15. And that from thy intency thou hait been acquainted with the facred letters, which are able to instruct thee unto salvation, thro' the faith which is in Christ Jelus.

16. All scripture divinely inspired is profitable, for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction

in justice:

17. That the man of God may be perfect, being prepared for every good work.

CHAP. IV.

The Epifile for 1. T Charge thee before God, and Jesus Christ, who I shall judge the quick and the dead at his coming, boly Doctors. and at the establishing of his kingdom: and for St. Sil-

2. Preach the word, be inftant in feafon and out veiter, Dec. of leafon: Reprove, beleech, rebuke with all patience

21. for St. Hiand doctrine. lary, Jan. 24.

minick,

Aug. 4.

3. For there shall a time come, when they will not and M. Doendure found doctrine, but according to their own deflies shall they heap unto themselves masters, having itching ears:

4. And they shall shut their ears to the truth, and

open them unto fables.

- 5. But watch thou, labour in all things, discharge the duty of an Evangelist, fulfil thy ministry, be so-
- 6. For I am now ready to be facrificed, and the time of my departure is at hand.

7. I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith.

8. As

8. As to what remains, there is a crown of justice laid up for me, which the Lord, the just judge shall render unto me at that day: And not only unto me. but also unto all those, who love his coming. Make haste to come quickly unto me.

9. Fo. Demas hath for laken me, being in love with

this world, and is gone to Theff. lonica:

10. Crescens into Galatia, Titus into Dalmatia: 11. Luke only is with me. Take Mark, and bring him with thee: For he is uleful to me for the miniftry.

12. I have fent Tychicus to Ephefus.

13. When thou comeft, bring with thee the cloak which I left at Troas with Carpus, and the books efpecially the parchments.

14. Alexander the brafter did me much evil. The

Lord shall reward him according to his works.

15. Be thou allo ware of him: For he bath very

much withstood our words.

16. At my first defence † no man stood by me; but † i. e. The all forfook me: May it not be laid to their charge, first Time I

17. But the Lord flood by me, and firengthened pleaded for my me, that by me the preaching of the golpel might be felfaccomplished, and that all the Gentils might hear it:

i. c. From And I was delivered from the jaws of the lion. 28. And the Lord hath delivered me from every the Fury of evil work, and will preferve me for his heavenly Nero. kingdom: To whom be glory for ever and ever-

Amen.

19. Salute Prisca, and Aquila, and the family of Onetiphorus.

20. Eraffus flay'd in Corinth: But Trophimus have

I left fick at Miletum.

21. Make haste to come before winter. Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, and Claudia, and all the brethren, greet thee,

22. The Lord Jesus Christ be with thy spirit. Grace

be with thee. Amen.

Epistle of St. PAUL the Apostle

to Titus.

CHAP. I,

I. DAUL a servant of God, and an Apostle of Jefus Christ, according to the faith of God's elect, and the knowledge of the truth, which is according to godinels:

2. In hope of eternal life, which God who lieth

not, promifed before the world began:

3. But hath in due time manifested his word by the preaching of the gospel, which was committed unto me, pursuant to the commandment of God out Saviour:

4. To Titus my beloved fon according to the faith which is common to us; grace, and peace from God

the father, and from Telus Christ our Saviour.

5. For this cause lest I thee in Crete, that thou * By the Word shouldest fet in order the things that are amiss, and Priefts is also establish priests + in every city as I had appointed understood by thee.

6. If any be blamelels, the husband of one wife, shops, as ap- having fairhful children, not accused of luxury, nor

peareth by the disobedient.

St. Paul, Bi-

fes.

the lews.

7. For a bishop ought to be blameless, as the stewfollowing Verard of God; not proud, not passionate, not given to t i. c. Among wine, not apt to strike any, not greedy of filthy lucre:

8. But hospitable, kind, sober, just, holy, chafte, 9. Holding fast the faithful word which is agreea-

i. c. A Poet ble to the doctrine of faith, that he may be able to whole name was Epime- exhort with found doctrine, and to convince those who nides. St. Paul oppose it.

10. For there are many unruly, vain talkers and lecalleth him

Prophet spea ducers, especially among the circumcifed: †

11. Which must be reproved, who subvert whole king after the manner of the families, teaching things which they ought not for Gentils, who filthy lucre's lake.

imagined that 12. One of themselves, even a prophet of their their Poets own, said: The Cretians are always liars, evil beafts, foretoldebings, flow bellies.

whence they 13. This testimony is true. Wherefore rebuke them cilled them in. sharply, that they may be found in the faith,

14. Not giving ear to Jewish fables, and to the d:ffcrently Poets or Pro-communicates of men that turn from the truth. 45. Unto p!,211.

ty. Unto the pure all things are pure. But unto the impure and inidela, nothing is pure, but both their mind and confcience are defiled.

ny him by their actions: Being abominable, and incredulous, and reprobates as to every good work.

CHAP. II.

1. BUT speak thou the things which become sound doctrine:

z. That the old men be fober, chafte, wife, found in

faith, in charity, in patience.

3. In like manner, that the old women be cloathed with holines, not falle accusers, not given to much wine, giving good instructions;

4. That they may teach the young women to be prudent, to love their hubands, to be tender of their

children.

5. To be discreet, chafte, soher, to take care of their family, to be good, to be submissive to their husbands, that the word of God be not blasphemed.

6. Exhort likewife young men to be fober.

7. In all things shew thy felf a pattern of good works, in doctrine, in integrity, in gravity.

8. Let thy speech be sound, not liable to reprehension; that our adversary may be assumed, having no evil thing to say of us.

9. Let lervants be submissive to their masters, plea-

fing them in all things, not contradicting,

to. Not defrauding, but shewing true faith on all occasions: That they may adorn the doctrine of God our Saviour in all things.

rr. For the grace of God our Saviour hath appea-

red unto all men,

12. Teaching us, that denying ungodliness, and worldly lusts, we should live loberly, and justly, and godly in the world,

13. Waiting for the bleffed hope, and the glorious the Circumcicoming of the great God, and of our Saviour Jelus fion of our

Civist:

14. Who gave himself for us, that he might redeem us from all iniquity, and purify us as a people agreeable unto himself, and zealous of good works.

15. There things speak, and exhort, and reprove

with all authority. Let no man despile thee.

The Epifile at the first Mass on Christmas Day, and on the Circumcifion of our Lord.

The Epistle at

the second

Christmas

anthe Octave.

tive Mals of

tween Christ-

diemas.

Mais on

CHAP. III.

1. A Dvise them to be subject to princes, and to powers, to obey their word, to be in a readinels for every good work:

2. To speak evil of no man, not to be litigious, but modest, showing all manner of meeknels towards

every Dian:

2. For even we our felves were in times past unwife, incredulous, going aftray, ferving divers lufts and pleasures, living in malice and in envy, hateful. and hating one another.

4. But when the kindness and humanity of God out

Saviour appeared;

5. He laved us, not by the works of justice which we have done, but according to his mercy, by the water Day, and with of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghoft;

6. Which he poured upon us abundantly thro' le-

and in the Vo- fus Christ our Saviour.

7. That being justified by his grace, we might be our Lady, be- made heirs according to the hope of eternal life.

8. This is a faithful faying, and I would herein mas and Can- confirm you: To the end that luch as believe in God. may excel in good works. These things are good and profitable unto men.

> o. But avoid foolish questions, and genealogies. and contentions, and debates of the law: For they

are amprofitable and vain.

10. Avoid a man that is an Heretick after the first

and fecund reproof;

-11. Knowing that such an one is subverted, and finneth, being condemned by his own judgment.

12. When I finall lend unto thee Artemas, or Tychicus, make hafte to come unto me to Nicopolis: For I have reloived to pais the winter there.

12. Fail not to fend before Zenas the lawyer and Apollo, that nothing be wanting unto them.

14. And let ours learn to excel in good works, that

they may not be untiunful.

15. All that are with me falute thee. Greet those who love us in the faith. The grace of God be with you all. Amen.

Epistle of Saint PAUL the

Apostle to Philemon.

CHAP. I.

LDAUL a prisoner of Jesus Christ, and Timothy our brother, to Philemon our beloved, and fellow-labourer,

2. And to Appia our dearly beloved fifter, and to Archippus our fellow-foldier, and to the church in

thy houle.

2. Grace be unto you and peace from God ourfather. and from the Lord Jelus Christ.

4. I thank my God, making mention of thee always

in my piayets.

- 5. Being informed of the charity and faith which thou hast toward the Lord Jelus, and toward all the faints:
- 6. That the communication of thy faith appeareth in the manifestation of every good work which is done by you in Christ Jesus.

7. For thy charity, brother, hath given me a great deal of joy and confolation; because the bowels of the faints have been refreshed by thee.

8. Wherefore, the' I might use much liberty in Christ Jesus to command thee that which is conve-

9. Yet I had rather beseech thee in charity, thou being such an one as Paul the aged, but now also the priloner of Telus Christ:

to. I beleech thee then for my fon Onesimus, whom

I have begotten in my chains;

tt. Who in time past was to thee unprofitable, but is now profitable both to thee and to me:

12. I have fent him back to thee, and receive thou

him, as thou wouldest my bowels.

17. I would have kept him with me, that in thy flead he might lerve me in the bonds of the golpel. * # i. e. The

14. But without thy advice I would do nothing, Bonds or that thy good work might not feem to proceed from Chains which a necessity, bue that it might be voluntary.

15. For perhaps he therefore departed from thee for Gofpel's fake. a short space of time, that thou mayest receive him for ever:

16. Not now as a servant, but instead of a servant. as a brother dearly beloved, especially by me, but IK W

I bear for the

Chap. V. The Epistle of St. Paul, &c.

how much more by thee, both in the flesh; and in the Lord?

17. If then count me therefore a partner, receive

him, as thou wouldest myself:

18. And if he hath offended thee, or oweth thee

any thing, place it to my account.

19. I Paul have figned with my own hand, I will return it; the' I shall not tell thee, that thou owest even thine own self to me.

20. Yes, brother. Let me enjoy thee in the Lord:

Refresh my bowels in the Lord.

21. Having confidence in thy obedience I wrote unto thee, being perfeaded that thou wilt do even beyond what I fay.

22. But withal provide me a lodging: For I truk
that theo' your prayers I thall be given unto you.

23. Epaphras my follow-captive in Christ Jelus,

24. Marcus, Ariffarchus, Demas, and Luke my fellow labourers, salute thec.

25. The grace of our Lord Jelus Christ be with your spirit. Amen.

Epistle of St. P AUL the Apostle

to the Hebrews.

CHÁP. L

I. OD, who at divers times; and in different The Epiflie at manners, spake in time past unto our fathers the third Mass by the prophets, on Christmas

2. Hath in these latter days spoken unto our selves Day. by his son, whom he hath constituted heir of all

things, by whom also he hath created the world.

3. Who being the splender of his giory, and the figure of his substance, and upholding all things by the power of his word when he had washed away our fins, sat down on high at the right hand of the diving majesty:

4. Being raifed to far above the angels, as he hath

inherited a name more excellent than they.

5. For unto which of the angels hath God at any time said: Thou are my son, this day have I begotten thee? And again: I will be to him a father, and he shall be to me a son?

6. And again, when he maketh mention of the coming of the first begotten into the world, he saich!

Let all the angels of God adore him.

7. As to the angels, he saith indeed: Who maketh his angels spirits, and his ministers a flame of fire.

8. But unto the son, he saith: Thy throne, O God, continueth for ever and ever: The scoper of thy kingdom is a sceptre of equity:

o. Thou hast loved justice, and hated insquiry: Therefore God, even thy God hath anomined thee with the oil of joy above those who partake of thy glory

to. And in an other place: Thou Lord in the beginning hast laid the foundation of the earth: And the heavens are the works of thy hands.

11. They shall perish, but thou shalt remain: And

they shall all grow old as doth a garment:

12. And as a garment fhalt thou change them; and they shall be changed: But thou art the same, and thy years shall not fail.

13. Now to which of the angels did he fay at any time: Sir on my right hand, until I make thine eng-

mies thy footftool?

14. Are they not ministring spirits, feat forth to ferve those who shall be helds of salvation?

Gg CHÀP.

CHAP. II.

Herefore we ought to observe the more earnestly the things which we have heard, lest at any time we should let them slip.

2. For if the word tpoken by angels was stedfast, and if every transgestion and disobedience received its reward:

3. How shall we escape, if we neglect so great a salvation? Which having at first been declared by the Lord, was confirmed unto us by those who heard him;

4. God also beareth them witness with figns and wonders, and divers miracles, and gifts of the Holy Choft distributed according to his own will.

5. For God hath not subjected unto angels the

world to come, whereof we speak.

6. Now the Plaimist in a sertain place testisieth, laying: What is man that thou wouldest be mindful of him, or the lon of man that thou shouldest visit him?

7. Thou haft made him little less than the angels: Thou didft crown him with honour and glory, and

didft let him over the works of thy hands.

8. Thou haft put all things under his feet. For in that he hath subjected all things unto him, he hath left nothing that is not put under him. But now we do not as yet see all things put under him.

9. But we see Jesus, who was little less than the angels, crowned with glory and honour, because of the sufferings of his death: God out of his grace and goodness, being willing that he should die for all men.

and by whom are all things; who hath brought many children unto glory, to make the author of their falvation perfect by suffering.

it. For he that fanctifieth, and they that are fanctified, are all from one. For which reason he is not

ashamed to call them brethren, faying:

12. I will declare thy name to my brethren: I will

praise thee in the midst of the Church.

13. And again: I will put my trutt in him. And in another place: Behold I, and my children which God hath given me.

14. For as much then as the children were partakers of flesh and blood, he also did partake of the same; that by death he may cestroy him who had the empire of death, that is, the devil:

of death, were all their life time obnoxious to flavery.

16. For he did not affirme the nature of angels, but that of the feed of Abraham.

17. Wherefore

17. Wherefore it behaved him to be like unto his brethien in all things, that he might be a merciful and faithful High Pinest unto God, in order to attone for the uns of the people.

18. For in that in which he himself hath suffered, and was tempted, he is able to succour those, who

are tempted.

CHAP. III.

of the heavenly vocation, confider Jesus the Apuelle and High Priest of our protession:

2. Wino is faithful to him that appointed him, as

was Moles also in all his house.

3. For this man was counted worthy of so much more glory than Moses, as he who built the house hath more honour than the house it self.

4. For every house is built by some man: But he

that created all tuings is God.

5. And indeed, Moles was faithful in all his house as a servant, for to bear witness of the things that

were to be ipoken:

6. But Christ is as a lon in his own house: Which house we are, if we retain a firm considence, and a glorious hope unto the end.

7. Wherefore as the Holy Ghoft laith: This day if

ye hear his voice:

8. Harden not your hearts, as in the provocation, * * This Text in the day of temptation in the wilderness; alludes to the

9. Where your father: tempted me, proved me, and 17 Chap. of

law my works forty years:

to. For which I was offended with that generation, the History of and faid: They always err in their heart, and they the Provoca have not known my ways:

11, So I swore in my wrath, that they shall not en- nad Rion of

ter into my reft.

12. Take need, brethten, lest there be in any of is related at you an evil heart of unbelief, which should cause you large, to depart from the living God.

13. But exhort one another daily, while it is called, this day: I That none of you be hardened by the deceitfulnels of fin.

14. For we are made partakets of Christ: Provided next Day, we hold fast the foundation of faith unto the end.

15. While it is faid: This day if ye hear his voice, harden not your hearts, as in that provocation:

16. For some, who heard, did provoke, but not all that went out of Egypt under Moles.

17. Now with whom was he offended forty years:

G g 2 Was

alludes to the alludes to the IT Chap of Exodus, where the History of the Provocation and Contrad Bron of the Israelites is related at large.

i. e. Put it not off to the next Day.

The Epistle of St. Paul

Was it not thole, who finned, whole carcaffes fell in the wildernels?

18. And to whom did he fwear, that they should not enter his rest, but to those, who were incredutous? 19. So we lee that they could not enter for their increduity.

CHAP. IV.

1. T ET us therefore fear, left in neglecting the pro-L. mile of entring into his reft, any of you thould feem to come those of it.

2. For it was as well declared unto us, as it was unto them: But the word which they heard did profit them nothing, because it was not accompanied with a be-

lief of the things which they heard.

2. For we, who liave believed, shall enter into rest, as he hath taid: 'As I have fworn in my wrath, "Sup. Of the that they shall not enter into my oft: And bere indeed, be speaketh of rest from works which are persected fince the c eation of the world.

4. For he tpoke thus of the teventh day in a certain piace: And God aid rest the seventh day from all his

works.

3. And again in this place: They shall not enter into my rett.

6. Since then it remaineth that fome must enter therein, and that they, to whom it was first declared,

did not enter by featon of their incredulity:

7. He limiteth again a certain day, taying by the mouth of Divig. This day, after to long a time, as atoleiaid: This day if ye heat his voice, harden not Your hearts.

8. For if Jelus + had given them rest, then would he i not have spoken afterward of an other day.

g. There remaineth therefore a day * of rest for the prople of God.

io. For he that entred into his rest, hath cealed also

Ey shis Day from his own works, as God did from his.

11. Let us haften therefore to enter into that reft; Left any man should sall into the same example of increculity.

12. For the word of God is quick and forcible, and sharper than any two edged tword, prescring even to the dividing alunder of toul and ipirit, of the joints

also and marrow, and is a different of the thoughts and defigns of the heart.

173. And there is no creature invisible in his sight: But all things are naked and open unto the eyes of him whereof we speak.

14. Having

incredulous J.W.

† i. c. losbuz who was also called felus. i, e, David. of Kell or Sabbaib, is under-

food bere the. Liernity, Blub is the Lay of Ref for the Lambjul.

14. Having then a great High Priest who hath The Epifle in pierced the heavens, Juius the Ion of God, let us hold a Mals for the fast our profession. Election of the 15. For we have not an High Priest, which cannot fore.

be touched with a lenfe of our infirmities, being himfelf tempted in all points as we are, yet without fin.

16. Let us therefore go with confidence unto the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy, and find layour at the time that we have need or help.

CHAP. V.

1. [OR every High Priest cholen among men, is The Epifle on. appointed for men in the things which pertain St. Thomas to God, that he might offer gifts and lacifices for fins: of Canterbu

2. Who can have compatition on the ignorant, and ty's Day, Dec. on those who go aftray: For as much as he himself 29, and on his also is encompatified with intrinity: Translation,

2. And theretore he ought to offer for his own fins July 7. and

as well as for the fins of the people.

for a Bifbop 4. Neither dorn any man affume this honour to that is a Conhimlelt, but he that is called by God, as was Aaron. feffor.

c. Even 10, Chaift glorified not himfelf, that he might be made an High Pricht: But he that faid unto him: Thou are my ion, this day have I begomen thee:

6. As he laith also in another place: Thou art a Priest for ever, according to the order of Melchisedeck.

7. If no in the day, of his flesh, when he had offeted up prayers and supplications with a great cry and tears, unto him that was able to lave him from death. was heard for his reverence. *

8. And albeit he was in fon of God, he did learn the Reverence

obedience by the thing which he fuffered,

9. And being confummated, t he b. came the author was due to of elemal falvation unto all those who obey him;

1. And wa called by Gow an High Priest accor- fon,

ding to the order of Melchined ck.

11. Of whom we have many things to lay, which finished all are difficult to be expounded, leeing ye are duil of things rela-

12. For whereas, for the time, ye ought to be maflers, ye have need to be taught again what are the hilt principles of the oracles of God; and are become fuca as have need of milk, and not of folid food.

13. For every one that vieth milk is unskilful in

the word of justice: For he is a child.

14. But folid food is for the perfect; for those who by long custom have their senses executived to discern good tom evil

* i. e. For or Respect that his divine Per-* i.e. Having ting to Death. dien.

Sup. As

much as in

them lies.

CHAP. VI.

i. e. Let 1. W Herefore, omitting the principles * of the doctrine of Christ, let u go on unto things us pals by the Rudiments of more perfect, nor laying again the foundation of pe-Faith, or the nance from dead works, and of faith towards God, 2. Of the doctrine of baptisms, and of imposition first Instru-Gions that are of hands, and of relunection of the dead, and of ever-

piven to Chil- nal judgment.

2. And this will we do, if God permit.

4. For it is impossible + that those, who were once ti.e. Morally Imposible, or enlightned, and have also tasted of the heavenly very Hard and gift, and were made partakers of the Holy Ghoft, Difficult.

s. Who taited allo the good word of God, and the

powers of the world to come.

6. And are fallen away; should be renewed again by repentance. Seeing they crucify | unto themselves the Ion of God answ, and expose him to open fireme.

7. For the earth which drinketh the rain that cometh often upon it, and bringeth forth herbs meet for them by whom it is tilled, receiveth a bleffing from God.

8. But that which beareth thorns and briers is ungrateful, and is nigh unto cuiling, whole end is to be burned.

o. But beloved, we have a better opinion of you,

and of your falvation, the' we thus speak.

to. For God is not unjust to forget your works, and the charity, which we have thewn, by the affiltance which you have given, and do still give to the Saints in his name.

II. And we delire that every one of you do shew the same diligence unto the end for the complexing

of your hopes

12. That ye be not flothful, but rather followers of thole, who by faith and patience minerit the promiles.

13. For when God made promite to Abraham, because he had none greater by whom he should swear, he twore by himfelt,

14. Saying: Be affored, that bleffing I will blefs

thre, and multiplying I will multiply thee.

15. And to having patiently enduced he obtained

the promise.

36. For as men swear by him that is greater than thendelves, and that an oath is the greatest affurance they can give in order to terminate their differences;

17. So God being willing to thew unto the heirs of promile the immutability of his counsel, interposed an Cath:

18. That

18. That by two immutable things, in which it i. e. The was impossible that God should lie, we might have a Promise and firing confolation, we, I fay, who have fled for re- the Oath. fuge to lay hold upon the hope let before us:

io. Which hope we have as a fure and stedfast anchor of the foul, and which entreth into the funduary

within the vail: †

20. Whither entred for us Jelus our fore-runner, great large being made an High Prieft for ever according to the Vail which diorder of Melchiledick.

CHAP. VII.

1. TOR this Melchisedeck, king of Salem, priest rusalem, into of the most high God, who mer Abraham, as which Sanduhe was coming back from the flaughter of the kings, ary no Man and bleffed him:

2. To whom allo Abraham gave the tithe of all but the High the spoils: First being by interpretation king of justice, Priest alone. and then also king of Salem, that is, king of peace; St. Paul al-

3. Without father, & without mother, without ge ludes hereun:0, nealogy, having neither beginning of day, not end when he faith of life; but made like unto the son of God, abiding hat Jesus as a prieft for ever.

4. Now confider how great this man was, unto entred into the whom even the patriarch Abiaham gave the tithe of Sandtuary

the b ft of his tpoils.

5. And indeed such of the sons of Levi as receive Vail. the order of priest hood, have a commandment to take | i. e. There tithes of the people, that is, of their brethren, accor- is no mention ding to the law; tho' they themselves sprung from made in the the loins of Abraham.

6. But he, whose generation is not counted among his Father or them, received tithes of Abraham, and bleffed him Mother, of bis that had the promiles.

7. Now it is beyond all contradiction, that he who his Birth or receiveth the bleffing, is inferior to him that giveth it. Death.

8. And here men that ale receive tithes: But there he, of whom it is witheffed, that he liveth.

9. And (as I may to fay) even Levi, who received tithes, paid tithes in the person of Abraham:

1c. For he was yet in the loins of his father " when " Sup. Abra-Melchiledeck met him.

11. It therefore perfection were by the Levitical priest-hood (for under it the people secesyed the law) what further need was there for another priest to rise, that should be called a priest according to the order of Melchiledeck, and not according to the order of Aaron?

12. Now the priest-hood being changed, it was ne-

ceffary the law should be changed also.

+ There was a vided the San-Etuary from the Rest of the Tempis in |cmight enter

an High Prieft within the

Scripture of Pedegree, or of

The Epiftle of St. Paul

13. For he of whom these things are spoken, pertaineth to another tribe, whereof none assisted at the altar:

14. Since it is manifest, that our Lord sprang out of Juda, of which tribe Moles spoke nothing concerning the priest-hood.

15. And it is yet more manifest, for as much as another priest arole after the likenels of Melchiedeck,

- 15. Who is not made according to the law of a carnal commandment, but according to the power of an immortal life.
- 17. As the Pfalmift declareth in these words: Thou are a priest for ever according to the order of Melchiledeck.

18. The precedent commandment was indeed abrogated, by reason of its weakness, and unprofitableness:

19. For the law brought nothing to perfection, but was a means of introducing a better hope, by the which we draw nigh unto God.

20. And in as much as this was not without an oath

(for others were made priefts without an oath;

21. But this with an eath, by him, who faid unto him: The Lord hath Iwom, and will not repent, thou are a priest for ever.)

22. By so much was Jesus made a surety of a better

coyepant.

The Epiffle on 23.

St. Leo's Day, because June 18. and death. for some other 24.

Ristops Conhacts a fessors. 25.

The Epiffle on 23. Indeed the other priests were more in number, St. Leo's Day, because they could not always continue by reason of Time 18. and death.

24. But this man, because he continueth for ever,

hatli an everlatting priest hood.

25. Wherefore he is able also to save for ever such as come unto God by him: Being always alive to me terceed so, them.

26. For it was meet, we should have such an High Priess, holy, innocent, undefiled, separate from in-

ners, and made higher than the heavens:

27. Who needeth not daily, as do other priests, to offer up incrinces, first for his own, and then for the fins of the people. For this he did once by offering up himlest.

28. For the law hath appointed men priests, which have infirmity; but the word of the oath, which is after the law, appointed the lon, who is for ever perfect.

CHAP. VIII.

of the throne of the majesty in the heavens.

2. A minister of holy things, and of the true tabernacle, which the Lord pitched, and not man.

3. For every High Priest is organised to offer gifts and cacrifices: Wherefore it is necessary, that this man and should have something to offer.

4. For it he were on carch, * he should not be a * i. e. For priest: Seeing there are priests that offer gitts accou- the things of the Earth.

ding to the law.

5. Whole service consistes in a tipe and shadow of the things in heaven: As Moles was aniwered, when he was about to finish the tabernacle: See (laith he) thou make all things according to the pattern which was the wed thee on the mount.

6. But now he harh obtained a more excellent miniftig, by how much he is the mediator of a better co-

venaut.

)

7. For if the first had been faultless, there would be

no need of lubitituting another in its room.

8. For he † blameth them, | faying: Behold the † i. c. God. days that come, faith the Lord, and I will perfect a ! Sup. Who new covenant with the houle of lizzel, and with the received the first Covenant. house of Juda;

9. Not according to the covenant which I made with their tathers, in the day when I took them by the hand, that I might lead them out of the land of Egypt: Because they continued not in my covenant,

I also neglected them, faith the Lord.

to. For this is the covenant which I will make with the house of Israel after those days, taith the Loid: I will put my laws into their mind, and write them in their hearts: And I will be their God, and they thall be my people.

11. And every one shall not teach his neighbour, and his brother, faying: Know the Lord: For all shall know me, tom the least to the greatest of them.

12. For I will be merciful to their inequities, and

their fins will I remember no more.

12. Now in calling it a new covenant, he hath made the first old: But that which decayeth and waxeth old, is near its end.

CHAP. IX.

1. HE first covenant had indeed ordinances of The Epistle on Ember Saturgivine fervice, and a wouldly fanctuary. 2. For the first tabernacle was made, in which were day, in Septhe candlesticks, and the table, and the shew-bread, tember. which is called the holy.

2. And behind the second vail was the tabernacle,

which is called the holy of holies:

4. Which had the golden center, and the ark of the coverant overlaid on every fine which gold, in which was the golden urn that had the manna, and Aaron's rod that budded, and the tables of the covenant.

i. c. The 5. And over it the cherubims of glory shadowing two Tabes of Stone on which the propitiatorie; fof which we cannot now ipeak par-LICUIATLY. God wrote

6. Now there things being thus disposed, the priefts with his own Hand the ten went always into the first tabernacle to perform the office of factificing. Command.

y. But into the fecond only the High Priest went ments.

Hi. e. A Place once a year, not without blood, which he offered for his own, and for the ignorance of the people. between the . 8. The Holy Ghost lightlying thereby that the way two Cheru-

hims, whence unto the Holy places was not yet opened, while the God spoke to first tabernacle was yet standing.

the High

9. Which is a figure of the prefent time: According to which, gifts and facrifices were offered, that could not make him perfect in confcience, who performed the fervice; it confifting only in meats and drinks,

10. And divers washings, and carnal ceremonies

† i. e. Until imposed on them, until the time of correction. † it. a But Christ being come an High Pricit of funire come to cornell good things, by a greater and more perfect tabernacle, not made with hands, that is, not made by human induttry;

22. Neither by the blood of goats and calves, but aThe Epiftle on by his own blood, entred in once into the holy places,

Passion Sun- and putchased for an etertial redemption.

Eq. For it the blood of goars and buils, and the ashes of an heiter sprinkled over, " sanctifieth the unclean, lo as to purify the fieth:

ra. How much more shall the blood of Christ, who thro' the Holy Gholt, offered himfelf sporless to God. cleanle our conficience from dead works, that we may ferve the living God? ...

14. Therefold he is the mediator of the new testament a that his death intervening for the redemption of those transgression, which were under the former testament, such as are called, might receive the promile of eternal inheritance.

16. For where a testament is, there must of necessity intervene the death of the testator.

17. Eile it is of no force, while the testator liveth: For a reframent is confirmed by death:

18. Hence it is, that even the first testament was not dedicated without blood.

19. For when Moles had read every commandment of the law unto the people, he took the blood of

Christ should

Priest.

and amend those carnal

Ceremonies.

day . * Sup. The Riood.

caives and goats, with water, and learlet wool, and hylop, and sprinkled both the book, and all the people. 20. Saying: This is the blood of the testament,

which God hath given in charge unto you.

21. He sprinkled likewise with blood the tabernacke. and all the vellels of the ministry.

22. And almost all things are by the law purified with blood, and without effusion of blood, there is no remission.

23. It is therefore necessary, that the representations of heavenly things should be purified by these: But the heavenly things themselves with better facrifices than thefe.

24. For Christ did not enter into the holy places made with hands, which are the figures of the true: But into heaven it left, that he may appear for us now in the prefence of God:

25. Nor that he should offer himself often, " as the " Sup. As if High Priest entreth into the holy places every year his Blood once with the blood of others:

26. Elle he must have suffered often since the crea- not sufficient tion of the world: But now he hath appeared once in to expiate all the end of the world † to destroy in by the facrifice the Sins of the of himself.

27. And as it is decreed that men shall once die, † St. Paul

after which cometh judgment;

18. So Christ also was once offered for to take away time between the fins of many, and shall appear the lecond time Christ's Suffewithout fin for the falvation of those who wait for him. ring and the

CHAP. X.

1. TOR the law having a shadow of future good as being the I things, and not the truth it felf of the things, last Age. can never with the felf same facrifices which they offered continually every year, make the comers thereunto perfect:

2. Else they would have ceased to be offered: Becaule the worthippers being once purified, thould have

had no more conicience of lin:

2. But in thole lactifices there is mention made of fins every year.

4. For it is impossible, the blood of bulls and goats thould take away fins.

5. Wherefore upon his # entrance into the world, he # i e. The faith: Sacrifice and oblation thou wouldest not, but San of God. a body haft thou prepared me.

6. In hoigeaufts for fin thou haft had no pleasure: 1. e. Burnt-7. Then faid I: Lo I come: It is written of me in Offerings.

the front of the book, that I should do thy will, O God. 8. Having

Spilled, were World.

Day of Judgment, the end of the World;

calleth the

The Epifile of St. Paul

8. Having laid above, that thou wouldest not lacrifices, and oblations, and holocaufts for un, neither are the things which are offered according to the law, plealing to thee;

9. Then laid I: Lo I come, that I may do thy will O God: He abolisheth the first, " that he may ofta-

blish the second.

* Sup. Sort of Sacrifices. † Sup. Of God. Su . Upon

the Cross.

10. By the which will t we are fanclified thro' the oblation of the body of Jelus Christ once performed.

· 11. And every priest standeth daily ministring, and offering frequently the lame facrifices, which can never take away fins:

12. But this man having offered one factifice for lins, fitteth down for ever on the right hand of God;

13. From henceforth expeding till his enemies be made his tooultool.

14. For by one oblation he hath perfected for ever luch as are lanctified.

15. And even the Holy Ghost declareth this unto Us. For when he had laid:

16. And this is the covenant which I will make with them after these days, faith the Lord, I will put my laws into their hearts, and in their minus will I write them;

17. He added: And I will remember their fins and their iniquiries no more.

18. Now where there is remission of these things, there is no further need of an oblation for fin-

19. Having therefore, brethren, considence to enter

into the holy places by the blood of Chilft,

20. Being a new and living way which he hath traced out for us thro' the vail, that is, thro' his fielb;

21. And having an High Priest over the house of God:

22. Let us draw near with a fincere beart, and a full faith; having cleanled our hearts from the flains of an evil confcience, and wathed our body with pure water,

22. Let us hold fast the profession of our hope un-

maken (for he is taithful that promiled.)

24. And let us coulider one another, in order to excite us to charity and to good works.

25. Not fortaking our affembly, as some are accuttomed to do; but comforting one another, and lo much the more, as ye fee the day approuning.

26. For if we fin wilfully, * after we have receiwillu y 16wed the knowledge of the truth, there remaineth no #?### € **356** more lacitace for lin, Faith.

27. Eut

* i. e. Bap.

27. But a certain dreadful expectation of judgment. and the zeal of a fire, which shall confume God's adverlaries.

28. He that violateth the law of Moles, if convis sted by two or three witnesses, dieth-without any

mercy:

29. How much more severe punishment, think ye, do h he deferve, who shall tread under foot the fon of God, and shall count the blood of the covenant. wherewith he was lanctified, a prophane thing, and do delpite unto the spirit of grace?

30. For we know wno faid: Revenge is mine, and I will return it. And again: The Lord shall judge his

people.

31. It is a dreadful thing to fall into the hands of

the living God.

12. But call to mind the former days, in which af. The Epifle for ter ye were illuminated, ye suffained the brunt of many Marryra, great afflictions:

23. Whilst, on the other hand, ye were made a tized. ipectacle both by reproaches and afflictions: And on the other, which ye became companions of them that were to uted.

34. For ye had compassion on those who were in chaum, and law with joy your goods plundered. knowing that ye had better and more permanent wealth.

35. Loole not therefore your confidence, which hath

a great reward.

36. For ye have need of patience, that when ye have fulfilled the will of God, ye may receive the promise.

37. Wait a little while yet, for he that is to come,

shall come, and will not delay.

28. Now the just man which belongeth to me liveth by faith: But if he draw back, my toul shall have no pleature in him.

39. As for us, we are not of thole children, who draw back to their deftruction, but children of faith

for the falvation of our fouls.

CHAP. XI.

1. OW faith is the inbstance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not feen.

2. For by it the fathers got good repute.

3. By faith we understand that the world was framed by the word of God, that invitible † things might † i .e. Things become vilible.

4. By faith Abel offered unto God a more excellent being might facrifice than Cain, by which he obtained witness have a being.

that have no

that he was just, God testifying of his gifts; and by

it being dead yet speaketh.

5. By faith Henoch was translated that he should not see death, and was not found, because God took him away. For before his translation he had this testimony, that he pleased God.

6. But without faith it is impossible to please God: For he that cometh to God, must believe that he is, and that he rewardeth those who diligently seek him.

7. By faith Noe being warned from heaven of things not leen as yet, moved with fear, trained an ark to fave his family, by which he condemned the world, and was made heir of the justice which is by faith.

8. By faith he that is called Abraham, submitted to go unto the place which he was to receive for an inheritance: And he went out, not knowing whether

he should go.

9. By faith he fojourned in the land of promile, 25 in a ftrange land, dwelling in tauernacles, with lieuc and Jacob, the co-heirs of the same promise.

10. For he expected a city having folial toundations,

whose maker and builder is God.

II. By faith also barren Sara herself received virtue to conceive, even when the was past child-bearing: Because she believed him to be faithful, who had made her the promise.

* Because he him as good as dead) * an off spring numberless, as was very Oid, the state of the sky, and as the land which is by the sea-shore.

13. These all died in the faith, not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off, and embraced them, and confessed that they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth.

14. For they that say such things, plainly declare

that they feek a country.

E5. And indeed, had they been mindful of that country out of which they went, they might have time to return:

16. But now they defire a better, that is, an heavenly country. Therefore God is not assumed to be called their God: For he hath prepared for them a city.

17. By faith Abraham offered up Isaac, when he was tried: And he that had received the promise,

offered up his only begotten fon.

t8. To whom it was faid: In Isaac shall thy feed be called:

19. Accounting that God was able to raise him up

even from the dead, from whether also he received him in a figure. †

nim in a name. The zet By taith If sac bleffed Jacob and Efau concer-Resurrection ning things to come.

of the Faith

21. By faith Jacob, when he was a dying, bleffedful, each of the funs of joseph, and adored the top of his staff.

22. By faith Joseph, when he was a dying, made mention of the departure of the children of Israel, and gave charge concerning his bones.*

23. By faith Moses, when he was born, was hid they should three months by his parents, because they saw he carry them awas a fair child, and they feared not the king's way with them edict.

24. By faith Moles, when he grew big, denied to leave the that he was the fon of Pharao's daughter;

Land of E-

25. Choosing rather to luffer affliction with the peop gypt.
ple of God, than to enjoy the pleasure of sia for a Pharaopubshort time;

26. Esteeming the reproach of Christ greater riches by which he than the treature of the Egyptians: For he had a commanded greater reward in view.

27. By faith he forlook Egypt, not fearing the new burn Male wrath of the king: For he endured as feeing him of the Children who is invisible.

28. By faith he celebrated the passover, and the cast into essuant of blood: † Lest he that destroyed the sist-the River Nile. born, should touch them.

29. By faith they passed the red sea, as by dry land: did St. Paul Which the Egyptians attempting to do, were alludes in this drowned.

Place. Exod.

30. By faith the walls of Jericho fell down, after 1, 10, they had gone round about them for leven days,

31. a By faith the harlot Rahab perished not with Blood of the the unbelievers, having received the spies with Lamb which peace.

32. And what shall I say more? For the time would on the Posts sail me in telling of Gedeon, Barac, Sampson, Jephne, and Thresold David, Samuel, and of the prophets:

33. Who by faith subdued kingdoms, exercised ju- of the Houses stice, obtained promises, stopped the jaws of lions, dress of lions.

of the sword, grew well of their fickness, waxed va-mand, that the liant in war, overthrew the camps of the Aliens:

Angel might

35. Women received their dead raised to life 2-pass over the gain: Some were tortured not accepting deliverance, Houses where that they might find a better refurrection.

the Blood was

sprinkled, when he was to kill all the First born in Egypt. Exod. 12. 21. a The Episte for St. Fabian and St. Sebastian, Iau. 20. St. Symphosola and her seven Sons, July 18. and for many Martyrs.

Gg8

76. And others had trial of mockings and fcourgings, yea moreover, of bonds and imprisonments.

27. They were Roned, they were fawn in funder. were tempted, were flain with the fword: They wan. dred about in theep's tkins, and goat's fkins, being destitute, tormented, afflicted;

38. Of whom the world was not worthy: They wandred in deterts, in mountains and dens, and in

caves of the earth.

39. And there all being approved by the testimony.

of faith, received not the promile:

40. God having provided some better thing for us, that they without us should not be made perfect.

CHAP. XIL

1. CEeing we have then to great a cloud of witnesses laid over us, let us cast off every weight and fin which furrounds us, and let us run with patience to the combat which is let before us:

2. Looking upon Jelus the author and finisher of our faith, who for the joy that was let before him, endured the cross, despiting the shame, and is let down

on the right hand of the throne of God.

2. For confider him that bore such contradiction from finners against himself, lest ye be wearied and faint in your minds.

4. Ye have not yet relisted unto blood in firiving a-

gainst fin:

5: And ye have forgotten the word of confolation which is addressed unto you, as unto shildren, saying: My Con neglect not the discipline of the Lord. nor faint when thou art rebuked by him.

6. For whom the Lord loveth, he chasteneth, and

scourgeth every son whom he receiveth.

7. Continue under the discipline. God dealeth with you as with children: For what child is there whom the father chafteneth not?

8. But if ye be exempt from discipline, whereof all children are partakers, then are ye baftards, and not Sup. Law- children. *

fully begotten.

9. Besides we had for teachers the fathers of our flesh, and we did reverence them: Shall not we then much more obey the father of spirits, and live?

10. And they indeed instructed us for a few days as they thought fit: But he for our profit, that we might partake of his holinels.

Tr. Now all discipline seemeth not for the present to be pleasant but grievous: But asterward it affor-

deth

|| Sub. Of

deth exceeding sweet fruit of justice to those; who are exercised thereby.

12. Wherefore lift up the hands which hang down,

and strengthen the feebleneis;

13. And make strait paths for your feet; that no halting man may err, but rather be cured.

14. Endeavour to have peace with all men, and to lead a holy life, without which no man shall see God :

15. Looking carefully that no man fail of the grace of God: That no root of bitternels foringing up diffurb you, and by that means defile many

16. That no man be a fornicator, or prophase, as Elau was, who for one mels | fold his birth-right.

t7. For he it known unto you, that afterward, Porridge; when he would have inherited the bleffing, he was rejected: For he found no room for repentance tho' he fought it with tears.

18. For ye are not come unto the mount that might be touched, nor unto the flaming fire, nor unto the

whirlwind, nor unto the darknels and tempest,

19. Nor unto the found of the trumper, and the voice of the words, which when the people heard, they intreated that it should not be spoken to them.

20. For they could not endure that which was faid: And if a beaft should touch the mount it was to be stoned.

21. And that which appeared was so dreadful, that even Moses said: I am terrified, and I tremble.

22. But ye are come unto mount Sion, and unto the city of the living God, to the heavenly Jerusalem, and to the company of many thousands of Angels.

53. And to the assembly of the first bont which are written in the heavens, and to God the judge of all.

and to the spirits of just men made perfect,

24. And to Jesus the mediator of the new covenant, and to the sprinkling of the blood, which speaketh

better things than that of Abel.

25. See ye refuse not him, who speaketh: For if they, who resused him that spoke on earth, escaped hot, we shall be much more severely punished, if we turn away from him, who speaketh to us from heaven.

26. Whose voice then shook the earth: But now he promiserh, saying: Yet once more; and I shall

thake not only the earth, but also heaven.

27. Now in faying, yet once more, he declareth that murable things shall pass away, as being things that are made; that the immurable things may continue.

fonte other

Joops,

The Epistle of St. Paul

28. Wherefore in receiving a kingdom which is immutable, we have grace, whereby we may ferve God acceptably with fear and reverence.

29. For our God is a confuming fire.

CHAP. XIII.

1. TET brotherly charity dwell in you.

2. And forget not holpitality: For by means hereof, some have entertained angels not knowing them to be fuch.

3. Remember those, who are in chains, as if ye were so with them; and those, who isbour, as being your felves allo in the body.

4. Let marriage be treated with honour by all perfons, and let the marriage bed be undefiled: For God

shall judge fornicators, and adulterers,

The Epiftle for 5. Let your belizviour b. without covetoulnels, be-St. Nicholas, ing content with your prefent condition: For he hath Dec. 6. St. said: I will not leave thee, not forsake thee.

6. So that we may holdly fay: The Lord is my Augustin cur Apostie, May helper: I will not tea: what man can do unto me.

7. Be mindral of your superiors, who have spoken 28. and for unto you the word of God, whole faith follow, con-Confessors Bi. fidering the end of their conversation.

8. Jelus Christ was yesterday, is to day, and will

be the fame for ever.

Be not carried away with divers and strange dochines: For it is very good to strengthen the heart with grace, not with meats, which have not profited thole, who lived by them.

ic. We have an altar, whereof those, who serve

the tabernacie, have no power to eat.

rr. For the carcasses of those beasts, whose blood is blought into the holy places by the High Priest for the explation of fin, are burnt without the camp.

12. Wherefore Jelus allo, that he might fanctify the people with his own blood, suffered without the

gate.

13. Let us go forth therefore unto him without the camp, bearing his reproach.

14. For here we have no permanent city, but we

feek a future. 15. By him therefore let us always offer unto God

a facrifice of praise, that is, the fruit of our tips which confels his name.

account

15. Forger not the works of charity, and the comi. e. To difisibute your munion. I for by fuch factifiers God is appealed. 17. Ovey your pasters, and be subject unto them: Grods Among For they watch over you, as being obliged to give an 14:0 6 102t

mant.

account of your fouls; that they may do the fame with joy, and not with grief: For this I is not expect i. e. That dient for you.

they shou'd do

18. Pray for us: For we trust we have a good con. it with Grief. science, being willing to have an honest conventation in all things

19. And this I the more earnestly desire you to do,

that I may the fooner be restored unto you.

20. Now the God of peace, who blought again from the dead our Lord Jelus Chrift, the great pastor of the sheep, by the blood of the eternal covenant.

21. Make you fit for every good work, that ye may do his will, working in you that which is pleafing in his fight thra' Jelus Christ, to whom be glory for ever and ever. Amen.

22. And I beleech you, brethren, bear the word of consolition: For I have written unto you in few words. †

27. Kn w ye, that our brother Timothy is fet at that u, in reliberty: With whom (if he come fhortly) I will fee gard of the YOU.

24. Salute all your pastors, and all the saints. The whereof I brethren from Italy Salute you.

25. Grace be with you all. Amen.

† Sup. Only, bigb Myfteries treated in my Leine.

THE Hh2

THE

Catholick Epistle of St. JAMES the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

Sup Over all the Earth. greeting. The Epifile for

1. TAmes a servant of God, and of our Lord Jesus Christ, to the twelve tribes which are dispersed,

2. My brethren, count it all joy, when you fall into

some Martyrs, divers temptations:

2. Being lenfible that the trial of your faith work-

eth patience:

- 4. And that patience produceth a perfect work: To the end ye may be perfect and entire, wanting nothing.
- s. And if any of you want wildom, let him alk it of God, who giveth to all men liberally, and upbraideth not; and it shall be given him.

6. But let him ask in faith without wavering: For he that wavereth is like a wave of the lea, which is

toffed by the wind, and carried to and fro

7. Let not that man therefore think, that he shall receive any thing of the Lord.

8. A double minded man is inconstant in all his

ways.

9. Let an humble brother glory in his exaltation.

to. But the tich in his humiliation: Because he

shall pais away as the flower of the grass.

11. For as the fun when it rifeth with heat, withereth the grass, and its flower falleth, and all its beauty perisherth; so also shall the rich man sade away in his ways.

The Episte for Mariyrs Biflops.

12. Blessed is the man that endureth temptation: For when he is tried, he shall receive the crown of life, which God harh promised to them that love him.

12. Let no man, when he is tempted, fay that he is tempted by God: For God is not a tempter of evil, neither doth he tempt any man thereunto.

14. But every man is tempted, when he is drawn

away and allured by his own concupifence.

15. Then when concupifcence hath conceived, it bringeth forth fin; and when fin is compleated, it begetteth death.

16. Do not err then, my dearly beloved brethren.

17. Every good thing that is given, and every perfect gift is from above, coming down from the father of lights, with whom is no change, nor shadow of turning.

18. For

18. For he hath begotten us of his own accord by the word of truth, that we might be in a manner the first fruits of his creatures.

19. This ye know, my dearly beloved brethren. Let every man then be I wift to hear; but flow to Ipeak,

and flow to wrath.

ze. For the wrath of man worketh not the justice of God.

21. Wherefore casting off all filthinels, and excels The Epifile on of malice, receive with meeknels the engrafted word, the fifth Sunwhich is able to lave your fouls.

22. And be ye observers of the word, and not hear- fter.

ers only, deceiving your own felves.

23. For wholoever heareth the word, and observeth it not, the same shall be compared to a man, who beholdeth his natural face in a glals:

24. And who, when he hath beheld himself, goeth away, and immediately forgetteth what manufer of

man he was.

- 25. But he that looketh into the perfect law of liberty, and continueth therein, the same being not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the work, shall be blefled in his deed.
- 26. But it any feem to be religious, and bridleth not his tongue, but deceiveth his own heart, this man's religion is vain.
- 27. Pure religion and undefiled before God and the father is this: To vifit orphans and widows in their affliction, and to keep ones felf unspotted from this world.

CHAP. II.

1. MY brethren, have no respect of persons in the faith of our glorious Lord Jesus Christ.

2. For if there should come into your assembly a man with a gold ring in costly apparel, and a poor man should enter allo in dirty raiment,

3. And that ye cast your eyes on him, who is of Persons. cloathed in fine apparel, and fay unto him: Sit thou here in a good place: And lay to the poor: Stand thou there; or fit down under my footstool:

4. Are ye not partial in your felves, and become

judges of evil thoughts?

5. Hearken my dearly beloved brethren, hath not God cholen the poor in this world to make them rich in faith, and heirs of the kingdom, which he hath promised to them that love him?

6. But ye have dishonoured the poor. Do not rick men

day after Ea-

* i. e. Ye that hold the Faith of JefusChrift. have novespect Law of Cha-

Ti. c. Miti-

gates the Ri-

gous of Ju-

Tity.

1. ice.

The Catholick Epifle

men oppress you by might, and draw you before the judgment seats?

7. Do not they blaspheme that good name, which

is invoked over you?

8. If ye fulfil the royal law according to the scriptures: Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thy felf: Ye do well:

9. But if ye have respect of persons, ye commit sin, and are reproved by the law as transgressors.

10. Now wholoever fhall keep the whole law, and

yet offend in one point, he is guilty of all.

11. For he that laid: Thou shalt not commit adultery, said also: Thou shalt not kill. And if thou dost not commit adultery, but shall kill, thou art become a transgressor of the law.

12. So speak ye, and so do as if ye were to be jud-

* i. e. By the ged by the law of liberty. *

without mercy; and mercy surpassers † judgment.

14. What shall it avail, my orethren, it a man say, that he hath saith, but hath not works? Shall saith be able to save him?

15. If a brother or a lifter be naked, and want dai-

ly tood,

16. And that one of you should say unto them: Go in peace, be you warmed, and filled, but give them not the things which are necessary for the body, what shall it avail them?

i7. Even so faith, if it hath not works, is dead in

fr felf."

18. But faith one: Thou halt faith, and I have works. Show me thy taith without works, and I will thew thee my faith by my works.

10. Thou believest that there is one God; thou doest well! The devils also believe, and tremble.

20. But wilt thou know, O yain man, that faith without works is dead.

21. Was not our father Abraham justified by works, when he offered his son isac upon the altar?

22. Seeft thou how faith cooperated with his works,

and that by works his faith was made perfect?

13. And the scripture was fulfilled, taying: Abraham believed God, and was reputed just, and called the friend of God.

24. Do ye fee that man is justified by works, and

not by faith only?

25. In like manner also, was not Rahab the harlot initified by works, when the received the mellengers, and sent them out another way?

26. For

26. For as the body without the spirit is dead, so faith without works is dead also.

CHAP. III.

1. MY brethren, be not many masters, knowing that ye shall undergo the more severe punishment.

2. For in many things we offend all. If any man offend not in word, the fame is a perfect man, and is able to bridle the whole body.

2. Benold, we put bits in horles mouths, that they may obey us, and we turn about their whole body.

- 4. Behold also ships, tho' they be great, and are driven by fierce winds; yet are they turned about with a small helm whithersoever he that steereth the ship will have it.
- 5. Even so the tongue is a little member, and boaft. eth of great matters. Behold how great a wood a little fire kindleth!
- 6. And the tongue is a fire, a world of injenity. The tongue is placed among our members, it infecteth all the body, and inflameth the course of our lives, being it left let on fire by hell.

9. For every kind of beafts, and of birds, and of serpents, and of other animals are tamed, and have

been tained by human nature:

8. But no man can tame the tongue: It is an unruly

evil, full of ceadly poilon,

- 9. Therewith bleis we God and the father; and therewith curle we men, who are made after the likenels of God.
- to. Out of the same mouth proceedeth blessing and curling. My brethren, thele things ought not to be lo.

11. Doth a fountain send forth by the same pipe

fweet and bitter water?

- 12. Can the fig-tree, my brethren, bear grapes, or the yine, figs? So neither can falt water produce fresh water.
- 13. Who is a wife man, and well instructed among you? Let him thew by a good behaviour, his conduct in a prudent mecknels.
- 14. But if ye have bitter zeal, and if there be strifes in your hearts: Giory not, and be not liars against the truth,

15. For that wildom cometh not from above, but

is earthly, sentual, devilish.

16. For where envy and strife is, there is incomstancy, and every evil work.

i, c. God.

The Catholick Epiftle

17. But the wildom which is from above, is first pure, then peaceable, modest, easy to be intreated, condescending to good things, full of mercy and good fruits, it judgeth not, it is without dissimulation.

18. Now the fruit of justice is sown in peace for

them that make peace.

CHAP. IV.

Hence come wars and law fuits among you?

Come they not hence: From your lufts which war in your members?

2. Ye lust, and have not: Ye kill and burn with envy, and cannot obtain: Ye plead at law and make

war, and ye have nothing because ye ask not.

3. Ye ask, and receive not; because ye ask amis,

that ye may, gratify your lufts.

4. Ye adulteters, know ye not, that the friendship of this world, is enmity with God? Wholoever therefore will be a friend of this world, becometh the enemy of God.

5. Do ye think that the scripture saith in vain: The spirit which dwellerh in you, lusteth thro' envy?

6. But he giveth more grace: Wherefore, he faith: God relifteth the proud, but giveth grace unto the humble.

7. Submit your selves therefore unto God, resist

the devil, and he will flee from you.

8. Draw near unto God, and he will draw near to you. Cleanse your hands, ye sinners; and purify your hearts, ye double minded.

9. Be ye afflicted, and mourn, and weep: Let your laughter be turned into mourning, and your joy into

grief.

to. Humble your selves in the light of the Lord,

and he will exalt you.

rr. Speak not evil one of another, brethren. He that fpeaketh evil of his brother, or that judgeth his brother, speaketh evil of the law, and judgeth the law: But if thou judge the law, thou are not an observer of the law, but a judge.

12. There is one law-giver, and one judge, who is

able to deftroy, and to lave.

13. But who are thou, that judgest thy neighbour? I speak to you now, who say: To day or to morrow, we will go to such a city, and we will continue there a year, and traffick, and get gain.

14. Ye, who know not what shall be on the mor-

tow.

15. For

15. For what is your life? A vapour that appeareth for a little time, and then vanisheth away. Whereas ye should have said: If the Lord will; and if we live, we will do this or that.

16. But now ye glory in your pride. All fuch hoaft-

ing is evil.

17. It is therefore a fin to him that knoweth to do good, and doeth it not.

CHAP. V.

the mileries which shall come upon you.

2. Your riches are putrified, and your garments are

moth-eaten.

3. Your gold and your filver are cankered with rust, and the rust thereof shall be a witness against you, and shall eat your slesh, as it were size. Ye have heaped up for your selves a treasure of wrath against the last days.

4. Behold the hire of the labourers, which have reaped down your fields, whereof ye have defrauded them, crieth: And their cry hath reached unto the

ears of the Lord of hofts.

5. Ye have made good cheer on earth, and ye have nourished your hearts in luxury, against the day of slaughter.

6. Ye have condemned, and flew the just, and he

relisted you not.

7. Be patient therefore, brethren, until the coming of the Lord. You see the husbandman waiteth for the precious fruit of the earth, bearing patiently until it receive the morning and the evening dew.

8. Therefore be ye also patient, and strengthen your hearts: For the coming of the Lord draweth

near.

9. Murmur not, brethren, one against another, that ye be not judged. Behold the judge is at the door.

10. Take for an example of afflictions, of labour, and patience, the prophets who have spoken in the name of the Lord.

11. You see we count them happy, who have endured. Ye have heard of the patience of Job, and have seen the end of the Lord: For the Lord is mer-

ciful, and compassionate.

12. But above all things, my brethren, swear not neither by heaven, nor by the earth, nor by any other oath: But let your discourse be: Yes, yes: No, no: That ye fall not under condemnation.

Chap. V.

The Catholick Epistle, &c.

The Epiftle in a Volive
Mals for the Sick.

i. e. The Prayer proceeding from Faith.
The Epiftle on St. Mark's

the Rogation

Days.

13. Is any among you fad? Let him pray: Is any merry? Let him fing plaims.

14. Is any fick among you? Let him fend for the priests of the church, and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord:

15. And the prayer of faith " shall save the sick, and the Lord shall ease him: And if he hath committed sins, they shall be forgiven him.

The Epistic on 16. Therefore confess your fins one to another, and St. Mark's pray for one another, that ye may be saved: For the Day, and on continual prayer of a just man availeth much.

17. Elias was a man subject to the same passions as we are, and he prayed earnestly that it might not rain upon the earth; and there fell no rain for three years and six months.

18. And he prayed again, and the heaven gave rain,

and the earth brought forth its fruit.

19. My brethren, if any of you err from the truth, and one convert him:

20. He ought to know, that he, who causeth a sinner to be converted from the error of his way, shall save his soul from death, and shall cover a multitude of sins.

First Epistle of St. PETER, the

Apostle.

CHAP. I.

L. DETER an Apostle of Jelus Christ, to the stran- The Epistle on gers which are disperted throughout Poncus, the Peaft of Galatia, Cappidocia, Afia, and Bithynia,

z. Elect according to the foreknowledge of God the father, the o' functification of the spirit, for to obey Jelus Unrift, and to be iprinkled with his blood: Grace unto you, and prace be multiplied.

2. Bieff d be God, and the father of our Lord Jefus Christ, who according to his great mercy hath re generated us, by the refutrection of Jefus Christ from the dead, unto a lively hope,

4. And an inheritance incorruptible, and undefiled. and that fadeth not away, relerved in heaven for you.

s. Who are kept by the power of God thro' faith for the falvation which is ready to be revealed in the latter times.

of. Wherein ye shall rejoice, tho' you must now for

a while be afflicted with divers temptations:

7. That the trial of your faith being much more precious than gold (which is tried by fire) might be found worthy of praise, and glory, and honour at the appearing of Jefus Christ:

8. Whom ye love, tho' ye have not feen him: In whom also ye believe without freing him, and by believing ye thall rejoice with joy unipeakable and full

of glory:

o. Carrying away the end of your faith, even the

faivation of your louis.

sc. Concerning which faivation diligent enquiry and fearch was made by the prophets, who propnefied of the grace that was referred for you:

11. Searching how, and in what time the spirit of Chilt which was in them, should declare, and foretel the lufferings of Christ, and the glosy that was to follow:

12. Unto whom it was revealed, that it was not for themselves, but for you that they ministred the things, which are now declared unto you by thole who pleached the gospel unto you, thro' the Holy Ghost sent down from heaven, whom the angels detire to behold.

13. Wherefore

Si. Peter's Chair af Rome, jan. 18. and at Antioch, Feb. 22. The Epiftle for many Martyrs.

The First Epistle

13. Wherefore, having the loins of your mind girded, and being perfectly lober, put your trust in that grace which is offered unto you, at the revelation of felus Christ:

14. As obedient children, be not conformed to the

former lufts of your ignorance.

15. But as he, who hath called you, is holy, so be ye holy in all manner of conversation:

16. Since it is written: Ye shall be holy, because I

am holy-

17. And if ye call him father, who without respect of persons judgeth according to every man's work, pals the time of your pilgrimage in sear.

18. Knowing that ye have not been redeemed from the vain conversation of the tradition of your fathers

with corruptible gold or filver:

19. But with the precious blood of Christ, as of a

lamb without spot and without blemish.

zo. Who was indeed predeftinated before the foundation of the world, but was manifefled in the latter times for your lake,

him from the dead, and gave him glory, that your

faith and hope might be in God:

22. Having purified your fouls in the obedience of charity, in brotherly affection, love one another more

earnestly in singlenels of heart.

23. Being born again not of corruptible feed, but of incorruptible, by the word of God, who liveth and abideth for ever.

flower of grass: The grass withereth, and the flower thereof faileth away:

25. But the word of the Lord abideth for ever. And this is the word which was preached unto you.

CHAP. II.

The Epiftle on Saturday in Easter Week. 1. W Herefore laying aside all malice, and all guile, and dissimulations, and envies, and all detractions,

z. As new born babes without guile, covet the rational milk, that ye may thereby grow up unto faivation.

3. If to be 'ye have tasted, that the Lord is sweet.
4. To whom being come as unto a living stone, rejected indeed by men, but chosen and honoured by

God:
5. Ye also as living stones are built thereupon a spiritual house, an holy priest-hood, for to offer up spiritual facrifices acceptable to God thro' Jesus Christ.

6. For

6. For which reason the scripture saith: Behold I put in Sion a chief corner stone, chosen; precious; and he that believeth in him shall nor be confounded.

7. Unto you therefore who believe, he is an honour. but unto them that believe not, the stone which the builders rejected, is become the head of the corner.

8. And a stumbling stone, and a rock of offence unto thole who stumble at the word, and believe not

tho' they have been thereunto appointed.

9. But ye are a cholen race, a royal priest-houd, an holy nation, a purchased people, that ye might publish the powers of him, who hath called you out of darkness to his marvellous light.

10. You, who in time past were not a people, but are now the people of God: You who had not ob-

tained mercy, but now have obtained mercy.

11. Dearly beloved, I beseech you as strangers and The Epistle on pilgrims, to keep your felves from carnal lufts, which the third Sunwar against the foul,

12. Shewing your good behaviour among the Gen- ster. tils: That when they consider you by your good works, they may for the very thing for which they speak ill of you, as of evil doers, glorify God in the day of vilitation.

13. Be ye therefore subject to every human creature for God's sake; Whether it be to the king, as su-

preine;

14. Or unto governors, as unto them that are lent by him for the punishment of evil doers, and for the praile of them that do well:

15: For so is the will of God, that by well doing

ye may filence the ignorance of foolish men.

16. As free, and not as using your liberty for a cloak of maliciousnels, but as the servants of God.

17. Honour all men: Love the brother-hood: Fear

God: Honour the king.

18. Servants be subject to your mafters with all ital, not only to the good and gentle, but also to the froward.

19. For this is the thing that deferves thanks, thar a man for conscience toward God should endure grief

and luffer wrongfully.

20. For what matter of commendation, is there in luffering with patience when ye are buffered for your faults? But if, when ye do well, and fuffer for it, ye take it patiently, this is acceptable with God.

21. For hereunto have you been called: Seeing The Epifile on Christ himself suffered for us, leaving you an exam- the second

me, that ye should follow his steps.

day after Es-

Sunday ofter 12. Who Easter.

The First Epistle

22. Who committed no fin, neither was guile found in his mouth.

23. Who when he was curled, did not return curses: When he suffered, did not threaten, but gave himlelf up to him that judged unjustly:

24. Who his own left pare our fins in his own body

on the tree, that we being dead to fin, might live unto justice: By whole stripes ye were hexled.

25. For ye were as sheep going astray, but are now converted unto the partor and bithop of our fouls.

CHAP. III.

t. TN like manner also let the wives be in subjection 1 to their own hulbands: To the end that if any believe not the word, they may be won without the word by the conversation of the wives,

2. When they confider your chafte behaviour tem-

pered with tear.

3: Whole adorning should not consist outwardly in platting the hair, or in wearing of gold, or precious apparel:

4. But in the hidden man of the heart, in the sim. plicity of a quiet and modest ipirit, which is of great

price in the light of God.

5. For thus in time past did the holy women also, who trufted in God, adorn themselves, being in subjection unto their own husbands.

6. Even as Sara did obey Abraham, calling him her Lord: Whole daughters ye are, as long as ye do

well, and fear no trouble.

7. In like manner, let the husbands dwell with them according to knowledge, giving honour unto the wife as unto the weaker vessel, as being also heirs together of the grace of life; that your prayers be not hindered.

8. Finally be ye all of one mind, having compass fion one for another: Have brotherly love, be merci-

ful, be modeft, be humble:

9. Not returning evil for evil, nor curling for curfing, but on the contrary returning bleffing: * Because ye are called to the end ye might inherit a blefling.

16. For he that will love life and fee good days, let him refrain his tongue from evil, and his lips that they tpeak no guiler

11. Let him shun evil and do good: Let him seek

prace and purlue it.

12. For the eyes of the Lord are upon the just, and his ears are open unto their prayers: But the face of the Lord is upon those who do evil.

13. Aud

The Epifle on the fifth Sunday after Pentecoft.

* Sur. For Curfes.

13. And who is he that will harm you, if ye be followers of that which is good?

14. But if ye suffer any thing for justice sake, happy are ye: And be not assaid of their terror.

And be ready always to fatisfy every man that afketh you to give an account of the hope that is in you:

to. But let it be done with meekness and fear, having a good conscience: To the end that such as speak ill of you, and falsly accuse your good conversation in Christ, may be assumed.

17. For it is better to luffer, (if it be the will of

God) for well doing than for evil doing.

18 For Christ also died once for sins, the just for The Epistle on the unjust, that he might offer us to God, being in Friday in Eadeed morrished in the sieth, but quickned by the spirit: ster Week.

19. By which also he went and preached unto the

spirits that were in prison:

- 20. Which in time past were incredulous, when they waited God's patience in the days of Noc, wherein a few, that is, eight souls were saved by water.
- 21. As baptism doth after the same manner now save you, not the putting away of the filth of the slesh, but the answer of a good conscience towards God by the resurrection of Jesus Christ;
- 22. Who is on the right hand of God, who swallowed up death, that we might become heirs of eternal life; and went up into heaven, angels, and powers, and virtues * being made subject unto him.

CHAP. IV.

I. To Orasmuch then as Christ hath suffered in the fiesh, be yearmed with the same thought: For he that suffered in the flesh, hath ceased from sin:

2. That during the reft of his time in the flesh, he should not live according to the lust of men, but ac-

cording to the will of God.

3. For to have spent the time past in fulfilling the will of the Gentils is sufficient for those who have lived in larciviculuels, lusts, excess of wine, revelling, banquerings, and in the unlawfull worship of idols.

4. Wherein they blasphemously admire, that you concur not with them in the same excess of rior.

5. But they that! give an account to him, who is

ready to judge the quick and the dead.

A. For this carife was the gulpel preached also to them that are dead, that they might be judged according

* i. e. One
of the Orders
of the celeftial
Hicrarchy.

The First Epistle Chap. V.

ding to men in the flesh; but live according to God in the spirit.

7. Now the end of all things is at hand: Be ye

therefore wife, and watch in prayer.

The Epistle on after Alcen-Sión.

8. But above all things have constant charity one Sunday next for another: For charity covereth a multitude of fins.

9. Be hospitable one to another without murmuring. to. As every man, hath received grace, so let him communicate it to others, as good flewards of the

manifold grace of God,

11. It any speak, let his words be as the words of God: If any man minister, let it be as by the virtue which God administreth: That God in all things may be glorified thro' Jesus Christ, to whom be glory and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.

12. Dearly beloved, be not surprised at the persecution which shall come upon you in order to try you,

as if some new thing had happened to you.

17. But rejoice inalmuch as ye are partakers of the fufferings of Christ, that ye may be also replenished with joy, when he shall manifest his glory.

14. If ye be reproached for the name of Christ, ye shall be happy: Because the honour, the glory, the power of God, and his spirit resteth upon you.

15. But let none of you futter as a niurderer, or as a thicf, or as a detracter, or as coverous of other men's goods.

16. But if as a Christian, let him not be ashamed;

But let him glorify God on this behalf.

17. For the time is come, that judgment mult begin at the house of God: And if it hist begin at us, what shall be the end of those, who believe not the golpel of God?

18. And if the just will scarcely be saved, where

shall the ungody, and the finner appears

19. Wherefore let fuch as fuffer according to the will of God, recommend their fouls unto him in well deing, as unto a faithful creator.

CHAP. V.

St. Apollina-

The Epifile for 1. THE priests which are among you I beseech, St. Apollina. who am a priest also with you, and a witness ris, July 25. of the sufferings of Christ, and also a partaker of the glory which shall be revealed in the time to come.

2. Feed the flock of God which is committed to your trutt, taking care thereof, not by confinaint, but willingly according to God; not for filthy lucte, but licelya

. 3. Neither

2. Neither as domineering over the clergy, but being from the heart a pattern to the flock.

4. And when the prince of the pastors shall appear, ye shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away.

5. In like manner ye young men lubmit your felves to your elders: And let all of you infinuate humility one to another: Becaule God relifteth the proud, and giveth grace to the humble.

6. Humble your felves therefore under the mighty The Epiffle on hand of God, that he may exalt you in the time of the third Sunhis vilitation.

day after

7. Casting all your care upon him, for he taketh Pentecost.

care of you.

8. Be sober, and watch: Because your adversary the devil, goeth about like a roating lion? Seeking whom he may devous:

o. Whom refift ye fast in the faith, knowing that your brethren which are over the world, have the

fame fufferings.

10. Now the God of all grace, who hath called us unto his eternal glory by Christ Jesus, when we have fuffered a while, shall make you perfect, shall confirm and establish you.

er. To him be glory and dominion for ever and ever.

Amen.

12. I have written in a few words by Silvanus, who. as I suppose, is a faithful brother unto you, declaring and protesting, that this is the true grace of God wherein ye Raud.

13. The church which is in Babylon, and is of the

elect as ye are, and my fon Mark, falute you.

14. Greet ye one another with an holy kiss. Grace be with you all that are in Christ Jesus. Amen.

Second Epistle of St. PETER, the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

Slmon Peter, a servant and an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to them that have received the same faith with us by the justice of our God, and Saviour * Sup. Send. Jesus Christ. *

* Sup. Send eth greeting.

2. May grace and peace be accomplished in you thro' the knowledge of God, and of Jefus Christ our Lord:

3. Even as all the prerogatives of his divine power, which pertain unto life and godlinels, are given unto us thro' the knowledge of him, who hath called us by his own glory and virtue.

4. By whom he hath given unto us most excellent and precious promises; that by them ye might be partakers of the divine nature, in sleeping from the corruption of that lust which is in the world.

5. Do ye then use all your endeavours to add to your

fairly, virtue; to virtue, knowledge;

6. And to knowledge, abstinence; and to absti-

nence, patience; and to patience, piety;

7. And to piety, brotherly love; and to brotherly

love, charity.

8. For if ye have these graces at hand, and abound in them; they will not leave you empty, nor without fruit in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ.

9. But he that hath them not, is blind, and gropeth with the hand, having forgotten that he was

purged of his old fins.

10. Wherefore, brethren, use your utmost endeavours to make fure your vocation and election by good works: For in doing these things, ye shall never fin:

of our Lord, and Saviour Jesus Christ, shall by this means be abundantly ministred unto you.

22. For which reason I will take care to put you always in mind of these things, tho' ye know, and are confirmed in this truth.

12. And I think it just, while I am in this tabernacle, † to awaken in you a remembrance thereof.

† i. e. In this mortal Body. 14. Being perswaded that I shall soon leave my tabernacle, according to what our Lord Jesus Christ hath figuified unto me.

15. But i shall take care that even after my death,

ye may often remember their things.

16. For

when we made known unto you the power and the the Feals of presence of our Lord Jesus Christ: But were eye wit- the Transfiguration of this grandure:

17. When he received from God the father honous Lord, Aug. 6. and glory, by a voice which came down to han from his magnificent grory, in these words: This is my

beloved ion, give ear to him.

18. And this voice we heard, as it came down from heaven, when we were with him in the holy mountain.

19. Besides we have the words of the prophets, which are more sure, whereunto ye do well to give ear, as unto a light that shareth in a dark place, until the day dawn, and the morning star arise in your hearts:

20. Knowing this first, that no prophecy of the scripture is of any private interpretation.

21. For prophecy never came by the will of man; but the holy men of God did ipeak, as they were infpired by the Holy Ghost.

CHAP. II.

B UT there were false prophets also among the people, even as there shall be lying teachers among you, who shall bring in pernicious sects, and deny the Lord that bought them, bringing upon themselves a swift destruction.

2. And many shall follow their luxuries, by whose

means the way of truth shall be blaiphemed:

3. And thro' covetoninels shall they with feigned words make merchandile of you: Whole judgment now of a long time lingreth not, and whole destruction slumbjerh not.

4. For if God spared not the angels that simed, but delivered them to be tortured in hell, referring

them for judgment;

5. And spared not the original * world, but preser. * So salved Noe's family himself being the eighth person, a led, because preaches of justice, bringing in the deluge upon the it was the possible of the ungody;

6. And reducing into after the cities of Sodom and Gomonha, condemned them with an overthrow; fetting them up as an example for those who should after live ungodly:

live ungodly:

7. And delivered the just man Lot, which was oppressed by the injury and lascivious conversation of wicked men:

8. For he was just both in fight and in hearing,
I i z dwelling

dwelling among such as did from day to day torment † Sup. By all his upright foul with their wicked works: †

which it ap-

9. The Lord knoweth how to deliver the godly out peareth that. of temptation, and to referve the wicked unto the day of judgment to be tortured:

to. But chiefly such as walk after the flesh in the lust of uncleannels, and despite powers; being prefumptuous, felf-willed, they are not afraid to bring in blaiphemous fects:

11. Whereas angels which are greater in power and might, bear not an execuable judgment against

* Sup. From themleives. *

another.

11. But these like brute beasts, made naturally to be taken and destroyed, speaking evil of the things which they know not, shall perish in their own corruption;

13. Receiving the reward of injustice, esteeming the riots of the day, pleasure: They are spots and blemishes sporting in delights, while they live luxuriously in their feast with you,

14. Having eyes full of adultery, and of fin that never cealeth; beguiling unstable souls: An heart they have well veried in covetouincis, curied children.

15. Which have fortaken the right way, and are gone aftray, following the steps of Balazm the los of Bofor, who loved the reward of iniquity:

16 But was rebuked for his folly: The dumb als speaking with man's voice forbad the madnels of The Prophet.

17. These are wells without water, and clouds driven by the winds, to whom the mift of darkness is

reletved.

18. For when they speak words full of vanity, they allure in the lusts, and lasciviousness of the flesh, tholer who but a little before elcaped them that are ingaged in error:

19. They promise them liberty, when they themfelves are the lervants of corruption: For by whom a

man is overcome, of the same is he a servant.

20. For if after they have escaped the pollutions of the world thin' the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Lifus Christ, they are again entangled therein, and overcome; their latter state is worse than the former.

21. For it had been better for them not to have known the way of justice, than after the knowledge thereof to turn back from the holy commandment,

which was delivered unto them.

22. But that faying of the true proverb hath happen'd unto them: The dog is tuned to his own vomit again; And the low that was walked, to her wallowing in the mite,

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

1. D'Eloved, I write this second epistle to you, in which I endeavour to stir up your sincere mind

by my admonitions:

2. That ye may be mindful of the words spoken by the holy prophers, whereof I told you before, and of the words of your Apostles, being the precepts of our Lord and Saviour.

3. Knowing this first, that there shall come in the last days deceitful scoffers, walking after their own

lufts,

1

- 4. Saying: Where is the promise, or where is his coming? For since the fathers fell asleep, as things continue as they were from the beginning of the creation.
- 5. For this they are willingly ignorant of, that the heavens were first, and that by the word of God the earth stood out of the water, and by the water.

6. Whereby the world that then was, being over-

flown with water, perished.

7. But the heavens that are now and the earth are kept by the same word, being releaved for the fire against the day of judgment, and of the destruction of ungodly men.

8. But beloved, be not ignorant of this one thing, that one day is with the Lord as a thouland years,

and a thousand years as one day.

9. The Lord delayeth not his promile, as some do imagine: But he waiteth patiently for your sake, being unwilling that any should peri h, but that all

should return to do penance.

rc. Now the day of the Lord shall come as a thief in the night: In the which the heavens thall pass away with great violence, and the elements shall be dissolved, the earth also and the works that are therein, shall be burnt up.

fr. Seeing then that all these things are to be destroyed, what manner of persons ought ye to be in ho-

ly convertation and godfinels.

12. Waiting for, and hasting unto the coming of the day of the Lord, by which the heavens : eing on fire shall be dissolved, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat?

13. But we expect, according to his promise new heavens, and a new earth, wherein justice dwelleth.

14. Wherefore, beloved, seeing ye wait for these things, take care, that ye be found blameless in his fight, and without spot in peace.

1.3

15. And

The Second Epifile, &c.

15. And account that the long-suffering of our Lord is for your salvation. Even as our dearly beloved brother Paul also, according to the wildom given unto him, hath written unto you;

16. As he doth also in all his epistles, when he treateth in them of these things; in which are some things hard to be understood, which the unlearned and unstable wrest, as they do also the other scriptures,

unto their own destruction.

17. Therefore, brethren, seeing ye are appriled of these things before hand, beware ye be not led away by the error of those fools, and fall from your own fredfastness.

18. But grow in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lo.e, and Saviour Jefus Christ: To him be glory

both now and for ever. Amen.

THE

First Epistle of Saint JOHN the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

I. HAT which was from the beginning, which we have heard, which we have feen with our eyes, which we have carefully looked upon, and our hands have handled of the word of life:

2. And the life was manifested, and we saw, and bear witness, and declare unto you the eternal life, which was with the father, and appeared unto us;

3. That which we have seen and heard, declare we unto you, that ye also may have fellowship with us, and that our followship may be with the father, and with his son selus Christ.

4. And thefe things write we unto you that ye may

rejoice, and that your joy may be full.

5. And this is the declaration, which we heard from him, and declare unto you, that God is light, and that in him there is no darkness.

6. If we say that we have fellowship with him, and walk in darkness, we lie, and act not according

to truth.

7. But if we walk in the light, as he is in the light; we have fellowship one with another, and the blood of Jesus Christ his son cleanseth us from all fin.

8. If we fay that we have no fin, we deceive out

felves, and the truth is not in us.

9. If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just, to forgive us our sins, and to cleame us from all iniquity.

no. If we say, that we have not tinned, we make him a liar, and his word is not in us.

CHAP. II.

r. If little children, these things write I unto you, that ye may not sin: Yet if any man sin, we have an advocate with the father, Jesus Christ the just:

z. And he is the propitization for our fins; and not only for our fins, but also for the fins of the whole

world.

3. And by this we understand, that we have known him, if we keep his commandments.

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4. He

The First Epistle

4. He that saith, that he knoweth him, and keepeth not his commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not in him.

s. But he that keepeth his word, the love of God is truly perfect in him: And by this we know that we

are in bim.

6. He that saith he abideth in him, ought himself

allo to walk, as he hath walked.

7. Dearly beloved, I write not a new commandment unto you, but an old commandment which ye had from the beginning: The old commandment is the word which ye heard.

 Again a new commandment write I unto you, which is true both in him and in you: viz. That the darknels is past, and that the true light now shimth.

9. He that faith he is in the light, and haterh his

brother, is yet in darknels.

10. He that loveth his brother abideth in the light,

and there is no occasion of Icandal in him.

er. But he that hateth his brother, is in darknels, and walketh in darknels, and knoweth not whither he goeth: Because darkness hath blinded his eyes:

12. I write unto you, little children, becaule your

fins are forgiven you for his name's take.

12. I write unto you, fathers, becapte ye have known him that is from the beginning. I write unto you, young men, because ye have overcome the wicked one.

14. I write unto you, babes, becaule ye have known the father. I write unto you, young men, because ye are firong, and the word of God acceeth in you, and we have overcome the wicked one.

15. Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world. If any man love the world, the

charity of the father is not in him.

16. For all that is in the world, is the lust of the fl. sh, and the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life; which is not of the father, but is of the world.

17. And the world patieth away, and the hift thereof. But he that doeth the will of God, avideth for

- 18. Little children, it is the last hour * And 22 we have heard that anti-chieft cometh, even now there are many anti-christs; whence we know, that it is the last hour.
- 19. They went out from us, but they were not of us. For if they had been of us, they would doubtlets citied the last have continued with us: But they went out, that it mucht as pear they were not all of us

fines the Appearance of Christ until the Day of Judgment is

11047,

The time

20. But ye have an unction from the holy one, and

ye know all things.

21. I have not write

21. I have not written unto you, as unto men who are ignorant of the truth, but as unto fuch as know it, and know that no lie consect from the truth.

22. Who is a liar, but he that denieth that Jesus is Christ? He is anti-chast, that denieth the father

and the ion.

23. Wholoever denieth the lon, hath not the father: He that confesseth the lon, hath the father also.

- 24. Let that which ye have heard from the beginning abide in you: If that which ye have heard from the beginning abide in you, ye also shall abide in the son and in the tather.
- 25. And this is the promise which he hath made unto us, even life eternal.

16. These things have I written unto you concer-

ning thole who feduce you.

27. But let the unction * which ye have received ples, John 16. of him, abide in you. And ye have no need that any that be had should teach you; † But as this unction teacheth you many things concerning all things, and is truth, and is no tie. And to tell them as he hash taught you, abide in him.

28. And now, little children, abide in him; that when he shall appear, we may have affurance, and not

be confounded by him at his coming.

29. If ye know that he is just, know also that every one who doeth justice is born of him.

CHAP. III.

The Ehold what marks of his charity hath the father given unto us, that we should be called the children of God, and be so in effect. For which reason the world knew us not, because it knoweth him not.

2. Dearly beloved, now are we the children of God, and it hath not yet appeared, what we shall be. We know that when he shall appear, we shall be like him; because we shall see him as he is.

3 And every man that hath this hope in him, san-

chifieth himselt, as he also is holy.

4. Wholoever committeth fin, committeth injuflice also: And fin is injustice.

5. And ye know that he hath appeared, that he might take away our fins: And fin is not in him.

6. Whosoever abideth in him, sinneth not: And whosoever suneth, hath not seen him, | nor known him,

* i. e. The Haly Ghoft. † Jesus Christ told bis Difcithat he had many things to tell them which they could not bear as yet, but when the Holy Ghost would come, be would teach them all things, St. John here alindes to the faid Paffage. and calls the Holy Gboff the Unction which shall teach them all things, so as that they need. not to be taught by any Body else. i. e. Sheweth by bis wicked Works that be bath neither seem nor known fe-7. Little fus Chift, as be ought.

7. Little children, let no man deceive you. He that doeth justice, is just; as he also is just.

8. He that committeeth fin, is of the devil: For the devil funeth from the beginning. The fon of God appeared to the end he night destroy the works of the devil.

9. Whosoever is born of God, committeth no sin: * Because his seed abideth in him, and he cannot sin, because he is born of God.

so. By this the children of God, and the children of the devil are made known. Whosoever is not just, is not of God, and whosoever loveth not his brother:

a 11. For this is the declaration which ye heard from

perly speaking, the beginning, that ye should love one another:

12. Not as Cain, who was of the wicked one, †

the Children and slew his brother. And for what slew he him? Beof the Dead.

caule his works were evil, and those of his brother

b 13. Be not furprised, brethren, if the world hate

14. We know that we have passed from death to life, because we love the brethren. He that loveth not, abideth in death:

the fecond

15. Whosoever hateth his brother, is a murderer. I Sunday after And ye know that no murderer hath eternal life abi-

ic. By this we know the charity of God, because he laid down his life for us: And we ought to lay down our lives for our brethren.

17. He that hath the substance of this world, and seeth his brother in need, and shurteth up his bowels from him; how doth the charity of God dwell in him?

18. My little children, let us not love in word, not with the tongue only, but in deed, and in truth.

19. By this we know that we are of the truth; and shall assure our hearts before him.

20. For it our heart reproach us, God is greater than our heart, and know th all things.

21. Dearly beloved, if our heart reproach us not, we have confidence in God:

22. And whatfoever we ask, we shall receive of lim; because we keep his commandments, and co those things that are pleasing in his sight.

23. And this is his commandment, that we should believe in the name of his son Jesus Christ; and that we should love one another, as he hath commanded us.

24. And he that keeperh his commandments, ahideth in Christ, and Christ in him: And we know by the spirit which he gave us, that he abideth in us.

* Sup. Mo. rally [peaking: Because the true Children of God abbor ana det est Sin. which is pro the Work of the Children of the Devil. a The Epifile for St. Polycarp, Jan. 26. ycu. + 1. e. Of the Devil. b The Epistle the fecond Pentecost. Because the haired he bears him prompts

bim to mus-

der.

were juit.

CHAP.

g. Early beloved, believe not every spirit, but try the spirits whether they are of God: For many sale prophets are gone out into the world.

2. By this is the spirit of God known: Every spirit that confesseth that Jesus Christ is come in the slesh,

is of Gud:

3. And every pirit that destroyeth Jesus, is not of God; and this is the anti christ, whereof ye heard that he cometh, and even now he is in the world.

4. Ye are of God, little children, and have overcome him, because he that is in you is greater than he that is in the world.

5. They are of the world: Therefore speak they of

the would, and the world heareth them:

- 6. We are of God. He that knoweth God, heareth us: He that is not of God, heareth us not: By this we know the spirit of truth, and the spirit of errour.
- 7. Dearly beloved, let us love one another: Because The Epifile on charity is of God. And every one that loveth, is Low-Sunday, born of God, and knoweth God.

8. He that loveth not, knoweth not God: For God

is love.

9. By this was the charity of God manifested in us, inasmuch as he sent his only son into the world, that we might live by him.

10. Herein is charity, not that we have loved God, but because God loved us first, and sent his son to be the propiriation for our fins.

11. Dearly beloved, if God fo loved us, we ought al-

fo to love one another.

12. No man hath ever seen God. If we love one another God dwelleth in us, and his charity is perfected in us.

13. By this we know that we dwell in him, and

he in us: Becaule he hath given us of his spirit.

14. And we have seen, and we do testify, that the father hath sent his son to be the saviour of the world.

15. Whosoever shall confess that Jesus is the son of

God, God dwelleth in him, and he in God.

16. And we have known, and believed the charity which God hath for us. God is charity: And he that dwelleth in charity, dwelleth in God, and God in him.

17. By this is the charity of God made perfect in us, that we may have affurance in the day of judgment:

Because as he is, so are we in this world.

18. There

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The First Epistle

18. There is no fear in charity: But perfect charity casteth out sear: Because fear hath tonnent. Now he that feareth, is not perfect in charity.

19. Let us then love God, because God loved us first.

- 20. If any man fay: I love God, and hateth his brother, he is a liar. For he that loveth not his brother whom he feeth, how can he love God whom he feeth not?
- 21. And this commandment have we from God that he who loveth God, should love his brother allo.

CHAP. V.

1. W Holoever believeth that Jesus is the Christ, is born of God. And wholoever loveth him that begat him, loveth him also that is born of him.

z. By this we know that we love the children of God, leeling that we love God and keep his cominandments.

2. For our love to God appeareth when we keep his commandments: And his commandments are not grievous.

4. For whatfoever is born of God, overcometh the world: And this is the victory that overcometh the world, even our faith.

s. Who is he that overcometh the world, but he

that believeth that Jelus is the fon of God?

- 6. This is he, who came by water and blood, even Jelus Christ: Not by water only, but by water and blood. And it is the spirit, who beareth witness, that Christ is truth.
- 7. For there are three which bear witness in heaven: The father, the word, and the Holy Ghost; and these three are one.
- 8. And there are three that bear witness in earth: The spirit, and the water, and the blood: And these three are one.

9. If we receive the testimony of men, the testimony of God is greater: Now this is that greater testimony, which God hath testified of his own ion.

to. He that believeth in the fon of God, hath the testimony of God in himself. He that believeth not * i. e. God, the lon, maketh him 'a liar: Because he believeth not the testimony which God hath testified of his fon.

> 11. And this is the testimony that God hath given to us eternal life. And this life is in his fon.

> 12. He that hath the lon, bath life: He that hath not the lon, hath not life.

ludes here to

12. These things write I unto you, that ye may know, that ye, who believe in the name of the fon of God, have eternal life.

14. And we have this confidence in him, that what foever we shall ask according to his will, he hear.

eth us.

15. And we know that he heareth us in whatfoever we shall ask: We know also that he granterh the petitions which we present unto him.

16. He that knoweth, that his brother committeeh a fin which is not unto death, let him ask, and life shall be given to him, who sinnerh not unto death. There is a fin unto death: † I do not say that any † St. John alshould pray for it.

17. Every iniquity is a fin: And there is a fin unto the great Exdeath.

communica-18. We know that every one who is born of God, tion used by finneth not: But the generation of God | preserveth the Jewscalled him, and the wicked one toucheth him not. Maran atha.

19. We know that we are of God: And the whole into which, world lieth in wickedness. wben any Man

20. And we know that the son of God is come, fell, no Man

and hath given us sense to understand the true God, was allowed to and eternal life. Pray for bim: 21, Little children, keep your lelves from idols. because they

Amen.

fupposed that such a Min was to be cut off by some Judden Fudgment from ·God. i. c. The Gracereceived in Regeneration b, Brp. tilm, which is of Goa's Insti-

THE tution, preforvetb them.

Second Epiftle of St. 30HN the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

t. HE priest to dame Electa, and to her childeren, whom I love in the truth; and not I only, but also all such as have known the truth.

2. For the truth's take which dwelleth in us, and

shall be with us for ever.

3. Grace be with you, and mercy, and peace from God the father, and from Christ Jelus the lon of the father, in the truth and in charity.

4 I rejoiced very much, that I found of thy children walking in the truth, as we have received a com-

mandment from the father.

5. And now I beleech thee, madam, (not that I write a new commandment into thee, but that which we had from the beginning) that we love one another.

- 6. And this is charity, that we walk according to his commandments. For this is the commandment, that as ye have heard from the beginning, ye should walk in it.
- 7. For many feducers are gone out into the world, who confess not that felus Christ is come in the flesh.

 This is a feducer and an anti-christ.

8. Look to your felves that ye lose not the fruit of the good works which ye have done; but that ye

receive a full reward.

- 9. Whosoever draweth back, and continueth not in the doctrine of Christ, harh not God: He that continueth in the doctrine, the same hath both the father and the son.
- to. If any man come unto you, and bring not this doctrine, receive him not into your house, nor fay unto him: God save you.

rr. For he that faith unto him, God lave you,

communicateth with his wicked works.

tz. Having many things to write unto you, I would not commit them to paper and ink: For I hope to be with you, and to speak face to face: That you joy may be full.

13. The children of thy fifter Eleda falute thee.

Amen.

Third Epistle of St. 70 HN the Apostle.

CHAP. L

HE priest unto the well beloved Gaius, whom I love in the truth.

2. Dearly beloved, I pray that thou mayeft prosper in all things, and be in health, even as thy foul prof-

pereth.

3. I was exceedingly glad when the brethren came, and testified of the truth which is in thee, even as thou walkest in the truth.

4. I have no greater comolation, than to Hear that

my children walk in the truth.

5. Dearly beloved, thou aftest faithfully in performing good offices to the brethren, and above all to the strangers.

6. Who gave testimony of thy charity in the face of the church; whom thou doest well to bring on in their journey after a manner worthy of God.

7. For they went away for his name's fake, and took

nothing from the Gentils.

8. We ought therefore to receive such persons, that we might be fellow-helpers to the truth.

9. Perhaps I should have written thereof to the church: But Diotrephes, who affecteth to be chief a-

mong them, receiveth us not.

- ro. Wherefore if I come, I will make him femible of the works which he doeth, prating against us with malignant words: And as if these things were not enough for him, he receiveth not the brethren, and forbiddeth those that do, and casteth them out of the church.
- evil, but that which is good. He that doeth well is of God: But he that doeth evil hath nor feen God.
- 12. Demetrius hath a good character from all men, and from the truth it felf, yet and we bear him witness also; and thou knowest that our witness is true.

13. I had many things to write unto you: But I

would not write unto you with pen and ink :

14. Because I hope to see you soon, and we shall speak face to face. Peace be to thee. Our friends talute thee. Greet the friends by name.

Catholick Epistle of St. FUDE

the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

r. TUDE the servant of Jesus Christ, and brother of I James, to the beloved in God the father, and preferred and called by Christ Jelus.

2. Mercy unto you, and peace and charity be ac-

complified.

- 3. Dearly beloved, being very folicitous to write unto you concerning your common falvation, it was necessary I should write unto you, for to exhort you to contend earneftly for the faith which was once delivered unto the Saints.
- 4. For there crept in unawares certain impious men (long fince appointed for this condemnation) who change the grace of God into lalciviousnels, and deny our only fovereign and Lord Jefus Christ.

5. Now I would put you in mind, tho' ye once knew all, that Jelus having faved the people out of the land of Egypt, did afterwards destroy those who

believed not:

6. And the angels who kept not their principality, but forlook their own habitation, he hath referred in everlasting chains under darkness, for the judgment of the great day.

7. Even as Sodom, and Gomorrha, and their neighboming cities in like manner, giving themlelves over * i. e. Men to fornication, and thirfting after other flesh, were made an example, in fulfering the pain of eternal fire.

8. In like manner also these men do indeed defile the fieth, and despite dominion, and blaspheme nu-

jefty. o. When Michael the arch angel disputed and contended with the devil about the body of Moles, he durst not pronounce a sentence of biasphemy against him; but said: The Lord command thee.

ic. But thele men speak evil of the things which they know not: And like brute beafts, dehle themseives with the very things which they naturally know.

ii. Wo be to them, for they have followed the way of Cain, and ran greedily into the error of Balaum for a reward, and perished in the contradiction of Core.

12. These are spots in their feasts, living together without fear, feeding thendelves, clouds without

abusing their own Bodies with other Men.

water, which are carried about by the winds, autumn trees, unfinitful, twice dead, plucked up by the focisi

13. Raging waves of the lea, forming our their own shame wandring stars; for whom the mist of darkness is releaved for ever.

14. Now Enoch, the seventh * from Adam prophe- * i. e. Who fied of these, laying: Behold the Lord cometh with was the se thousands of his laints.

15. To execute judgment upon all men, and to con- tion from vince all the wicked of their ungoally deeds; which Adam. they have wickedly committed, and of all the hard words, which wicked finners have spoken against God:

16. These are murmurers, complainers, who walk after their lufts, and whole mouth speaketh proud

words, admiring persons for gain take:

17. But as to you, dearly beloved, be mindful of The Epifle on the words, which were spoken before by the Apostles &r. Silverius's of our Lord Jeius Chrift. Day, June 20.

18. Who told you, that in the last time there thall come scoffers, walking after their own lusts in

ungodineis.

19. These are they, who separate themselves, senfual men, who have not the spirit. †

† Sup. Of

20. But ye, beloved, edify your felves upon your God. most holy faith, pray in the Holy Ghost.

21. Keep your felves in the love of God, waiting for the mercy of our Lord Jelus Christ unto eternal lite.

22. And reprove those who are judged.

23. But fave their, inatching them out of the fire. And have pity on those with fear; hating even the

garment which is spotted by the flesh.

24. Now unto him who is able to preserve you from fin, and to prefent you spotless in the presence of his glory with joy at the coming of our Lord. Jefus Chrift;

25. To God alone our Saviour, thro' lefus Christ our Lord be glory and majesty, dominion and power before all ages, and now, and for ever and ever. Amen.

Apocaliple; or, The Revelation of St. 70HN the Apostle.

CHAP. I.

and on the Apparition of May 8.

The Epifile on 1. HE revelation of Jesus Christ, which God Michaelmas gave him, to shew unto his servants things Day, Sep. 29. which must foon come to pais, and which he manifelted by, his angel lent unto his lervant, John.

2. Who bare witness of the word of God, and of Si. Michael, all things whatfoever he had feen concerning felus

Chrift.

z. Blessed is he that readeth, and heareth the words of this prophecy, and observeth the things which are written therein: For the time is at hand.

4. John to the seven churches, which are in Asia. Grace be unto you, and peace from him, which is, and which was, and which is to come; and from the

leven spirits, which are before his throne; 5. And from Jesus Christ, who is the faithful wit-

zels, the first boin of the dead, and the prince of the kings of the earth: Who loved us, and washed us from our fins in his own blood.

6. And hath made us a kingdom and priests unto God and his father: To him be glory and dominion lor ever and ever. Amen.

7. Behold he cometh in the clouds, and every eye shall see him, even they that pierced him: And all the tribes of the earth shall lament over him: Even lo: Amen.

8. I am Alpha and Omega, faith the Lord God almighty, which is, and which was, and which is to

come.

9. I John, who am your brother, and companion in tribulation, and in the kingdom and patience of Jelus Christ, was in the Island, called Phatmos, for the word of God, and for the testimony of Jesus.

10. I was in the spirit on the Lord's day, and I heard behind me a great voice, like the voice of a trumper.

Tr. Saying: What thou feest write in a book, and fend it to the seven churches, which are in Asia; to Ephefus, and to Smyina, and to Pergamur, and to Thyatira, and to Saidis, and to Philadelphia, and to Lauricea.

12. And I turned about to fee the voice that lpake with me. And when I had turned, I saw leven golden candlefticks.

* Sup. Whofe was.

12. And in the midft of the feven golden candleflicks, one like unto the fon of man, cloathed with a long robe, and girt about the paps with a golden giidle.

14. His head and his hair were as white as woul

and fnow, and his eyes were like a flame of fire.

15. And his feet like fine brais when taken out of a fiery furnace, and his voice was as the voice of ma-

ny waters:

16. And he had in the right hand seven stars, and there went forth out of his mouth a marp two-edged fword: And his countenance was like the fun, when it thineth in its full ftrength.

17. And when I had been him, I fell at his feet as dead. And he laid his right hand upon me, laying,

Fear not: I am the first and the last.

18. And he that liveth: And I was dead; and behold I am alive for ever and ever, and I have the keys of death and of hell.

ro. Therefore write the things which thou haft feen, and the things that are, and the things that must

come to pais hereafter.

20. Thu is the mystery of the seven stars which * i. e. The thou hast feen in my right hand, and of the feven Biftons of the golden candlefticks: The feven ftars are the angels * feven Churchof the feven churches: And the feven candlefticks are es: For as the feven churches.

CHAP. II.

I. To the angel of the church of Ephelus write: feut to deliver Thus faith he, who holdeth the feven stars in his will to cerhis right hand, who walketh in the midst of the le- tain l'eople on ven golden candlefticks.

2. I know thy works, and thy labour, and thy pa- Bishops were tience, and that thou can'it not bear the wicked: fentby Christ's And thou hast tried those, who say they are Apostles, Institution as and are not: And thou haft found them liars:

3. And thou haft parience, and haft luffered for declare his wilk

my name's fake, and haft not fakited.

4. But this I have against thee, that thou hast left + This was d

thy first charity.

5. Remember therefore, from whence thou art fal- ticks who had len, and do penance, and practife thy first works: embraced the Elfe I will come unto thee, and will remove thy can- Errors of Nidiefliek out of its place, except thou doeft penance, choias one of

6. But this thou haft, that thou hatest the deeds of the seven Dea-

the Nicolaitans, † which I also hare.

7. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the Spi- the Apostless the frith man the charles: To him that evercometh See Acts KKK will Chap. 6. 4.

Angels are fo called, hecause they are God's Messangers.

Earth, for the

Mellergers to

to Mankind.

Self of Here-

cons chofen by

will I give to eat of the tree of life, which is in the paradile of my God.

8. And to the angel of the church of Smyrna write: Thus faith the first and the last, which was dead, and

is alive.

9. I know thy tribulation, and thy poverty, but thou art rich: And thou art blasphemed by those, who lay they are Jews, and are not, but are the fynagogue of Satan.

io. Fear none of those things which thou shalt Suffer. Behold the cevil shall cast some of you into prison, that ye may be tried; and ye shall have tribulation ten days. Be thou faithful to death, and I

will give thee a crown of life.

It. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the Ipirit faith unto the churches: He that overcometh thall not be hurt by the lecond death.

12. And to the angel of the church of Pergamus write: Thus latth he, who hath the sharp two-edged

word:

13. I know where thou dwellest, where the feat of Satan is: And thou holdest tast my name, and hast not denied my faith, even in these days, when Antipas my faithful Martyr was flain among you, where Satan dwelleth.

14. But I have a few things against thee, which is, that thou haft there men that hold the doctrine of Balaam, who taught Balac to cast a stumbling block * Sup. Things before the children of Ifrael, that is, to eat, * and to

offered to the commit fornication:

is. So hast thou also men that hold the doctrine of the Nicolaitans.

16. Do thou likewife penance: Elfe I will come unto thee quickly, and will fight against them with

the Iword of my mouth.

17. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the spirit faith unto the churches: To him that overcometh will I give hidden manna, and will give him a white counter: † And on the counter a new name written, which no man knoweth, but he that receiveth it.

18. And to the angel of the church of Thyatira write: Thus faith the foo of God, who hath eyes like a flame of fire, and whole feer are like fine brais.

10. I know thy works, and thy faith, and thy charicy, and thy ministry, and thy patience, and that thy last works turpals the termer.

20. But I have a few alongs against thee, which is that thou sufferest the woman Jezabel, which callette nerfeit a prophetels, to teach, and to feduce my fervauts,

Laois.

† It was customary among the Gierks to give a black Counter to fuch as were condemned to Pumfoment, and a white Counter to these they abfilted or declared Innocent of any Crime. St. les in alludeib to the fame

Cagiom bere.

vants, to commit fornication, and to eat things facrificed unto idols.

21. And I gave her time to do penance, and the

would not repent her of her: fornication.

22. Behold I will cast they into a bed, and such as commit adultery with her shall be in very great tribulation, except they do penance for their deeds.

23. And I will kill her children with death, and all the churches shall know, that I am the searcher of reins, and hearts: And I will give unto every one of you according to your works. But I lay unto you.

24. And to the rest, who are in Thyacira, as many of you as have not this doctrine, and have not known the depth of Saran, as they fay, I will not lay any other burthen upon you:

25. Nevertheless hold fast that which ye have till

I come.

26. And he that overcometh, and keepeth my works unto the end, to him will I give power over the nations.

27. And he shall rule them with an iron rod, and they shall be broken to shivers, as the potter's vessel.

28. Even as I have received of my father: * And I * Sup. The

will give him the morning frar. †

29. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the all Nations. Spirit saith unto the churches.

CHAP. III.

1. A ND to the angel of the church of Sardis Morning Star write: Thus faith he, who hath the seven doth in the spirits of God, and the seven stars: I know, thy Firmament. works: Thou halt the name of being alive, but thou art dead.

2. Be vigilant, and strengthen the rest who are Sins. ready to die: For I do not find that thy works

are perfect in the fight of my God.

3. Remember therefore how thou hast received, and heard, and observe, and do penance. For if thou dost not watch, I will come upto thee as a thief, and thou thall not know at what hour I will come.

4. But thou hast a few names in Sardis, which have not defiled their garments: And they shall walk with me in white apparel, because they are worthy.

5. He that overcometh, shall be thus cloathed in white apparel, and I will not finke his name out of the book of life, and I will confels his name before my tather, and before his angels.

6. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the spirit

faith unto the churches.

Power to rule † i. e. *He* sball sbine in Heaven as bright as the

| Sup. In thy

* i. e. The

y. And to the angel of the church of Philadelphia write: Thus faith the holy and the true, who haththe key of David: Who openeth, and no man shureth; shutteth, and no man openeth.

8. I know thy works. Behold I have let before thee an open door, which no man can shut; because thou haft a little virtue, and haft kept my word, and haft

not denied my name,

o. Behold I will cause those of the synagogue of Satan, which fay they are Jews, and are not; but do lie: Behold I fay I will cause them to come, and to adore at thy teet, and they shall know that I have loved thee.

to. For as much as thou hast kept the word of my patience, I also will keep thee from the hour of temptation, which shall come upon all the world to try

them that dwell upon the earth.

11. Behold I come quickly: Hold fast that which

thou haft, that no man take thy crown.

12, Him that overcometh will I make a pillar in the temple of my God, and he shall go no more out: And I will write upon him the name of my God, and the name of the city of my God, the new Jerulalem, which cometh down out of Heaven from my God, sud tul own us as nythe.

13. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the

spirit taith unto the churches.

14. And to the angel of the church of Laodice2 write: Thus faith the Amen, * the faithful and true Truth it felf. witness, which is the principle of God's creature.

15. I know thy works, that thou art neither hot

nor cold: I would thou west cold or het:

ic. But because thou are luke-warm, and neither cold nor hot, I will begin to spew thee out of my mouth.

17. Thou layest: I am rich, and wealthy, and want for nothing: And thou know it not, that thou art wietched, and miseiable, and poor, and blind, and

naked.

18. I counsel thee to buy of me gold tried in the fire, that thou mayest become rich; and be cloathed in white apparel, that the flame of thy nakednels inay not appear; and anoint think eyes with eye-lalve. that thou mayeft lee.

19. I rebuke and chasten such as I love: Be zealous

21. To

theretore, and do penance.

20. Pehold I stand at the door † and knock: If any Ti. e. At the Door of Men's man hear my voice, and open the door for me, I will come into him, and will tup with him, and he with Hearts. nie.

21. To him that overcometh will I grant to fit with me in my throne: Even as I overcame, and fat with my father in his throne.

22. He that hath an ear, let him hear what the

spirit saith unto the churches.

CHAP. IV.

A Fter this I beheld, and law a door open in heaven: And the first voice which I heard, was like that of a trumpet which spoke to me, saying: Come up hither, and I will shew thee things which must come to pass hereaster.

2. And immediately I was caught up in the spirit: And behold, a throne was set in heaven, and one sat

on the throne.

3. And he that fat, was to look upon like a jasper, and a sardine stone: And there was a rain-bow round about the throne like in appearance to an emerald.

4. And round about the throne were four and twenty feats; and upon the feats fat four and twenty elders, cloathed in white raiment, and on their heads were

golden crowns.

5. And from the throne proceeded lightnings, and voices, and thunders: And before the throne were feven lamps burning, which are the feven spirits of God.

6. And over against the throne there was a sea of glass, like chrystal: And in the midst of the throne, and round about the throne, sour beasts full of eyes before and behind.

7. And the first beast was like a lion, and the second beast like a calf, and the third beast had a face as a man, and the fourth beast was like a slying eagle.

8. And each of the four beafts had fix wings: And they were full of eyes round about, and within: And they had no reft day and night, faying: Holy, holy, holy, Lord God almighty, which was, and which is, and which is to come.

9. And when those beafts gave glory, and honour, and thanks to him that fitteth on the throne, and li-

weth for ever and ever,

no. The four and twenty elders fell down before him that fat on the throne, and adored him that liveth for ever and ever, and they laid down their crowns before the throne, faying:

tr. Thou art worthy O Lord our God, to receive glory, and honour, and power: Because thou haft created all things, and for thy will they were, and

have been created.

CHAP. V.

A ND I saw in the right hand of him that sat on the throne, a book written on the infide and outlide, lealed with leven leals.

2. And I law a mighty angel, which faid with a loud voice: Who is worthy to open the book, and to

loose the seals thereof?

.. 3. And no man in heaven, or in earth, nor under the earth, was able to open the book, nor to look thereon.

4. And I wept much, because no man was found

worthy to open the book, nor to behold it.

5. And one of the elders faid unto me: Weep not: Behold, the lion of the tribe of Juda hath conquered, in order to open the book, and to look the leven leaks thereof.

all Hallows Eve.

The Existic on 6. And I beheld, and saw in the midst of the throne; and of the four beafts, and in the midit of of the elders, a lamb flanding as if it had been flain, having leven horns, and leven eyes; which are the ·feven-spirits of God, sent forth into all the earth.

7. And he came and took the book out of the right

hand of him that fat upon the thione.

8. And when he had opened the book, the four beafts, and the four and twenty eiders fell down before the lamb, having every one of them haips, and golden vials full of perfumes, which are the prayers of the Saunts:

9. And they lung a new canticle, laying: Thou art worthy, O Lord, to take the book, and to open the leads thereof: Because those wast slain, and hast redcemed us to God by thy blood, out of every tribe, and tongue; and people, and nation:

to: And hait made us unto our God a kingdom and

priests: And we shall reign on the earth.

ir. And I beheld, and heard the voice of many angels round about the throne, and of the beafts, and of the elders: And the number of them was thoulands of thoulands.

rr. Saying with a loud voice: Worthy is the lamb which was train to receive power, and divinity, and wildom, and freeight, and honour, and glory, and blei-

ling.

17. And every creature which is in heaven, and The Lyiftie in upon the earth, and under the earth, and luch as are A Votive Mass of the in the sea, and the things that are in it, heard I all of them; laying: Bleffing, and honour, and glosy, Hory Angels.

and

and power be unto him, that fitteth upon the throng and unto the lamb for ever and ever.

14. And the four beafts faid, Amen: And the four and twenty elders fell down on their faces, and adored him that liverh for ever and ever.

CHAP. VI.

1. A ND I faw that the lamb had opened one of the fewen teats, and I heard one of the four beafts, faying with a voice as it were of thunder: Come, and tee.

2. And I saw: And behold a white horse, and he that sat on him, had a bow, and a crown was given unto him, and he went torth to conquer.

3. And when he had opened the fecond feal, I heard

the second beaft, saying: Come, and see.

4. And there went out another horse that was sorrel: And to him that lat thereon, was granted to take away peace from the earth, that men might kill one another, and there was given unto him a great sword.

5. And when he had opened the third leal, I heard the third beaft, faying: Come, and fee. And behold a black horse: And he that fat on him, held a pair of ballances in his band.

6. And I heard as it were a voice in the midst of the four beasts, saying: Two pound of wheat for a penny, and six pound of barley for a penny, and the

wine and the oil hurt not.

7. And when he had opened the fourth seal, I heard the voice of the fourth beast, saying: Come, and see.

8. And behold a pale horse: And the name of him that fat thereon was death, and hell sollowed him, and power was given unto him over the sour parts of the earth, to kill with the sword, with hunger, and with death, and with the beafts of the earth.

9. And when he had opened the fifth feal, I saw under the after the souls of them that were slain for the word of God, and for the testimony which they

gave thereof,

How long O Lord (holy and true) dost thou not judge, and avenge out blood on them that dwell on the earth.

tr. And white robes were given unto every one of them: And it was faid unto them, that they should rest yet a little while, until their fellow-servants, and their brethren, which were to be killed as they were, liad filled up their number.

12. And

The Revelation of St. John. Chap. VII.

12. And I beheld, when he had opened the fixth feal: And lo there was a great earthquake, and the fun became black as hair sackcloth, and the moon all became as blood:

13. And the stars fell from heaven upon the earth, as a fig-tree droppeth its green figs, when it is shaken

by a mighty wind:

14. And heaven withdrew, as a knowl solled up: And every mountain and illand were removed out of

their places:

- s5. And the kings of the earth, and the princes, and the chief captains, and the rich men, and the mighty men, and every bond-man, and every free-man, hid themselves in the dens, and in the tocks of the mountains:
- 16. And they say unto the mountains and rocks: Fall on us, and hide us from the face of him that fitteth upon the throne, and from the wrath of the lamb:

17. For the great day of their wrath is come, and who shall be able to stand before them?

CHAP. VII.

Day.

The Epifle on r. A Fter these things, I saw four angels standing All Saints on the sour corners of the earth, holding the four winds of the earth, that they might not blow on the earth, not on the fea, nor on any tree.

2. And I law another angelialcending from the east, having the feal of the living God: And he cried with a loud voice to the four angels, to whom it was given to hurt the earth, and the lea,

3. Saying: Hurt not the earth, and the lea, nor the trees, till we feal the fervants of our God in

their fore heads.

4. And I heard the number of them that were Tealed, being an hundred and forty four thousand, of all the tribes of the children of Israel.

5. There were of the tribe of Juda twelve thouland feated: Of the tribe of Ruben twelve thousand sealed:

Of the tribe of Gad twelve thousand sealed: 6. Of the tribe of Aser twelve thousand sealed:

Of the tribe of Nephthali twelve thousand sealed: Of the tribe of Manasse twelve thousand sealed;

7. Of the tribe of Simeon twelve thousand sealed: Of the tribe of Levy twelve thousand sealed: Of the tribe of Machar twelve thousand lealed:

8. Of the tribe of Zabulon twelve thousand sealed: Of the tribe of Joseph twelve thousand sealed: Of the tribe of Eenjamin twelve thouland sealed:

9. After this I saw a great multitude, which no man could number of all nations, and tribes, and people, and tongues, stand before the throne, and before the lamb, cloathed in white robes, and palms in their hands

vation to our Go, which fateth upon the throne, and unto the lamb.

and the elders, and the four peafts: And they fell on their faces before the throne, and adored God.

the Saying: Amen: Bliffing, and glory, and wifdom, and thanking wing, and honour, and power, and might be unto our God for ever and ever, Amen.

me: Who are there, that are cloathed in white robes? many Martyre.

And wheree came they?

14. And I aid unto him: My Lord, thou knowest. And he said unto me: These are they which came out of great tribulation, and have washed their sobes, and whitehed them in the blood of the lamb.

God, and leave him day and night in his temple: And he that fitteth on the throne, shall dwell among

them.

16. They shall hunger no more, nor thirst, neither

shall the fun light on them, nor any heat:

17. For the lamb, which is in the midst of the throne, shall feed them, and shall lead them unto fountains of living waters, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.

CHAP. VIII.

1. A ND when he had opened the seventh seal, there was a silence in heaven, about the space of half an hour.

2. And I law seven angels standing before God;

and leven trumpets were given unto them.

3. And there came another angel, and stood before the altar, having a golden censer: And much incense was given unto him, that he might offer the prayers of all the Saints upon the golden altar, which is before the throne of God.

4. And the Imoke of the incente of the prayers of the Saints alcended up before God out of the angels hand.

5. And the angel took the cenfer, and filled it with fire of the altar, and cast it into the earth, and there were thunders, and voices, and lightnings, and a great earthquake.

6. And

The Revelation of St. John.

6. And the seven angels who had the seven trum-

pers, prepared themlelves to found.

7. And the first angel sounded, and there issued hail and fire mix'd with blood, and they were cast upon the earth, and the third part of the earth was burnt up, and the third part of the trees was burnt up, and all the green grass was burnt up.

. 8. And the second angel sounded, and there was call into the sea as it were a great mountain burning with fire, and the third part of the sea became blood:

9. And the third part of the creatures which lived in the sea, died, and the third part of the ships were

destroyed.

to. And the third angel founded: And there sell a great star from heaven which burn'd like a torch, and it sell upon the third part of the rivers, and upon the sountains of waters.

and the third part of the star is called worm-wood; and the third part of the waters became wormwood: And many men died of the waters, because they became bitrer.

part of the fun was smitten, and the third part of the moon, and the third part of the ftars, so as the third part of them was darkened, and a third part of the

day, and of the night likewife, shone not.

13. And I beheld and heard the voice of an eagle fixing thro' the midft of heaven, faying with a loud voice: Wo, wo, wo be to the inhabitants of the earth, by reason of the other voices of the three angels, which were yet to sound the trumpet.

CHAP. IX.

x. A ND the fifth angel founded: And I faw a flar fall from heaven unto the earth, and to it was

given the key of the bortomiels pit.

2. And it opened the bottomlels pit: And the linoke of the pit went up as the linoke of a great furnace: And the lun and the air were darkened by the linoke of the pit.

3. And there came locusts out of the smoke of the pit into the earth; and unto them was given power, as

the scorpions of the earth have power.

4. And it was commanded them, that they should not hurt the grals of the earth, nor any green thing, nor any tree: But only the men who have not the feal of God in their foreheads:

5. And they were charged not to kill thom, but to torment them five months: And their torment was

as the torment of a scorpion when he striketh a man.

6. And in those days shall men seek death, and shall not find it: And they shall desire to die, and death shall slee from them.

- 7. And the shapes of the locusts were like unto horses prepared for battle: And on their heads they had as it were crowns like gold: And their faces were as the faces of men.
- 8. And they had hair as the hair of women; and their teeth were as the teeth of lions.

9. And they had breast-plates, as it were breastplates of iron, and the noile of their wings was as the noile of chariots of many horses running to battle.

10. And they had tails like scorpions, and there were flings in their tails: And their power was to

hurt men five months.

the hottomless pit, whose name in Hebrew, is Abaddon, in Greek, Apollyon, and in Latin, Exterminans, that is to say, the destroyer.

12. One we is past, and behold two wees more

are to come hereafter.

13. And the fixth angel founded: And I heard a voice from the four horns of the golden altar, which is before the eyes of God.

pet: Loofe the four angels which are bound in the

great river Euphrates.

15. And the four angels were loosed, which are prepared for an hour, and a day, and a month, and a year, to slay the third part of men.

16. And the number of the army of the horsemen was two hundred millions. And I heard the number

of them.

17. And thus I saw the hosses in the vision: And they that sat on them had breast-plates of site, and of hyacinth, and brimstone? and the heads of their horses were as the heads of lions; And out of their mouths issued fire, and smoke, and brimstone.

18. And by these three scourges of fire, and of smoke, and of brimstone, which issued out of their

mouths, was the third part of men flain.

19. For the power of the horses is in their mouths, and in their tails: For their tails are like serpents,

having heads: And with these they annoy.

20. And the rest of the men, which were not killed by these scourges, have not done penance for the works of their hands, that they should not adore devits, and idols of gold, and silver, and brass, and stone.

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flone, and wood, which can neither fee, nor hear, nor

walk:

21. Neither have they done penance for their murders, nor for their forceries, nor for their fornication, nor for their thefts:

CHAP. X.

I. A ND I saw another mighty angel come downfrom heaven cloathed with a cloud, having a rain-bow upon his head; and his face was as the sun, and his teer as pillars of fire:

2. And he had in his hand a little book open: And he fet his right foot upon the fea, and his left

on the land:

3. And he cried with a loud voice, as when a lion roreth. And when he had cried, leven thunders uttered their voices.

4. And when the feven thunders had uttered their voices, I was about to write: And I heard a voice from heaven faying unto me: Mark the things which the feven thunders urrered, but write them not.

5. And the angel, which I faw stand upon the sea, and upon the land, lifted up his hand to heaven:

6. And twore by him who liveth for ever and ever, who created heaven, and the things that are in it, and the earth, and the things that are in it, and the fea, and the things that are in it, and there shall be time no longer:

7. But that in the days of the voice of the feventh angel, when he shall begin to found the trumpet, the messery of God shall be simished, as he hath deciated

by his lervants the prophets.

8. And I heard a voice from heaven, which spake to me again, and said: Go, and take the little book which is open out of the hand of the angel, which standeth upon the sea and upon the land.

9. And I went unto the angel, and laid ume him: Give me the book. And he laid un o me: Take 11, and eat it up: And it shall make thy belly bitter, but in thy mouth it shall be as sweet as honey:

to. And I took the book out of the angels hand, and eat it up: And it was in my mouth fweet as honey: And fo foon as I had eaten it, my belly waxed bitter:

11. And he faid unto me: Thou must prophecy again unto nations, and prophes, and tongues, and to many kings.

CHAP. XI.

1. A ND there was given me a feed like unto a rod, and it was faid unto me: Rife, and meafore the temple of God, and the altar, and fuch as worthip therein.

2. But the court, which is without the temple, cast out, and measure it not: For it is given unto the Gentils, and they shall tread under foot the holy city

forty two months:

2. And I will give poper unto my two witnesses, and they shall prophecy a thousand two hundred and fixty days, cloathed in fackcloth.

4. These are the two olive-trees, and the two candlesticks, which stand before the Lord of the earth.

5. And if any man will hurt them, there shall fire proceed out of their mouth, and devour their enemies: And if any man will hurt them, he must thus be slain.

6. Thele have power to that heaven, that it rain not in the days of their prophecy: And they have power over waters, to turn them into blood, and to Imite the earth with all forts of plagues as often as they will.

7. And when they shall have finished their testimony, the beaft which cometh up out of the bottomiels pit, shall wage war with them, and shall overcome

them, and kill them.

8. And their bodies shall lie in the streets of the great city, which spiritually † is called Sodom and † i. e. In the Egypt, where also their Lord was crucified.

9. And men of different tribes, and peoples, and tongues, and nations, shall see their bodies three days and an half, and shall not suffer their bodies to be

laid in graves,

10. And the inhabitants of the earth, shall rejoice over them, and make merry, and shall lend presents one to another, because these two prophets cormented them that dwelt on the earth.

ii. And after three days and an half, the spirit of life from God entred into them: And they flood upon their feer, and great fear fell upon those who law

12. And they heard a loud voice from heaven, faying unto them: Come up hither. And they went up into heaven in a cloud: And their enemies faw them.

13. And the fame hour there was a great earthquake, and the tenth part of the city fell, and in the carthquake were flain seven thousand men: And the

my fical Senfe.

rest were seized with sear, and gave glory to the God of heaven.

14. The second wo is past, and behold the third wo

shall come quicklys

13. And the leventh angel founded: And there were great voices in heaven, laying: The kingdom of this is world is become the kingdom of our Lord, and of his Christ, and he shall reign for ever and ever. Amen:

16. And the four and twenty elders, who sit in their thrones before God, sell upon their face, and

adored God, faying:

17: We give thee thanks; O Lord God almighty, who art, and who wast; and who art to come: Because thou hast taken to thee thy great power, and

haft reigned:

- 18. And the flations were angry, and thy wrath is come, and the time for judging the dead, and for rewarding thy fervants the prophets, and the laints, and thole who fear thy name, both small and great, and for exterminating those, who have corrupted the earth.
- 19. And the temple of God was opened in heaven, and there was teen in his temple the ark of the covenant, and there were lightnings and voices, and an earthquake, and great hail,

CHAP. XII.

A woman cloathed with the fun and the moon under her feet, and upon her head a crown of twelve stars:

2. And the being with child, cried travelling in

birth, and pained to be delivered,

3. And there appeared another wonder in heaven: And behold a great red dragon, having feven heads and ten horns and feven crowns upon his heads:

4. And his tail draw the third of the fters of heaven, and call them to the earth: And the dragon flood before the woman which was in labour, that he might devour her child, when the was delivered.

5. And the brought forth a man child, who was to rule all nations with a rod of Iron: And her child

was caught up unto God, and to his throne.

6. And the woman fied into the wilderness, where fhe had a place prepared for her by God, that she might there be fed a thousand two hundred and fixty days.

7. And there was a great battle in heaven, Michael,

and his angels fought with the dragon, and the dragon fought, and his angels:

8. And they prevailed not, neither found they place

any more in heaven.

9. And this great dragon, the old ferpent, which is called the devil, and Satan, who feduceth the whole world, was cast down to the easth, and his

angels were cast down with him.

rc. And I heard a loud voice in heaven, faying: Now is come (alvation, and strentgh, and the kingdom of our God, and the power of his Christ: For the accuser of our brethren, which accused them betore our God day and night, is cast down.

11. And they overcame him by the blood of the lamb, and by the word of his testimony, and they

ipared not their lives even unto death,

12. Therefore rejoice ye heavens, and ye that dwell in them. Wo be to the earth, and to the leat For the devil is come down unto you, full of wrath, knowing that he hath but a short time. *

* Sup. To 13. And when the dragon faw that he was cast feduce Men. down to the earth, he perfecuted the woman, which

brought forth the man-child.

14. And to the woman were given two wings of a great eagle, that she might fly to her own place in the wildernels, where the is fed for a time, and times, and half a time, † from the face of the ferpent.

15. And the ferpent cast water out of his mouth Year, 100 like a river after the woman, that he might caule her Years, and half a Year.

to be carried away by the flood.

th. And the earth helped the woman, and it gaped, and swallowed up the river which the dragon cast out of his mouth.

17. And the dragon was angry with the woman, and he went away to make war with the rest of her feed, who keep the commandments of God, and have the testimony of Jelus Christ.

18. And he stood upon the fand of the lea.

CHAP. XIII.

A ND I saw a beast rise up out of the sea, having seven heads and ten horns, and upon his horns ten crowns, and upon his heads names of blafphemy.

2. And the beast which I saw, was like a leopard. and his feet were like the feet of a bear, and his mouth like the mouth of a lion. And the dragon gave him his strength, and great power.

3. And

7. And I saw one of his heads as it were mortally wounded, and his mortal wound was healed. And all the earth followed the beaft with admiration.

4. And they adored the diagon, which gave power unto the beaft; and they adored the beaft, laying; Who is like unto the beaft? And who shall be able to fight with it?

5. And there was given unto it a mouth speaking great things, and blaipnemies: And power was given

to it to make war forry two months.

6. And it opened its mouth in blafphemy against God, to blaspheme his name, and his tabernacle, and thole who dwell in heaven.

7. And it was granted to him to make war with the faints, and to overcome them. And power was given him over every tribe, and people, and tongue, and nation:

8. And all those who dwell on the earth, whole names are not written in the book of life of the lamb, * i. e. Which which was tlain from the beginning of the world, *

9. If any man hath an ear, let him hear.

10. He that leadeth into captivity, shall himself go into captivity: He that killeth with the fword, ledge of God. must himself be killed with the sword. Here is the patience, † and the faith of the Saints.

11. And I faw another neaft rife up out of the earth, and it had two horns like the horns of a lamb, and it

12. And it exercised all the power of the first beait ly that fuch as in its presence: And caused the earth, and the inhabi-12018 thereof to adore the first beast, whose mortal wound was healed.

13. And it wrought great wonders, so as to cause fire to come down from heaven upon the earth in the

prefence of men.

14. And it seduced the inhabitants of the earth, by the means of the wonders which were granted unto happen to the it to work in the prefence of the beaft, laying unto Pagan Empe the inhabitants of the earth, that they should make rors who flew the image of the beaft, which was wounded by the the primitive [word, and did live.

15. And it was granted unto him to give life unto the in age of the beaft, and that the image of the ferces fell by beatt might speak: And caute, that as many as would not agoic the image of the beaft, thould be tlain

> 16. And it shall cause all both small and great, sich and poor, tree and bond, to bear a mark in their night hand, or in their foreheads.

was flain from did adore it. the beginning of the World in the Foreknow-† i. c. The Effect of the Patience and Faith of the stake like a dragon. Saints, usucfrom them with the Sword fou'd themsetves be stain with the Sword, as it did indeed Alartyrs: For they themthe Sword.

17. And that no man might buy, or fell, but he that hath the mark, or the name of the beaft, or the

humber of its name.

18. Here is wildom. Let him that bath understanding compute the number of the beast; For it is the number of a man, and his number is fix hundred lixty lix. *

CHAP. XIV.

r. A ND I beheld, and lo a lamb stood on mount instead of Fi-Sion, and with him were an hundred and forty gures, and here four thousand, having his name, and his fathers name St. John written in their foreheads.

2. And I heard a voice from heaven, as the voice dessand that of many waters, and as the voice of a great thunder: the Letters And the voice which I heard was as the voice of har- which make

pers playing on their harps.

2. And they fung as it were a new canticle, before fix bundred the throne, and before the four beafts, and the elders : fixty fix, will And no man could fing that canticle but thefe hun- be the Lettersured and forty four thouland, which are bought from of the Name the earth.

4. These are they, who have not been defiled with a The Epifle women: For they are virgins. These follow the lamb on the Feath whitherfoever he goeth. These were bought from a- of the Holy mong men being the first fruits unto God, and to the Innocents. lamb:

s. And in their mouth was found no lie: For they

are spotless before the throne of God.

6. And I faw another angel fly thro' the midst of heaven, having the everlasting gospel, that he might preach unto thole, who bear rule over the earth, and over every nation, and tribe, and tougue, and people:

7. Saying with a loud voice: Fear the Lord, and give honour to him; for the hour of his judgment is come: And adore him, who made heaven and earth,

the lea, and the fountains of water.

8. And another angel followed, faying: Babylon is fallen, is fallen, that great city, which hath made all nations drink of the wine of the weath of her fornication.

9. And the third angel followed them, faying with a loud voice: If any man adore the beaft, and the image thereof, and receive the mark in his forehead. or in his head:

10. The same shall drink of the wine of the weath of God, which is mix'd with the pure wine in the chalice of his wrath, and he shall be tormented with Llz fire

* The Greeks make tile of sbe Letters of the Aiphabes Pivesus tounup the number of Anti-christ.

Drc. 28,

fire and brimftone, in the prefence of the hely angels,

and before the face of the lamb:

ir. And the smoke of their torment shall ascend up for ever and ever: And thole who adore the beaft and the image thereof, and wholoever receiveth the mark of its name, have no rest day and night.

12. Here is the patience of the Saint who keep the commandments of God, and the faith of Jefus.

The Epifile in

12. And I heard a voice from heaven laying unto a daily Mass me: Write: Bleffed are the dead which die in the for the Dead. Lord . From this time now, faith the !pirit, they rest from their labours; for their works do follow them.

14. And I beheld, and lo a white cloud: And upon the cloud fat one like the fon of man, having on his head a golden crown, and in his hand a sharp sickle.

15. And another angel came out of the temple, crying with a loud voice to him that fat upon the cloud: Thrust in thy sickle, and reap, for the time of reap. ing is come, because the harvest of the earth is ripe.

ro. And he that far on the cloud thrust in his sickle

on the earth, and the earth was reaped.

17. And another angel came out of the temple which is in heaven, he also having a sharp lickle.

18. And another angel, who had power over tire, came out from the altur, and cried with a loud voice unto him who had the sharp sickle, saying: Thrust in thy sharp sickle, and gather the clusters of the vine of the earth: For its grapes are ripe.

19. And the angel thrust in his sharp sickle upon the earth, and gathered the vine of the earth, and cast it into the great wine-press of the wrath of God.

20. And the wine-preis was trodden without the city, and blood came out of the wine prefs, even unto the horse bridles, by the space of a mouland ix huncired furlongs.

CHAP. XV.

A ND I saw another great and wonderful sign in heaven, seven angels having the seven last plagues: For in them is filled up the wrath of God.

2. And I law as it were a lea of glass mingled with fire, and those, who overcame the beaft and the image thereof, and the number of its name, standing upon the lea of glass, having the harps of God:

3. And singing the canticle of Moles the fervant of God, and the canticle of the lamb, laying: Great and wonderful are thy works, Lord God almighty: Just and true are thy ways, O eternal king.

4. Who

4. Who shall not fear thee, O Lord, and glorify thy name? For thou only art holy: For all nations shall come, and adore before thee, because thy judgments are made manifest.

5. After these things I looked, and behold the temple of the tabernacle of the testimony was opened in

heaven:

6. And the seven angels came out of the temple, having the seven plagues, clouthed in pure and white tinnen, and girded about their breaks with golden girdles:

7. And one of the four beafts gave the leven angels, feven golden vials full of the wrath of God, who

liveth for ever and ever.

8. And the temple was filled with smoke from the majesty of God, and from his power: And no man was able to enter into the temple till the seven plagues of the seven angels were fulfilled.

C H A. P. XVI.

I. A ND I heard a great voice out of the temple, faying to the leven angels: Go, and pour out the feven vials of the wrath of God upon the earth.

2. And the first went away, and poured out his vial upon the earth: And the men, who had the mark of the beast, and those who adored the image thereof, were struck with a cruel, and most dangerous would.

3. And the lecond angel poured out his vial into the sea, and it became as the blood of a dead man:

And every creature died in the fea.

4. And the third poured our his vial into the rivers,

and fountains of water, and they became blood.

5. And I heard the angels of the water say: Thou are just O Lord, who are, and who wast holy, thou who hast judged thus:

6. Eccaule they have spilt the blood of the saints and of the prophers, thou also hast given them blood

to drink : For they deferved it.

7. And I heard another fay from under the altar: Yes Lord God almighty, true and just are thy judgments.

8. And the fourth angel poured out his vial upon the fun, and power was given unto him for to affich

men with hear and fire:

9. And men were loorched with great heat, and they biaiphened the name of God, who hath power over these plagues, neither dil they do penance that they might give him giory.

to. And the fifth angel poured out his vial upon the feat of the beaft: And his kingdom was full of darkness, and they bit their tongues for pain:

cause of their pains and wounds, and did not do pe-

nance for their works.

tte. And the fixth angel poured out his vial into the great river Euphrates: And dried up the water thereof, to prepare a way for the kings of the east.

13. And I law come out of the mouth of the dragon, and out of the mouth of the beaft, and out of the mouth of the falle prophet, three unclean spirits

like frogs:

14. These are the spirits of devils, working wonders, and they go forth unto the kings of the whole earth, to gather them to battle for the great day of almighty God.

15. Behold I come 2s a thief. Bleffed is he that watcheth, and keepeth his garments, left he walk

naked and expose his shame.

16. And he shall gother them together in a place,

which is called in Hebrew Asmagedon.

17. And the seventh angel poured out his vial into the air, and there came a great voice out of the temple from the throne, laying: It is done.

18. And there were lightnings, and voices, and thunders, and there was a great earthquake, such an earthquake, so great, as never was since men have

been upon the earth.

19. And the great city was divided into three parts, and the city of the nations fell: And great Babylon came in remembrance before God, to give unto it the cup of the wine of the indignation of his wrath.

20. And every illand flee away, and the mountains

were not found.

zr. And great hail about the weight of a talent fell down from heaven upon men: And the men blat-phemed God because of the plague of the mail: For it was exceeding great.

CHAP. XVII.

2. A ND there came one of the feven angels which had the feven vials, and spake to me, saying: Come, I will shew thee the condemnation of the great harlot, that fitteth upon many waters,

2. With whom the kings of the earth have committed fornication, and by the wine of whole proffitution the inhabitants of the earth have been made

d hake

3. And he carried me away in the spirit into the wildernels. And I saw a woman fit upon a scarlet coloured beait full of names of blafpnemy, having leven heads and ten horns.

4. And the woman was cloathed in purple and scarler, and decked with gold, and precious stones, and pearls, having in her hand a golden cup, full of the adomination, and filthinets of her fornication.

5. And upon her forehead a name written: My-Rery: Babylon the great, the mother of the fornica-

tions and abominations of the earth.

6. And I law the woman drunk with the blood of the lain:s, and with the blood of the martyrs of lefus. And when I had feen her, I wondred with great admiration.

7. And the angel said unto me: Why dost thou wonder? I will teil thee the mystery of the woman, and of the beaft that carrieth her, which hath the feven heads and the ten horas.

8. The beaft which thou haft feen, was, and is not, and shall ascend out of the bottomiets pit, and be utterly destroyed: And the inhabitants of the earth (whole hames are not written in the book of life from the foundation of the world) shall wonder when they lee the beaft, which was, and is not.

c. And this is the meaning thereof, he that bath wildom. * The leven heads, are the feven mountains, * Sup. Let upon which the woman fitteth, and are leven kings, him underro. Five are fallen, one is, and another is not yet fland it.

come: And when he cometh, he must continue a

thort lpace.

11. And the beaft, which was, and is not: Even the same is the eighth, and is of the leven, and goeth to perdition.

12. And the ten hoins which thou haft feen, are ten kings, who have received no kingdom as yet, but shall receive power as kings for an nour + after the 1 i. e. For a beait.

Most space.

13. These have the self same design, and shall give up their strength, and their power to the beatt.

14. Thele shall fight with the lamb, and the lamb shall overcome them: Foralmuch as he is the Lord of Lords, and the king of kings; and they that are with him, are the cailed, the eject, and the faithful.

15. And he faid unto me: The waters which thou hast seen, where the harlot litteth, are peoples, and nations, and tongues.

th. And the sen horns which thou hast feen upon the healt, the same shall hate the hatlot, and shail L + 4make

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make her desolate, and naked, and shall eat her sless,

and burn her with fire.

17. For God hath put into their hearts to do that which is pleasing to him, that they may give their kingdom to the beast until the words of God be fulfilled.

18. And the woman, which thou hast seen, is the great city, which respueth over the kings of the

carth.

CHAP. XVIII.

T. A ND after these things I saw another angel come down from heaven, having great power;

and the earth was lightned with his glory.

- 2. And he cried out with all his might, faying: Babylon the great is tailen, is fallen: And is become the nabitation of devils, and the hount of every foul spirit, and the reluge of every unclean and hateful bird.
- 3. Because all nations have drunk of the wine of the wrath of her fornication, and the kings of the earth have committed fornication with her, and the merchants of the earth became rich thro' the excess of her luxury.

4. And I heard another voice from heaven, faying: Come out of her my people, that we be not partakers of her crimes, and that we receive not of her plagues:

5. For her fins have reached unto heaven, and the

Lord bath remembred her iniquities.

6. Render unto her, even as the high render'd unto you; and double unto her double according to her works: In the cup which the high titled for you, fill her double.

7. How much the high glorified heifelf, and lived deliciously; to much formest and forrow give her: Because the faith in her heart: i lit a queen, and am no widow, and shall kee no forrow.

8. Therefore shall her plagues come in one day, death, and mourning, and famine, and she shall be buse with fire: For mighty is the God who shall

judge her.

*- 9. And the kings of the earth, who have committed furnication with her, and lived deliciously, shall weep and lament for her, when they shall fee the smoke of her burning:

to. Standing alar off for fear of her torments, laying: Alas, alas, that great city Babylon, that mighty

buy! For in one hour is thy judgment come.

II. And

nr. And the dealers of the earth shall weep, and mourh over her: For no man shall buy their wares

any more.

transfer of gold, and filver, and precious stones, and of pearls, and fine linnen, and purple, and filk, and fearles, (and all fort of sweet smelling wood, and all fort of sweety vessels, and all fort of vessels of precious stones, and of brass, and of iron, and marble,

13. And cinnamon) and of odours, and of ointments, and frankincense, and wine, and oil, and fine flower, and whear, and beafts, and sheep, and horses,

and chariots, and slaves, and souls of men.

14. And the fruits which thy soul thirsted after, are departed from thee, and all the fat and fair things have perished from thee, and men shall find them no more.

15. The merchants of these things, which grew rich by her, shall stand afar off for fear of her to

ments, weeping and wailing,

ré. And faying: Alas, alas that great city, which was cloathed in fine linnen and purple, and scarlet; and decked with gold and precious stones, and pearls.

thing. And every pilot, and every one that faileth in the lea, and the mariners, and fuch as work at fea, stood afar off.

18. And cried, when they law the place of her burning, laying: What is there like unto this great city?

19. And they cast dust on their heads, and cried weeping and wailing, saying: Alas, alas that great city, wherein all such as had ships in the sea, were enriched by her wealth! For in one hour is she made desolate.

20. Rejoice over her O heaven, and ye holy Apofiles and Prophets: For God hath revenged you on her.

zr. And a mighty angel took up a stone, like a great mill-stone, and cast it into the sea, saying: Thus shall Babylon that great city be thrown down with violence, and shall be found no more.

22. And the found of harpers, and musicians, and of pipers, and a trumpet, shall be heard no more in thee: And no tradefman of what trade foever shall be found any more in thee: And the noise of a mill-stone shall be heard no more in thee:

23. And the light of a candle, shall shine no more in thee: And the voice of the bridegroom, and of the bride shall be heard no more in thee: Forasmuch as thy merchants were the princes of the earth, forasmuch as all nations have been seduced by thy forceries.

The Revelation of St. John!

24. And in that city was found the blood of the Prophets, and of the Saints; and of all that were flain upon the earth.

CHAP. XIX.

The EpiRic for many Martyrs, Detween Ea-Acr and

1. A Fter these things I heard as it were the voice of much people in heaven, saying: Alleluia: Salvation, and glory, and power, be to our God:

2. Because the judgments of him, who hath judged Whitfunday, the great harlot, which corrupted the earth with her profitution, and hath avenged the blood of his ferwants at her hands, are true and just.

z. And again they faid: Alieluia. And her fmoke

alcended for ever and ever.

4. And the four and twenty elders, and the four heafts fell down, and adored God, which fat on the throne, faying: Amen: Alleluia.

g. And there came a voice out from the throne, faying: Praise our God all ye his servants, and ye

that fear him, both small and great.

6. And I heard as at were the voice of a great multitude, and as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of mighty thunderings, saying: Alleluia: * For i. e. Praise our Lord God Almighty reigneth.

ye the Lord.

7. Let us be glad and rejoice, and give glory to him: For the marriage of the lamb is come, and his spoule bath prepared her leif.

8. And to her was granted, that the should be closthed in fine linnen bright and white: For the fine

lippen is the good works of the laints.

o. And he faid unto me: Write: Bleffed are they. who are called unto the marriage supper of the lamb. And he faith unto me: These words of God are true.

to. And I fell down at his feet to adore him: And he faid unto me: See thou do it not: I am thy fellow. servant, and the fellow lervant of thy breturen that have the trainnony of Jelus. Adore God. For the testimony of felus is the spirit of prophecy.

11. And I law heaven opened, and there appeared a white horse, and he that fat upon him was called faithful and true, and with justice he judgeth, and

maketh war.

12. And his eyes were as a flame of fire, and on his head were many crowns, and he had a name written which no man knew but he himfelf.

12. And he was cloathed with a garment belprink-Ledwith blood: And he is called, the word of God,

14. And the armies which are in heaven, followed

him

him on white hories, cloathed in fine linner, white and clean.

15. And out of his mouth goeth a fliarp two-edged fword: That he might therewith smite the nations. And he shall rule them with a rod of iron: And he treadeth the wine press of the sury of the wrath of almighty God.

16. And he beareth on his garment and on his thigh

written: King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.

17. And I law an angel standing in the sun, and he cried with a loud voice, saying unto all the birds which slew thro' the midst of heaven: Come and be gathered together unto the great supper of God:

18. That ye may eat the fielh of kings, and the fielh of captives, and the fielh of mighty men, and the fielh of horfes, and of those who six on them, and the fielh of all men, both free and bond, both small and

great.

19. And I saw the beast, and the kings of the earth, and their armies gathered together, in order to give battle to him who sat on the horse, and to his

army.

- 20. And the beaft was taken, and with it the falle prophet, which had in its presence done wonders, by which it had feduced those, who received the mark of the beaft, and who had adored the simage thereof. These two were cast alive into a lake of fire burning with brimstone:
- 21. And the rest were sain with the sword of him that sat on the horse, which sword cometh out of his mouth: And all the birds were filled with their fiesh.

CHAP. XX.

1. A ND I saw an angel come down from heaven, having the key of the bottomless pit, and a great chain in his hand.

z. And he laid hold on the dragon, the old lerpent which is the devil, and latan, and bound him for a

thouland years:

3. And cast him into the bottomiels pit, and shut him up, and set a seal upon him that he might not seduce the nations any more, till the thousand years were compleated: And after that he must be loosed for a little time.

4. And I faw thrones, and they fat upon them, and judgment was given unto them: And I law the fouls of them that were beheaded for the faith of felus, and for the word of God, and of them that accred not the beaft, nor the image thereof, neither had received its

mark on their foreheads, or in their hands, and they lived, and reigned with Christ a thousand years.

5. The rest of the dead entred not into life, till the thousand years were compleated. This is the first

refurrection.

6. Bleffed and holy is he that hath part in the first resurrection: The second death hath no power over these, but they shall be priests of God and of Christ, and they shall reign with him a thousand years.

7. And when the thousand years are compleated, faran shall be loosed out of his prilon, and shall go forth, and seduce the nations, which are upon the four corners of the earth, Gog, and Magog, and shall gather them together to battle; the number of whom is as the sand of the sea.

8. And they went up, and extended themselves upon the face of the earth, and surrounded the camp of

the Saints, and the beloved city.

o. And fire came down from God out of heaven, and devoured them; And the devil, who feduced them, was cast into a lake of fire and brimstone, where both the beast,

10. And the falle prophet shall be tormented day

and night for ever and ever.

far upon it, from whose presence the earth and the heaven fied away, and there was found no place for them.

12. And I saw the dead, great and small stand before the throne, and the books were opened: And another book was opened, which was the book of life: And the dead were judged by the things which were written in the books, according to their works.

13. And the sea gave up the dead which were in it: And death and hell gave up the dead that were in them: And sentence passed upon every man according

to their works.

14. And hell and death were cast into the lake of

fire. This is the second death.

ts. And wholoever was not found written in the book of life, was cast into the lake of fire.

CHAP. XXI.

I. A NDI faw a new heaven, and a new earth. For the first heaven, and the first earth were passed away; and the sea was no more.

2. And I John law the holy city, new Jerulalem, coming down from God out of heaven, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband.

3. And I heard a great voice from the throne, faying: Behold the tabernacle of God with men, and he shall dwell with them. And they shall be his people, and God himself being with them, shall be their God:

4. And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes: And there shall be no more death, neither mourning, nor crying, neither shall there be any more forcew: For the former things have passed away.

5. And he that fat upon the throne, said: Behold I make all things new. And he said unto me: Write,

for thele words are most faithful, and true.

6. And he faid unto me: It is done. I am Alpha, and Omega, the beginning, and the end. I will give unto him that is thirfly of the fountain of the water of life gratis.

7. He that overcometh shall inherit these things,

and I shall be his God, and he shall be my son.

8. But as to the fearful, and the incredulous, and the execrable, and murtherers, and whore mafters, and forcerers, and idolaters, and all liars, their portion shall be in the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone; which is the second death.

9. And there came one of the seven angels which had the vials full of the seven last plagues, and he talked with me, saying: Come and I will shew you

the bride, the lamb's wife.

10. And he caught me up in the spirit unto a great and high mountain, and shewed me the holy city Jerusalem coming down out of heaven from God.

11. Having the brightness of God, and its light like a precious stone, as it were a jalpet stone, clear

as chryital.

12. And it had a great and high wall, with twelve gates; and at the gates twelve angels, and names written thereon, which are the names of the twelve tribes of the children of ifrael.

13. On the east, three gates; on the north, three gates; on the south, three gates; and on the west,

three gates.

14. And the wall of the city had twelve foundations, and in them the twelve names of the twelve

Apoitles of the lamb.

firing reed, to measure the city, and the gates thereof and the wall.

16. And the city was a perfect square, being equal in length and breadth: And he measured the city with the golden seed, twelve thousand furlongs: And

whereof the

Angel made

use.

the length, and the height, and the breadth of it are equal.

17. And he measured the wall thereof an hundred and forty four cubits, with the measure of a man,

which is that of the angel. * * i. e. The Meafure

18. And the structure of the wall thereof, was of jasper stone: But the city it self was pure gold like clear glais.

19. And the foundations of the wall of the city were adorned with all manner of precious stones. The first foundation was jalper; the lecond, sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth an emerald;

20. The fifth, lardonyx; the lixth, lardius; the feventh, chrysolite; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, topas, the tenth, a chrytopraius; the eleventh, an hya-

cinth; the twelth, an amethyft.

21. And the twelve gates were twelve pearls, and each gate was made of one pearl a piece: And the ftreet of the city was pure gold like transparent glass.

22. And I saw no temple therein: For the Lord God almighty and the lamb are the temple thereof.

23. And the city hath no need of the fue, neither of the moon to shine in it: For the brightness of God did lighten it, and the lamb is the light thereof.

24. And the nations shall walk in his light: And the kings of the earth shall bring their glory, and honour into it.

† Sup. Nor

25. And the gates of it shall not be shut by day: † even by Night. For there shall be no night there.

26. And they shall bring the glory and honour of

the nations into it.

27. Nothing that is defiled shall enter into it, nor any man that worketh abomination, and frameth a lie; but those who are written in the lamb's book of life.

CHAP. XXII.

r. A ND he shewed me a river of the water of life (1) clear as crystal, coming out from the throne

of God, and of the lamb.

2. In the midft of the street of the city, and of either fide of the river was the tree of life, which beareth twelve forts of fivit, and yieldeth its fruit every month, and the leaves of the tree are for the healing of the nations.

2. And there shall be no more curse: But the throne of God and of the lamb shall be in it; and his fervants thall ferve lum.

4. And they shall see his face, and his name shall be in their foreheads.

5. And there shall be no more night: And they shall not want the light of a candle; nor the light of the fun; because the Lord God shall give them light, and they shall reign for ever and ever.

6. And he laid unto me: These words are most faithful and true. And the Lord, the God of the ipirits of the prophets sent his angel to shew unto his servants the things which must look come to pass.

7. Behold I come speedily. Blessed is he that keep-

eth the words of the prophecy of this book.

- 8. I am John who faw, and heard thefe things. And when I had heard and feen, I fell down to adore before the feet of the angel which shewed me them.
- 9. And he said unto me: See thou do it not: For I am thy fellow servant, and the fellow servant of thy brethren the prophets, and of those, who keep the words of the prophecy of this book: Adois God.
- 10. And he faith unto me: Seal not the words of the prophecy of this book: For the time is at hand.
- rr. Let him that hurteth, hurt on still: And let him that is filthy, be filthy still: And let him that is just, be justified still: And let him that is holy, be tancified still.
- 12. Behold I come quickly, and my reward is with me, that I may give unto every man according to his works.

13. I am Alpha, and Omega, the first and the last,

the beginning and the end.

14. Bleffed are those, who wash their robes in the blood of the lamb, that they may have eight to the tree of life, and may enter by the gates into the city.

15. Without are dogs, and forcerers, and whoremasters, and murderers, and Idolaters, and wholoever loveth, and frameth a lie.

- 16. I felus have lent mine angel, to testify unto you these things in the churches. I am the root, and the off spring of David, the bright and mornings star.
- 17. And the spirit and the bride say: Come. And he that heareth, let him say: Come. And he that is thirsty, let him come: And he that will, let him take the water of life gratis.
 - 18. Now I declare unto every man, that heareth the L 18 words

Chap. XXII.

The Revelation of St. John.

words of the prophecy of this book: If any man shall add unto thele words, God shall lay upon him the

plagues which are written in this book.

To. And if any man shall take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God shall take away his part out of the book of life, and out of the holy city, and from the things which are written in this book.

Truly I come quickly: Amen. Come Lord Jefus.

21. The grace of our Lord Jelus Christ be with you all. Amen.

FINIS.



A Table of the Epifiles and Gospels which are read at Mass shroughout the whole Tear (the Epifiles which are taken out of the old Testament only excepted) and of the Chapters and Verses where they are to be found in the new Testament.

The first Figure denotes the Chapter, and the other two Figures the Verses that begin and end the Epistle and Gospel of each Day. Note that where there is no Epistle mentioned, nor Figure to denote it, that Day's Epistle is taken out of the Old Testament.

For the better understanding of this Table, the Layreader is defired to observe that the Church begins the year with the first Sunday of Advent, and reckons four Sundays to Christmas-Day, then follow the Peasts of Christmas to the Epiphany inclusive. From thence to the Sunday called Septungesima, there are in some Years fix Sundays, in some Years but Tive, or four, and in some but three Sundays, according as Lent comes in earlier or later. Then follow in order the Sundays called Septuagefina, Sexagefina, and Quinquagesima. After these immediately follow the four Sundays called the first, second, third, and fourth Sundays of Quadragefima, next Paffion, Palm, and Easter Sundays follow. From Easter Sunday there are fix Sundays until Pentecoft, called first, second, third, &c. Sundays after Easter. From Pentecost until Advent, there are some Years in which we reckon twenty eight, but never less than twenty three Sundays. They are termed in our Liturgy first Sunday after Pentecost, second Sunday after Pentecost, Ec. and so on to the end of the Year.

How to find out the just Number of Sundays between Pentecost and Advent, as also between Epiphany and Septuagesima in every Year would be too tedious to be here inserted, but the Lay-reader may consult any Clergyman upon this Occasion, and he will be eafily resolved.

M m A D-

ADVENT.

I Irft Sunday. Epiflie. Rom. 13. 11. 14. Goffel St. Luke 21. 25. 33. Second Sunday Epift. Rom. 15. 4. 12. Gofpel St. Mat. II. 2. IO. Third Sunday Epist. Philip. 4. 4. 7. Gospel St. John. 1. 19. 28. Wednesday in Ember Week. Gospel Luke 1. 26. 38. Friday in Einber Week, Gospel Luke 1. 39. 47. Saturday in Ember Week Epift, z Thestalonians. z. t. 8. Goffel Luke 3. 1. 6. Fourth Sunday. Epift. 1 Corinthians 4. 1. 5. Goffel Luke 3. 1. 6. Christmas Eve. Epift. Rom. 1. 1.6. Gof. Mat. 1.18.21. Christmas Day at the first Mais. Epist. Titus 2. 11. 15. Gof. Luke 2. 1. 14. Second Mals. Epift. Titus 3. 4. 7. Gof. Luke 2. 15. 20. Third Mais. Epift. Hebrews 1. 1. 12. Gof. John 1. 1. 14. St. Stephen's Day. Epift. Acts of the Apostles. 6.8.10. and chap. 7. 54. 59. Gof. Mat. 23. 34. 39. St. John's Day. Gof. St. John. 21. 19. 24. Innocent's Day. Epift. Revelations 14. 1. 5. Gof. Mat. 2.13.18. Si. Silvester. Epist. 2 Timothy 4. t. 8. Gof. Luke 13. 75. 40. The Sunday within the Octave of the Nativity of our Lord Jefus Christ. Epist. Galatians 4. 1.7. Gof 1 ukez. 33.40. Circumcifion Day. Epift. Tit. 2. 11. 15. Gof. Luke 2. 21. Epiphany Day. Gof. Mat. 2. 1. 12. First Sunday after Epiphany Epist. Rom. 12. 1. 5. Gof. Luke 2. 42. 52. Second Sunday after Epiph. Epift. Rom. 12. 6. 16. Gof. John 2. 1. 11. Third Sunday after Epiph. Epift. Rom. 12. 16. 21. Gof. Mat. 8. 1. 13. Fourth Sunday after Epiph. Epift. Rom. 13. 8. 10. G-f. Mat. 8. 23. 27. Fifth Sunday after Epiph. Epift. Coloslians 3. 12. 17. Gof. Mar. 13. 24. 30. Sixth Sunday after Epiph. Epift. 1 Thessalonians t. 1. IC. G.f. Mat. 13. 31. 35. Septuage fima Sunday. Epift. 1 Corinthians 9 24. 27. Gof. Mat. 20. 1. 16. Sexagelima dunday Epift, 2 Corinthians 11, 19, 33. Gof. Luki: 8 4. 15. Quanque getima Sunday Epift. 1 Core 13. 1. 13. Gaf. Luke 18. 31. 43.

Alb.

Ash-wednesday. Gof. Mat. 6, 16, 21. Thursday. Gof. Mat. 8, 5, 13. Friday. Gof. Mat. 5, 43, 48, and 6, 1, 4. Saturday. Gof. St. Mark 6, 47, 56.

LENT.

I's Sunday of Quadragelima, or Lent. Epift. 2 Cor. 6. r. 10. Gof. Mat. 4. 1. 11. Monday. Gof. Mat. 25, 31. 46. Tuelday. Gof. Mat. 21. 10. 17. Wednelday in Ember Week. Gof. Mat. 12. 38. 50. Thurlday. Gof. Mat. 15. 21. 28. Friday, in Ember Week. Epift. 1 Theffal. 5. 14. 22: Gof. Mat. 17. 1. 9. Second Sunday of Quadragelima. Epift. 1 Thessal. 4. 1. 7. Gof. Mat. 17. 1. 9. Monday. Gof. John 8. 21. 29. Tuelday. Gof. Mat. 13. 1. 12. Wednelday. Gof. Mat. 20. 17. 28. Thursday. Gof. Luke 16. 19. 31. Friday. Gof. Mat. 21. 33. 46. Saturday. Gof. Luke 15. 11. 32. Third Sunday of Quadrag. Epift. Ephelians 5. 1. 9. Gof. Luke 11. 14. 26. Monday. Gof. Luke 4: 23. 30. Tuelday. Gof. Mat. 18. 15. 22. Wednelday. Gof. Mat. 15. 1. 20. Thurlday. Gof. Luke 4. 38. 44. Friday. Gof. John 4. 5. 42. Saturday. Gof. John 8, t. II. Fourth Sunday of Quadrag. Epift. Galatians 4. 22. 314 Gof. John 6. 1. 15. Monday. Gof. John 2. 13. 25. Tuelday. Gof. John 7. t4. 31. Wedneiday. Gof. John 9. 1. 38. Thursday, Gof. Luke 7, 11, 16. Friday, Gof. John 11. 1. 45. Saturday, Gof. John 8, 12, 20. Passion Sunday. Epist. Heb ews 9, 11, 15. Gof. John 8. 46. 59. Monday. Gof. John 7. 22, 39. Tuelday, Gof. John 7. 1. 13. Wednelday. Gof. John 10. 22. 38. Thursday, Gof. Luke 7, 16, 50. Friday. Gef. John v 1. 47, 54. Saturday. Gof. John 12. 10. 36. Palm Suncay. Epift. Philippians 2. 5. 11. Cof. Mat. 26 and 27 Chapters being the Pallion. Minz Mon-

Monday. Gof. John. 12. 1. 9. Tuesday, Gos, the Passion. Mark 14. and 15. Chapters. Wednelday, Gof. the Paffion. Luke 22. until the Verfe 53. of the 23. Chapter. Mandie Thursday. Epift. 1 Cor. 11. 20. 32. Gof. John 13, I. IS. Good Friday. Gof. the Passion. John 18. and 19. Chapiers. Holy Saturday. Epift. Coloss, 3, 1. 4, Gof. Mat. 28. Easter Sunday. Epist. 1 Cor. 5. 7. 8. Gos. Mark 16. Eafter Monday. Epiff. Acts of the Apostles. 10. 37. 43. Gof. Luke 24. 13. 35. Eafter Tuelday. Epift. Acts 17. 26. 33. Gof. Luke 24. 36. 47. Pirst Sunday after Easter. Epist. 1. John 5. 4. 10. Gof. Sohn 20, 19, 31. Second Sunday. Epift. 1 Peter 2. 21. 25. Gof. John 10. 11. 16. Third Sunday. Epift. 1 Peter 2. 11. 18. Gof. John 16. 16. 22. Pourth Sunday, Epift. James 1, 17, 21, Gof. John 16. Pifish Sunday. Epift. James t. 22. 27. Gof. John 16. 23. 30. The Rogation Days. Epift. James 5, 16, 20. Gof. Luke #I. **5**. 13. Rogation Tuelday, Epift. 1 Tim. 2. 1. 6. Gof. Mat. 7. 7. 15. Ascension Eve. Epift. Eph. 4. 7. 13. Gof. John 17. 1. Alcention Day. Epift. Acts 1. 1. 11. Gof. Mark 16, 14. 20. Sixth Sunday, Epiff. 1 Peter 4. 7. 11. Gof. John 15. 26. 27. and 16. 1. 4. Whitiun Eve. Epift. Acts 19. 1, 8. Gof. John 14. Pentecost Sunday, Epist, Acts 2, 1, 11. Gof. John 14. 23. 31. Monday. Epift. Acts 10. 42. 48. Gof. John 3. 16. 21. Tuelday. Epift. Acts 8. 14. 17. Gof. John 10. 1. 10. Wednelday, Ember Day, Epift. Acts 5. 12. 16. Gof. John 6, 44, 52, Friday, Ember Day, Gof. Luke 5, 17, 26. Saturday. Ember Day. Epift. Rom. s. 1. 5, Gof. Luke 4. 38. 44.

Trinity Sunday. Epift, Rom. 11. 33. 36. Gef. Mat.

The

28, 18, 39,

The same being the first Sunday after Pentecost. Epif. 1 John 4. 8. 21. Gof. Luke 6. 36. 42. Corpus Christi Day. Epift. r Cor. 11. 22. 29. Gof. Tohn 6. 56. 59. Second Sunday after Pentecoft. Epift. 1 John 2. 12. 18. Gof. Luke 14. 16. 24. Third Sunday, Epift. 1 Peter 5. 6. 11. Gof. Luke 15. 1. 10. Fourth Sunday, Epift. Rom. 8. 18. 23. Gof. Luke 5. Fifth Sunday. Epift. 1 Peter 3. 8. 15. Gof. Mat. 5. 20. Sixth Sunday. Epift. Rom. 6, 3. 11. Gof. Mark & 1. 9. Seventh Sunday. Epift. Rom. 6. 19. 23. Gof. Mat. 7. £5.21. Eighth Sunday. Epift. Rom. 8, 12. 17. Gof. Luke 16. Ninth Sunday. Epift. 1 Cor. 10. 6. 12. Gof. Luke 19. Tenth Sunday. Epift. 1 Cor. 12. 2. 11. Gof. Luke 18. 9. 14. Eleventh Sunday. Epift. 1 Cor. 15. 1. 10. Gof. Mark 7• 21• 27• Twelfth Sunday. Epift. 2 Cor. 3. 4. 9. Gof. Luke 10. 23. 37. Thirteenth Sunday. Epift. Gal. 3. 16. 22, Gaf. Luke 17. 11. 19. Fourteenth Sunday. Epift. Gal. 5. 16. 24. Gof. Mat. 6. 24. 33. Fifteenth Sunday. Epist. Gal. 5. 25. 26. and 6. 1. 10. Gof. Luke 7. 11. 16. Sixteenth Sunday. Epift. Ephel. 3. 13. 21. Gof. Luke 14. I. II, Seventeenth Sunday. Epist. Ephel. 4. 1. 6. Gof. Mat. 22. 25. 45. Wednelday in Ember Week. Gof. Mark 9. 16. 28. Friday Gof. Luke 7. 36. 50. Sarurday. Epist. Heb. 9. 2. 12. Gof. Luke 13. 6. 17. Eighteenth Sunday. Epift. 1 Cor. 1. 4. 8. Gof. Mat. 9. 1. 8. Nineteenth Sunday. Epist. Ephel. 4. 23. 28. Gof. Mat. 22, I, 14. Imentieth Sunday. Epiff. Ephel. 5. 15. 21. Gof. John 4.46.53. Twenty first Sunday. Epist. Ephel. 6. 10, 17. Gof. Mat. 18. 23.35. Twenty fecond Sunday. Epist. Philip. 1. 6. 11. Gof. Mat. 22. 15. 21. Twenty third Sunday. Epith. Philip 3. 17. 21. and 4. 1. 3. Gof. Mat. 9, 18. 26.

Twe wit

Twenty fourth Sunday. Epist, Coloss. 1, 9, 14, Gos. Mat. 24, 15, 35.

Twenty Fifth Sunday, Gos. John 6, 5, 11.

The Feafts of the Saints.

DECEMBER.

ST. Andrew Apolile. Epil. Rom. 10. 10. 18. Gof. Mat. 4. 18. 22.
Conception of the Bleffed Virgin Mary. Gof. Mat. 1. 2.
16.
St. Thomas Apollle Epil. Ephel. 2, 19. 22. Gof. John 20. 24. 29.

JANUARY.

Onversion of St. Paul. Epist. Acts 9. 1. 22. Gof. Mat. 19. 27. 29.

FEBRUARY.

HE Purification of the Bloffed Virgin Mary. Gof. Luke 2. 22. 32. St. Matthias. Bpist. Acts 1. 15. 26. Gof. Mat. 11. 25.

MARCH.

THE Annunciation of the Bleffed Virgin Mary. Gof. Luke 1. 26. 38.

APRIL.

ST. Mark. Gof. Luke 10, 1. 9.

MAY.

57. Philip and Jacob. Gof. John 14.1.13.

The Invention of the Holy Crofs. Epid. Philip. 2.5.
11. Gof. john 3.1.15.

JUNE

ST. Barnaby. Epist. Acts 11. 21. 27. Gof. Mat. 10.

St. John Baptift. Gof. Luke 1. 57. 68.

St. Peter and St. Paul. Epist. Acts 12. 1. 11. Gol. Mat. 16. 13. 19.

JULY.

THE Visitation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. Gof. Luke 1. 39. 47.

St. Mary Magdalen. Gof. Luke 7. 36. 50.

St. James Apost. Epist. 1 Cor. 4. 9. 15. Gaf. Mat. 20. 20. 23.

St. Anne. Gof. Mat. 13. 44. 52,

AUGUST.

ST. Laurence. Epist. 2 Cor. 9. 6. 10. Gof. John 12.

The Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mare Gas Luke

10. 38. 42.
St. Bartholomew, Apost. Epist. 1 Cor. 12. 27. 31. Gof.
Luke 6, 12. 19.

SEPTEMBER.

8. HE Nativity of the Bleffed Virgin Mary. Gol. Mat. 1.1. 16.

14. The Exaltation of the Holy Cross. Epist. Philip 2.

21. St. Matthew. Apoll. Gof. Mat. 9. 9. 13.

29. St. Michael Archangel. Epist. Revel, 1. 1. 5. Gof-Mat, 18. 1. 10.

OCTOBER.

ST. Luke Evangelist Epist. 2 Cor. 8. 16. 24 Gof. Luke

St. Simon and Jude. Apost. Epist. Ephel. 4. 7. 13. Gof. Schn 15. 17. 22.

NOVEMBER.

A 11. Saints Day. Epist. Revol. 7. 2. 12. Gaf. Mat. 5. All-Souls Day. Epist. 1 Cor. 15. 51. 57. Gof. John 5. 25, 29.

11. St. Martin. Gof. Luke 11. 33. 36.

21. The Presentation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. Lake II. 27. 28.

25. St. Catharine. Gof. Mat. 25. 1. 13.

The Dedication of the Church. Epist. Rev. 25. 1. 5. Gof. Luke 19. 1. 14.

The Common Offices of Saints.

FOR a Martyr and Bishop. Epist. James 1. 12. 18. Gos. Luke 14. 26. 33.

For a Martyr and no Bishop Epist. 2 Timothy 2. 8. to. Gof. Mat. 10. 26, 32.

For a Bishop and Confessor. Epist. Heb. 5. 1. 4. G.f. Mat. 24. 40. 47.

Per a Confessor and no Bisbop. Epist. 1 Cor. 4.9. 14. Gof. Luke 12.82.34.

For a Firgin and Martyr Gof. Mat. 13. 44. 53.

For a Virgin and no Mortyr. Epift. 1 Cot. 7. 25.34. Gof. Mat. 13. 44. 52.

For a Widow. Epist. 1 Timothy 5. 3. 10. Gef. Mat. I 2, 41. 52.

For an Abbete Gof. M21 19. 27. 29.

I.S. Having been desired to take upon me the correcting of the Press in this sirst Edition of the present Version of the New Testament; do, in Justice to the learned Translator, who was at a great distance when the same was printed, voluntarily and sincerely acknowledge, that the blame of the following numerous Errata is entirely to be imputed to myself, for want of an able Person to read with me at the time of correcting and other incanveniences; and therefore do intreat the charitable Christian Reader carefully to amend each Fault, as here set down, and not to lay to the Charge of the worthy Translator even so much as the least litteral Error among them.

ERRATA.

ST. Matth. chap. 1, in the Notes upon veife 16, for Inheritance, read Inheritances. S. 1, in marginal Note to v. 16, f. Superior r. Supple. c. 3, Notes on v. 15, f. there was a quellion, v. there was queftion, c. 4, v. 24, t. aid, v. laid . c. 15, v. 17, f. going r. goeth. c. 24, v. 35, and 37, f. bungry r. hungred. c. 26, v. 3, f. Place t. Palace. S. Mark c. 15, v. q. f. High Prieft r. High Priefts. Ibid v. 46, f. brought r. bought. c, 16, v. 1, t brought r. bought. St. Lake Argument to c. 1, line 8, f. finging r. fingerb. c. 1, Notes upon v. 5, f. thief Priefts t. Chief Prieft. Ibid Notes upon v. 36, 1. Secretly t. frequently. C. 4. v. 21, f. the Scripture t. this Scripture. Ibid v. 22, f. bear r. bare. a 6, v. 39. 1 fell in the diteb r. fall into the diech. c. 8. v. 14 f. denoted r. denoteth. c. 23, v. 36, f. Commandments r. Commandment. St. John C. I. V. 34. t. bear r. bare. c. 6, marginal Note v. 1, f. Tiberius r. Tiberias, and again Ibid f. Tiberias r. Tiberius. c. 15, v. 24, h. among you r. among them. c. 18, v. 37, f. unso Alis c. 15, v. 26, f. but we write r. but that we write, c. 17. them to unto bim. v. 11, f. rorje are t. thefe were. In St. Paul Rom. c. 1. V. 20, f. invincible r. in. vifible. c. 14, v. 22, f. word r. work. In 1 Car. c. 4, v. 9, f. and for I think God r. for I think that God. c 7, v. 9, t. continue r. contain. c. 10, v. 30, f. that which r. that for which. In 2 Cor. c. 2, v. 14, f. taken by Chrift I taken away by Chrift. c. 8, v. 8, f. Salvation r. Sincerity. c. 11, v. 4, f. bereceive r. ye receive. Ibid. v. 14. : transfurmed 1, transformeto. In Galat. c. 3, v. 16, i. that feed T, thy feed. In Ephef. c. 4, v. 12, f. works r. work, c. 5, v. 14, f. wherefore he v. wherefore he faish c. 6, v. 22, i. ye may comfort t. he may comfort. In Colofs. c. t. v. 21, f. therefore r. beretofore, c. 4, v. 9, t. pafs as bere r. pafs bere. In 1 Toeffal c. 2, v. 13, i, as it is written in truth r. as it is in truth. In 1 Tim. c. 5, v. 22, f. band t. In 2 Tim. c 3, v. 7, i. of truth r. of the truth. In Tit. c. 2, v. 12, f. in the world t. in this world. In Heb. C. 10, v. 33, f. the other hand t. the one hand.c. I t. v. 8, i. whether r. whither, lbid. v. 10, t. and they inflruded r. and they indeed instructed. Ivid v. 12, f. feeblem for ceeble knees. C. 13, v. 6, f. can do f. In Epilt, St. James c. 4. v. 2. f. and cannot r. and ye cannot, Ibid v. 15, f. & if r. and, if. c 5, v. 15, f. bath r bave. In 1 St. Pet. c 2, v. 25, f. our r. your. c 3, v. 12, t. who r. thate Ibid v. 14, f. but if r. but and if. c. 4, v. 2, f. luft r. lufte c. 5, v. 9, t, ye fast r. stedjust. In 1 John c. 2, v. 27, f. this r. bis. c. 4, in the Margin : . Low Sunday t, the first Sunday after Pentecoft C. 5, v. 2, & Seeing that we ". feeing w. In Jude c. 1, v. 4, f. of God r. of our God. Ind v. 15, i. of their r. of all their. I id. v. 13, i. on thofe r. on others. Apoc. c. 6, v. 12, f. all became t. all over became, 1 id. v. 14, t. removed t. moved. c. 8, v. 14t. was a filence t. was filinite. C. 10, v. 6, h. & there to that there. c. 12, v. 19, f. the Covenant to his Covenant, c. 14 v. 9, to head to hand, c. 16, v. 3, to every creature to every laving creature. Itid v. 16, f. in a place r. ento a place, c. 19, v. 18, f. Captives t. Capsuins.

